

LTE and NR Network scanner

Version: 2025-05-21

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1 Introduction

LTESCAN is a tool using Amarisoft SDR50 boards to scan a band of the RF spectrum searching for either LTE or NR (SA) cells.

LTESCAN can be greatly accelerated by using several boards together.

Depending on conditions, adding a LNA RF amplifier in front of the SDR50 board(s) may give a better detection performance.

Launching "ltescan" will use the default config file "ltescan.cfg". You can also specify a different config file by launching "ltescan myscan.cfg" Once launched, there are two ways to use it:

- user input on the console, with results on the screen
- websocket API for automatization

2 Requirements

2.1 Hardware requirements

- A fast PC:
 - For best performances, a quad core Intel Core i7 CPU (Haswell architecture or later) is recommended. Support of the AVX2 instruction set extension is required to run the software.
 - At least 2 GB of RAM.
 - At least 1 GB of hard disk space.
 - The video adapter does not matter.
- Radio front end

one or more Amarisoft PCIe SDR50

- Appropriate antennas for the intended LTE frequencies or cables and attenuators to connect to a UE.
- Optional RF amplifier

2.2 Software requirements

- A 64 bit Linux distribution. Fedora 39 is the officially supported distribution.
 - The following distributions are known as compatible:
 - Fedora 22 to 39
 - Cent OS 7
 - Ubuntu 14 to 22

Your system requires at least GLIBC 2.17.

Other distributions can be used provided the radio frontend drivers are available for them.

3 Installation

3.1 Linux setup

3.1.1 Packages

3.1.2 OpenSSL

LTESCAN has been compiled against openssl version 1.1.1w.

If your system does not have compatible version installed you may have this error message at startup:

error while loading shared libraries: libssl.so.1.1: cannot open shared object file: No such file or directory

To overcome this problem, you may:

- Copy libssl.so.1.1 and libcrypto.so.1.1 from libs subdirectory of your release tarball. If you have installed software with automatic install script, this should have been done automatically.
- Compile and install proper opensal version yourself

In case of persisting issue, raise a ticket from our support site at https://support.amarisoft.com/ with the information provided by below commands executed in LTESCAN directory:

```
uname -a
ls -l
ldd ./ltescan
openssl version
```

3.2 RRH setup

Please refer to sub section of your radio frontend to set it up.

3.2.1 Amarisoft PCIe SDR

Read the PCIe SDR documentation (trx_sdr.pdf).

3.3 LTESCAN installation

Decompress the LTESCAN archive to a convenient place. The executable ltescan can be launched from this directory.

4 Configuration reference

4.1 Configuration file syntax

The main configuration file uses a syntax very similar to the Javascript Object Notation (JSON) with few extensions.

- 1. Supported types:
 - Numbers (64 bit floating point). Notation: 13.4
 - Complex numbers. Notation: 1.2+3*I
 - Strings. Notation: "string"
 - Booleans. Notation: true or false.
 - Objects. Notation: { field1: value1, field2: value2, }
 - Arrays. Notation: [value1, value2,]
- 2. The basic operations +, -, * and / are supported with numbers and complex numbers. + also concatenates strings. The operators !, | |, &&, ==, !=, <, <=, >=, > are supported too.
- 3. The numbers 0 and 1 are accepted as synonyms for the boolean values false and true.
- 4. {} at top level are optional.
- 5. " for property names are optional, unless the name starts with a number.
- 6. Properties can be duplicated.

If properties are duplicated, they will be merged following [JSON merge rules], page 5, with overriding occurring in reading direction (last overrides previous). Ex:

```
{
    value: "foo",
    value: "bar",
    sub: {
        value: "foo"
    },
    sub: {
        value: "bar"
    }
}
Will be equivalent to:
{
    value: "bar",
    sub: {
        value: "bar"
    }
}
```

7. Files can be included using *include* keyword (must not be quoted) followed by a string (without:) representing the file to include (path is relative to current file) and terminating by a comma.

Arrays can't be included.

Merge will be done as for duplicate properties.

If file1.cfg is:

```
value: "foo",
include "file2.cfg",
foo: "foo"
```

```
And file2.cfg is:
    value: "bar",
    foo: "bar"
Final config will be:
{
    value: "bar",
    foo: "foo"
}
```

8. A C like preprocessor is supported. The following preprocessor commands are available:

#define var expr

Define a new variable with value expr. expr must be a valid JSON expression. Note that unlike the standard C preprocessor, expr is evaluated by the preprocessor.

