

Building Web Apps with Python



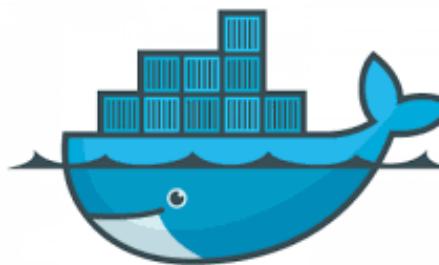
DARDEN SCHOOL of BUSINESS
McINTIRE SCHOOL of COMMERCE

Why Build a Web App?

- To change the *World!*
- To better understand how the model works.
- To generate more insights.
- To attract more audience and make a more compelling case.
- To share your model with others.



Available Tools

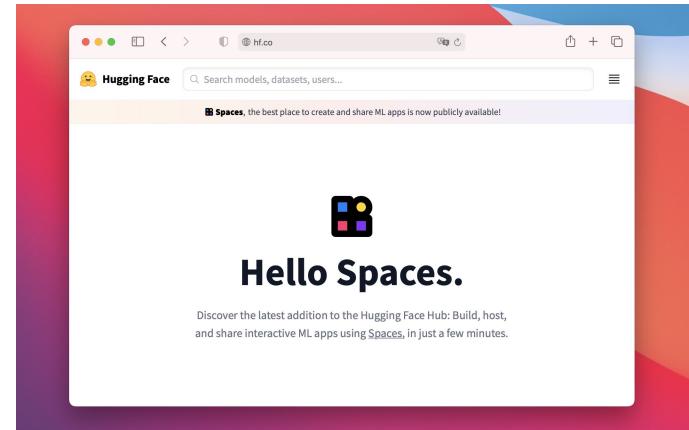


docker



Where to Host the App?

- Host the app on a local machine
- Host the app on cloud
 - AWS
 - GCP
 - HuggingFace
 - Other





gradio

Spaces: paragon-analytics/**Employee-Turnover** like 1 Running Open logs

App Files and versions Community Settings

Employee Turnover Predictor & Interpreter 🌱

This app takes six inputs about employees' satisfaction with different aspects of their work (such as work-life balance, benefits and rewards offered by the employer, ...) and predicts whether the employee intends to stay with the employer or leave. There are two outputs from the app: 1- the predicted probability of stay or leave, 2- Shapley's force-plot which visualizes the extent to which each factor impacts the stay/ leave prediction. ✨

To use the app, click on one of the examples, or adjust the values of the six employee satisfaction factors, and click on Analyze. 🚀

WorkLifeBalance Score 4 ⏹ ⏸

LearningDevelopment Score 4 ⏹ ⏸

Communication Score 4 ⏹ ⏸

Voice Score 4 ⏹ ⏸

RewardsBenefits Score 5 ⏹ ⏸

WorkEnvironment Score 5 ⏹ ⏸

Analyze

Predicted Label

Leave

Leave 50%
Stay 50%

Shapley:

RewardsBenefits = 5.0 WorkEnvironment = 5.0 WorkLifeBalance = 4.0 LearningDevelopment = 4.0 Communication = 4.0 Voice = 4.0

Gradio- Hello World!

```
import gradio as gr

def greet(name):
    return "Hello " + name + "!"

demo = gr.Interface(fn=greet, inputs="text", outputs="text")

demo.launch()
```

Import Gradio

Create a function that takes an input and returns an output

Launch the app

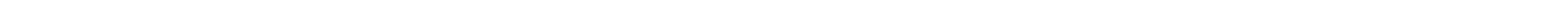
Create the user interface



The Interface Class

The core **Interface** class is initialized with three required parameters:

- **fn**: the function to wrap a UI around
- **inputs**: which component(s) to use for the input (e.g. "**text**", "**image**" or "**audio**")
- **outputs**: which component(s) to use for the output (e.g. "**text**", "**image**" or "**label**")



```
import gradio as gr

def greet(name):
    return "Hello " + name + "!"

demo = gr.Interface(
    fn=greet,
    inputs=gr.Textbox(lines=2, placeholder="Name Here..."),
    outputs="text",
)
demo.launch(share = True)
```



Running on local URL: <http://127.0.0.1:7861>

Running on public URL: <https://4b7c915e1f42666c.gradio.app>

This share link expires in 72 hours. For free permanent hosting and GPU upgrades (NEW!), check out Spaces: <http://huggingface.co/spaces>

A screenshot of a Gradio interface. On the left, there is a text input field labeled "name" with a placeholder "Name Here...". Below it are two buttons: "Clear" (gray) and "Submit" (orange). To the right, there is a large gray rectangular area labeled "output" at the top, which is currently empty. At the bottom right of this area is a dark gray button labeled "Flag".

Interface- Inputs and Outputs

```
demo = gr.Interface(  
    fn=greet,  
    inputs=["text", "checkbox", gr.Slider(0, 100)],  
    outputs=["text", "number"],  
)  
demo.launch()
```

The image shows a user interface for a 'gradio' application. On the left, there is a form with three input fields: a text input for 'name', a checkbox for 'is_morning', and a slider for 'temperature' ranging from 0 to 100. Below the form are 'Clear' and 'Submit' buttons. On the right, there are two output fields labeled 'output 0' and 'output 1', both currently showing the value '0'.

