

	Term		Level

* 16-21. Choose the word that is closest in meaning to each underlined word.

16. I received a new smartphone as a birthday present from my parents.

- ① got ② gave ③ sent ④ lent

17. Fiona is able to handle stress well.

- ① set up ② pick up ③ deal with ④ get tired of

18. The boy always teases me whenever he sees me.

- ① pays for ② goes after ③ makes fun of ④ makes use of

19. It is bad manners to talk too loudly on the phone in public.

- ① meals ② invitation ③ etiquette ④ greetings

20. According to the news, people frequently leave their umbrellas on the subway.

- ① once ② often ③ rarely ④ suddenly

21. The purpose of this audition is to find some talented actors.

- ① new ② gifted ③ famous ④ good-looking

* 22-25. Choose the word that is opposite in meaning to each underlined word.

22. He looks skinny in this picture, doesn't he?

- ① fat ② cool ③ slim ④ natural

23. He added some more sugar to his coffee.

- ① put off ② looked up ③ took away ④ cared about

24. He wants to study ancient Chinese history at university.

- ① long ② religious ③ modern ④ traditional

25. We should have the results of your blood test by tomorrow.

- ① samples ② studies ③ causes ④ objects

	Term		Level	

26. 다음 글의 목적으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Dear citizens,

As you all know from seeing the pictures on television and in the newspaper, Central America has been hit hard by a series of hurricanes. Tens of thousands of people are homeless and without basic necessities like food and clothing. I feel that we need to do something to help. So, we are asking you to donate canned goods, warm clothes, blankets, and money. Please bring all donations to the community center between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m., Saturday, September 10. Thank you for helping your fellow human beings in their time of desperate need.

Sincerely,

George Anderson

- ① 자연재해의 위험성을 경고하려고
- ② 재난 사고 시 대처 요령을 안내하려고
- ③ 재난 피해자를 위한 기부를 요청하려고
- ④ 자원봉사 활동의 일정 변경을 공지하려고
- ⑤ 재난 피해자를 도운 것에 대해 감사하려고

27. 다음 글에 드러난 ‘I’의 심경으로 가장 적절한 것은?

I heard something moving slowly along the walls. I searched for a match in the dark and tried to strike it, but it wouldn't light. This time I was certain: Something was moving in the tunnels, something alive, and it wasn't a rat. A very

unpleasant smell came into my nostrils. Finally, I managed to light a match. At first I was blinded by the flame; then I saw something creeping toward me. From all the tunnels. Shapeless figures crawling like spiders. The match fell from my trembling fingers. I wanted to start running, but I couldn't. *nostril: 콧구멍

① frightened ② delighted ③ depressed

④ jealous ⑤ relieved

28. 다음 글에서 필자가 주장하는 바로 가장 적절한 것은?

Since you can't use gestures, make faces, or present an object to readers in writing, you must rely on words to do both the telling and the showing. Show more than you tell. Use words to make the reader *see*. For example, don't leave the reader guessing about Laura's beautiful hair. *Show* how the gentle wind touches the edge of her silky, brown hair. Don't just say you felt happy. *Show* yourself leaping down the steps four at a time, coat unzipped, shouting in the wind, "Hurray, I did it!"

① 글을 쓰기 전에 주변을 정돈해야 한다.

② 시각적으로 실감 나게 글을 써야 한다.

③ 일상생활에서 글의 소재를 찾아야 한다.

④ 글의 내용과 어울리는 그림을 제시해야 한다.

⑤ 마음속에 있는 것을 진솔하게 글에 담아야 한다.

29. 다음 글의 요지로 가장 적절한 것은?

It is important to recognize your pet's particular needs and respect them. If your pet is an athletic, high-energy dog, for example, he or she is going to be much more manageable indoors if you take him or her outside to chase a ball for an hour every day. If your cat is shy and timid, he or she won't want to be dressed up and displayed in cat shows. Similarly, you cannot expect macaws to be quiet and still all the time — they are, by nature, loud and emotional creatures, and it is not their fault that your apartment doesn't absorb sound as well as a rain forest. *macaw: 마코 앵무새

- ① 애완동물에게는 적절한 운동이 필요하다.
- ② 애완동물도 다양한 감정을 느낄 수 있다.
- ③ 애완동물의 개별적 특성을 존중해야 한다.
- ④ 자신의 상황에 맞는 애완동물을 선택해야 한다.
- ⑤ 훈련을 통해 애완동물의 행동을 교정할 수 있다.

30. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 적절한 것은?

Hydroelectric power is a clean and renewable power source. However, there are a few things about dams that are important to know. To build a hydroelectric dam, a large area must be flooded behind the dam. Whole communities sometimes have to be moved to another place. Entire forests can be drowned. The water released from the dam can be colder than usual and this can affect the ecosystems in the rivers downstream. It can also wash away riverbanks and destroy life on the river bottoms. The worst effect of dams has been observed on salmon

that have to travel upstream to lay their eggs. If blocked by a dam, the salmon life cycle cannot be completed.