#undef var

Undefine the variable var.

#include expr

Include the file whose filename is the evaluation of the string expression expr.

#if expr Consider the following text if expr is true.

#else Alternative of #if block.

#elif Composition of #else and #if.

#endif End of #if block.

#ifdef var

Shortcut for #if defined(var)

#ifndef var

Shortcut for #if !defined(var)

In the JSON source, every occurrence of a defined preprocessor variable is replaced by its value.

9. Backquote strings: JSON expression can be inserted in backquote delimited strings with the \${expr} syntax. Example: 'abc\${1+2}d' is evaluated as the string "abc3d". Preprocessor variables can be used inside the expression. Backquote strings may span several lines.

4.1.1 JSON merge rules

Merge overriding direction depends on context, i.e source may override destination or the opposite.

JSON merge is recursive for Objects and Arrays.

```
Example, merging
{
   foo: { value: "bar" },
   same: "one",
   one: 1
}
   with
{
   foo: { value: "none", second: true },
```

```
same: "two",
    two: 1
}
  Will become:
    foo: { value: "bar", second: true },
    same: "one",
    one: 1
    two: 1
}
  assuming first object overrides second one.
  In case of Array merging, the final array length will be the maximum length of all merged
arrays.
For each element of the final array, merge will be done considering defined elements only.
{
    array: [0, 1, 2, { foo: "bar" } ],
    array: [3, 4],
    array: [5, 6, 7, { bar: "foo" }, 8]
}
  Will be merged to:
{
    array: [5, 6, 7, { foo: "bar", bar: "foo" }, 8],
}
4.2 Global properties
Example of ltescan.cfg:
/* LTE scan configuration */
  log_options: "all.level=debug,all.max_size=1,phy.signal=1",
  log_filename: "/tmp/scan.log",
  com_addr: "[::]:9009",
  rf_driver: {
      name: "sdr",
      args: 'dev0=/dev/sdr0',
      /* For multiple boards */
      //args: 'dev0=/dev/sdr0,dev1=/dev/sdr1,dev2=/dev/sdr2,dev3=/dev/sdr3',
  },
  rx_gain: 60,
  scan: {
```

lock_timeout: 100, /* ms: waiting for Cell Lock */

/* ms waiting for PBCH */

pbch_timeout: 200,

For UHD driver (B2x0 hardware), the rf_driver must be modified as follows:

```
rf_driver: {
    name: "uhd",
    args: "num_recv_frames=64,num_send_frames=64",
    dl_sample_bits: 12,
    ul_sample_bits: 12,
},
```

log_filename

String. Set the log filename. If no leading /, it is relative to the configuration file path. See [Log file format], page 21.

log_options

String. Set the logging options as a comma separated list of assignments.

- layer.level=verbosity. For each layer, the log verbosity can be set to none, error, info or debug. In debug level, the content of the transmitted data is logged.
- layer.max_size=n. When dumping data content, at most n bytes are shown in hexa. For ASN.1, NAS or Diameter content, show the full content of the message if n > 0.
- layer.payload=[0|1]. Dump ASN.1, NAS, SGsAP or Diameter payload in hexadecimal.
- layer.key=[0|1]. Dump security keys (NAS and RRC layers).
- layer.crypto=[0|1]. Dump plain and ciphered data (NAS and PCDP layers).
- time=[sec|short|full]. Display the time as seconds, time only or full date and time (default = time only).
- time.us=[0|1]. Dump time with microseconds precision.
- file=cut. Close current file log and open a new one.
- file.rotate=now. Move and rename to the same directory or to the directory pointed by file.path and open a new log file (Headers are kept).
- file.rotate=size. Every time log file size reaches size bytes, move and rename to the same directory or to the directory pointed by file.path, and open a new log file (Headers are kept).
 - Size is an integer and can be followed by K, M or G.
- file.rotate=#count. Everytime number of logs in log file reaches count, move and rename to the same directory or to the directory pointed by file.path, and open a new log file (Headers are kept).

 Size is an integer and can be followed by K, M or G.

- file.path=path. When log rotation is enabled (file.rotate set), rename and move current log to this path instead of initial log path.
- append=[0|1]. (default=0). If 0, truncate the log file when opening it. Otherwise, append to it.

