Spark DataFrames Project Exercise

August 12, 2025

1 Spark DataFrames Project Exercise

Let's get some quick practice with your new Spark DataFrame skills, you will be asked some basic questions about some stock market data, in this case Walmart Stock from the years 2012-2017. This exercise will just ask a bunch of questions, unlike the future machine learning exercises, which will be a little looser and be in the form of "Consulting Projects", but more on that later!

For now, just answer the questions and complete the tasks below.

Use the walmart_stock.csv file to Answer and complete the tasks below!

```
Start a simple Spark Session
```

```
[2]: import findspark
  findspark.init('/home/ian/spark-4.0.0-bin-hadoop3')
  from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
  spark = SparkSession.builder.appName('PROJECT').getOrCreate()
```

25/08/12 17:56:42 WARN SparkSession: Using an existing Spark session; only runtime SQL configurations will take effect.

```
Load the Walmart Stock CSV File, have Spark infer the data types.
```

```
[5]: walmart_df = spark.read.csv('walmart_stock.csv', inferSchema= True, header=True)
```

What are the column names?

```
[6]: walmart_df.columns
```

```
[6]: ['Date', 'Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume', 'Adj Close']
```

What does the Schema look like?

```
[7]: walmart_df.printSchema()
```

```
root
|-- Date: date (nullable = true)
|-- Open: double (nullable = true)
|-- High: double (nullable = true)
|-- Low: double (nullable = true)
|-- Close: double (nullable = true)
|-- Volume: integer (nullable = true)
```

|-- Adj Close: double (nullable = true)

Print out the first 5 columns.

- [8]: walmart_df.head(5)
- [8]: [Row(Date=datetime.date(2012, 1, 3), Open=59.970001, High=61.060001,
 Low=59.869999, Close=60.330002, Volume=12668800, Adj Close=52.619234999999996),
 Row(Date=datetime.date(2012, 1, 4), Open=60.20999899999996, High=60.349998,
 Low=59.470001, Close=59.709998999999996, Volume=9593300, Adj Close=52.078475),
 Row(Date=datetime.date(2012, 1, 5), Open=59.349998, High=59.619999,
 Low=58.369999, Close=59.419998, Volume=12768200, Adj Close=51.825539),
 Row(Date=datetime.date(2012, 1, 6), Open=59.419998, High=59.450001,
 Low=58.869999, Close=59.0, Volume=8069400, Adj Close=51.45922),
 Row(Date=datetime.date(2012, 1, 9), Open=59.029999, High=59.549999,
 Low=58.919998, Close=59.18, Volume=6679300, Adj Close=51.616215000000004)]

Use describe() to learn about the DataFrame.

[11]: walmart_df.describe().show()

25/08/12 17:59:28 WARN SparkStringUtils: Truncated the string representation of a plan since it was too large. This behavior can be adjusted by setting 'spark.sql.debug.maxToStringFields'.

summary	Open	High	Low	
Close	Volume	Adj Close		
	+		+	
count	1258	1258	1258	
.258	1258	1258		
mean 72.	35785375357709 72	2.83938807631165		
4 0400000504	FOALTO 2004400004			_
1.9186009594	594 72.3884499801	.2726 8222093.481	717011 67.23883848728	3146
1.9186009594 stddev	594 72.388449980]	.2726 8222093.481	717011 67.23883848728	3146
stddev			717011 67.23883848728 255496 6.756859163732	
stddev 5.76809024470		9218 6.744075756		
stddev 5.76809024470 1519780.84315	826 6.76818680815	9218 6.744075756		
stddev 5.76809024470 1519780.84315	826 6.76818680815 56 6.722609449996	59218 6.744075756 8857	255496 6.756859163732	
stddev 5.76809024470 519780.84315 min 56.3	826 6.76818680815 56 6.722609449996 89998999999996 2094900	59218 6.744075756 5857 57.060001	255496 6.756859163732	

1.1 Bonus Question!

There are too many decimal places for mean and stddev in the describe() dataframe. Format the numbers to just show up to two decimal places. Pay careful attention to

