# Documentation for

# **Document Generation 4 Mendix**





## **Table of Contents**

Table of Contents	2
1. Document Generation 4 Mendix	
1.1 Introduction	
1.2 Scope	3
2. Installation	4
2.1 Installing the DocumentGeneration4Mendix	4
2.2 Using the action SimpleMerge	5
2.3 Using the Java action AdvancedMerge	6
2.4 Using the Java action AdvancedMergeXML	8
2.5 Setting up the MS Word template inserting the mergefield manually	9
2.6 Using the Document Generation 4 Mendix MS Word addon	10
3. How to's	13
4. FAO	15



## 1. Document Generation 4 Mendix

#### 1.1 Introduction

The DocumentGeneration4Mendix (further called as DocGen) is a Mendix module that generate output documents on behalf document templates. For example if the company uses for all kind of corresponding letters a special designed template, the DocGen module will allow you to use this special designed template for your Mendix application document output, so that the output document from your Mendix application matches the corporate branding. The DocGen module is a powerful module for applications that need to generate document beyond the limitations of the built-in Mendix output generator.

## 1.2 Scope

Before importing the DocGen module, make sure that the following modules are part of your Mendix application:

- MxModelReflection
- ApprontoLicencer
- CommunityCommons

These modules can be imported from the Mendix App Store. The following documentations will provide information about importing modules in your Mendix application, <u>Import modules from downloaded packages</u> or <u>Import modules from the App store</u>.

\*note: to run the module in the cloud you'll need a license. In development on your local machine the module will run without license. For a license please contact <a href="mailto:info@appronto.nl">info@appronto.nl</a>.



## 2. Installation

The module works with the following main concepts: the administrator configures **TemplateTypes**. This template types are technical configurations linking Word-Merge fields to actual data based on your domain model. The end user may create their own **Document Templates** which are Word based templates referring to a TemplateType.

## 2.1 Installing the DocumentGeneration4Mendix

To install do the following:

- Download the DocumentGeneration4Mendix module into your project from the app store (<u>Import modules from</u> the App store)
- Add the TemplateManager module role to your administrator user role
- Add the TemplateUser module role to your end user user roles who may use the templates
- Add the NAV\_OpenApprontoDocumentBuilderLicense and TemplateType\_Overview\_Administrator to your admin navigation (USE ME / Add to admin nav). See figure 1
- Add the ASU ActivateLicense to your After Start up microflow (Project settings). See figure 2 & 3

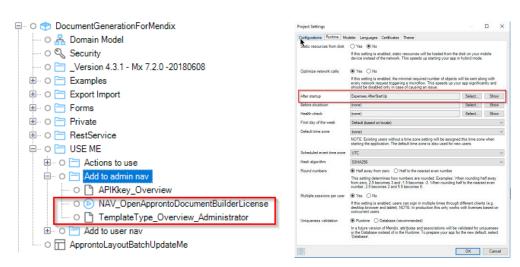


Figure 1

Figure 2

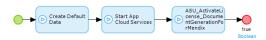


Figure 3

It's highly recommendable to avoid making changes in the imported modules (also a best practice in general). Not making changes will make sure that you can install future updates. So you probably don't want to use the

DocumentTemplate\_Overview (USE ME / Add to user nav), which is just there for demo purposes. The main reason for not using this, is that you want your own security applied to document templates and extend it with own functionalities. To create the optimal solution, follow the next steps:



- Create a CustomDocumentTemplate object in one of your own modules and inherit from DocumentGenerationForMendix.DocumentTemplate.Configure the access rules how you want them.
- Create an overview and new\_edit form for this new object.
- Add the DocumentGenerationForMendix / Forms / TemplateSnippet to this new\_edit form. This snippet will allow your end users to upload a Word template and see which fields they may use in the template (see figure 4). Note: don't make changes to TemplateSnippet, but copy the content of TemplateSnippet to your created new\_edit form if you want to make changes.

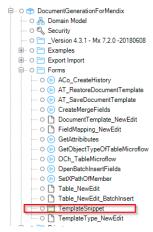


Figure 4

## 2.2 Using the action SimpleMerge

The SimpleMerge uses the data that's being retrieved, but when there are multiple records in a list you will need to configure all the fieldnames individually. That's acceptable if you know that there are a few records in the list, but when you don't you probably will miss some data in your output document. To prevent missing data on the output document, we recommend using the Java Action AdvancedMerge.

## Setting up the Mendix application for generating documents with the SimpleMerge

To create a document with data from your Mendix application, first need to create a new record in the DocumentTemplate object. In the installation step you created a custom page for this object.

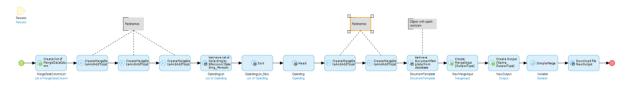
You need to fill in the following:

- Templatename: Choose a name for the template
- Upload Word template: Here you can upload the Word template

After you saved the DocumentTemplate, an action button needs to be created on the overview page of the object that contains the data for the document. The microflow behind the button must contain the actions:

- A list of the data(Mergedata)
- Retrieve of the DocumentTemplate
- Create MergeInput
- Create Output
- SimpleMerge java action
- Optional: Download file

## Example:



As you can notice we create a list of the MergeDataColumn. In this list we add all the data we need for the document output. We do this with the microflow CreateMergeDataAndAddToList, which can be found at DocumentGenerationforMendix -> USE ME. Of course you can create your custom logic and custom object to do this.



## 2.3 Using the Java action AdvancedMerge

The AdvancedMerge allows the use of records in a list, without naming the fields for each record in the list individually.

## Setting up the Mendix application for generating documents with the AdvancedMerge

As an administrator you have to configure the TemplateType(s). After login go to the TemplateType\_Overview which you added to the navigation. The example template is shown below:

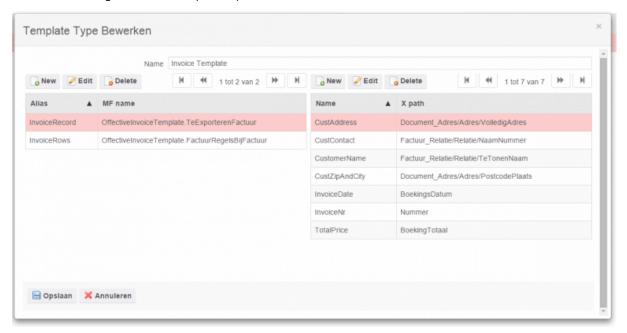


Figure 5

Within a template two things are configured:

- Table
- Merge Field

### **Table**

A table contains all data that are retrieved by the microflow for that table. The table is shown on the left side of figure 5.

- Alias: this is the alias end users have to use in the Word template indicating a TableStart of TableEnd
- MF Name: This is a reference to a microflow that should return a **List** of records for the table (maybe just one record, but it should be in a list). The microflows are called by the Merging module. So you don't call them yourself, just refer to them from the template based on the TableStart:alias construction.

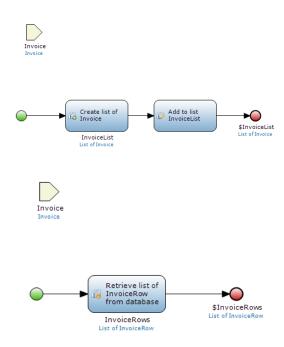
## Merge Field

The data within a table can be configured as Merge Fields (FieldMappings). After adding a table just click the table and add Merge Field mappings in the list grid. A field mapping has the following properties:

- Name: this is the alias end users have to use in the Word template indicating a Merge Field.
- XPath: N-deep path to the domain attribute relative to the Table (use the modeler (data grids) to help you
  creating this paths)
- Render as HTML: if the attribute contains HTML and you want to render it as HTML hit the check box
- Formatting: custom formatting for dates and float/currency's based on Java <u>SimpleDateFormat</u> and <u>DecimalFormat</u>. Examples are: dd-MM-yyyy for datetimes of #,##0.00 for currencies with thousand separator.