*hydroelectric: 수력 발전의 **ecosystem: 생태계

- ① necessity of saving energy
- ② dark sides of hydroelectric dams
- ③ types of hydroelectric power plants
- ④ popularity of renewable power sources
- ⑤ importance of protecting the environment

31. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 적절한 것은?

Give children options and allow them to make their own decisions — on how much they would like to eat, whether they want to eat or not, and what they would like to have. For example, include them in the decision-making process of what you are thinking of making for dinner — “Lisa, would you like to have pasta and meatballs, or chicken and a baked potato?” When discussing how much they should eat during dinner, serve them a reasonable amount; if they claim they are still “hungry” after they are through, ask them to wait five to ten minutes, and if they continue to feel hunger, then they can have a second plate of food. These are fantastic behaviors that, when taught properly, teach brilliant self-confidence and self-control.

- ① Be a Role Model to Your Children
- ② Hunger: The Best Sauce for Children
- ③ Table Manners: Are They Important?
- ④ Good Nutrition: Children's Brain Power
- ⑤ Teach Children Food Independence

32. (A), (B), (C)의 각 네모 안에서 문맥에 맞는 낱말로 가장 적절한 것은?

In most people, emotions are situational. Something in the here and now makes you mad. The emotion itself is (A) [tied / unrelated] to the situation in which it originates. As long as you remain in that emotional situation, you're likely to stay angry. If you *leave* the situation, the opposite is true. The emotion begins to (B) [disappear / appear] as soon as you move away from the situation. Moving away from the situation prevents it from taking hold of you. Counselors often advise clients to get some emotional distance from whatever is (C) [bothering / pleasing] them. One easy way to do that is to *geographically* separate yourself from the source of your anger.

- | (A) | (B) | (C) |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| ① tied | disappear | bothering |
| ② tied | disappear | pleasing |
| ③ tied | appear | bothering |
| ④ unrelated | disappear | pleasing |
| ⑤ unrelated | appear | pleasing |

33. 밑줄 친 부분이 가리키는 대상이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

Six-month-old Angela is sitting in her high chair during lunch and sees her bottle on the table. ① She is pretty tired — it's been a tough day! — and she wants her bottle. She looks at it as her mother, Sophie, feeds ② her and gets more and more frustrated. Eventually, she turns away from her mother's spoonfuls, arches her back, turns

around in her high chair, and vocalizes as if ③ she is about to cry. Sophie is clueless about what Angela wants. When Sophie happens to look at the table for another reason, ④ she notices the bottle on it. "That's what you want," she says, and gives Angela ⑤ her bottle. Success at last!
*arch: (몸을) 아치 모양으로 구부리다

34. 다음 글의 빈칸 (A), (B)에 들어갈 말로 가장 적절한 것은?

What's happening when we're actually doing two things at once? It's simple. Our brain has channels, and so we're able to process different kinds of data in different parts of our brain. ____ (A) ____, you can talk and walk at the same time. There is no channel interference. But you're not really focused on both activities. One is happening in the foreground and the other in the background. If you were trying to explain on the cell phone how to operate a complex machine, you'd stop walking. ____ (B) ____, if you were crossing a rope bridge over a valley, you'd likely stop talking. You can do two things at once, but you can't focus effectively on two things at once.

- | (A) | (B) |
|-------------|-------------------|
| ① However | Thus |
| ② However | Similarly |
| ③ Therefore | For example |
| ④ Therefore | Similarly |
| ⑤ Moreover | For example |

35. 글의 흐름으로 보아, 주어진 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적절한 곳을 고르시오.

According to him, however, entertainers who are alive are not included.

Most dictionaries list names of famous people. (①) The editors must make difficult decisions about whom to include and whom to exclude. (②) *Webster's New World Dictionary*, for example, includes Audrey Hepburn but leaves out Spencer Tracy. (③) It lists Bing Crosby, not Bob Hope; Willie Mays, not Micky Mantle. (④) Executive editor Michael Agnes explains that names are chosen based on their frequency of use and their usefulness to the reader. (⑤) For that very reason, Elton John and Paul McCartney aren't in the dictionary, but both Marilyn Monroe and Elvis Presley, who died decades ago, are.

	Term		Level

36. 다음 문장을 부정문으로 바르게 고쳐 쓴 것은?

Mira watches a movie once a month.

- ① Mira don't watch a movie once a month.
- ② Mira doesn't watches a movie once a month.
- ③ Mira don't watches a movie once a month.
- ④ Mira doesn't watch a movie once a month.
- ⑤ Mira isn't watch a movie once a month.

37. 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 나타낸 것은?

그녀는 부엌에서 요리를 하고 있었니?