[view api](#) • built with gradio



Gradio Blocks

Gradio offers two classes to build apps:

1. **Interface**, that provides a high-level abstraction for creating demos that we've been discussing so far.
2. **Blocks**, a low-level API for designing web apps with more flexible layouts and data flows. Blocks allows you to do things like feature multiple data flows and demos, control where components appear on the page, handle complex data flows (e.g. outputs can serve as inputs to other functions), and update properties/visibility of components based on user interaction — still all in Python. If this customizability is what you need, try Blocks instead!



Hello, Blocks

Input
Output
Button
What we
had in the
interface

```
import gradio as gr

def greet(name):
    return "Hello " + name + "!"

with gr.Blocks() as demo:
    name = gr.Textbox(label="Name")
    output = gr.Textbox(label="Output Box")
    greet_btn = gr.Button("Greet")
    greet_btn.click(fn=greet, inputs=name, outputs=output)

demo.launch()
```



```
import gradio as gr

def greet(name):
    return "Hello " + name + "!"

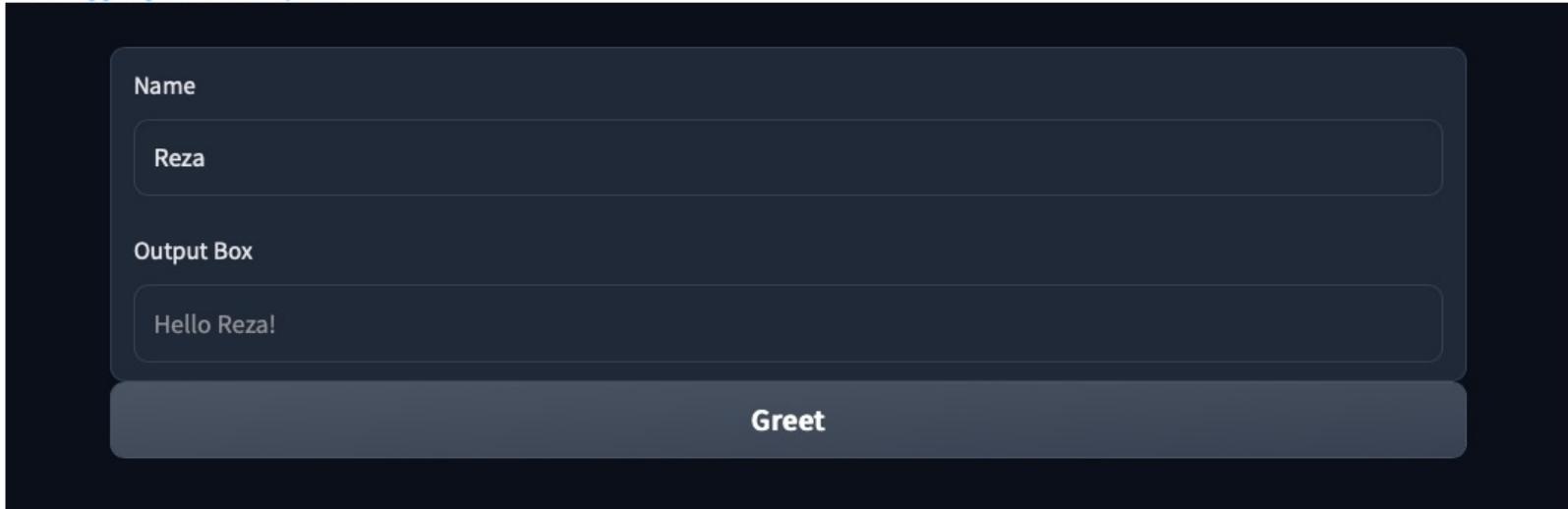
with gr.Blocks() as demo:
    name = gr.Textbox(label="Name")
    output = gr.Textbox(label="Output Box")
    greet_btn = gr.Button("Greet")
    greet_btn.click(fn=greet, inputs=name, outputs=output)

demo.launch(share = True)
```

Running on local URL: <http://127.0.0.1:7862>

Running on public URL: <https://de2a1a408e5b37f5.gradio.app>

This share link expires in 72 hours. For free permanent hosting and GPU upgrades (NEW!), check out Spaces: <https://huggingface.co/spaces>



Types of Inputs/ Outputs

gradio.Textbox(...)

gradio.Number(...)

gradio.Slider(...)

gradio.Checkbox(...)

gradio.Image(...)

gradio.Video(...)

gradio.File(...)

gradio.JSON(...)

gradio.HTML(...)



Types of Inputs/ Outputs

gradio.Textbox(...)

gradio.Number(...)

gradio.Slider(...)

gradio.Checkbox(...)

gradio.Image(...)

gradio.Video(...)

gradio.File(...)

gradio.JSON(...)

gradio.HTML(...)



Host the Gradio App on Spaces

The screenshot shows the Hugging Face Spaces homepage. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Hugging Face logo, a search bar, and links for Models, Datasets, Spaces, Docs, Solutions, and Pricing. Below the navigation is a section titled "Spaces" with the subtext "Discover amazing ML apps made by the community!". It includes a "Create new Space" button and a link to "learn more about Spaces.". A search bar for "Spaces" is also present. The main content area features a "Spaces of the week" section with four cards:

Space Name	Running on	Likes	Created By	Published Ago
Stable Diffusion Attentive Attribution...	T4	39	tetrisd	6 days ago
DpmSolver Sdm	T4	35	LuChengTHU	8 days ago
Fashion Aggregator		14	ryparmar	7 days ago
Contrastive Search Generation		22	joaogante	7 days ago

- 1- Create a HuggingFace Account.
- 2- Join UVA-MSBA Organization by clicking on: <https://huggingface.co/organizations/UVA-MSBA/share/rheZDkEGUpIgPbkXCgUXgxZJtwxhaCRHqc>





Create a new Space

A Space is a special kind of repository that hosts application code for Machine Learning demos
Those applications can be written using Python libraries like [Streamlit](#) or [Gradio](#)

Owner

UVA-MSBA

Space name

New space name

License

License

Select the Space SDK

You can chose between Streamlit, Gradio and Static for your Space. Or pick Docker to host any other app.



Streamlit



Gradio

NEW



Docker



Static



Files

Spaces: UVA-MSBA/Employee_Turnover_Ex Running Open logs

App Files and versions Community Settings :

main Employee_Turnover_Ex 1 contributor History: 17 commits + Add file

paragon-analytics	Update app.py	0fd40b1	11 minutes ago
.gitattributes	1.48 kB ↓	initial commit	3 days ago
README.md	253 Bytes ↓	initial commit	3 days ago
app.py	3.51 kB ↓	Update app.py	11 minutes ago
h22_xgb.pkl	259 kB LFS ↓	Upload h22_xgb.pkl	3 days ago
requirements.txt	80 Bytes ↓	Create requirements.txt	3 days ago
types-of-employee-turnover.jpg	54.9 kB ↓	Upload types-of-employee-turnover.jpg	3 days ago



README

main ▾ Employee_Turnover_Ex / README.md

paragon-analytics initial commit 5d66884

Preview Code | raw history blame edit delete

metadata

```
title: Employee Turnover Ex
emoji: 🦀
colorFrom: red
colorTo: yellow
sdk: gradio
sdk_version: 3.16.2
app_file: app.py
pinned: false
license: mit
```

Check out the configuration reference at <https://huggingface.co/docs/hub/spaces-config-reference>



requirements.txt

main Employee_Turnover_Ex / requirements.txt

paragon-analytics Create requirements.txt b076948

raw history blame edit delete

```
1 gradio==3.1.3
2 Pillow
3 yake
4 pandas
5 sklearn
6 shap
7 xgboost
8 matplotlib
9 numpy
10 streamlit
```



app.py

[raw](#) [history](#) [blame](#) [edit](#) [delete](#)

```
1 import pickle
2 import pandas as pd
3 import shap
4 from shap.plots._force_matplotlib import draw_additive_plot
5 import gradio as gr
6 import numpy as np
7 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
8
9 # load the model from disk
10 loaded_model = pickle.load(open("h22_xgb.pkl", 'rb'))
11
12 # Setup SHAP
13 explainer = shap.Explainer(loaded_model) # PLEASE DO NOT CHANGE THIS.
14
```

model

Shap
Explainer



app.py

Inputs

```
15 # Create the main function for server
16 def main_func(ValueDiversity,AdequateResources,Voice,GrowthAdvancement,Workload,WorkLifeBalance):
17     new_row = pd.DataFrame.from_dict({'ValueDiversity':ValueDiversity,'AdequateResources':AdequateResources,
18                                     'Voice':Voice,'GrowthAdvancement':GrowthAdvancement,'Workload':Workload,
19                                     'WorkLifeBalance':WorkLifeBalance}, orient = 'index').transpose()
20
21     prob = loaded_model.predict_proba(new_row)
22
23     shap_values = explainer(new_row)
24     # plot = shap.force_plot(shap_values[0], matplotlib=True, figsize=(30,30), show=False)
25     # plot = shap.plots.waterfall(shap_values[0], max_display=6, show=False)
26     plot = shap.plots.bar(shap_values[0], max_display=6, order=shap.Explanation.abs, show_data='auto', show=False)
27
28     plt.tight_layout()
29     local_plot = plt.gcf()
30     plt.close()
31
32     return {"Leave": float(prob[0][0]), "Stay": 1-float(prob[0][0])}, local_plot
```

Outputs



app.py

```
34 # Create the UI
35 title = "**Employee Turnover Predictor & Interpreter** 🎨"
36 description1 = """
37 This app takes six inputs about employees' satisfaction with different aspects of their work (such as work-life balance, ...) and predicts wh
38 """
39
40 description2 = """
41 To use the app, click on one of the examples, or adjust the values of the six employee satisfaction factors, and click on Analyze. ✨
42 """
```



app.py

```
44 v with gr.Blocks(title=title) as demo:
45     gr.Markdown(f"## {title}")
46     # gr.Markdown("""! [marketing](types-of-employee-turnover.jpg)""")
47     gr.Markdown(description1)
48     gr.Markdown("----")
49     gr.Markdown(description2)
50     gr.Markdown("----")
51     # with gr.Row():
52         # with gr.Column():
53         ValueDiversity = gr.Slider(label="ValueDiversity Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
54         AdequateResources = gr.Slider(label="AdequateResources Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
55         Voice = gr.Slider(label="Voice Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
56         GrowthAdvancement = gr.Slider(label="GrowthAdvancement Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
57         Workload = gr.Slider(label="Workload Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
58         WorkLifeBalance = gr.Slider(label="WorkLifeBalance Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
59         submit_btn = gr.Button("Analyze")
60         # with gr.Column(visible=True) as output_col:
61         label = gr.Label(label = "Predicted Label")
62         local_plot = gr.Plot(label = 'Shap:')
63
64         submit_btn.click(
65             main_func,
66             [ValueDiversity,AdequateResources,Voice,GrowthAdvancement,Workload,WorkLifeBalance],
67             [label,local_plot], api_name="Employee_Turnover"
68         )
```



app.py

```
44 v with gr.Blocks(title=title) as demo:
45     gr.Markdown(f"## {title}")
46     # gr.Markdown("""! [marketing](types-of-employee-turnover.jpg)""")
47     gr.Markdown(description1)
48     gr.Markdown("----")
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54         AdequateResources = gr.Slider(label="AdequateResources Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
55         Voice = gr.Slider(label="Voice Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
56         GrowthAdvancement = gr.Slider(label="GrowthAdvancement Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
57         Workload = gr.Slider(label="Workload Score", minimum=1, maximum=5, value=4, step=1)
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63
64         submit_btn.click(
65             main_func,
66             [ValueDiversity,AdequateResources,Voice,GrowthAdvancement,Workload,WorkLifeBalance],
67             [label,local_plot], api_name="Employee_Turnover"
68         )
```



app.py

```
70     gr.Markdown("### Click on any of the examples below to see how it works:")
71     gr.Examples([[4,4,4,4,5,5], [5,4,5,4,4,4]],
72                  [ValueDiversity,AdequateResources,Voice,GrowthAdvancement,Workload,WorkLifeBalance],
73                  [label,local_plot], main_func, cache_examples=True)
74
75 demo.launch()
```

