Command Line for Data Filtering Exercises

Before you begin, copy "Oxy.counts.tsv" from "penelopeprime" to your home directory and then open Terminal. Alternatively, you can download the example file from:

https://funcgen2022.buschlab.org/downloads/Oxy.counts.tsv

- 1. Using the awk and wc commands (and a pipe), find out how many genes are significantly differentially expressed (i.e. adjusted p-value < 0.05).
- 2. Using the cut command, make a new file that just contains the Ensembl ID, the adjusted p-value, the log₂ fold change and the gene name and description.
- 3. Search for all the genes whose name begins with "si:". How many are there?
- 4. How many genes have a biotype of "protein coding"?
- 5. Using just the awk command, make a new file that contains the Ensembl ID, gene name, chromosome and strand (in that order) for all the genes on the reverse strand.
- 6. Use the man command to find out about the more command. What option do you need to use with more to see line numbers in the Oxy.counts.tsv file?
- 7. Use the sort command to order the file by chromosome. Does the order of the non-numeric "chromosomes" make sense? Try using the -V option of sort, instead of -g. Is the order now better? (The -V option is technically for sorting version numbers, but it's also really useful for sorting chromosome names!)
- 8. How many genes are between 10,000,000 bp and 20,000,000 bp on chromosome 1?