

Defining winter and summer in Melbourne

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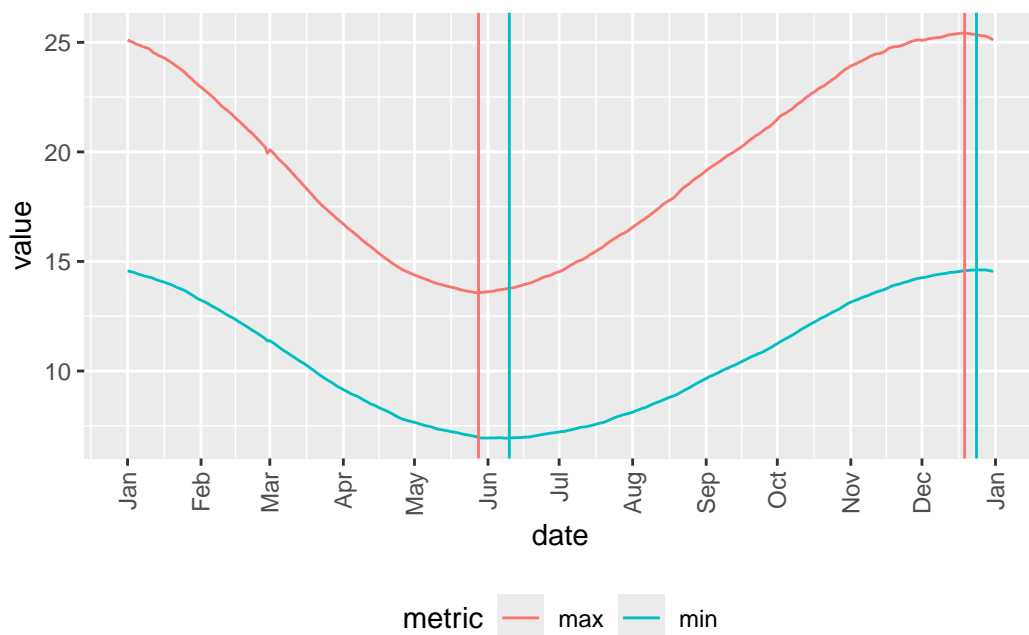


Figure 1: Average daily temperatures for 91 days following indicated date for period 2001–2023

In the United States, one often hears people speak of the “official” start of seasons. Ironically, there seems to be nothing that is official about these dates. However, there is consensus about the dates in the US. The “official” start of summer is the summer solstice (for 2024: 21 December in Melbourne, 20 June in Boston) and the “official” start of winter is (for 2024: 21 June in Melbourne, 21 December in Boston).¹

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¹Seasons reckoned in this way are known as **astronomical seasons**. See [here](#).

In Australia, the usual convention is to divide seasons by months. On this basis, winter starts on 1 June and summer starts on 1 December.²

Is there a sense in which one approach is more correct than the other? Focusing on summer and winter, one definition for these seasons would be that winter starts on the first day of the 91-day period that is the coldest such period for a year averaged over a number of years. Similarly, summer should start on the first day of the 91-day period that is the hottest such period for a year averaged over a number of years.

We answer this question focusing on Melbourne, Australia (latitude of -37.814, longitude: 144.96332).

Daily temperature data from [Open-Meteo](#) comprise a maximum and minimum temperature. So immediately we have two possible definitions of each season according to the temperature we use (e.g., summer could be the 91-day period that has the highest average minimum temperature or it could be the period that has the highest average maximum temperature. Here we consider both.

The start of winter based on the 91-day period with the lowest average maximum temperature is **28 May**. The start of winter based on the 91-day period with the lowest average minimum temperature is **10 June**.

The start of summer based on the 91-day period with the highest average maximum temperature is **19 December**. The start of summer based on the 91-day period with the highest average minimum temperature is **24 December**. So using maximums, we get close to the Australian convention for winter and close to the US convention for summer.

Interestingly, it seems that using average maximums for summer and winter gets closest to the current approach in Australia. However, even using these we have the issue that spring begins on 27 August and autumn begins on 20 March. This implies a spring of 114 days and an autumn of 69 days.

²Seasons reckoned in this way are known as **meteorological seasons**. See [here](#).