Available layers are: phy

log_sync Optional boolean (default = false). If true, logs will be synchronously dumped to file

Warning, this may lead to performances decrease.

Float. Receive gain in dB. The range is device dependent. For the PCIe SDR board, the range is between -11 and 77 dB (the exact limits depend on the RX frequency). For the USRP N2x0 device with the SBX daughterboard, the range is 0 to 31.5 dB. With an array of floats a different gain is specified for each channel. Ltescan uses this value as initial rx_gain fo each new frequency. The actual gain is automatically lowered as needed.

scan Object. Section for scanning parameters

lock_timeout

Number. Timeout in ms waiting for cell lock on a frequency. (default = 100ms)

pcbh_timeout

Number. Timeout in ms waiting for PBCH (LTE) or PDCCH (NR) when locked on a frequency. (default = 200 ms)

sib_timeout

Number. Timeout in ms waiting for cell SIB (LTE) or MIB (NR) on a frequency when locked. (default = 3000 ms)

snr_threshold

Float. Minimum SNR in dB to accept SIB or MIB. (default = 3.0 dB)

rssi_timeout

Number. Time in ms integrating data when scanning RSSI (default = 100 ms)

rssi_width

Number. Frequency step in KHz when returning RSSI scan result. (granularity = $100 \, \text{KHz}$, default = $100 \, \text{KHz}$)

Number or String. Optional parameter to force automatic scan when ltescan is launched. Accepts same syntax as the 'scan' command on command line (see Chapter 6).

sib_format_jer

Optional boolean (default = false). If set, sib ASN.1 content within [Cell notification], page 17, message will be a JSON structure (JER) instead base64 encoding.

com_addr Optional string. Address of the WebSocket server remote API. See [Remote API], page 10.

If set, the WebSocket server for remote API will be enabled and bound to this address.

Default port is 9009.

Setting IP address to [::] will make remote API reachable through all network interfaces.

com_name Optional string. Sets server name. SCAN by default

com_ssl_certificate

Optional string. If set, forces SSL for WebSockets. Defines CA certificate filename.

com_ssl_key

Optional string. Mandatory if *com_ssl_certificate* is set. Defines CA private key filename.

com_ssl_peer_verify

Optional boolean (default is false). If true, server will check client certificate.

com_ssl_ca

Optional string. Set CA certificate. In case of peer verification with self signed certificate, you should use the client certificate.

com_log_lock

Optional boolean (default is false). If *true*, logs configuration can't be changed via config_set remote API.

com_log_us

Optional boolean (default is false). If true, logs sent by log_get remote API response will have a timestamp_us parameters instead of timestamp

com_auth Optional object. If set, remote API access will require authentication.

Authentication mechanism is describe in [Remote API Startup], page 12, section.

passfile Optional string. Defines filename where password is stored (plaintext).

If not set, password must be set

password Optional string. Defines password.

If not set, passfile must be set.

unsecure Optional boolean (default false). If set, allow password to be sent plaintext.

NB: you should set it to true if you access it from a Web Browser (Ex: Amarisoft GUI) without SSL (https) as your Web Browser may prevent secure access to work.

com_log_count

Optional number (Default = 8192). Defines number of logs to keep in memory before dropping them.

Must be between 4096 and 2097152).

sim_events

Array of object. Each element defines a remote API request ([Remote API], page 10) except that message field is replaced by event.

sim_events_loop_count

If set, will define loop_count for each event of sim_events, See [loop_count], page 11.

sim_events_loop_delay

If set, will define loop_delay for each event of sim_events, See [loop_delay], page 11.

license_server

Configuration of the Amarisoft license server to use.

Object with following properties:

server_addr

String. IP address of the license server.

5 Remote API

You can access LTESCAN via a remote API.

Protocol used is WebSocket as defined in RFC 6455 (https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc6455).

Note that Origin header is mandatory for the server to accept connections.

This behavior is determined by the use of nopoll library.

Any value will be accepted.

To learn how to use it, you can refer to our the following tutorial (https://tech-academy.amarisoft.com/RemoteAPI.html).

5.1 Messages

Messages exchanged between client and LTESCAN server are in strict JSON format.

Each message is represented by an object. Multiple message can be sent to server using an array of message objects.

Time and delay values are floating number in seconds.

There are 3 types of messages:

• Request

Message sent by client.

