

SAS[®] GLOBAL FORUM 2019

USERS PROGRAM

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Automate in a Dash with SAS®: Time-Saving Techniques for Building Quality Improvement Dashboards

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Automate in a Dash with SAS®

Overview

Data Preparation

- Dynamic data sourcing
- Save time and increase accuracy in performing routine tasks

Reporting

- Report Structure
- Report Distribution

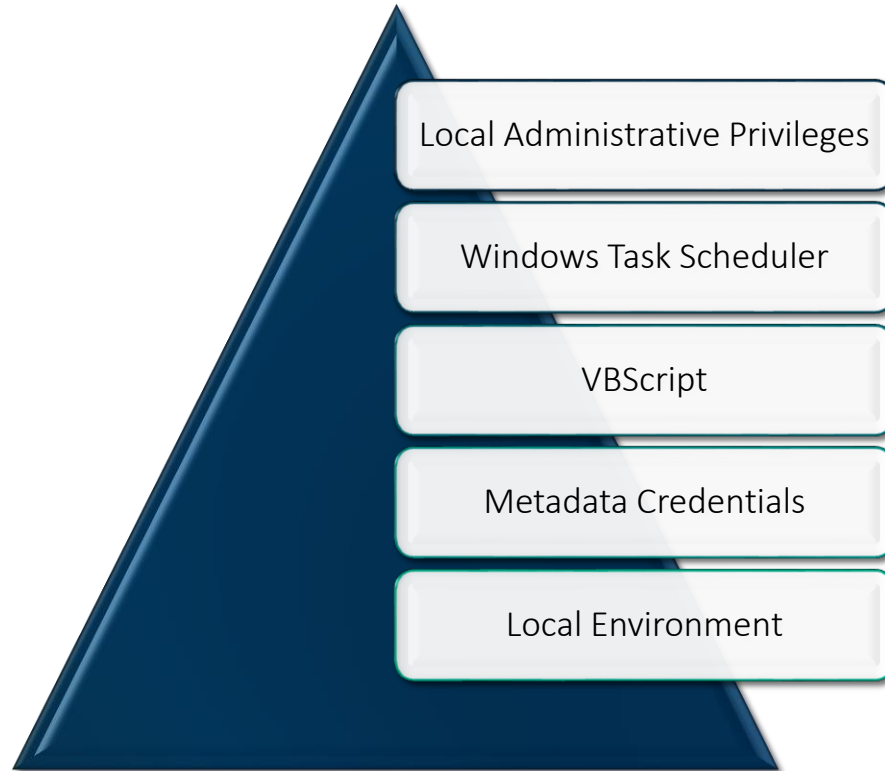
Automation

- SAS Enterprise Guide
- Windows Task Scheduler

On Your Mark, Get Set

Your Environment

Key Technical Details to Consider



Finding the Most Current File in a Directory

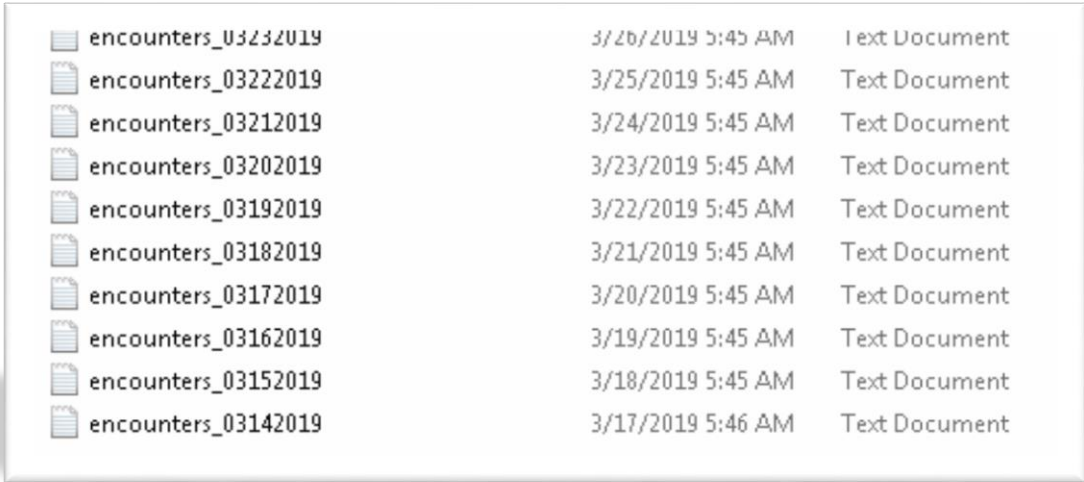
Business Case 1

About

Data Source File Structure

About the data:

Fictitious dataset that contains admission data at the encounter level.



encounters_03232019	3/26/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03222019	3/25/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03212019	3/24/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03202019	3/23/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03192019	3/22/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03182019	3/21/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03172019	3/20/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03162019	3/19/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03152019	3/18/2019 5:45 AM	Text Document
encounters_03142019	3/17/2019 5:46 AM	Text Document

