

The Computation

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$$X(\theta) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2}} \left[\frac{-r'}{r} \right] + \int_0^\theta r \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2} d\theta \quad (1)$$

$$\frac{dx}{d\theta} = \frac{r'^2(r''r - r'^2)}{(R)^3} - \frac{r''r}{R} + R \quad (2)$$

$$\frac{dy}{d\theta} = -\frac{r'r(r''r - r'^2)}{(R)^3} - \frac{r'r}{R} \quad (3)$$

$$\alpha \left(r'^2(r''r - r'^2) - r''rR^2 + R^4 \right) + r'r(r''r - r'^2) + r'rR^2 = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$r''(\alpha r'^2r - \alpha rR^2 + r'r^2) + \alpha(-r'^4 + R^4) - r'^3r + r'rR^2 = 0 \quad (5)$$

$$-\frac{\frac{r'}{r} \frac{r''r - (r')^2}{r^2}}{\left(1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} r + \frac{r'}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2}} = \alpha \left(\frac{r'^2(r''r - (r')^2)}{r^3 \left(1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2\right)^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{r''}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2}} + r \sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2} \right) \quad (6)$$

$$-\frac{r' \frac{r''r - (r')^2}{r^2}}{1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2} + r' = \alpha \left(\frac{r'^2(r''r - (r')^2)}{r^3 \left(1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2\right)} - r'' + r \left(1 + \left(\frac{r'}{r}\right)^2\right) \right) \quad (7)$$

$$-\frac{r''r'r - r'^3}{r^2 + r'^2} + r' = \alpha \left(\frac{r'^2(r''r - r'^2)}{r(r^2 + r'^2)} - r'' + (r^2 + r'^2)1/r \right) \quad (8)$$

$$-r''r'r^2 + rr'^3 + r'(r^2 + r'^2) = \alpha \left(r'^2(r''r - r'^2) - r''r(r^2 + r'^2) + (r^2 + r'^2)^2 \right) \quad (9)$$

$$r''(\alpha r^3 - r'r^2) + rr'^3 + r'(r^2 + r'^2) = \alpha \left(r'^2(-r'^2) + (r^2 + r'^2)^2 \right) \quad (10)$$

$$r''(\alpha r^3 - r'r^2) + rr'^3 + r'r^3 + rr'^3 = \alpha \left(r^4 + 2r^2r'^2 \right) \quad (11)$$

$$r'' = \frac{\alpha \left(r^4 + 2r^2r'^2 \right) - r'r^3 - 2rr'^3}{\alpha r^3 - r'r^2} \quad (12)$$

For numerical solving, we use the system:

$$r' = o \tag{13}$$

$$o' = \frac{\alpha (r^4 + 2r^2 o^2) - o r^3 - 2r o^3}{\alpha r^3 - o r^2} \tag{14}$$

The equation becomes: