Week-7:Code-along

Ian Lee

2023-10-04

I. All about ggplot2 package

ggplot2 (Slide #5)

\$ bill_depth_mm

\$ body_mass_g

\$ sex

\$ year

Data: Palmer Penguins (Slide #6)

```
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr
                                                  1.1.2
                                                                                    v readr
                                                                                                                               2.1.4
## v forcats 1.0.0
                                                                                     v stringr
                                                                                                                               1.5.0
## v ggplot2 3.4.3
                                                                                     v tibble
                                                                                                                               3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.2
                                                                                                                               1.3.0
                                                                                     v tidyr
## v purrr
                                                  1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                                                                      masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(palmerpenguins)
glimpse(penguins)
## Rows: 344
## Columns: 8
## $ species
                                                                               <fct> Adelie, Adelie, Adelie, Adelie, Adelie, Adelie, Adelia, 
## $ island
                                                                               <fct> Torgersen, Torgersen, Torgersen, Torgersen, Torgerse~
## $ bill_length_mm
                                                                               <dbl> 39.1, 39.5, 40.3, NA, 36.7, 39.3, 38.9, 39.2, 34.1, ~
```

<dbl> 18.7, 17.4, 18.0, NA, 19.3, 20.6, 17.8, 19.6, 18.1, ~

<int> 3750, 3800, 3250, NA, 3450, 3650, 3625, 4675, 3475, ~

<fre><fct> male, female, female, NA, female, male, female, male~
<int> 2007, 200

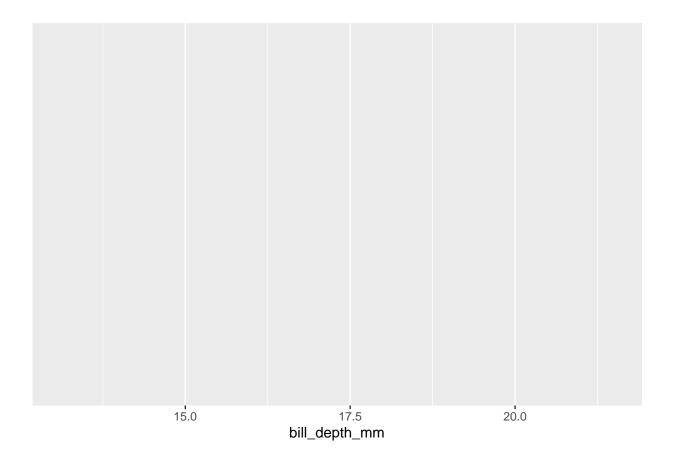
\$ flipper_length_mm <int> 181, 186, 195, NA, 193, 190, 181, 195, 193, 190, 186~

a. Start with the penguins data frame (Slide #8)

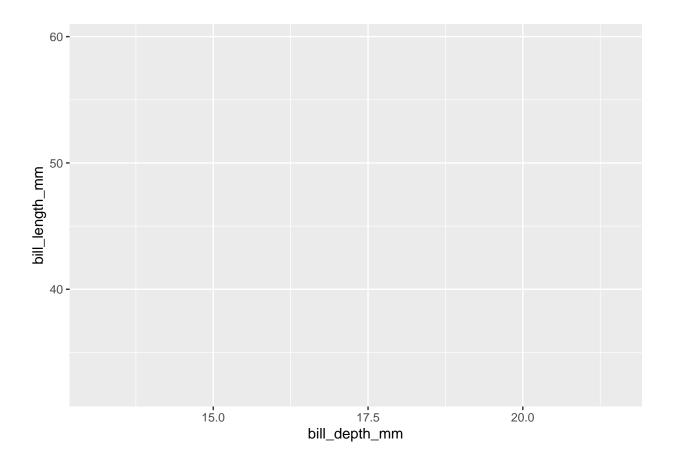
```
ggplot(data = penguins)
```

b. Map bill length to the y-axis (Slide #9)

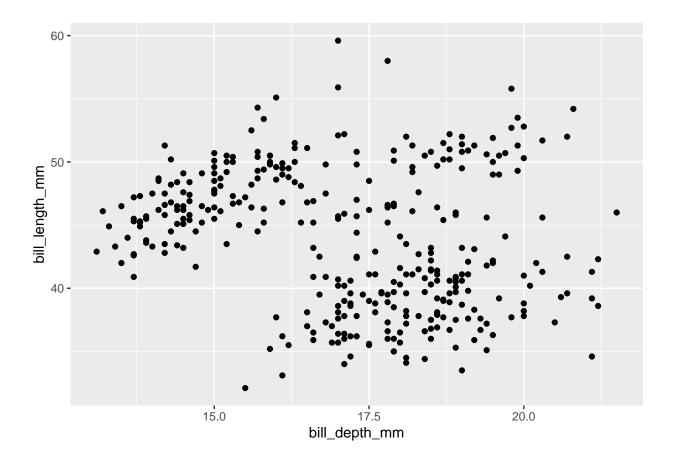
```
ggplot(data = penguins,
    mapping = aes(x = bill_depth_mm))
```



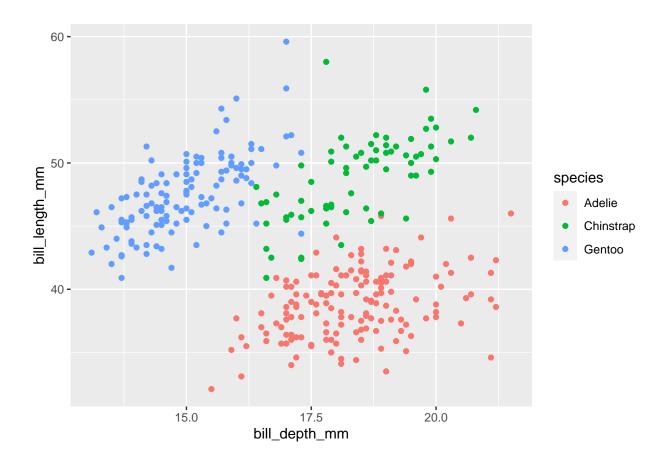
c. Map bill depth to the x-axis (Slide #10)



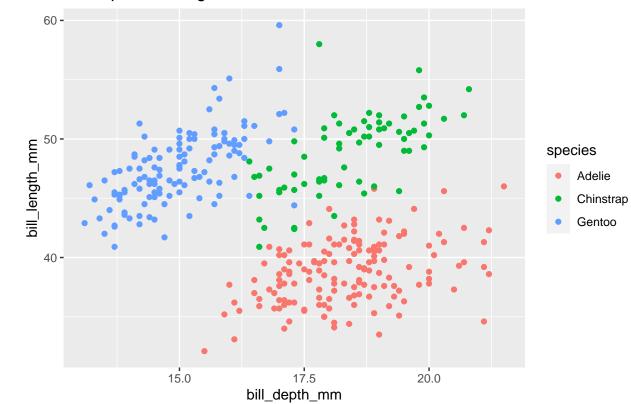
d. Represent each observation with a point (Slide #11)



e. Map species to the colour of each point (Slide #12)

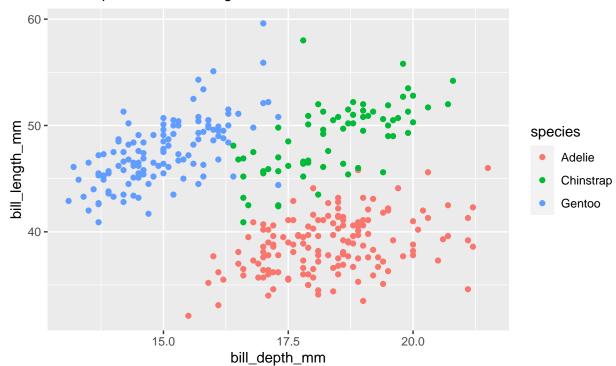


f. Title the plot "Bill depth and length" (Slide #13)



