These questions are largely taken from Sipser's book [1].

- 1. Draw a DFA that accepts all strings over $\{a, b\}$ that have at least three a's.
- 2. Draw a DFA that accepts all strings over $\{a, b\}$ that have at least two b's.
- 3. Draw a DFA that accepts all strings over $\{a, b\}$ that have exactly two a's.
- 4. Draw a DFA that accepts all strings over $\{a, b\}$ that have an odd number of a's.
- 5. Draw a DFA that accepts all strings over $\{a,b\}$ that have at least three a's and at least two b's.
- 6. Define all of the above DFA's.
- 7. Draw an NFA that recognises, over the alphabet $\{0,1\}$, both strings that begin with a 1 and end with a 0 and strings that contain at least three 1's.
- 8. Draw an NFA that recognises, over the alphabet $\{0,1\}$, both strings that contain the substring 0101 and strings that don't contain the substring 110.
- 9. Draw an NFA that recognises, over the alphabet $\{0,1\}$, the concatenations of strings of length at most five and strings where every odd position is a 1.
- 10. Draw an NFA that recognises, over the alphabet $\{0,1\}$, the Kleene star of the language containing strings with at least two 0's and at most one 1.
- 11. Define all of the above deterministic finite automata.
- 12. Use the pumping lemma to show that the following language over the alphabet $\{0,1\}$ is not regular.

$$L = \{0^n 1^n \mid n \in \mathbb{N}\}$$

13. Use the pumping lemma to show that the following language over the alphabet $\{0,1\}$ is not regular.

$$L = \{w \mid w \text{ has an equal number of 0's and 1's} \}$$

References

[1] Michael Sipser. *Introduction to the Theory of Computation*. International Thomson Publishing, 3rd edition, 1996.