Common definition:

message String. Represent type of message. This parameter is mandatory and depending on its value, other parameters will apply.

message_id

Optional any type. If set, response sent by the server to this message will have same message_id. This is used to identify response as WebSocket does not provide such a concept.

start_time

Optional float. Represent the delay before executing the message.

If not set, the message is executed when received.

absolute_time

Optional boolean (default = false). If set, start_time is interpreted as absolute.

You can get current clock of system using time member of any response.

standalone

Optional boolean (default = false). If set, message will survive WebSocket disconnection, else, if socket is disconnected before end of processing, the message will be cancelled.

loop_count

Optional integer (default = 0, max = 1000000). If set, message will be repeated loop_count time(s) after loop_delay (From message beginning of event). Response will have a loop_index to indicate iteration number.

```
loop_delay
              Optional number (min = 0.1, max = 86400). Delay in seconds to repeat message
              from its start_time. Mandatory when loop_count is set > 0.
• Response
  Message sent by server after any request message as been processed.
  Common definition:
  message
             String. Same as request.
  message_id
              Optional any type. Same as in request.
              Number representing time in seconds since start of the process.
  time
              Usefull to send command with absolute time.
              Number representing UTC seconds.
  utc
• Events
  Message sent by server on its own initiative.
  Common definition:
             String. Event name.
  message
```

Number representing time in seconds.

If authentication is not set, message will be ready:

Usefull to send command with absolute time.

5.2 Startup

time

When WebSocket connections is setup, LTESCAN will send a first message with name set to com_name and type set to SCAN.

```
"message": "ready",
         "type": "SCAN",
          "name": <com_name>,
          "version": <software version>,
          "product": <Amarisoft product name (optional)>
  If authentication is set, message will be authenticate:
          "message": "authenticate",
         "type": "SCAN",
          "name": <com_name>,
          "challenge": <random challenge>
  To authenticate, the client must answer with a authenticate message and a res parameter
where:
     res = HMAC-SHA256( "<type>:<password>:<name>", "<challenge>" )
  res is a string and HMAC-SHA256 refers to the standard algorithm (https://en.
wikipedia.org/wiki/HMAC)
  If the authentication succeeds, the response will have a ready field set to true.
     {
          "message": "authenticate",
```

If any other message is sent before authentication succeeds, the error "Authentication not done" will be sent as a response.

5.3 Errors

If a message produces an error, response will have an error string field representing the error.

5.4 Sample nodejs program

You will find in this documentation a sample program: ws.js.

It is located in doc subdirectory.

This is a nodejs program that allow to send message to LTESCAN.

It requires nodejs to be installed:

```
dnf install nodejs npm
npm install nodejs-websocket
```

Use relevant package manager instead of NPM depending on your Linux distribution.

Then simply start it with server name and message you want to send:

```
./ws.js 127.0.0.1:9009 '{"message": "config_get"}'
```

5.5 Common messages

```
config_get
```

Retrieve current config.

Response definition:

```
type Always "SCAN"
```

name String representing server name.

logs Object representing log configuration.

With following elements:

layers Object. Each member of the object represent a log layer configuration:

layer name

Object. The member name represent log layer name and parameters are:

level See [log_options], page 7,

See [log_options], page 7, max_size See [log_options], page 7, key

crypto See [log_options], page 7,

payload See [log_options], page 7,

count Number. Number of bufferizer logs.

Optional number. Max log file size before rotation. rotate

rotate_count

Optional number. Max log count before rotation.

path Optional string. Log rotation path.

bcch Boolean. True if BCCH dump is enabled (eNB only).

mib Boolean. True if MIB dump is enabled (eNB only).

locked Optional boolean. If true, logs configuration can't be changed with

config_set API.

Get logs. log_get

> This API has a per connection behavior. This means that the response will depend on previous calls to this API within the same WebSocket connection.

> In practice, logs that have been provided in a response won't be part of subsequent request unless connection is reestablished. To keep on receiving logs, client should send a new log_get request as soon as the previous response has been received.

> If a request is sent before previous request has been replied, previous request will be replied right now without considering specific min/max/timeout conditions.

Message definition:

Optional number (default = 1). Minimum amount of logs to retrieve. min

Response won't be sent until this limit is reached (Unless timeout oc-

curs).

Optional number (default = 4096). Maximum logs sent in a response. max

Optional number (default = 1). If at least 1 log is available and no more timeout

logs have been generated for this time, response will be sent.

allow_empty

Optional boolean (default = false). If set, response will be sent after timeout, event if no logs are available.

Optional number. If set, send only logs matching rnti. rnti

Optional number. If set, send only logs with matching ue_id. ue_id

Optional Object. Each member name represents a log layer and values layers

> must be string representing maximum level. See [log_options], page 7. If layers is not set, all layers level will be set to debug, else it will be set

Note also the logs is also limited by general log level. See [log_options],

page 7.

Optional boolean (default = false). If set, only first line of logs will be short

dumped.

headers Optional boolean. If set, send log file headers.

start_timestamp

Optional number. Is set, filter logs older than this value in milliseconds.

end_timestamp

Optional number. Is set, filter logs more recent than this value in milliseconds.

max_size Optional number (default = 1048576, i.e. 1MB). Maximum size in bytes of the generated JSON message. If the response exceeds this size, the sending of logs will be forced independently from other parameters.

Response definition:

logs Array. List of logs. Each item is a an object with following members:

data Array. Each item is a string representing a line of log.

timestamp

Number. Milliseconds since January 1st 1970. Not present if com_log_us is set in configuration.

timestamp_us

Number. Microseconds since January 1st 1970. Only present if com_log_us is set in configuration.

layer String. Log layer.

level String. Log level: error, warn, info or debug.

dir Optional string. Log direction: UL, DL, FROM or TO.

ue_id Optional number. UE_ID.

cell Optional number (only for PHY layer logs). Cell ID.

rnti Optional number (only for PHY layer logs). RNTI.

frame Optional number (only for PHY layer logs). Frame number (Subframe is decimal part).

channel Optional string (only for PHY layer logs). Channel name.

src String. Server name.

idx Integer. Log index.

headers Optional array. Array of strings.

discontinuity

Optional number. If set, this means some logs have been discarded due to log buffer overflow.

microseconds

Optional boolean. Present and set to true if com_log_us is set in configuration file.

log_set Add log.

Message definition:

Optional string. Log message to add. If set, layer and level are mandatory.

layer String. Layer name. Only mandatory if log is set.

level String. Log level: error, warn, info or debug. Only mandatory if log is

set.

dir Optional string. Log direction: UL, DL, FROM or TO.

ue_id Optional number. UE_ID.

flush Optional boolean (default = false). If set, flushes fog file.

rotate Optional boolean (default = false). If set, forces log file rotation.

cut Optional boolean (default = false). If set, forces log file reset.

log_reset

Resets logs buffer.

license Retrieves license file information.

Response definition:

products String. List of products, separated by commas.

user String. License username.

validity String. License end of validity date.

id Optional string. License ID.

id_type Optional string. License ID type. Can be host_id or dongle_id

uid Optional string. License unique ID.

filename Optional string. License filename.

server Optional string. License server URL.

server_id

Optional string. License server ID.

quit Terminates Itescan.

help Provides list of available messages in messages array of strings and events to register

in events array of strings.

stats Report statistics for LTESCAN.

Every time this message is received by server, statistics are reset.

Warning, calling this message from multiple connections simultaneously will modify the statistics sampling time.

Response definition:

cpu Object. Each member name defines a type and its value cpu load in %

of one core.

instance_id

Number. Constant over process lifetime. Changes on process restart.

register Register client for messages generated by server. Message definition:

register Optional string or array of string. List of messages to register to.

Can be cell, scan

unregister

Optional string or array of string. List of messages to unregister.

Can be cell, scan

5.6 LTE messages

scan Launches a scan on selected bands.

The response is sent when scanning is over.

During scanning, notification intermediate message will be sent to notify progress.

Closing connection before end of scan does not stop scanning.

If a scanning is already in progress, it will be stopped. Message definition:

band Number, string, object or array. Defines the list of bands to scan.

If an array is defined, all elements must be a number, string or object.

A number represents a LTE band number to scan.

A string represents a single band with the command line syntax (see below).

below).

7 band LTE 7

7(3000) arfcn 30000 of band LTE 7

n78(7838,7850)

gscn 7838 to 7850 on band NR 78

An object will have following properties:

band Number. Band to scan

type String. Can be nr or lte.

Cell notification. Every time a cell is found, such notification is sent.

notification

String. Set as cell

band Number. Band

type String. Can be nr or lte.

frequency

Number. Cell center frequency in Hz.

dl_earfcn

Number. Downlink earfcn (LTE only).

dl_arfcn Number. Downlink arfcn (NR only).

gscn Number. SSB gscn (NR only).

nsa Optional boolean. Cell only supports NSA (no SIB1 scheduled, NR

only).

mib String. Content of MIB in base64 encoding.

bandwidth

Number. Cell bandwidth in MHz.

n_rb_dl Number. Number of resource blocks.

rssi Number. RSSI in dBm.

rsrq Number. RSRQ in dB

rsrp Number. RSRP in dBm.

snr Number. SNR in dB.

n_antenna_pbch

Number. Number of antenna as reported in the PBCH (LTE only)

lte_m Boolean. Cell supports LTE-M (LTE only)

n_ssb Number. Number of SSB (antennas) from 'ssb-PositionsInBurst' in SIB1 (NR only)

ssb_index

Number. SSB index as reported in MIB (NR only)

ssb_subcarrier_spacing

Number. SSB subcarrier spacing in KHz (NR only)

subcarrier_spacing

Number. subcarrier spacing in KHz (NR only)

uldl_config

Number. uldl config if TDD mode (LTE only)

special_subframe_config

Number. special subframe config if TDD mode (LTE only)

tp1_period

Number. Period in ms of TDD Pattern_1 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp1_dl_slots

Number. Number of DL slots in Pattern_1 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp1_ul_slots

Number. Number of UL slots in Pattern_1 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp1_dl_symbs

Number. Number of DL symbols in special slot in Pattern_1 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp1_ul_symbs

Number. Number of UL symbols in special slot in Pattern_1 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp2_period

Number. Period in ms of TDD Pattern_2 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp2_dl_slots

Number. Number of DL slots in Pattern_2 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp2_ul_slots

Number. Number of UL slots in Pattern_2 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp2_d1_symbs

Number. Number of DL symbols in special slot in Pattern_2 if TDD mode (NR only)

tp2_ul_symbs

Number. Number of UL symbols in special slot in Pattern_2 if TDD mode (NR only)

String. Content of SIB1 (if broadcasted). May be base64 encoding or JER depending on [sib_format_jer], page 8.

String. Content of SIB2 (if broadcasted). May be base64 encoding or JER depending on [sib_format_jer], page 8.

String. Content of SIB3 (if broadcasted). May be base64 encoding or JER depending on [sib_format_jer], page 8.

String. Content of SIB4 (if broadcasted). May be base64 encoding or JER depending on [sib_format_jer], page 8.

String. Content of SIB5 (if broadcasted). May be base64 encoding or JER depending on [sib_format_jer], page 8.

Band notification. Every time a new band is being scanned, such notification is sent.

notification

String. Set as cell

band Number. Band

type String. Can be nr or lte.

cells Returns last scanning results. Response definition:

cells Array of object. Each item represents a cell as described in See [Cell notification], page 17.

scanning Boolean. If true, a scanning is in progress.

scan_rssi

Launches a RSSI scan on selected bands.

Results are returneded by frequency step (defined by rssi_width parameter). During scanning, notification intermediate message will be sent to notify progress.

Closing connection before end of scan does not stop scanning.

If a scanning is already in progress, it will be stopped. Message definition:

band Number, object or array. Defines the list of bands to scan.

If an array is defined, all elements must be a number or an object.

A number represents a LTE band number to scan. An object will have following properties:

band Number. Band to scan

type String. Can be nr or lte.

RSSI notification. For every frequency step, a notification is sent.

notification

String. Set as rssi

frequency

Number. Frequency in Hz.

arfcn Number. Downlink arfcn (LTE only).

rssi Number. RSSI in dBm.

rssis Returns last RSSI scanning results. Response definition:

rssis Array of object. Each item represents a cell as described in See [RSSI

notification], page 19.

scanning Boolean. If true, a scanning is in progress.

Exemple of scan command:

./ws.js -t 600 127.0.0.1:9009 '{"message": "scan","band":["7(3000)","n78"]}'

5.7 LTE events

Following events are sent by scanner to remote API client if they have been registered on WebSocket.

cell Cell has been scanned. Same definition as See [Cell notification], page 17.

scan Provides information on scanning progress

notification

String. Can be band when a new band is being scanned, end when scanning is over.

5.8 Examples

```
1. Config
    1. Client sends
       {
           "message": "config_get",
           "message_id": "foo"
    2. Server replies
       {
           "message_id": "foo",
           "message": "config_get",
           "name": "UE",
           "logs": {
                "phy": {
                    "level": "error",
                    "max_size": 0
                },
                . . .
                "rrc": {
                    "level": "debug",
                    "max_size": 1
                }
           }
       }
2. Error
    1. Client sends
       {
           "message": "bar",
           "message_id": "foo"
    2. Server replies
       {
           "message_id": "foo",
           "message": "bar",
           "error": "Unknown message: bar"
       }
```

6 Command line monitor reference

The following commands are available:

help Display the help. Use help command to have a more detailed help about a command.

t [scan|cpu|spl] [port]

Activate various traces on the console. The display is stopped when typing return. The default trace is the current scan status. An optional RF port may be given for cpu and spl traces.

Available traces:

scan Display current scan information.

cpu Display the CPU usage from the TRX (transceiver) API and the TX-RX $\,$

latency statistics.

spl Display various statistics about the sent and received complex samples

(at the TRX API level). For the TX side, the RMS and maximum sample value are displayed. The number of saturation events (abs(sample) > 1) are displayed too. For the RX side the RMS and maximum sample value are displayed. The unit is dB FS (dB Full Scale). 0 dB FS is

reached with a square signal of amplitude 1.

scan bands

Start a cell scan on the specified band(s); LTE band: 1..256; NR band: n1..n256 You can also add arfcn/gscn limits for each band. Examples:

scan 7 20 will scan bands LTE 7 and 20

scan 7(3000) scan arfcn 3000 on band LTE 7

scan n78(7838,7850) scan gscn 7838 to 7850 on band NR 78

scan_rssi bands

Start a RSSI scan on the specified band(s); LTE band: 1..256; NR band: n1..n256

com COM connection status.

7 Log file format

7.1 PHY layer

When a PHY message is dumped (debug level), the format is:

time Time using the selected format.

layer ([PHY] here).

dir UL (uplink) or DL (downlink).

ue_id eNodeB UE identifier (hexadecimal, unique among all cells).

cell Low 8 bits of the cell identifier (hexadecimal).

rnti Associated RNTI (hexadecimal) or - if none.

frame.subframe

Frame number (0-1023) and either subframe number (0-9) for LTE and NB-IoT cells or slot number for NR cells.

channel PHY channel name (e.g. PUSCH, PUCCH, PRACH, SRS, PSS, PBCH, PCFICH, PDSCH, PHICH, PDCCH, EPDCCH, ...).

short_content

Single line content.

long_content

Hexadecimal dump of the message if phy.max_size > 0.

8 Change history

8.1 Version 2025-03-14

• the crc=KO log is renamed to crc=FAIL

8.2 Version 2024-12-13

• added sib_format_jer parameter

8.3 Version 2024-09-13

- added LTE bands 107 and 108 definition
- added mib parameter to cell notification
- added license remote API
- com_logs_lock parameter is renamed to com_log_lock. com_logs_lock is still supported for backward compatibility
- added com_log_us parameter

8.4 Version 2024-06-14

- OpenSSL library is upgraded to 1.1.1w
- added NR band 54 definition
- added lte_m and nsa parameters to cell notification
- added MIB info for WS API

8.5 Version 2024-03-15

- added LTE bands 106, 253 and 254 definition
- added NR bands 31, 72, 105, 109 and 254 definition

8.6 Version 2023-12-15

- added loop_count and loop_delay to remote API messages
- added sim_events, sim_events_loop_count and sim_events_loop_delay
- added com_ssl_ca parameter for SSL verification

8.7 Version 2023-06-10

• com_logs_lock parameter added to disable logs configuration change via remote API

8.8 Version 2023-03-17

• com_addr parameter now uses [::] address instead of 0.0.0.0 in the delivered configuration file to allow IPv6 connection

8.9 Version 2022-12-16

• utc parameter is added to remote API response messages

8.10 Version 2022-06-17

- OpenSSL library is upgraded to 1.1.1n
- start_timestamp and end_timestamp are added to log_get API

8.11 Version 2022-03-18

- Added Introduction
- Added sample config file
- Use retransmission to improve all SIB decoding in low SNR conditions
- Indicate NSA cells
- Fixed cell detection when SSB spacing is different
- Fixed BWP parsing

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