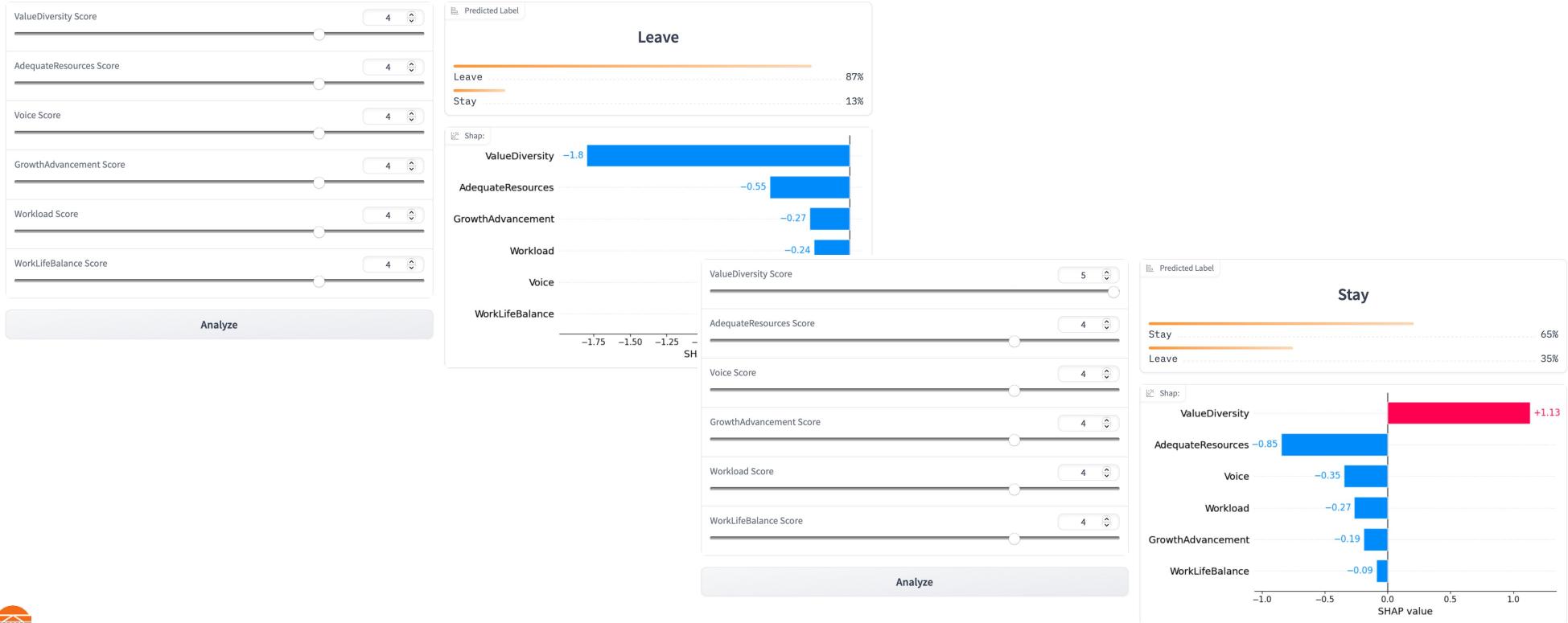


Questions to Answer with This App

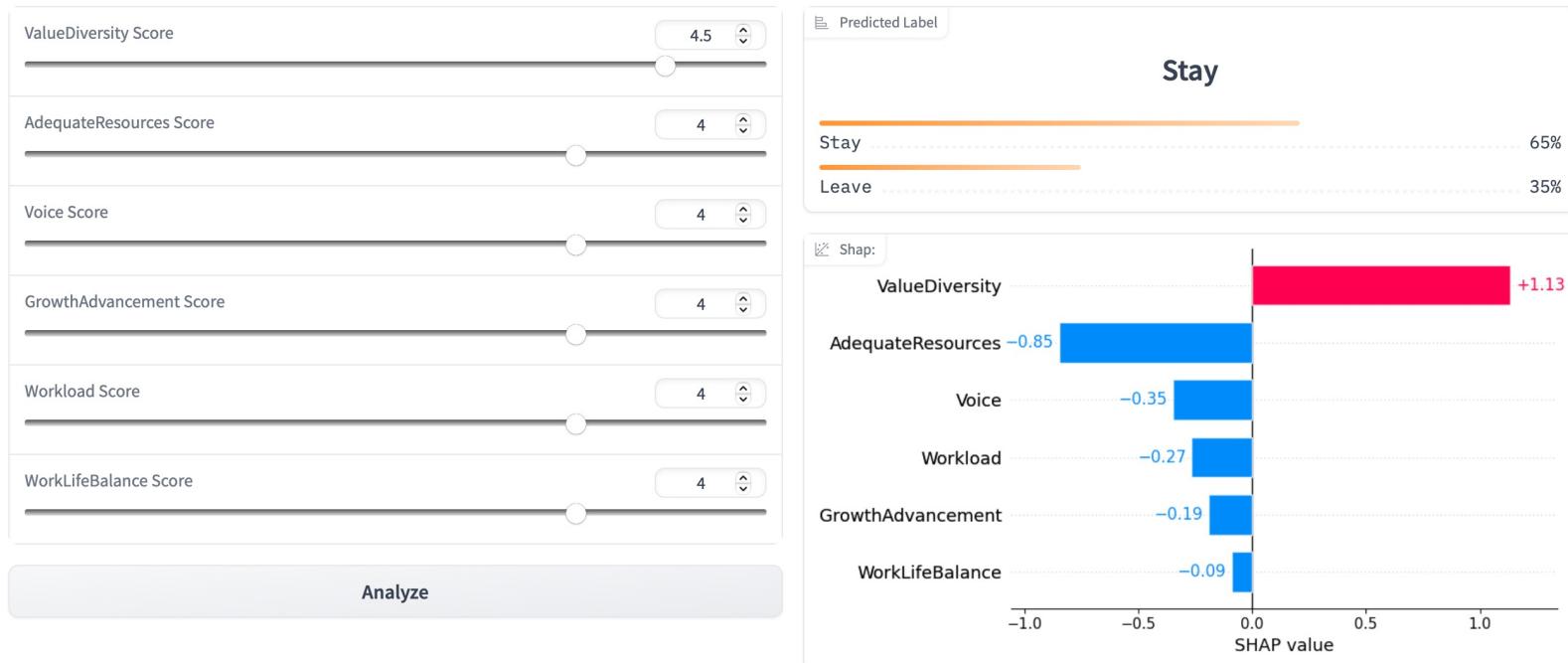
1. To what extent one unit improvement in ValueDiversity improves IntentionToStay?
2. How much should we improve ValueDiversity so that IntentionToStay increases to over 50%?
3. If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve?



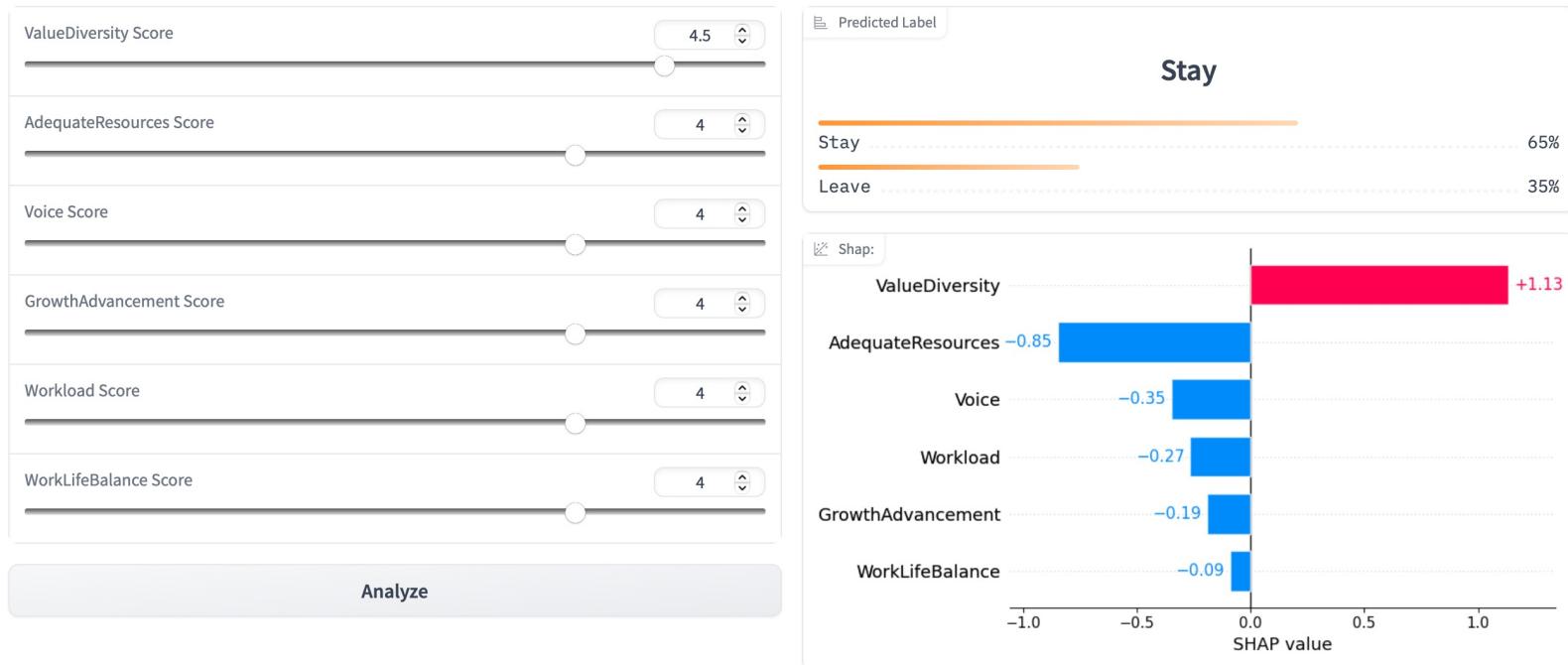
To what extent one unit improvement in ValueDiversity improves IntentionToStay?



How much should we improve ValueDiversity so that IntentionToStay increases to over 50%?



If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve? (ValueDiversity)



If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve? (AdequateResources)

ValueDiversity Score

AdequateResources Score

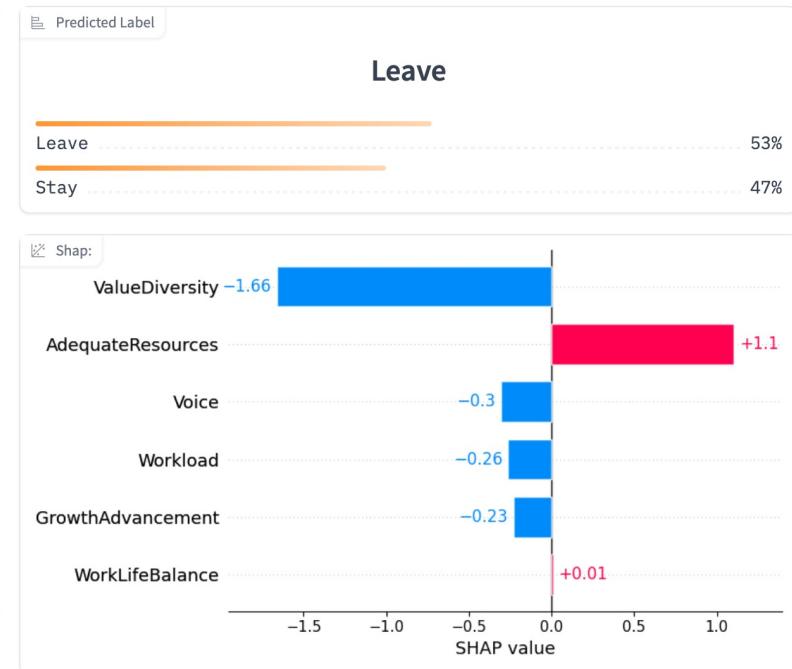
Voice Score

GrowthAdvancement Score

Workload Score

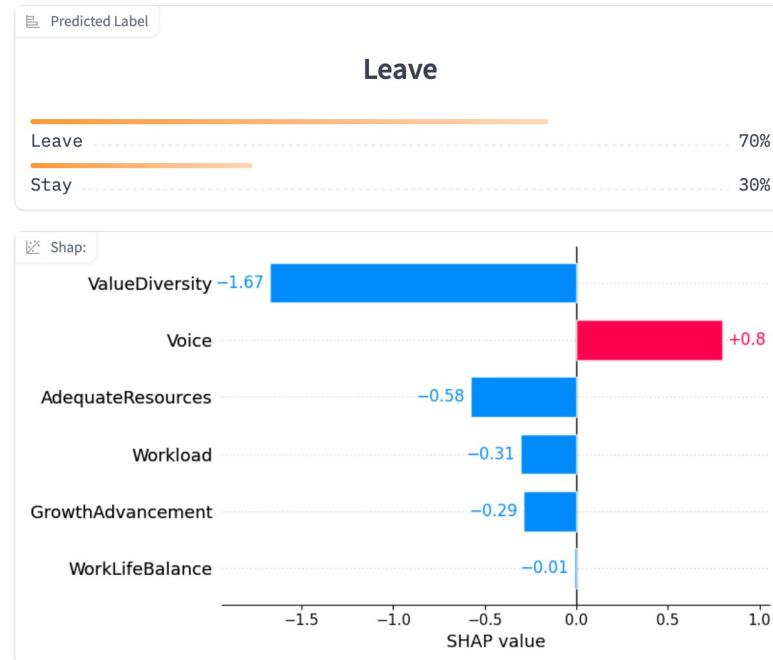
WorkLifeBalance Score

Analyze

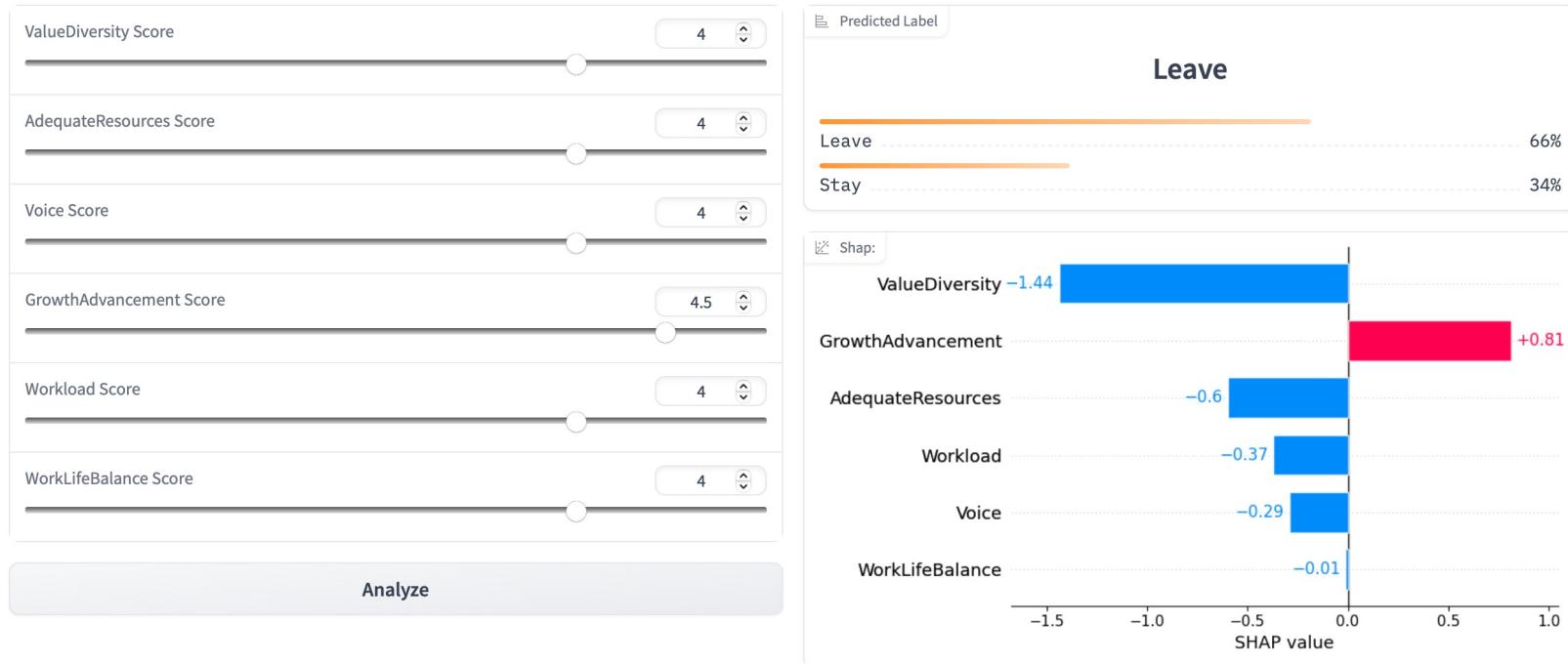


If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve? (Voice)

ValueDiversity Score	4
AdequateResources Score	4
Voice Score	4.5
GrowthAdvancement Score	4
Workload Score	4
WorkLifeBalance Score	4
Analyze	



If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve? (GrowthAdvancement)



If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve? (Workload)