- ① Is she cook in the kitchen?
- ② Is she cooking in the kitchen?
- ③ Does she cook in the kitchen?
- ④ Was she cook in the kitchen?
- ⑤ Was she cooking in the kitchen?

38. 다음 문장 중 어법상 어색한 것은?

- ① The spaghetti tastes good.
- ② It's too hot. I need cold something.
- ③ Sally watched the sad movie.
- ④ This book is very thick.
- ⑤ There are many bananas.

39. 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 나타낸 것은?

프랑스어를 배우는 것은 쉽지 않다.

- ① French is not easy.
- ② Learn French is not easy.
- ③ Learn French are not to easy.
- ④ To learn French is not easy.
- ⑤ Do learning French are not easy.

40. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 성격이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① Do you like writing stories?
- ② I'm taking care of my sister.
- ③ Being kind to others is good.
- ④ My little brother loves riding a bike.
- ⑤ Swimming is my favorite free-time activity.

41. 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 나타낸 것은?

Jane의 미소는 Tarzan을 행복하게 만든다.

- ① Tarzan makes Jane's smile happy.
- ② Jane's smile made Tarzan happy.
- ③ Jane's smile makes Tarzan happily.
- ④ Jane's smile makes Tarzan happy.
- ⑤ Tarzan made happy to Jane's smile.

42. 다음 문장의 빈칸에 들어갈 수 없는 것은?

My jacket is as comfortable as _____.

- ① hers ② your jacket
- ③ Bobby's ④ him
- ⑤ my sister's

43. 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 옮긴 것은?

너는 그 아이가 왜 울고 있다고 생각하니?

- ① Do you think why the kid is crying?
- ② Do you think why is the kid crying?
- ③ Do you think is why the kid crying?
- ④ Why do you think the kid is crying?
- ⑤ Why do you think is the kid crying?

44. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분을 whom으로 바꿔 쓸 수 있는 것은?

- ① She's a writer that likes traveling.
- ② Is that the person that I should meet?
- ③ The letter that I wrote him is in the drawer.
- ④ The sports that I like are basketball and soccer.
- ⑤ This article is about the scientist that invented the device.

45. 다음 문장 중 어법상 어색한 것은?

- ① They had no food to eat at home.
- ② We need somebody to fix this computer.
- ③ Can you give me a pen to write with?
- ④ There is no one to welcome you here.
- ⑤ Is there to sit on a chair in this room?

46. 다음 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 알맞은 것을 고르시오.
Brian _____ Stella at the library two hours ago.

- ① sees ② seed
- ③ is seeing ④ saw
- ⑤ seen

47. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① A bird is flying.
- ② I'm painting the fence.
- ③ What are you doing?
- ④ My hobby is taking pictures.
- ⑤ Is she cooking in the kitchen now?

48. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 나머지 넷과 다른 것을 고르시오.

- ① Nice to meet you.
- ② He loves to play the guitar.
- ③ We want to eat out tonight.
- ④ They're going to the museum.
- ⑤ She tried to call him last night.

49. 다음 빈칸에 공통으로 알맞은 것은?

- She _____ her son a delicious cake.
- The movie _____ me excited.

- ① kept ② wanted
- ③ gave ④ sent
- ⑤ made

50. 다음 문장 중 어법상 어색한 것은?

- ① I walked as slowly as I could.
- ② The tree is not as tall as my sister.
- ③ Mike's cat was as healthy as my cat.
- ④ My sister is not so lazy as her friends.
- ⑤ He wants to be as smarter as his teacher.

51. 다음 중 밑줄 친 부분의 쓰임이 잘못된 것은?

- ① Patrick comes to Korea next week.
- ② He will be angry if you will be late.
- ③ I'll use a cup when I brush my teeth.
- ④ Susan is going to visit her uncle tomorrow.
- ⑤ If I get my allowance, I will buy new shoes.

52. 다음 중 어법상 어색한 것은?

- ① These things will not be recycled.
- ② Were the passengers saved by the man?
- ③ You didn't be invited to the reception.
- ④ Her homework was not finished on time.
- ⑤ Was the festival canceled because of rain?

53. 다음 중 문장의 구조가 나머지 넷과 다른 것은?

- ① I made him angry.
- ② I had him come back.
- ③ I found him generous.
- ④ I called him Mr. Dictionary.
- ⑤ I bought him a hat.

54. 다음 두 문장의 뜻이 같도록 할 때 빈칸에 들어갈 말로 알맞은 것을 고르시오.

My uncle went to Russia last year, so he is not here now.

⇒ My uncle _____ to Russia.

- ① was ② has been
- ③ has gone ④ have been
- ⑤ have gone

55. 다음 우리말을 영어로 바르게 옮긴 것은?

너는 그가 몇 살인지 아니?

- ① Do you know he is old?
- ② Do you know how old is he?
- ③ Do you know how old he is?
- ④ How do you know is he old?
- ⑤ How old do you know is he?