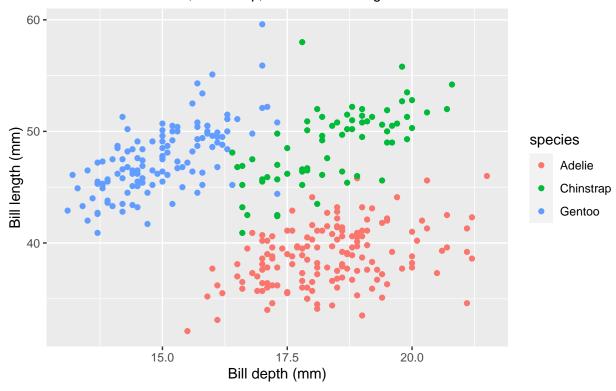
g. Add the subtitle "Dimensions for Adelie, Chinstrap, and Gentoo Penguins" (Slide #14)

Dimensions for Adelie, Chinstrap, and Gentoo Penguins



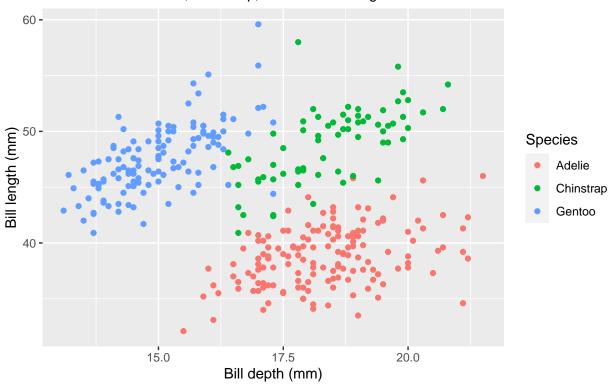
h. Label the x and y axes as "Bill depth (mm)" and "Bill length (mm)", respectively (Slide #15)

Dimensions for Adelie, Chinstrap, and Gentoo Penguins



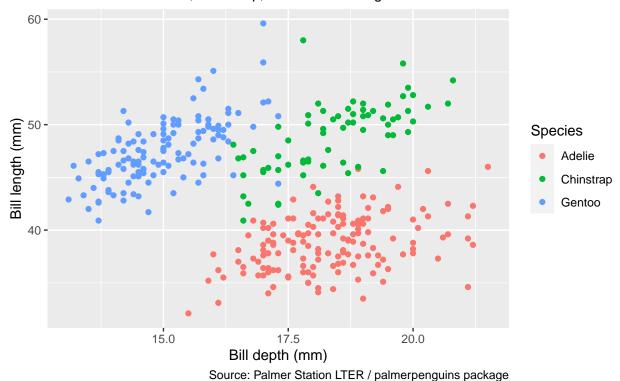
i. Label the legend "Species" (Slide #16)

Dimensions for Adelie, Chinstrap, and Gentoo Penguins



j. Add a caption for the data source (Slide #17)

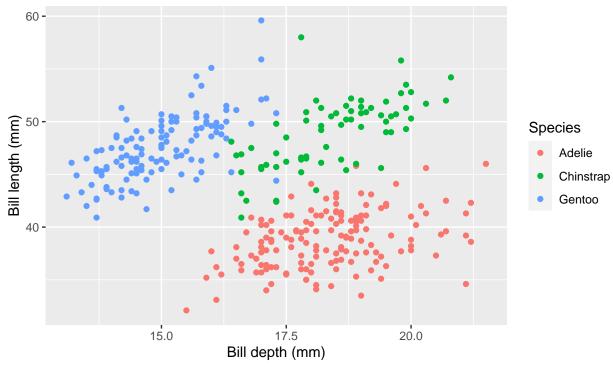
Dimensions for Adelie, Chinstrap, and Gentoo Penguins



Course. Faimer Station Er Er / paimerporigame package

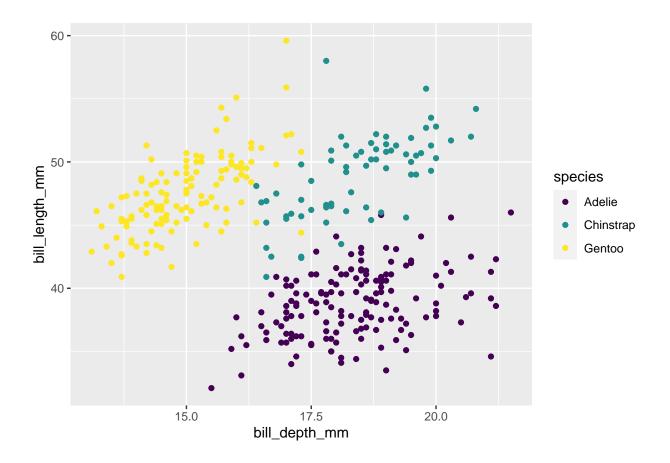
k. Finally, use a discrete colour scale that is designed to be perceived by viewers with common forms of colour blindness (Slide #18)

Dimensions for Adelie, Chinstrap, and Gentoo Penguins

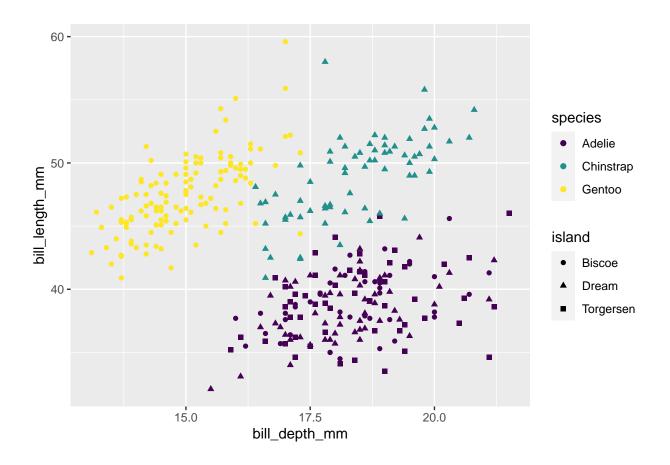


Source: Palmer Station LTER / palmerpenguins package

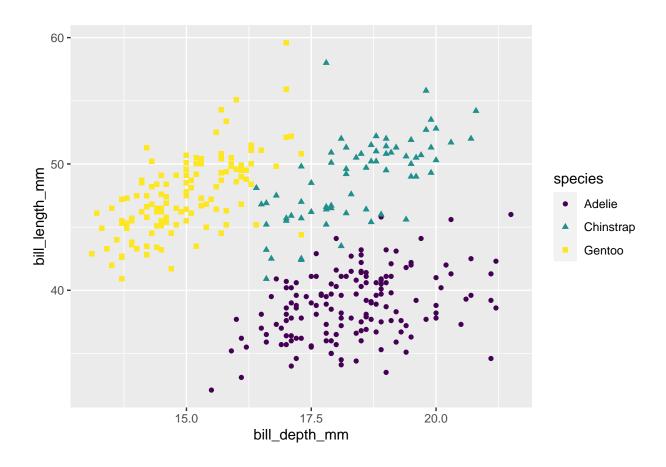
Palmer Penguins: Colour



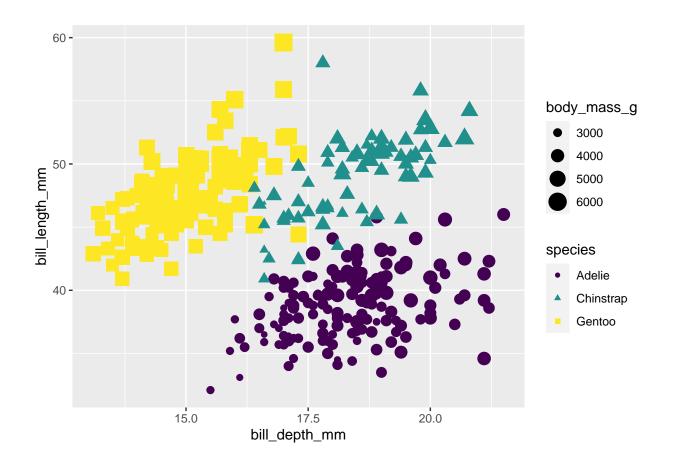
Palmer Penguins: Shape



Palmer Penguins: Shape

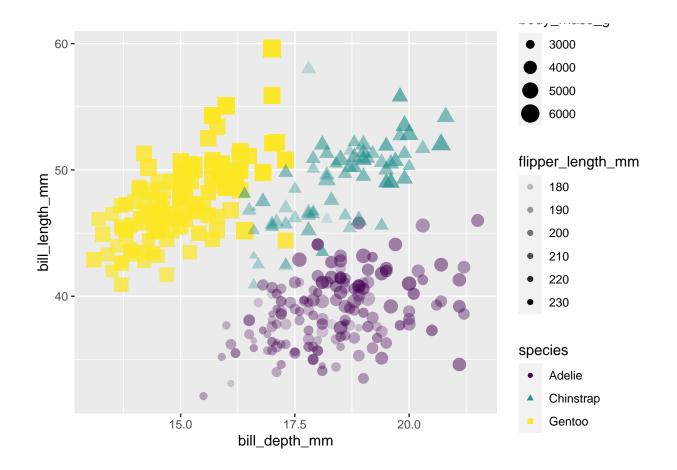


Palmer Penguins: Size



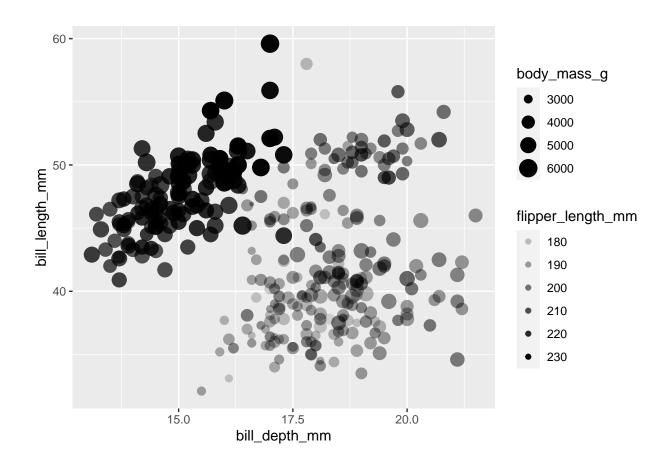
Alpha

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm,y = bill_length_mm,colour = species, shape = species, size = bod
geom_point() + scale_colour_viridis_d()
```



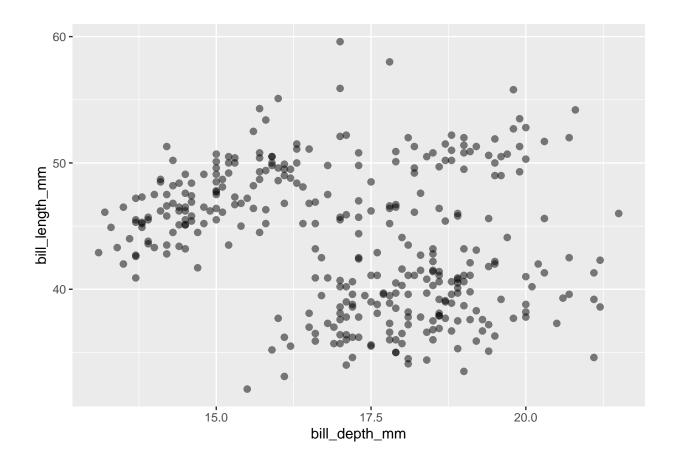
Mapping

```
ggplot(penguins) +
aes(x = bill_depth_mm,
y = bill_length_mm,
size = body_mass_g,
alpha = flipper_length_mm) +
geom_point()
```



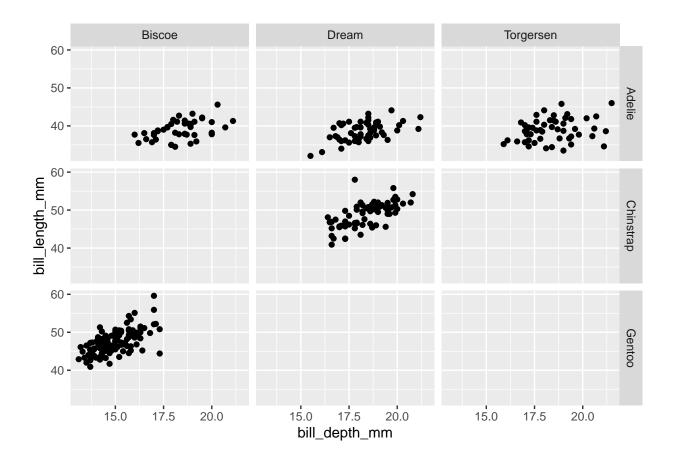
Setting

```
ggplot(penguins) +
aes(x = bill_depth_mm,
y = bill_length_mm) +
geom_point(size = 2, alpha = 0.5)
```



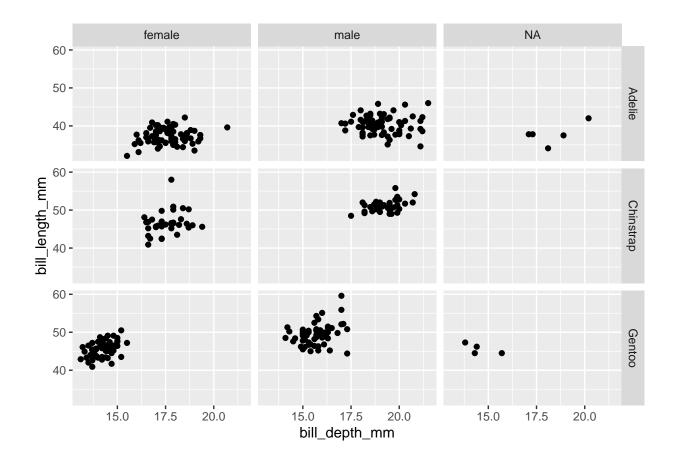
Faceting

```
ggplot(penguins) +
aes(x = bill_depth_mm,
y = bill_length_mm) +
geom_point() +
facet_grid(species ~ island)
```



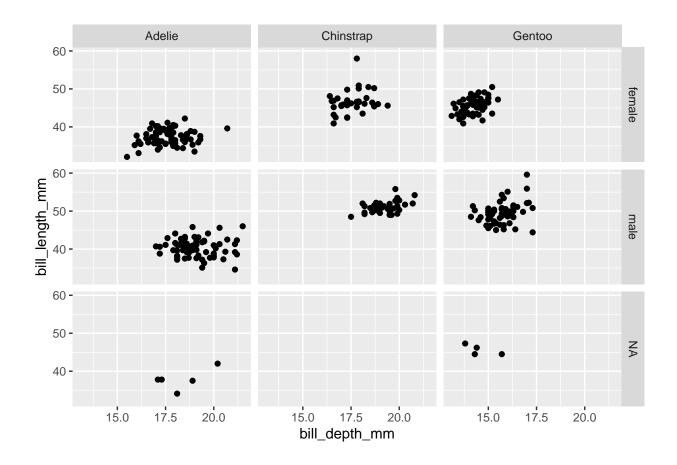
Facet 2

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm, y = bill_length_mm)) + geom_point() +
facet_grid(species ~ sex)
```



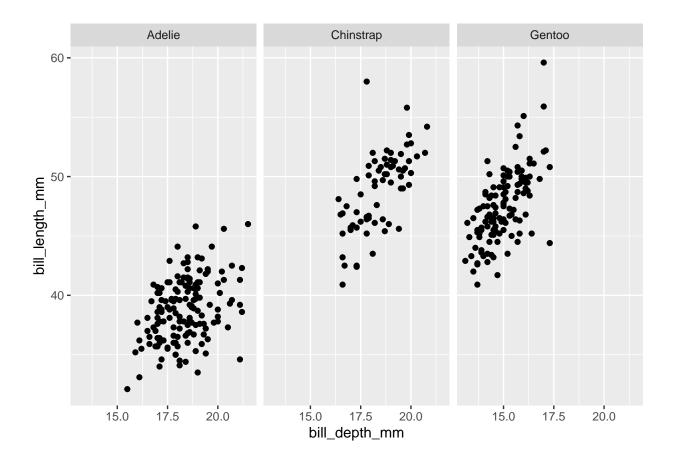
Facet 3

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm, y = bill_length_mm)) + geom_point() +
facet_grid(sex ~ species)
```



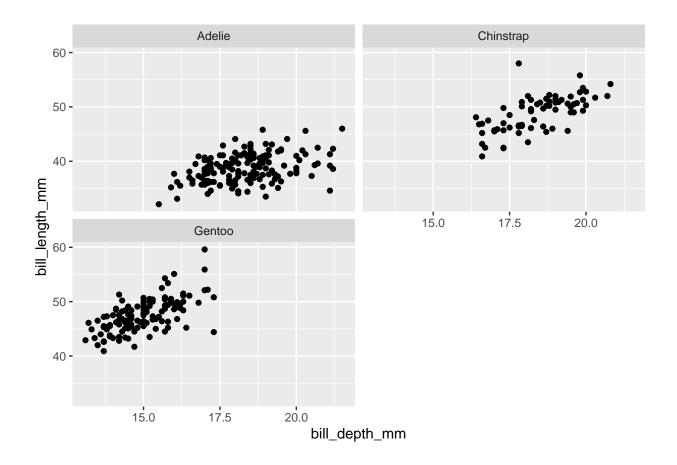
Facet 4

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm, y = bill_length_mm)) + geom_point() +
facet_wrap(~ species)
```



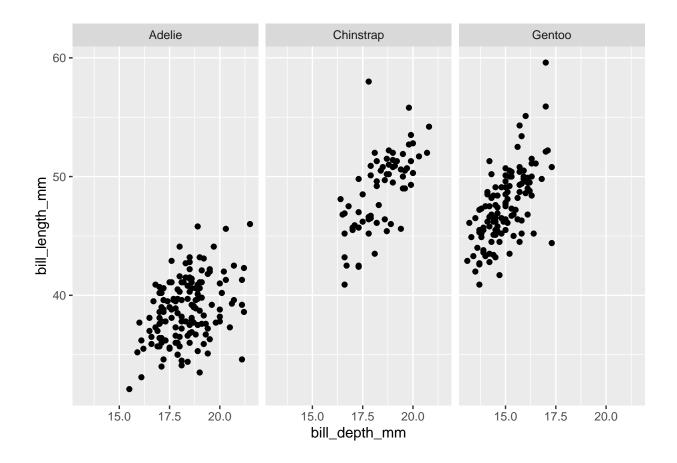
Facet 5

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm, y = bill_length_mm)) + geom_point() +
facet_wrap(~ species, ncol = 2)
```



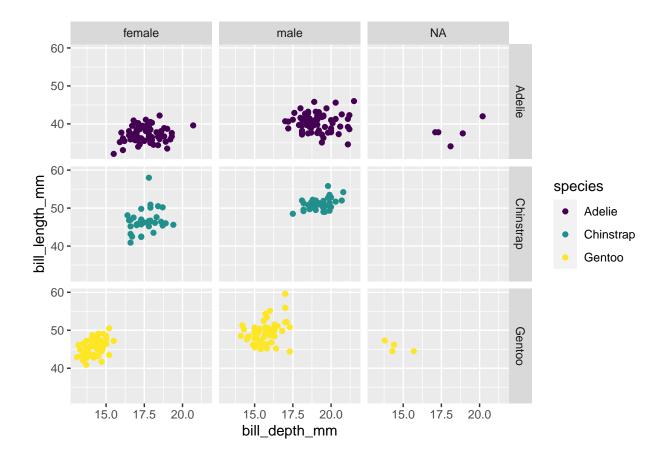
Facet 6

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm, y = bill_length_mm)) + geom_point() +
facet_grid(. ~ species)
```



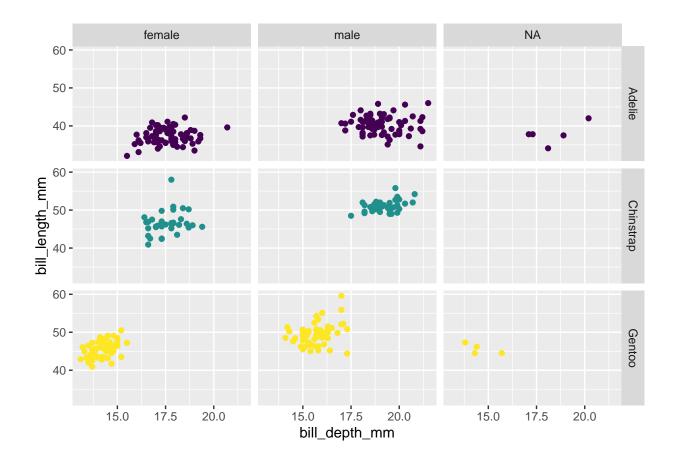
Facet and colour

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm, y = bill_length_mm, color = species)) +
geom_point() + facet_grid(species ~ sex) + scale_color_viridis_d()
```



Facet and colour, no legend

```
ggplot(penguins, aes(x = bill_depth_mm, y = bill_length_mm, color = species)) +
geom_point() + facet_grid(species ~ sex) + scale_color_viridis_d() +
guides(color = "none")
```



II. Visualizing numeric variables

Take a peek at data (Slide #39)

```
library(openintro)

## Loading required package: airports

## Loading required package: cherryblossom

## Loading required package: usdata

glimpse(loans_full_schema)
```

```
<fct> Verified, Not Verified, Source Verifi~
## $ verified income
## $ debt_to_income
                                      <dbl> 18.01, 5.04, 21.15, 10.16, 57.96, 6.4~
## $ annual income joint
                                      <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, 57000, NA, 155000, NA~
## $ verification_income_joint
                                      <fct> , , , Verified, , Not Verified, , ,~
## $ debt_to_income_joint
                                      <dbl> NA, NA, NA, NA, 37.66, NA, 13.12, NA,~
## $ deling 2y
                                      <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0~
## $ months since last deling
                                      <int> 38, NA, 28, NA, NA, 3, NA, 19, 18, NA~
                                      <dbl> 2001, 1996, 2006, 2007, 2008, 1990, 2~
## $ earliest_credit_line
## $ inquiries last 12m
                                      <int> 6, 1, 4, 0, 7, 6, 1, 1, 3, 0, 4, 4, 8~
## $ total_credit_lines
                                      <int> 28, 30, 31, 4, 22, 32, 12, 30, 35, 9,~
## $ open_credit_lines
                                      <int> 10, 14, 10, 4, 16, 12, 10, 15, 21, 6,~
## $ total_credit_limit
                                      <int> 70795, 28800, 24193, 25400, 69839, 42~
## $ total_credit_utilized
                                      <int> 38767, 4321, 16000, 4997, 52722, 3898~
## $ num_collections_last_12m
                                      <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~
## $ num_historical_failed_to_pay
                                      <int> 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0~
## $ months_since_90d_late
                                      <int> 38, NA, 28, NA, NA, 60, NA, 71, 18, N~
## $ current_accounts_deling
                                      <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~
## $ total collection amount ever
                                      <int> 1250, 0, 432, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, ~
## $ current_installment_accounts
                                      <int> 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 2, 2, 6, 1, 2, 1, 2~
## $ accounts opened 24m
                                      <int> 5, 11, 13, 1, 6, 2, 1, 4, 10, 5, 6, 7~
## $ months_since_last_credit_inquiry <int> 5, 8, 7, 15, 4, 5, 9, 7, 4, 17, 3, 4,~
## $ num_satisfactory_accounts
                                      <int> 10, 14, 10, 4, 16, 12, 10, 15, 21, 6,~
## $ num_accounts_120d_past_due
                                      <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, NA, 0, 0, 0, ~
## $ num_accounts_30d_past_due
                                      <int> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~
## $ num_active_debit_accounts
                                      <int> 2, 3, 3, 2, 10, 1, 3, 5, 11, 3, 2, 2,~
## $ total_debit_limit
                                      <int> 11100, 16500, 4300, 19400, 32700, 272~
## $ num_total_cc_accounts
                                      <int> 14, 24, 14, 3, 20, 27, 8, 16, 19, 7, ~
## $ num_open_cc_accounts
                                      <int> 8, 14, 8, 3, 15, 12, 7, 12, 14, 5, 8,~
## $ num_cc_carrying_balance
                                      <int> 6, 4, 6, 2, 13, 5, 6, 10, 14, 3, 5, 3~
## $ num_mort_accounts
                                      <int> 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 2, 7, 2, 0, 2, 3, 3~
                                      <dbl> 92.9, 100.0, 93.5, 100.0, 100.0, 78.1~
## $ account_never_delinq_percent
## $ tax_liens
                                      <int> 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~
## $ public_record_bankrupt
                                      <int> 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0~
## $ loan_purpose
                                      <fct> moving, debt_consolidation, other, de~
## $ application_type
                                      <fct> individual, individual, individual, i~
## $ loan_amount
                                      <int> 28000, 5000, 2000, 21600, 23000, 5000~
## $ term
                                      <dbl> 60, 36, 36, 36, 36, 36, 60, 60, 36, 3~
## $ interest_rate
                                      <dbl> 14.07, 12.61, 17.09, 6.72, 14.07, 6.7~
## $ installment
                                      <dbl> 652.53, 167.54, 71.40, 664.19, 786.87~
## $ grade
                                      <fct> C, C, D, A, C, A, C, B, C, A, C, B, C~
## $ sub grade
                                      <fct> C3, C1, D1, A3, C3, A3, C2, B5, C2, A~
## $ issue month
                                      <fct> Mar-2018, Feb-2018, Feb-2018, Jan-201~
                                      <fct> Current, Current, Current, C~
## $ loan status
## $ initial_listing_status
                                      <fct> whole, whole, fractional, whole, whol~
## $ disbursement_method
                                      <fct> Cash, Cash, Cash, Cash, Cash, Cash, C~
                                      <dbl> 27015.86, 4651.37, 1824.63, 18853.26,~
## $ balance
## $ paid_total
                                      <dbl> 1999.330, 499.120, 281.800, 3312.890,~
## $ paid_principal
                                      <dbl> 984.14, 348.63, 175.37, 2746.74, 1569~
## $ paid_interest
                                      <dbl> 1015.19, 150.49, 106.43, 566.15, 754.~
## $ paid_late_fees
                                      <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0~
```

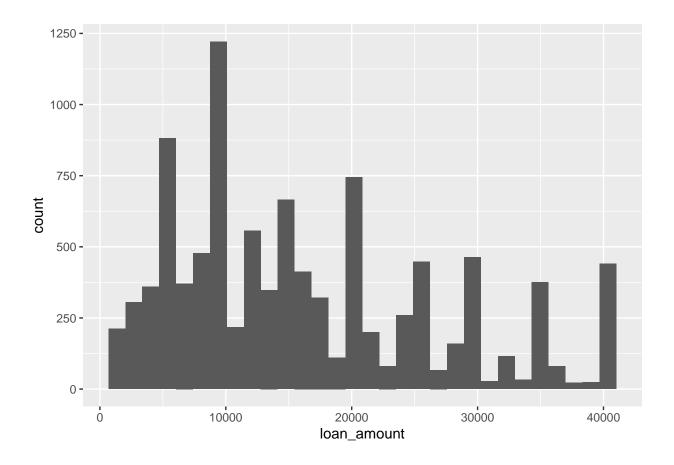
Selected variables (Slide #40)

```
loans <- loans_full_schema %>%
select(loan_amount, interest_rate, term, grade,
state, annual_income, homeownership, debt_to_income)
glimpse(loans)
## Rows: 10,000
## Columns: 8
## $ loan_amount
                  <int> 28000, 5000, 2000, 21600, 23000, 5000, 24000, 20000, 20~
## $ interest_rate <dbl> 14.07, 12.61, 17.09, 6.72, 14.07, 6.72, 13.59, 11.99, 1~
                  ## $ term
## $ grade
                  <fct> C, C, D, A, C, A, C, B, C, A, C, B, C, B, D, D, D, F, E~
## $ state
                  <fct> NJ, HI, WI, PA, CA, KY, MI, AZ, NV, IL, IL, FL, SC, CO,~
## $ annual_income <dbl> 90000, 40000, 40000, 30000, 35000, 34000, 35000, 110000~
## $ homeownership <fct> MORTGAGE, RENT, RENT, RENT, RENT, OWN, MORTGAGE, MORTGA~
## $ debt_to_income <dbl> 18.01, 5.04, 21.15, 10.16, 57.96, 6.46, 23.66, 16.19, 3~
```

Histogram (Slide #46)

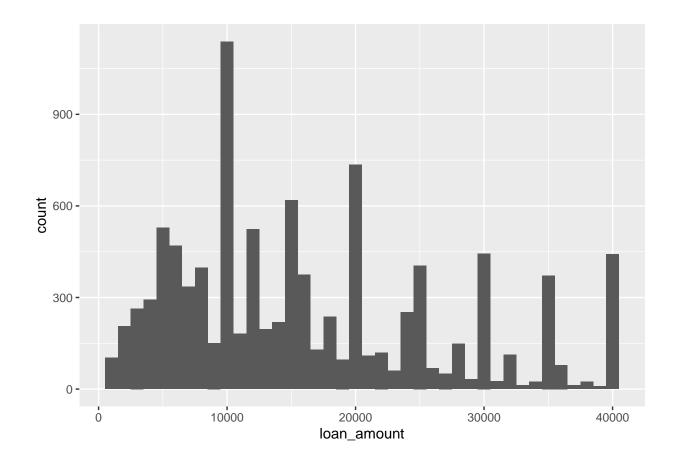
```
ggplot(loans) + aes(x = loan_amount) +
geom_histogram()
```

'stat_bin()' using 'bins = 30'. Pick better value with 'binwidth'.



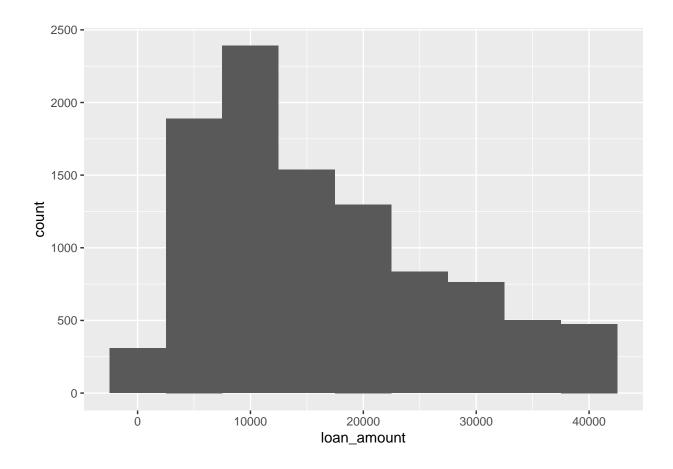
Histograms and binwidth=1000 (Slide #47)

