## Hadamard Gate

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Gate



Matrix

$$\mathsf{H} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1\\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|\phi\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\ket{\phi_H} \mathsf{H} \ket{\phi} = rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} egin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} egin{bmatrix} lpha \\ eta \end{bmatrix} = rac{1}{\sqrt{2}} egin{bmatrix} lpha + eta \\ lpha - eta \end{bmatrix}$$

Probability

$$\langle \phi_H | = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} (\alpha + \beta)^* & (\alpha - \beta)^* \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha^* + \beta^* & \alpha^* - \beta^* \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{split} \langle \phi_H | \phi_H \rangle &= \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \left[ \alpha^* + \beta^* \quad \alpha^* - \beta^* \right] \left[ \begin{matrix} \alpha + \beta \\ \alpha - \beta \end{matrix} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ (\alpha^* + \beta^*)(\alpha + \beta) + (\alpha^* - \beta^*)(\alpha - \beta) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \alpha^* \alpha + \beta^* \alpha + \alpha^* \beta + \beta^* \beta + \alpha^* \alpha - \beta^* \alpha - \alpha^* \beta + \beta^* \beta \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left[ 2\alpha^* \alpha + 2\beta^* \beta \right] \\ &= \alpha^* \alpha + \beta^* \beta \end{split}$$

$$\langle \phi | \phi \rangle = \begin{bmatrix} \alpha^* & \beta^* \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \alpha \\ \beta \end{bmatrix} = \alpha^* \alpha + \beta^* \beta = 1$$

Single systems — ibm quantum learning, 2023. URL https://learning.quantum-computing.ibm.com/course/basics-of-quantum-information/single-systems#unitary-operations