A rectangle has side lengths (x+2) and (x+3). The equation

$$A(x) = x^2 + 4x + 3$$

gives the area of the rectangle.

Superscripts:

$$2x^3$$

$$2x^{34}$$

$$2x^{3x+4}$$

 $2x^{3x+4+5}$

Subscripts:

$$x_1$$
 x_{12}
 x_{1_2}
 $x_{1_{2_3}}$

 $a_0, a_1, a_2, \ldots, a_{100}$

Greek Letters:

 π Π α $A = \pi r^2$

Trig Functions:

$$y = \sin \theta$$
$$y = \cos(x)$$
$$y = \tan(x)$$
$$y = \sin^{-1} \theta$$
$$y = \arcsin \theta$$

Log Functions:

$$y = \log x$$
$$y = \log_5 x$$

$$y = \ln x$$

Roots:

$$\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{2}$$

$$\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

$$\sqrt{1 + \sqrt{x}}$$

Fractions:

$$\frac{2}{3}$$

About $\frac{2}{3}$ of the glass is full.

About $\frac{2}{3}$ of the glass is full.

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+1}}{\sqrt{x+2}}$$

$$\frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}}$$

Brackets, Tables and Arrays:

The distributive property states that a(b+c)=ab+ac for all $a,b,c\in\mathbb{R}$.

The equivalence class of a is [a].

The set A is defined to be $\{1, 2, 3\}$.

The movie ticket cost \$11.50.

$$2\left(\frac{1}{x^2 - 1}\right)$$

$$2\left(\frac{1}{x^2 - 1}\right)$$

$$2\left[\frac{1}{x^2 - 1}\right]$$

$$2\left\{\frac{1}{x^2 - 1}\right\}$$

$$2\left\langle\frac{1}{x^2 - 1}\right\rangle$$

$$\frac{dy}{dx}\Big|_{x=1}$$