Tasks: Fundamentals of Data Analysis

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1. The Fibonacci numbers are defined as follows. The first number,  $f_0$  is 0 and the second,  $f_1$  is 1. The other numbers are then defined as

$$f_i = f_{i-1} + f_{i-2}$$

for *i* from 2 to infinity.

In this task, write a function fib(n) to calculate the  $n^{th}$  Fibonacci number.

2. The Collatz conjecture<sup>1</sup> is a famous unsolved problem in mathematics. The problem is to prove that if you start with any positive integer x and repeatedly apply the function f(x) below, you always get stuck in the repeating sequence 1, 2, 4, 1, 2, 4, . . .

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x \div 2 & \text{if } x \text{ is even} \\ 3x + 1 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

For example, starting with the value 10, which is an even number, we divide it by 2 to get 5. Then 5 is an odd number so, we multiply by 3 and add 1 to get 16. Then we repeatedly divide by 2 to get 8, 4, 2, 1. Once we are at 1, we go back to 4 and get stuck in the repeating sequence 4, 2, 1 as we suspected.

Your task is to verify, using Python, that the conjecture is true for the first 10,000 positive integers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Simple Math Problem We Still Can't Solve | Quanta Magazine. Sept. 22, 2020. URL: https://www.quantamagazine. org/why-mathematicians-still-cant-solve-the-collatz-conjecture-20200922/ (visited on 08/18/2023).