

# Thompson's construction

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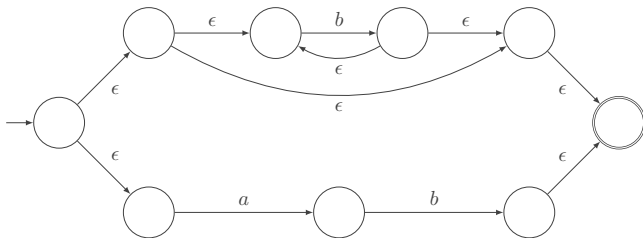
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# Thompson's construction

**Algorithm** to construct an Non-deterministic Finite Automaton (NFA) from a regular expression.

**NFA** will recognise the same language as the regular expression.

**Example:**  $a.b|b^*$



# Fragments

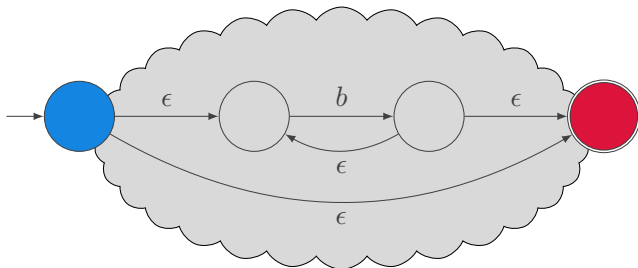
**Assume** the regular expression is in postfix.

**Stack** of fragments of the overall NFA.

**Normal** characters push to the stack.

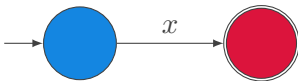
**Special** characters pop from and push to the stack.

## Example fragment



## Non-special characters

For a normal, non-special character  $x$  push the following fragment to the stack.

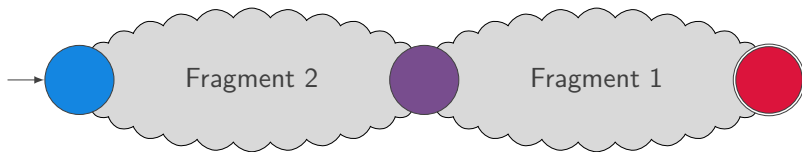


We should include the empty regular expression  $\epsilon$  too.



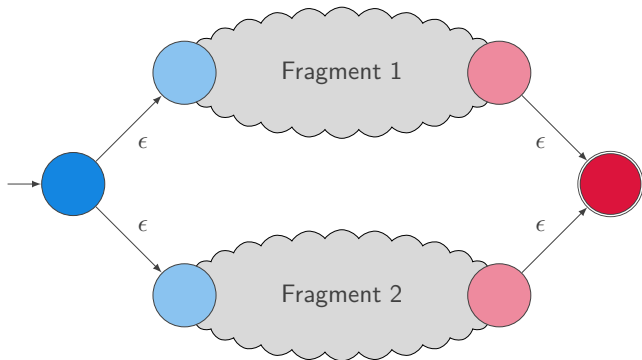
## Concatenation $N.M$

When you see a  $.$ , pop two fragments from the stack and push the following instead.



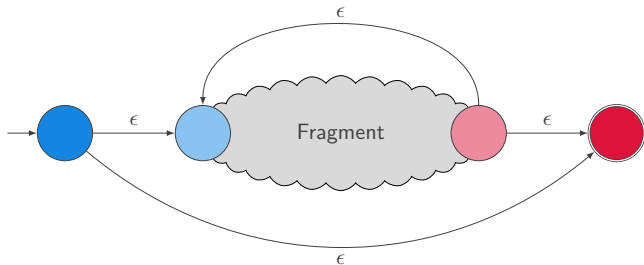
## Union $N|M$

When you see a  $|$ , pop two fragments from the stack and push the following instead.



## Kleene star $N^*$

When you see a  $*$ , pop a fragment from the stack and push the following instead.



# Data structures

Recall the definition of an NFA.

$Q$  is a finite set of *states*,

$\Sigma$  is a finite set called the *alphabet*,

$\delta$  is the *transition function* ( $Q \times \Sigma \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(Q)$ ),

$q_0$  is the *start state* ( $\in Q$ ), and

$F$  is the set of *accept states* ( $\subseteq Q$ ).

## Notes

- Only need to know  $\delta$ ,  $q_0$  and  $F$ , and  $|F| = 1$ .
- Nothing points at  $q_0$  and  $q_f$  points at nothing.
- From every state is a single symbol arrow, or one or two  $\epsilon$  arrows.