625.433

1. (25 pts.) Apply the inverse-transform method to generate random variables from a Laplace distribution which has pdf

$$f(x) = \frac{\lambda}{2} \exp\{-\lambda |x - \theta|\}$$
 $-\infty < x < \infty$.

(let
$$\lambda = 2$$
 and $\theta = 2$)

2. (25 pts.) Let the random variable X have the pdf

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} & 0 < x < 1\\ x - \frac{3}{4} & 1 \le x \le 2 \end{cases}$$

Generate a random variable from f(x) using

- (a) the inverse-transform method
- (b) the accept-reject method, using the proposal density $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}$ $0 \le x \le 2$.
- 3. (25 pts.) Let the random variable X have pdf

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x & 0 < x < 1\\ \frac{1}{2} & 1 \le x \le \frac{5}{2} \end{cases}$$

Generate a random variable from f(x) using

- (a) The inverse-transform method
- (b) The accept-reject method, using the proposal density

$$g(x) = \frac{8}{25}x \quad 0 \le x \le \frac{5}{2}.$$

 $4.~(25~\mathrm{pts.})$ Apply the inverse-transform method to generate a random variable from the discrete uniform distribution with pdf

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{n+1} & x = 0, 1, \dots, n \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

5. (**Bonus** of 10 pts.) The adaptive accept-reject algorithm required that the density being sampled from is log-concave. Let's assume you want to do an adaptive accept-reject algorithm for a density that is not log-concave. Is there any way you could imagine you would adjust/correct for what was discussed in class? Be as specific as possible, and draw a picture if you have to.