Below the microflows we used for this example:



Left is the microflow for the Invoice table. As you can see it doesn't retrieve anything from database (you can do that as well of course) but it just passes through its input parameter. This is because you have the Invoice Object available within your Export microflow and you want to pass it through instead of retrieving it again (which can be hard if there's no context).

This microflow is for the second table and retrieves the InvoiceRow list from database related to the input Invoice.

For a better understanding why there is a difference between the microflow, a screenshot of an example domain model is added below. \*Please note that the attributes differs from figure 5.

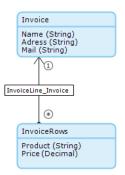


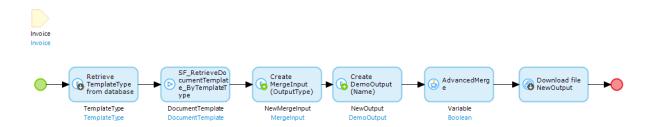
Figure 8

To generate a document with the data from the selected record, a microflow action needs to created. It will need at least the following actions:

- Retrieve TemplateType
- Retrieve DocumentTemplate
- Create MergeInput
- Create Output
- AdvancedMerge java action

Example:





## 2.4 Using the Java action AdvancedMergeXML

The AdvancedMergeXML generates documents based on data from a XML file.

Setting up the Mendix application for generating documents with the AdvancedMergeXML

In addition to the AdvancedMerge there is no need to configure a TemplateType, because there are no microflows needed to collect the data. In this case the XML file contains the data for the output document. Like the AdvancedMerge a DocumentTemplate needs to be created. Just like the SimpleMerge only the 'Templatename' and 'Upload Word template' needs to be filled in. The structure of the Word Template resembles just like the one of the AdvancedMerge, it must contain a TableStart:Container and TableEnd:Container.

In the XML example below we have used the same domain model structure as for AdvancedMerge. There is also another example under DocumentGenerationForMendix->Examples

Notice that the XML also contains <Container> and </Container>.

The XML structure must resemble as if you retrieve data through a microflow as for the AdvancedMerge.

At the beginning of the XML file, you need to give up the DocumentTemplate name in an XML tag.

You see in the example that the tables are identified by a name. It's the same name as we use in the Word template. The fields are also identified with names with underneath the values that needs to be displayed. The XML structure has an abstract resemblance with the AdvancedMerge way.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
    <Container:
         <documenttemplate>invoice</documenttemplate>
         <Table>
             <Name>InvoiceTable</Name>
 5
             <Row>
                  <Field>
                      <Name>Name</Name>
                      <Value>Mr. Roks</Value>
10
                  </Field>
11
                  <Field>
12
                      <Name>Adress</Name>
                      <Value>On The Hills 10</Value>
                  </Field>
14
15
                  <Field>
16
                      <Name>Mail</Name>
                      <Value>find@me.com</Value>
                  </Field>
19
                  <Table>
                      <Name>InvoiceLines</Name>
                      <Row>
                          <Field>
23
                              <Name>Product</Name>
24
25
                              <Value>iellvbeans</Value>
26
                          </Field>
                              <Name>Price</Name>
29
                              <Value>20</Value>
30
                          </Field>
31
                      </Row>
32
                 </Table>
             </Row>
33
         </Table>
34
35
    </Container>
```

You can choose to make an XML entity in your domain model and generalize it with System.FileDocument or create an custom entity to work with. In this example we created an XML entity with the generalization of System.FileDocument. To upload an XML file, a page to upload the XML will be needed, see <a href="Import XML Document">Import XML Document</a>.

To generate a document with the data within the XML file, a microflow action needs to created. It will need at least the following actions:



- Create MergeInput
- Create Output
- Retrieve DocumentTemplate
- AdvancedMergeXML java action

## Example:





## 2.5 Setting up the MS Word template inserting the mergefield manually

Before you can generate a document with the DocGen module, a document template is necessary. You'll find an example right here: <a href="invoice template">invoice template</a>. As you will notice in the example, the document contains 'TableStart' and 'TableEnd', and are only necessary in the template when the javaAction: AdvancedMerge(XML) is used in the Mendix application. The AdvancedMerge is commonly used when multiple row tables are needed. For example you need additional data that needs to be retrieved over an one to many association. This will result in a list, therefore an extra table with rows is needed to display the data.

These templates all have the same in common:

- It contains the concept TableStart:Container. This is always required because of technical reasons. Every table is closed with TableEnd:... In this example template we have two tables for retrieving data: Invoice table and InvoiceRows table.
- It contains merge fields. To create new merge fields you can copy existing merge fields. Be sure to edit it in the right way (right click: Edit Field, then edit the field name). Directly typing will just edit the alias and not the technical name, unless you have the fields displayed with their technical names. OR follow these steps insert FieldCode and choose in the Field names column: MergeField. In the Field properties under Field name typ in the name of the MergeField.

After the TemplateType and Word template are setup, a DocumentTemplate record needs to be created. You need to do this on the page DocumentTemplateOverview. In the overview you will see the following:

- Templatename: Choose a name for the template
- Template type: Here you can choose the template type you configured on the TemplateOverview page. When
  chosen you will see below the tables related to the template
- Upload word template: Choose the Word template for this Document template.

Below an example:





## 2.6 Using the Document Generation 4 Mendix MS Word addon

The DocGen addon for MS Word gives the opportunity to create a Word template to drag and drop . Please keep in mind that a TemplateType and a DocumentTemplate already must be configured. You can upload an empty Word template in the DocumentTemplate.

The following steps must be done to have the addon work properly:

- Add the APIKkey\_Overview (can be found at in the DocumentGenerationForMendix -> USE ME -> add to admin nav) to your admin navigation.
- In MS Word you will need the install the addon. Go to the tab Insert -> Add-ins -> Store. A pop up will follow. Type in Mendix in the search field and hit enter. The add-on will be displayed. Click on the Add button. In the Home tab there will be a new icon on the right of the ribbon:



When clicking on the icon the window below will appear on the right side of the screen.



## The application URL can be found Document generation under your application Buzz -> Deploy -> Environments With this addon for MS Word you can The API Key needs to be generated. connect to your Mendix application for You can do this at the APIKkey\_Overview and create a new editing your MS Word templates. After one. Copy this key in the API key a one-time configuration for security field in Word. you can view, change and save your Click connect and you will see your templates directly from this addon. configured templates. Fill in the mandatory information to connect to your application Now you can start building your Word template. Application URL https://yourapp.url API key your-api-key Connect to app Don't have a URL and API key? Get a demo, purchase or learn more about our services and send us an e-mail: products@appronto.nl

Once a template is selected, the tables related to the chosen template are being loaded and shown. By clicking on one of the table names, the fields of the table are being showed. (These are the tables and fields configured in the TemplateType Overview Administrator page). By placing the cursor on the preferred position in the document and then by clicking on the Fieldname, a mergefield with the name of field will appear in the document. Keep in mind that the Word template must contain the Tablestart:Container and TableEnd:Container. And every Fieldname must be place within the TableStart and TableEnd of the table it belongs to. This can be easily done by clicking on the 'Insert default structure' button.