ValueDiversity Score

AdequateResources Score

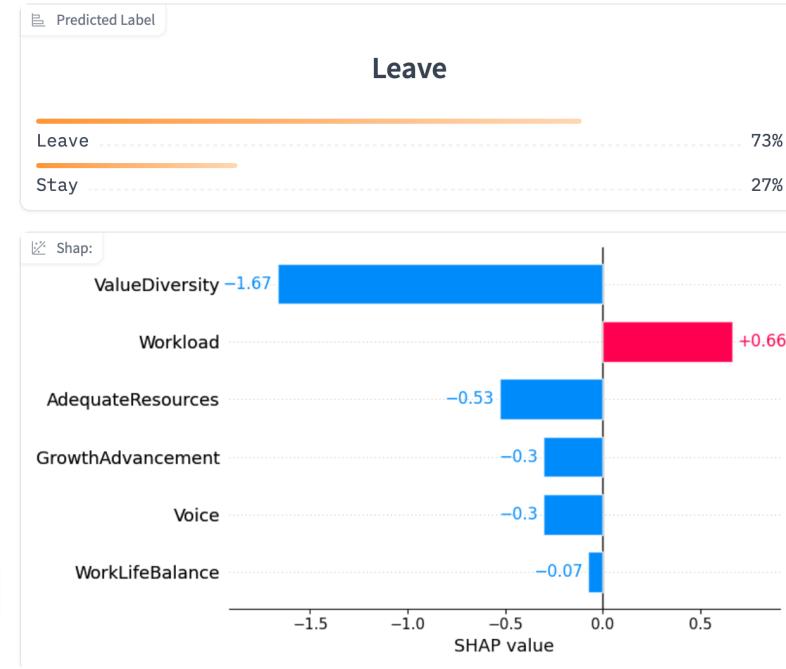
Voice Score

GrowthAdvancement Score

Workload Score

WorkLifeBalance Score

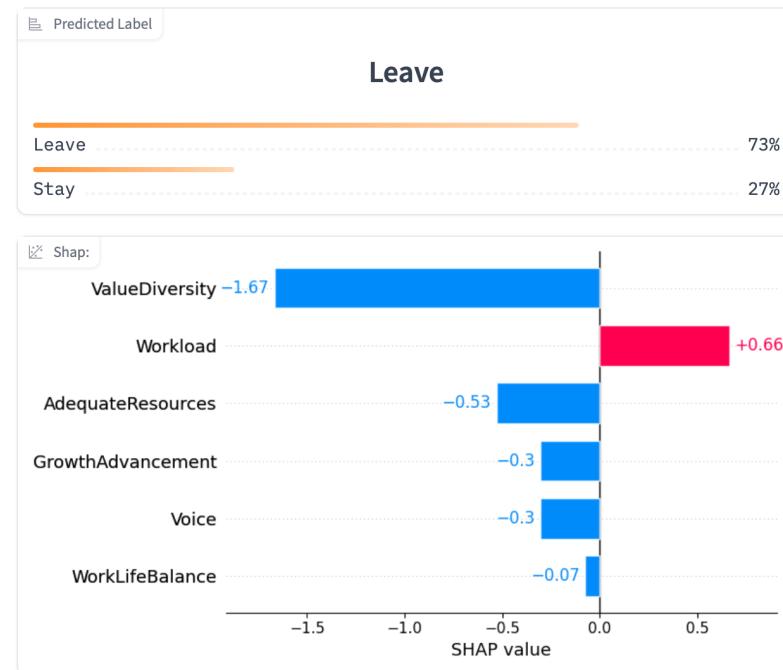
Analyze



If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve? (Workload)

ValueDiversity Score	4
AdequateResources Score	4
Voice Score	4
GrowthAdvancement Score	4
Workload Score	4.5
WorkLifeBalance Score	4

Analyze



If we can only improve one factor, which factor should we improve? (WorkLifeBalance)

ValueDiversity Score

AdequateResources Score

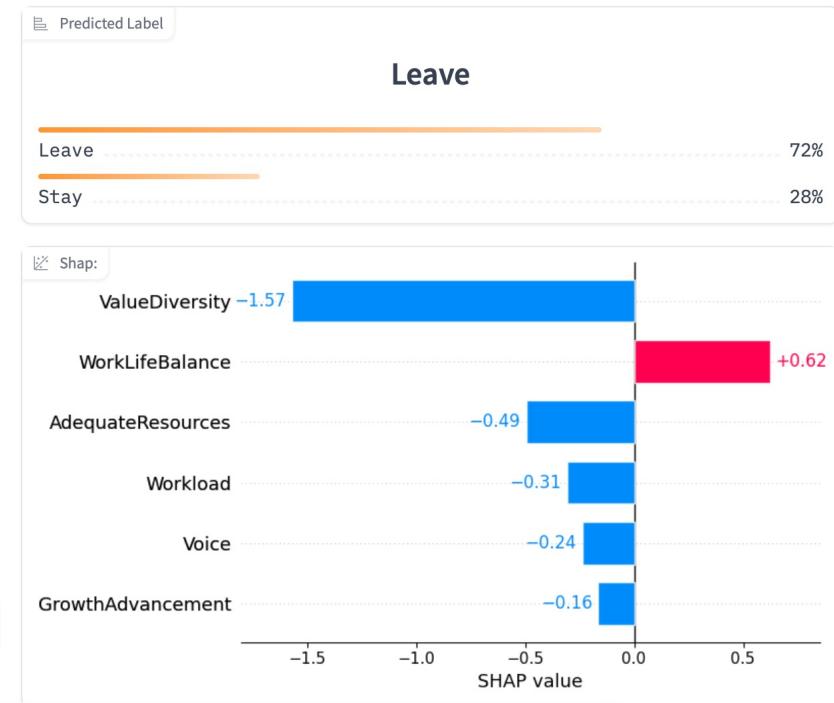
Voice Score

GrowthAdvancement Score

Workload Score

WorkLifeBalance Score

Analyze



Demos and Tutorials

- https://huggingface.co/spaces/UVA-MSBA/Employee_Turnover_Ex
- <https://huggingface.co/spaces/gradio/xgboost-income-prediction-with-explainability>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RiCQzBluTxU>
- <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=eE7CamOE-PA>
- <https://huggingface.co/spaces/paragon-analytics/ResText>
- <https://huggingface.co/spaces/paragon-analytics/Persuade>