Bringing the Data Into Your Project

Techniques to Bring Data in Quickly

Use the Filename statement with a PIPE and an asterisk wildcard (*) and windows command features to output the name of each file in your directory

```
FILENAME dirname PIPE 'dir "\\encounters_*.txt" /b ';
```

```
DATA getfilenames;  
  INFILE dirname lrecl=200 truncover;  
  INPUT file_name $94.;  
RUN;
```

	file_name
1	encounters_03142019.txt
2	encounters_03152019.txt
3	encounters_03162019.txt
4	encounters_03172019.txt
5	encounters_03182019.txt
6	encounters_03192019.txt
7	encounters_03202019.txt
8	encounters_03212019.txt
9	encounters_03232019.txt
10	encounters_03242019.txt

Bringing the Data Into Your Project

Techniques to Bring Data in Quickly

Use SAS code to identify the most current file in the dataset.

```
DATA getfilenames2;
  SET Work.getfilenames;
  LENGTH name $100.;
  name=substr(file_name,1,11);
  date=substr(file_name,12,8);
  datevar=input(date,mmddyy10.);
  FORMAT datevar mmddyy10.;
  PROC SORT Data=Work.getfilenames2;
  BY datevar;
RUN;

DATA Work.curr_file;
  SET Work.getfilenames2;
  tday = '24MAR2019'D;
  FORMAT tday MMDDYY10.;
  IF datevar = tday THEN OUTPUT curr_file;
RUN;

DATA Work.curr_file2(KEEP=latest_file);
  SET curr_file;
  latest_file = file_name;
  CALL SYMPUT('latest_file',latest_file);
RUN;
```

latest_file	
1	encounters_03242019.txt

```
Data curr_munip;
  INFILE "\\&latest_file";
  INPUT
    enc                : ?? BEST8.
    pat_id             : ?? BEST8.
    admit_type         : $CHAR10.
    adate              : ?? MMDDYY10.
    ddate              : ?? MMDDYY10.
    hosp               : $CHAR4.;
RUN;
```

Bring the Contents of all Files in a directory into a SAS® Dataset

Business Case 2

Reading in all of the Contents of a Directory

The Dynamic FILENAME Statement

- You can include a FILENAME statement in your pathname to quickly read in the contents of all files in a directory.

```
DATA work.alldata;
  LENGTH getfilevar $ 256;
  INFILE "\\encounters_*.txt" FILENAME=getfilevar;

  getfilevar_final = getfilevar;








INPUT
  enc           : ?? BEST8.
  pat_id        : ?? BEST8.
  admit_type    : $CHAR10.
  adate         : ?? MMDDYY10.
  ddate         : ?? MMDDYY10.
  hosp          : $CHAR4.;

  IF pat_id ne . THEN OUTPUT;
RUN;
```

Reading in all of the Contents of a Directory

Results

Here is the Output:

	 admit_type	 adate	 ddate	 hosp	 enc	 pat_id	 getfilevar_final
1	Emergency	10/01/2018	10/01/2018	Loc1	74908	390	encounters_03232019.txt
2	Emergency	10/01/2018	10/01/2018	Loc1	74909	391	encounters_03232019.txt
3	Emergency	10/01/2018	10/01/2018	Loc1	74910	392	encounters_03232019.txt
4	Outpatient	10/01/2018	10/01/2018	Loc1	74911	393	encounters_03242019.txt

Automatically Distribute Daily Volume by E-Mail

Business Case 3

Auto Distribute a Daily Volume Report By E-Mail

Business Case 3

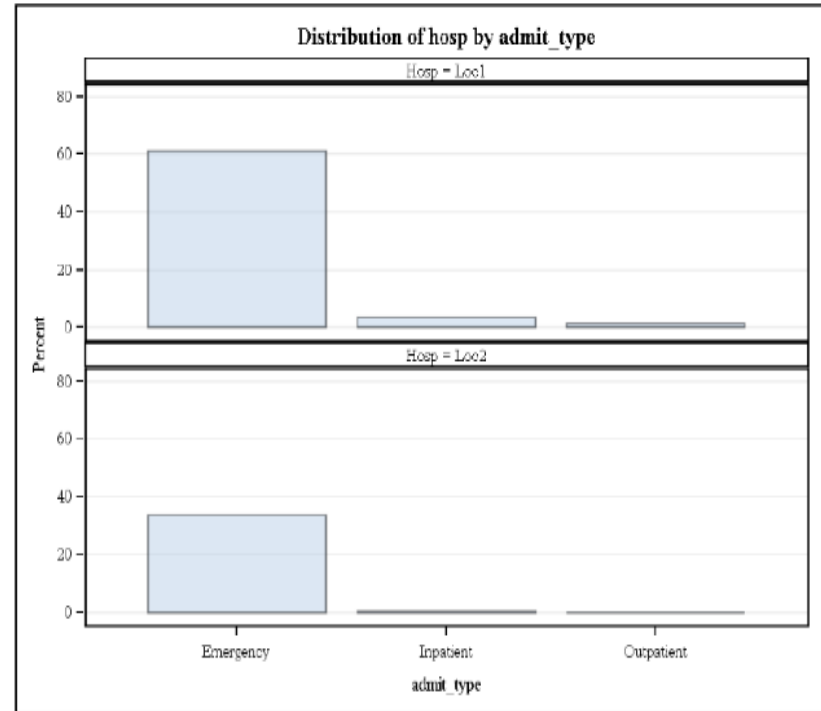
Add a PLOT option to PROC FREQ

```
ods graphics on;  
ods pdf file="encounters.pdf";  
proc freq data=work.alldata;  
table hosp*admit_type / plots=freqplot(scale=percent);  
run;  
ods pdf close;  
quit;
```

Auto Distribute a Daily Volume Report By E-Mail

Results

Frequency Percent Row Pct Col Pct	Table of hosp by admit_type				
	hosp(Hosp)	admit_type			
		Emergency	Inpatient	Outpatient	Total
Loc1		11473	661	239	12373
		61.30	3.53	1.28	66.11
		92.73	5.34	1.93	
		64.60	94.29	94.09	
Loc2		6287	40	15	6342
		33.59	0.21	0.08	33.89
		99.13	0.63	0.24	
		35.40	5.71	5.91	
Total		17760	701	254	18715
		94.90	3.75	1.36	100.00



Report Distribution

E-Mailing From SAS

Ensure that you have set up your communication configurations for your e-mail server.

```
EMAILSYS="SMTP"  
EMAILID="sender information"  
EMAILHOST="name of outgoing mail server"  
EMAILPORT="port";
```

```
FILENAME enctr EMAIL  
SUBJECT = "Daily Encounters by Location"  
Importance= "High"  
  
To = "Shavonne.Standifer@tmcmcd.org"  
From = "Shavonne.Standifer@tmcmcd.org"  
attach = "encounters.pdf";  
  
ods graphics on;  
ods pdf file="encounters.pdf";  
proc freq data=work.alldata;  
table hosp*admit_type / plots=freqplot(scale=percent);  
run;  
ods pdf close;  
quit;  
  
data _null_;  
file enctr;  
put "Greetings,";  
put "This email shows daily encounter volumes.";  
put "Thanks,";  
put "Shavonne J. Standifer";  
Run;
```







Auto Distribute a Report that Shows Performance Over Time

Business Case 4

Showing Measures over Time

Key Performance Indicators (KPI's)

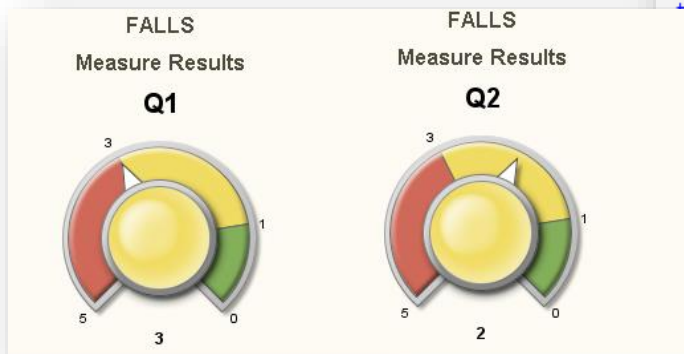
Here is a snapshot of the source data:

 hospital	 measure_name	 q1	 q2	 q3	 q4
Loc 1	Falls	3	2	1	0

Showing Measures over Time

Results

- Use Proc GKPI to create a visualization of performance.




```
ods pdf file="fall_measures.pdf" startpage=no;
ods graphics on;
goptions reset=all rotate=landscape
device=javaimg
xpixels=240
ypixels=200;
title;
title1 'FALLS';
title2 'Measure Results';
proc gkpi mode=raised;
  al actual=&fallsq1 bounds=(5 3 1 0) / LABEL='Q1' lfont=(h=20 pt);
  al actual=&fallsq2 bounds=(5 3 1 0) / LABEL='Q2' lfont=(h=20 pt);
;
run;
ods pdf close;
title;
```

Project Automation

Project Automation

Automation with SAS® Enterprise Guide



Be sure that your system options are set so that your project runs when you are not logged in.

Create an AUTOEXEC process flow and set your system options to automatically execute when opened

Conclusion

This paper discussed useful techniques in data reporting automation that you can include in your reports and dashboards. The examples in this paper were created to help business analysts utilize the automation features of SAS[®] Enterprise Guide. The examples will give some ideas to use in your own custom reporting.

Thank you!

Contact Information
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Reminder:

Complete your session survey in the conference mobile app.

#SASGF

A night-time photograph of the Dallas skyline, featuring the Reunion Tower and several skyscrapers, with their lights reflecting in a body of water in the foreground. A large purple rectangle is centered over the image, containing the event title in white text.

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