the datatypes that .describe() returns, we didn't cover how to do this exact formatting, but we covered something very similar. Check this link for a hint If you get stuck on this, don't worry, just view the solutions.

```
[12]: stats_df = walmart_df.describe()
[24]: stats_df.printSchema()
     ## convert to numeric
     from pyspark.sql.types import DoubleType
     cols_to_change = stats_df.columns[1:]
     for col in cols_to_change:
         stats_df = stats_df.withColumn(col, stats_df[col].cast(DoubleType()))
    root
     |-- summary: string (nullable = true)
     |-- Open: string (nullable = true)
     |-- High: string (nullable = true)
     |-- Low: string (nullable = true)
     |-- Close: string (nullable = true)
     |-- Volume: string (nullable = true)
      |-- Adj Close: string (nullable = true)
[26]: ## check types now
     stats_df.printSchema()
     |-- summary: string (nullable = true)
     |-- Open: double (nullable = true)
     |-- High: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Low: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Close: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Volume: double (nullable = true)
     |-- Adj Close: double (nullable = true)
[28]: from pyspark.sql.functions import format_number, mean
     for col in cols_to_change:
         stats df = stats df.withColumn(col, format number(col, 2))
     stats_df.show()
     +----+----+-----+-----+
     |summary|
                Openl
                         High|
                                  Low
                                        Close
                                                    Volume | Adj Close |
```

```
count | 1,258.00 | 1,258.00 | 1,258.00 | 1,258.00 |
                                                    1,258.00 | 1,258.00 |
               72.36
                       72.84
                                 71.92 | 72.39 | 8,222,093.48 |
        mean
                                                                67.24
     | stddev|
                 6.77
                         6.77
                                 6.74|
                                         6.76 | 4,519,780.84
                                                                 6.72
                56.39
                        57.06
                                 56.30|
                                         56.42 | 2,094,900.00 |
                                                                50.36
         min|
                                         90.47 | 80,898,100.00 |
         maxl
                90.80
                        90.97
                                 89.25l
                                                                84.91 l
     Create a new dataframe with a column called HV Ratio that is the ratio of the High
     Price versus volume of stock traded for a day.
[32]: walmart_df = walmart_df.withColumn('HV Ratio', walmart_df['High']/
       ⇔walmart_df['Volume'])
     What day had the Peak High in Price?
[42]: max_high = walmart_df.agg({'High':'max'}).collect()[0][0]
     walmart df.filter(walmart df['High'] == max high).select('Date').show()
     +----+
           Date
     +----+
     |2015-01-13|
     +----+
     What is the mean of the Close column?
[44]: walmart_df.select(mean('Close')).show()
            avg(Close) |
     |72.38844998012726|
     +----+
     What is the max and min of the Volume column?
[51]: from pyspark.sql.functions import min, max
     walmart_df.select(min('Volume'), max('Volume')).show()
     +----+
     |min(Volume)|max(Volume)|
     +----+
         2094900|
                    80898100|
     +----+
     How many days was the Close lower than 60 dollars?
[54]: walmart_df.filter(walmart_df['Close'] < 60).show()
```

```
Date
                         Openl
                                           High|
Close| Volume|
                       Adj Close
                                           HV Ratio
-----+-----+-----
|2012-01-04|60.20999899999996|
59.470001|59.7099989999996| 9593300|
                                             52.078475 | 6.290848613094555E-6 |
                   59.349998 | 59.619999 |
|2012-01-05|
                                                         58.3699991
                          51.825539|4.669412994783916E-6|
59.419998 | 12768200 |
                    59.419998|
|2012-01-06|
                                     59.450001
                                                         58.8699991
                       51.45922|7.367338463826307E-6|
59.0| 8069400|
                  59.029999 59.549999
|2012-01-09|
                                                         58.919998
59.18 | 6679300 | 51.616215000000004 | 8.915604778943901E-6
|2012-01-10|
                        59.43|59.70999899999996|
58.98|59.040001000000004| 6907300| 51.494109|8.644477436914568E-6|
|2012-01-11|
                    59.060001
                                     59.529999 | 59.040001000000004 |
59.400002| 6365600|
                           51.808098 | 9.351828421515645E-6 |
|2012-01-12|59.790001000000004|
                                           60.01
                                                         59.400002
59.5 | 7236400 | 51.895315999999994 | 8.29141562102703E-6 |
12012-01-131
59.18|59.61000100000004|59.0099979999996|59.54000100000004|
7729300 | 51.93020399999996 | 7.712212102001476E-6 |
                   59.869999|60.110001000000004|
|2012-01-17|
                                                             59.521
59.849998 | 8500000 |
                          52.200581|7.071764823529412E-6|
|2012-02-22|
                                      59.900002|
                    59.580002
                                                         58.3699991
58.599998 | 28630200 |
                          51.110343 | 2.092196421960028E-6 |
|2012-02-23|
                        58.59
58.900002|58.2099989999996|58.540001000000004|14880300|
51.058014|3.958253664240641E-6|
                                      58.950001
12012-02-241
                        58.75 l
58.5|58.79000100000004| 9925900|
                                        51.276061 | 5.939008150394423E-6 |
|2012-02-27|
                    58.700001
58.779999 | 58.290001000000004 | 58.4599989999996 | 12258800 |
50.988237 | 4.794922749371879... |
[2012-02-28]
                    58.4399991 59.0999981
                                                         58.3499981
58.93 | 10761900 |
                     51.398167|5.491595164422639E-6|
12012-02-291
                                      59.3300021
                                                         58.720001
                        58.84
                          51.528997|5.166138587997632E-6|
59.080002|11484400|
|2012-03-01|59.360001000000004|
                                      59.419998 | 58.63999899999996 |
                      51.302226 | 3.64900288014542E-6
58.82 | 16283900 |
|2012-03-02|58.990002000000004|
                                      59.279999
58.799999|59.00999799999996| 9848100|51.46794099999996|6.019435119464668E-6|
|2012-03-05|58.959998999999996|
                                          59.591
                                                             58.75 l
59.400002| 9651000|
                          51.808098 | 6.174489690187545E-6 |
|2012-03-06|59.040001000000004|
                                      59.220001
                                                             58.75
58.970001 | 9057100 |
                          51.433056 | 6.538516854180698E-6 |
|2012-03-
```

```
4916900|
                  52.209305 | 4.012898189302067...|
    +-----
    only showing top 20 rows
[55]: walmart_df.filter(walmart_df['Close'] < 60).count()
[55]: 81
    What percentage of the time was the High greater than 80 dollars?
    In other words, (Number of Days High>80)/(Total Days in the dataset)
[57]: total_days = walmart_df.count()
    total_days
[57]: 1258
[58]: days more than 80 = walmart df.filter(walmart df['High'] > 80).count()
    days_more_than_80
[58]: 115
[61]: print(f'{(days_more_than_80/total_days)*100:.2f}%')
    9.14%
    What is the Pearson correlation between High and Volume?
    Hint
[62]: from pyspark.sql.functions import corr
    walmart_df.select(
        corr("High", "Volume")).show()
    +----+
    | corr(High, Volume)|
    +----+
    |-0.3384326061737161|
    +----+
[]: ## it seems that the more the volume traded, the lower the high price
    What is the max High per year?
[71]: from pyspark.sql.functions import year, max
```

