Title

Authors[[1]](#footnote-1)

Abstract text

# Heading 1

## Heading 2

### Heading 3.

#### Heading 4.

Body text. Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text Text.

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# set an inital value  
p\_economical <- 1  
  
# generate random numbers and stop when one is < .05  
while (p\_economical >= .05) {  
 p\_economical <- runif(n = 1)  
}  
  
# print this value  
print(paste("p\_economical =", round(p\_economical, 3)))

## [1] "p\_economical = 0.03"

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| rt\_mean | rt\_sd | perc\_acc\_mean | perc\_acc\_sd |
| 1482 | 268 | 0.92 | 0.05 |

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# References

Simmons, Joseph P., Leif D. Nelson, and Uri Simonsohn. 2011. “False-Positive Psychology: Undisclosed Flexibility in Data Collection and Analysis Allows Presenting Anything as Significant.” *Psychological Science* 22 (11): 1359–66. doi:[10.1177/0956797611417632](https://doi.org/10.1177/0956797611417632).

1. Contact details [↑](#footnote-ref-1)