# Thompson's construction

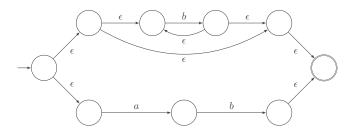
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### Thompson's construction

**Algorithm** to construct an Non-deterministic Finite Automaton (NFA) from a regular expression.

**NFA** will recognise the same language as the regular expression.

# Example: $a.b|b^*$



### **Fragments**

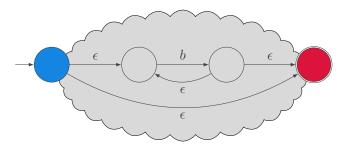
**Assume** the regular expression is in postfix.

**Stack** of fragments of the overall NFA.

Normal characters push to the stack.

**Special** characters pop from and push to the stack.

### **Example fragment**



## **Non-special characters**

For a normal, non-special character  $\boldsymbol{x}$  push the following fragment to the stack.

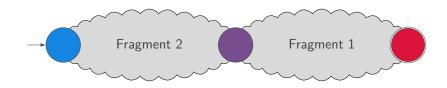


We should include the empty regular expression  $\boldsymbol{\epsilon}$  too.



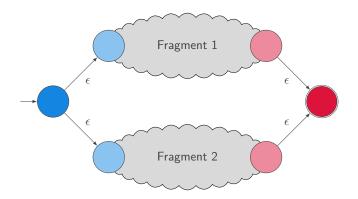
#### Concatenation N.M

When you see a ., pop two fragments from the stack and push the following instead.



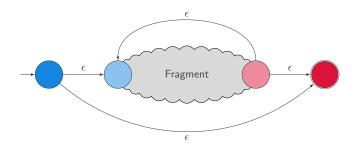
# Union N|M

When you see a  $\mid$ , pop two fragments from the stack and push the following instead.



### Kleene star $N^{*}$

When you see a  $^{\ast}$ , pop a fragment from the stack and push the following instead.



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#### **Data structures**

Recall the definition of an NFA.

- Q is a finite set of states,
- $\Sigma$  is a finite set called the *alphabet*,
- $\delta$  is the transition function  $(Q \times \Sigma_{\epsilon} \to \mathcal{P}(Q))$ ,
- $q_0$  is the start state  $(\in Q)$ , and
- F is the set of accept states ( $\subseteq Q$ ).

#### **Notes**

- Only need to know  $\delta$ ,  $q_0$  and F, and |F|=1.
- Nothing points at  $q_0$  and  $q_f$  points at nothing.
- From every state is a single symbol arrow or two  $\epsilon$  arrows.