```
# binwidth = 1000
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_histogram(binwidth = 1000)
```



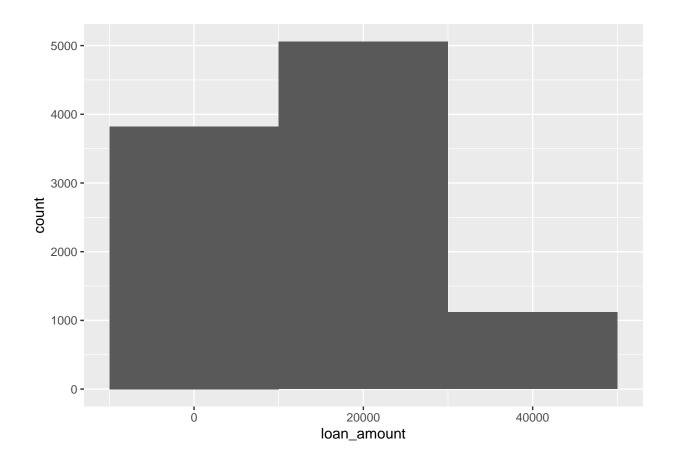
Histograms and binwidth = 5000 (Slide #48)

```
# binwidth = 5000
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_histogram(binwidth = 5000)
```



Histograms and binwidth=20000 (Slide #49)

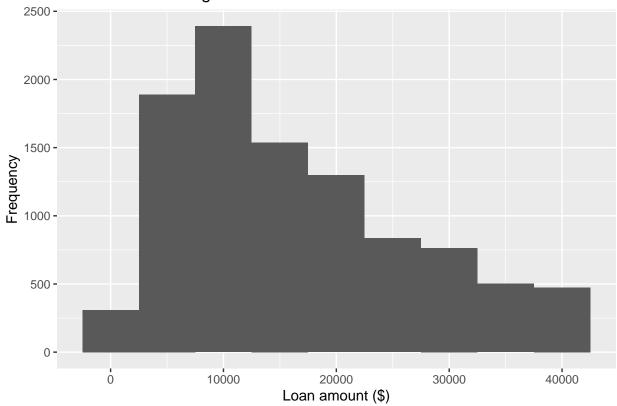
```
# binwidth = 20000
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_histogram(binwidth = 20000)
```



Customizing histograms (Slide #50)

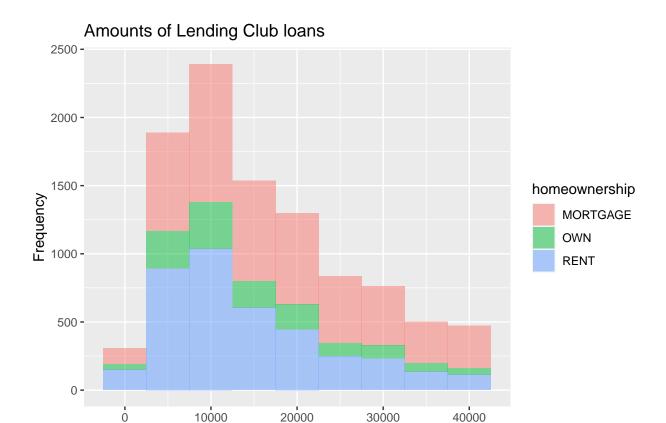
```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 5000) +
labs(x = "Loan amount ($)", y = "Frequency", title = "Amounts of Lending Club loans")
```





Fill with a categorical variable (Slide #51)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount, fill = homeownership)) +
geom_histogram(binwidth = 5000, alpha = 0.5) +
labs(x = "Loan amount ($)",y = "Frequency",title = "Amounts of Lending Club loans")
```



Facet with a categorical variable (Slide #52)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount, fill = homeownership)) + geom_histogram(binwidth = 5000) +
labs(x = "Loan amount ($)",y = "Frequency",title = "Amounts of Lending Club loans") +
facet_wrap(~ homeownership, nrow = 3)
```

Loan amount (\$)

Amounts of Lending Club loans



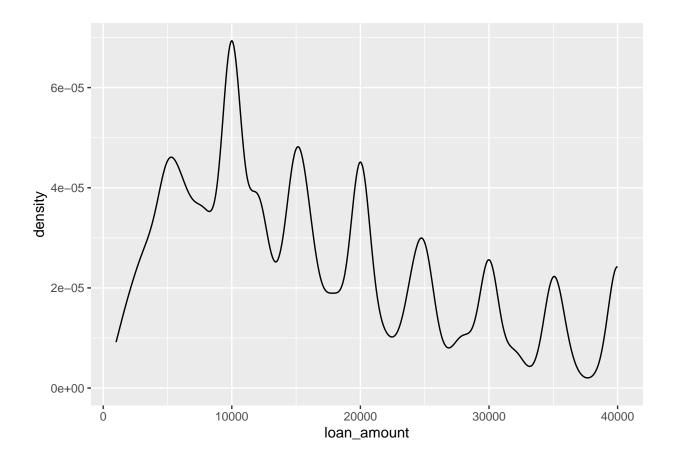
Density plot (Slide #53)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_density()
```



Density plots and adjusting bandwidth (Slide #54)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_density(adjust = 0.5)
```



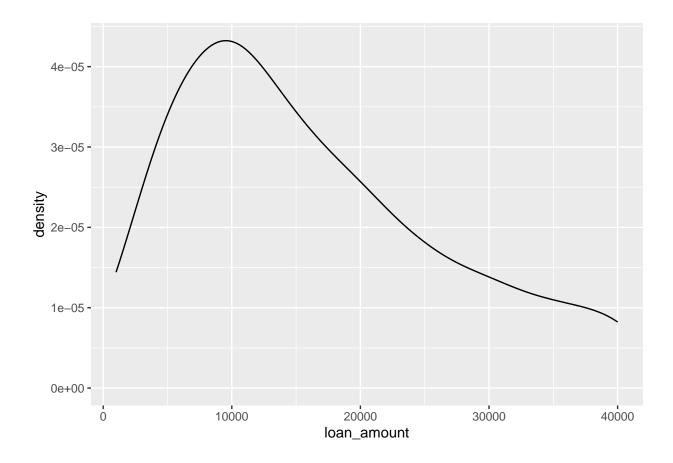
Density plots and adjusting bandwidth (Slide #55)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_density(adjust = 1) # default bandwidth
```



Density plots and adjusting bandwidth (Slide #56)

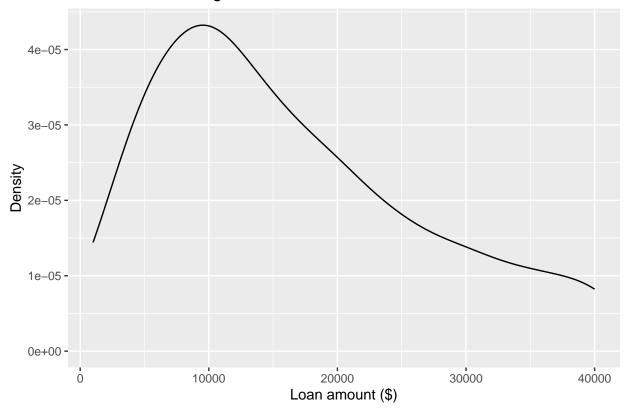
```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_density(adjust = 2)
```



Customizing density plots (Slide #57)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount)) +
geom_density(adjust = 2) +
labs( x = "Loan amount ($)", y = "Density", title = "Amounts of Lending Club loans" )
```

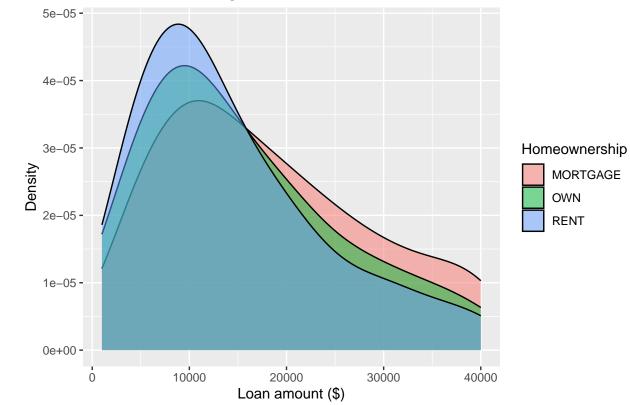
Amounts of Lending Club loans



Adding a categorical variable (Slide #58)

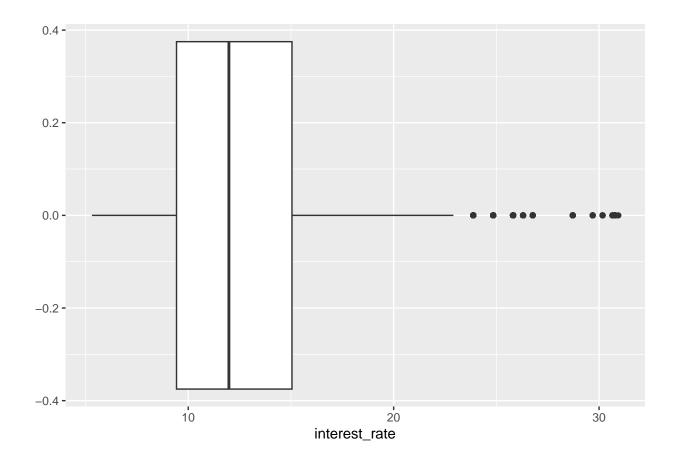
```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount, fill = homeownership)) +
geom_density(adjust = 2, alpha = 0.5) +
labs(x = "Loan amount ($)",y = "Density",title = "Amounts of Lending Club loans", fill = "Homeownership"
```

Amounts of Lending Club loans



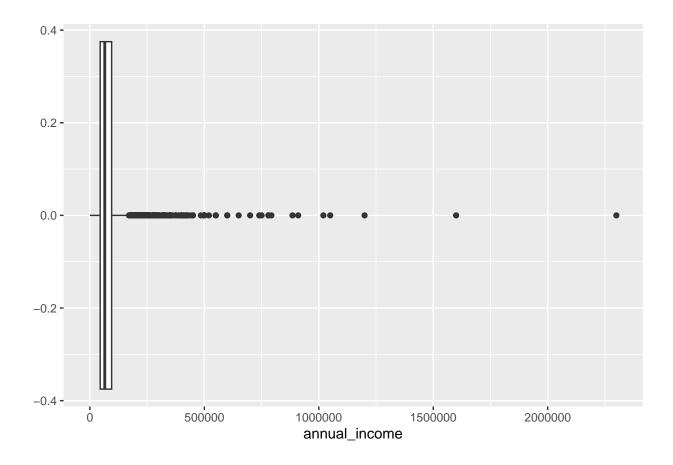
Box plot (Slide #59)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = interest_rate)) +
geom_boxplot()
```



Box plot and outliers (Slide #60)

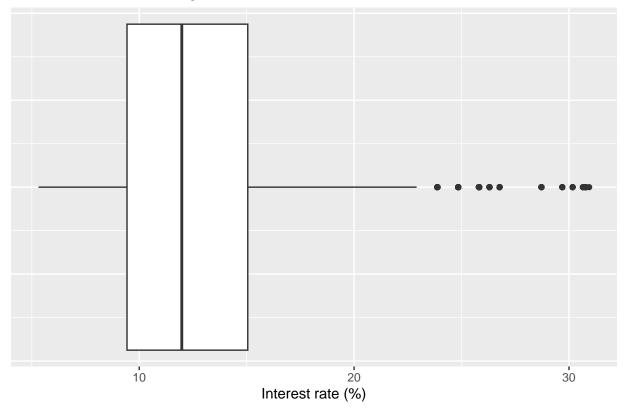
```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = annual_income)) +
geom_boxplot()
```



Customizing box plots (Slide #61)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = interest_rate)) +geom_boxplot() +labs(x = "Interest rate (%)",y = NULL,
title = "Interest rates of Lending Club loans") +
theme( axis.ticks.y = element_blank(), axis.text.y = element_blank() )
```

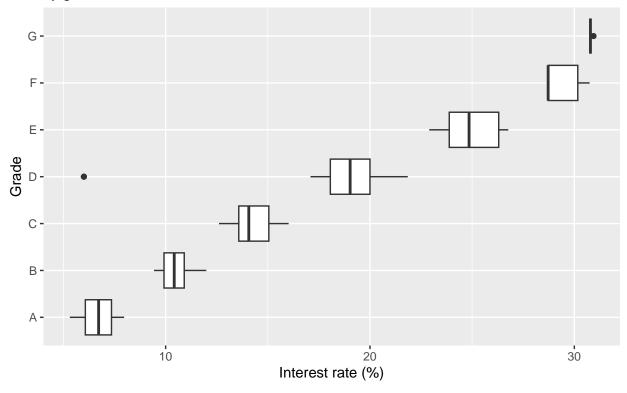
Interest rates of Lending Club loans



Adding a categoric variable (Slide #62)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = interest_rate,
y = grade)) +
geom_boxplot() +
labs(x = "Interest rate (%)",y = "Grade",title = "Interest rates of Lending Club loans",subtitle = "by years")
```

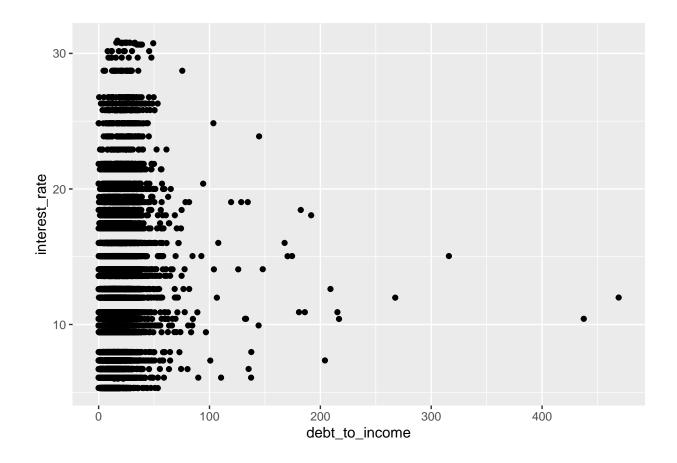
Interest rates of Lending Club loans by grade of loan



Scatterplot (Slide #63)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = debt_to_income, y = interest_rate)) +
geom_point()
```

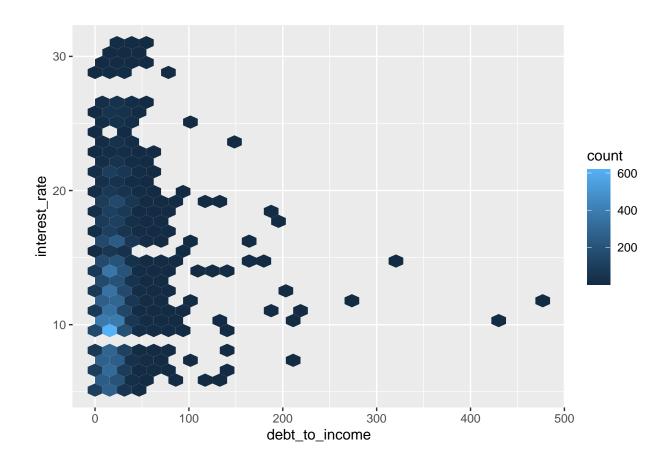
Warning: Removed 24 rows containing missing values ('geom_point()').



Hex plot (Slide #64)

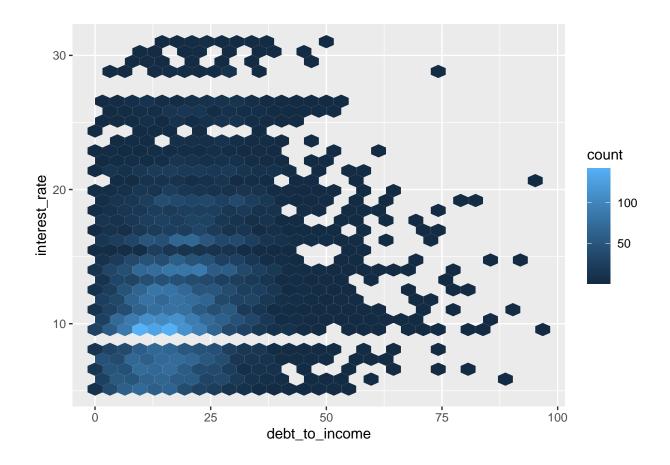
```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = debt_to_income, y = interest_rate)) +
geom_hex()
```

Warning: Removed 24 rows containing non-finite values ('stat_binhex()').



Hex plot (Slide #65)

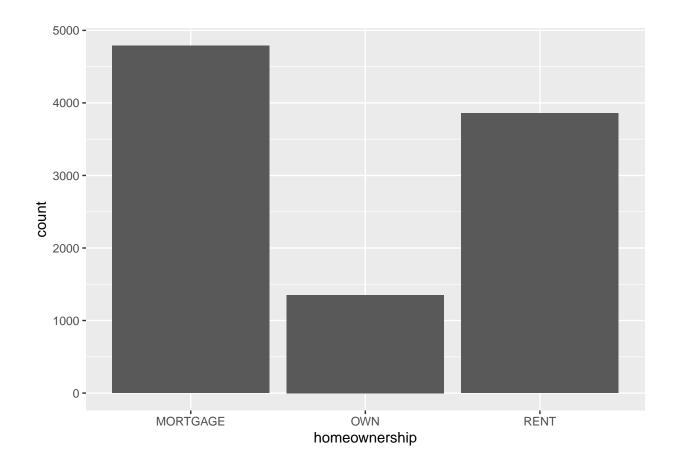
```
ggplot(loans %>% filter(debt_to_income < 100),
aes(x = debt_to_income, y = interest_rate)) +
geom_hex()</pre>
```



III. Visualizing categoric variables

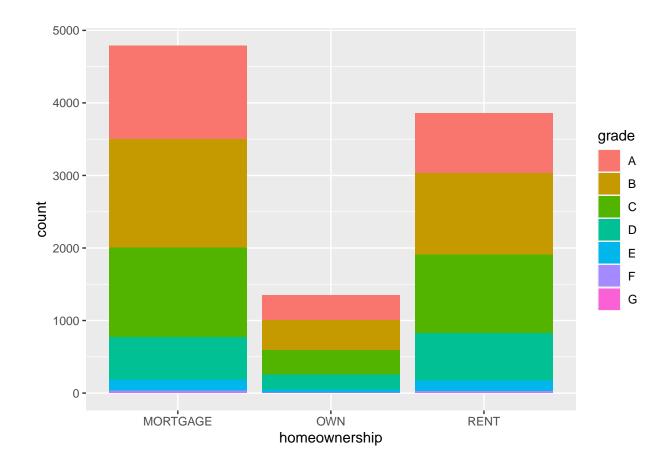
Bar plot (Slide #67)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = homeownership)) +
geom_bar()
```



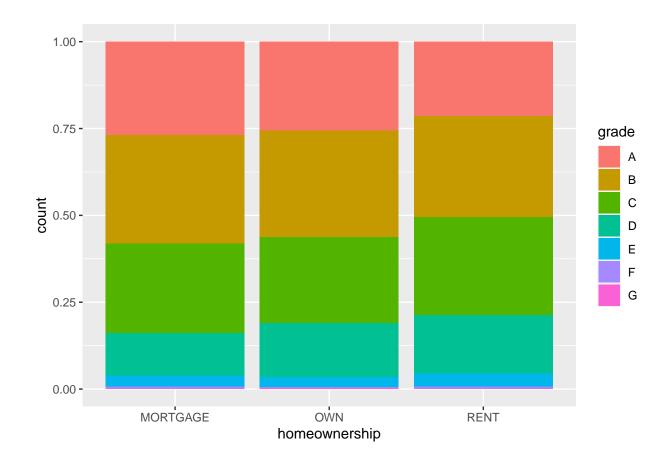
Segmented bar plot (Slide #68)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = homeownership,
fill = grade)) +
geom_bar()
```



Segmented bar plot (Slide #69)

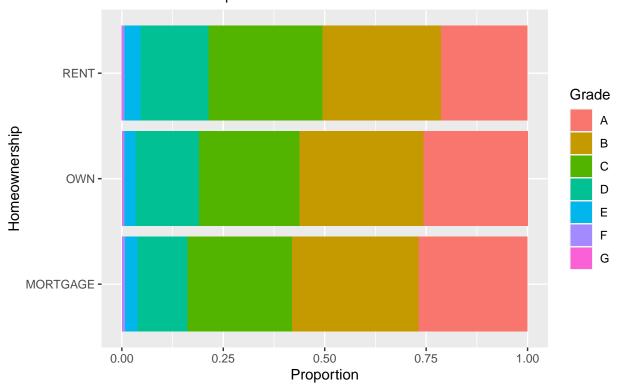
```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = homeownership, fill = grade)) +
geom_bar(position = "fill")
```



Customizing bar plots (Slide #71)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(y = homeownership, fill = grade)) + geom_bar(position = "fill") +
labs(x = "Proportion", y = "Homeownership", fill = "Grade", title = "Grades of Lending Club loans", su
```

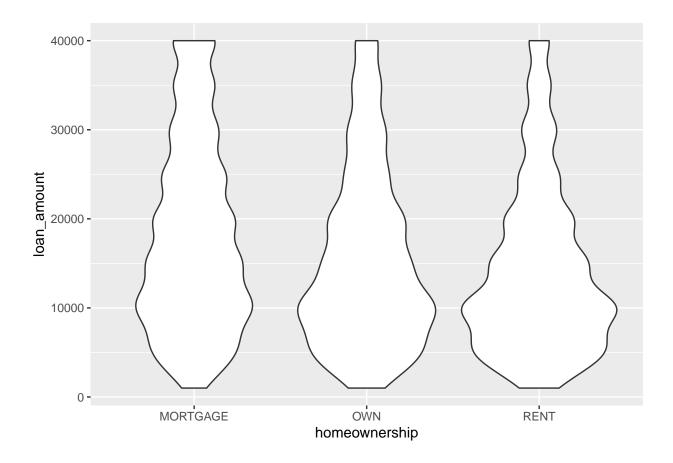
Grades of Lending Club loans and homeownership of lendee



IV. Visualizing variables of varied types

Violin plots (Slide #73)

```
ggplot(loans, aes(x = homeownership, y = loan_amount)) +
geom_violin()
```



Ridge plots (Slide #74)

```
library(ggridges)
ggplot(loans, aes(x = loan_amount, y = grade, fill = grade, color = grade)) +
geom_density_ridges(alpha = 0.5)
```

Picking joint bandwidth of 2360