After the Word template is fully customized with the Fieldnames, just click on the 'Save template to your application' button. This will automatically upload the customized Word template to the right template in your application.

## **Before use**

**Disable cloud security in your run configuration** (this is only applicable for apps running in the Mendix cloud <u>V3</u>). This is because the Aspose Module needs certain privileges which are not granted by default by the Mendix cloud. So when you are going to run this in the cloud as well, please file a ticket to ("java.lang.RuntimePermission" "preferences").

To generate an output, there have to be a button or microflow action that generates the output. There is an Example microflow in DocumentGeneration4Mendix / Examples / GenerateAdvancedMergeExample. To create a very simple test just:



- Add a microflow Button to the CustomDocumentTemplate\_Overview grid which calls this example
  microflow. Note: don't forget to update the GenerateAdvanced-MergeExample with a RootContextObject
  if you're expecting one in your root document tables!
- Restart your project
- Login as an end user and create a CustomDocumentTemplate. Upload your MS word template (see attachments for example) and select the corresponding template type.
- Save it and hit the Generate button from the overview.
- Getting errors? Enable logging for ApprontoDocumentGeneration log node to trace level.

The microflow that generates the output must contain:

- Create MergeInput parameter. This is needed for the AdvancedMerge Java Action. You have to set the desired output type (Word, PDF, HTML, BMP, and so on)
- Retrieve a template.
- Call the AdvancedMerge Java action. All parameters are pretty clear from the context. The RootContextObject is not required but if empty it will not nothing be passed to Root Table microflows.

## 3. How to's

### How to import the DocumentGeneration4Mendix module

Please see <u>Installing the DocumentGenerationForMendix module</u>.

## How to create a template for the DocGen module

To create a template, just create a Word document. For technical reasons, the document need to contain the MergeFields: <TableStart:Container> & <TableEnd:Container>

See the invoice template for an example.

### How to select the data for the document output

In the Template Overview page the microflow that retrieves the data must be imported in the left column. When the microflow is selected in the left column, in the right column the data from the microflow need to be mapped to the fields. The name of a field must be exactly the same as the name of the mergefield within the Word template.

### How to set that the right data is used for the document generator action

In the microflow that's being called generating a document, there should be a Retrieve object action. In this Retrieve action the name of the template should be set.

#### How to set the output type

In the microflow call when a document needs to be generated, there must be a Create object (MergeInput) action and a Create object (Output) action. Within the create MergeInput action you can set the value for the member output. Also in the create Output the value of the member output needs to be set.

## How to render an image from the Mendix application to the generated document

One of the methods is to convert the image to a base64 string after the retrieve. We recommend to use the java action (Base64EncodeFile) from the Community Commons module. The return variable can be used as a value of an attribute that is being used for a mergefield. Your mergefield should look like this «Image:Fieldname». The microflow should look something like:

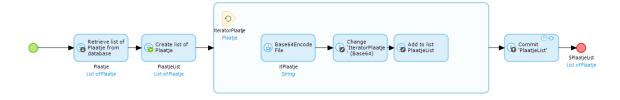


Figure 9

Another method is to use the 'Alias: \_Image\_'. For this method you will need to refresh your MXReflex with the module System checked. The microflow that needs to be used in the table should look something like this:





Figure 10

The Fieldname should be set as \_Image\_ with as selected X path 'Contents'. The Mergefield should look like «Image:\_Image\_».



## 4. FAQ

## Do I need to use the TableStart: Container and TableEnd:Container when I use the SimpleMerge?

When using the SimpleMerge, you don't need to use the TableStart:Container and TableEnd:Container.

## Is it possible to show all the data in a list on the output document with SimpleMerge?

Yes, but you will have to configure manually the exact amount of mergefields as the amound of records in the list. We recommend to use the AdvancedMerge, as you can work with tables and rows.

## Can I use any Word template for the use of DocumentGeneration4Mendix?

Yes, but make sure the mergefields in the Word template correspond with the fields in your TemplateType.

## How do I delete the Aspose watermark?

With an active license the watermark will disappear. Please contact info@appronto.nl for a license.

## Which java action should be used when data is needed from different entities?

It depends on the preferred outcome. If the output only need to display single records, the SimpleMerge will do the job. When the output need to display all records from a list, then the AdvancedMerge is more likely to use.

# When a mergefield is empty, the line in the document is still visible. Is it possible that it won't be shown when empty?

The IF ELSE statement can determine whether a mergefield is shown and can also determine if a line needs to be added. See also <u>If Else Mergefield</u>.

## Can I use the API key which I generated in Sprintr for DocumentGeneration4Mendix MS Word addon?

No, follow the steps described in <u>Setting up the MS Word template using the Document Generator 4 Mendix MS Word addon</u> to generate a APIkey.