What is the average Close for each Calendar Month?

In other words, across all the years, what is the average Close price for Jan,Feb, Mar,

etc... Your result will have a value for each of these months.

```
[72]: from pyspark.sql.functions import month

## generate month column

walmart_df = walmart_df.withColumn('month', month('Date'))

walmart_df.groupby('month').mean('Close').show()
```

```
month
             avg(Close) |
+----+
   12|72.84792478301885|
    1|71.44801958415842|
    6 | 72.4953774245283 |
    3|71.77794377570092|
    5|72.30971688679247|
    9|72.18411785294116|
    4|72.97361900952382|
    8 | 73.02981855454546 |
    7 | 74.43971943925233 |
   10 | 71 . 57854545454543 |
   11 | 72.1110893069307 |
    2 71.306804443299
  ---+----+
```

2 Great Job!

2.1 OTHER INTERESTING INSIGHTS

2.1.1 1. 7 day moving average

25/08/12 18:34:56 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradation.

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```
+----+
                   Close | 7_day_moving_avg|
+----+
|2012-01-03|
                                60.330002|
                60.330002
|2012-01-04|59.7099989999996|60.020000499999995|
59.0|59.614999749999996|
|2012-01-06|
[2012-01-09]
                    59.18|59.52799979999996|
|2012-01-10|59.04000100000004|59.4466666666665|
|2012-01-11|
                59.400002 | 59.44000028571429 |
|2012-01-12|
                     59.5 | 59.32142857142857 |
|2012-01-13|59.540001000000004| 59.29714314285714|
|2012-01-17|
                59.849998 | 59.35857171428571 |
|2012-01-18|60.00999799999996| 59.50285714285714|
|2012-01-19|60.610001000000004| 59.70714300000001|
|2012-01-20|61.00999799999996| 59.98857114285714|
```

2.1.2 2. Year over year growth

```
[89]: from pyspark.sql.functions import year, lag, col
      from pyspark.sql.window import Window
      # Add a 'year' column to the DataFrame
      walmart with year = walmart df.withColumn('year', year('Date'))
      # Get the last closing price of each year
      last_close_of_year = walmart_with_year.groupBy('year').agg({'Close': 'last'}).
       ⇔withColumnRenamed('last(Close)', 'Close')
      # Use a window function to get the previous year's close price
      windowSpec_year = Window.orderBy('year')
      last close of year with prev = last close of year.withColumn('prev year close', ...
       →lag(col('Close'), 1).over(windowSpec_year))
      # Calculate the year-over-year growth percentage
      yoy_growth = last_close_of_year_with_prev.withColumn(
          'yoy_growth_percent',
          ((col('Close') - col('prev year close')) / col('prev year close')) * 100
      )
      # Show the results
      yoy_growth.select('year', 'Close', 'yoy_growth_percent').show()
```

25/08/12 18:37:55 WARN WindowExec: No Partition Defined for Window operation! Moving all data to a single partition, this can cause serious performance degradation.

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[]: