Data Analysis - Ames House Prices

Random85

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Introduction:

In this study we will attempt to find the best model to predict Housing Prices in Ames Iowa. Our group has a potential home buyer, and we would like to create a model to help predict home prices, and determine which attributes most contribute to housing prices.

This data set was acquired from Kraggle. It has 79 predictors describing 2,930 houses that were sold in Ames, Iowa between 2006-2010. The SalePrice column is the amount the house sold for and will be our response variable.

We will attempt to elimate collinearity between predictors, build multiple models, and use various evaluators such as RMSE and Adjusted R² to determine the model with the best prediction ability.

While prediction is the main goal, we will also aim to minimize collinearity to gain insight on which predictors have large impact on the price of homes.

The Dataset

```
library(faraway)
library(dplyr)
library(psych)
library(corrplot)
library(ggplot2)
library(corrplot)
library(lares)
library(reshape2)
library(reshape2)
library(scales)
library(Hmisc)
housing_data = read.csv("dataset/AmesHousing.csv")
nrow(housing_data)
## [1] 2930
```

[1] 82

ncol(housing_data)

```
# Coercing categorical predictors into factor variables
housing data[is.na(housing data)] = 1
for (i in 1:ncol(housing_data)) {
  if (typeof(housing_data[, i]) == "character") {
    if (length(unique(housing_data[, i])) >= 2) {
      housing_data[, i] = as.factor(housing_data[, i])
   }
 }
}
housing_data$Yr.Sold = as.factor(housing_data$Yr.Sold)
str(housing_data)
## 'data.frame':
                    2930 obs. of 82 variables:
   $ Order
                     : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ PID
                     : int 526301100 526350040 526351010 526353030 527105010 527105030 527127150 52714
                     : int 20 20 20 20 60 60 120 120 120 60 ...
## $ MS.SubClass
## $ MS.Zoning
                     : Factor w/ 7 levels "A (agr)", "C (all)", ...: 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 ...
                     : num 141 80 81 93 74 78 41 43 39 60 ...
## $ Lot.Frontage
## $ Lot.Area
                     : int 31770 11622 14267 11160 13830 9978 4920 5005 5389 7500 ...
## $ Street
                     : Factor w/ 2 levels "Grvl", "Pave": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "1", "Grvl", "Pave": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Alley
                     : Factor w/ 4 levels "IR1", "IR2", "IR3", ...: 1 4 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 4 ...
## $ Lot.Shape
## $ Land.Contour
                     : Factor w/ 4 levels "Bnk", "HLS", "Low", ...: 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 2 4 4 ...
## $ Utilities
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "AllPub", "NoSeWa", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Lot.Config
                     : Factor w/ 5 levels "Corner", "CulDSac",..: 1 5 1 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
## $ Land.Slope
                     : Factor w/ 3 levels "Gtl", "Mod", "Sev": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Neighborhood
                     : Factor w/ 28 levels "Blmngtn", "Blueste", ...: 16 16 16 16 9 9 25 25 25 9 ...
                     : Factor w/ 9 levels "Artery", "Feedr", ...: 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Condition.1
                     : Factor w/ 8 levels "Artery", "Feedr", ...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Condition.2
                     : Factor w/ 5 levels "1Fam", "2fmCon", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 5 5 5 1 ....
## $ Bldg.Type
## $ House.Style
                     : Factor w/ 8 levels "1.5Fin", "1.5Unf", ...: 3 3 3 3 6 6 3 3 3 6 ...
## $ Overall.Qual
                     : int 6567568887 ...
   $ Overall.Cond
                     : int 5665565555...
##
## $ Year.Built
                     : int 1960 1961 1958 1968 1997 1998 2001 1992 1995 1999 ...
## $ Year.Remod.Add : int 1960 1961 1958 1968 1998 1998 2001 1992 1996 1999 ...
## $ Roof.Style
                     : Factor w/ 6 levels "Flat", "Gable", ...: 4 2 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
                     : Factor w/ 8 levels "ClyTile", "CompShg",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Roof.Matl
## $ Exterior.1st
                     : Factor w/ 16 levels "AsbShng", "AsphShn", ...: 4 14 15 4 14 14 6 7 6 14 ...
## $ Exterior.2nd
                     : Factor w/ 17 levels "AsbShng", "AsphShn", ...: 11 15 16 4 15 15 6 7 6 15 ...
                     : Factor w/ 6 levels "", "BrkCmn", "BrkFace", ...: 6 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
##
   $ Mas.Vnr.Type
## $ Mas.Vnr.Area
                     : num 112 0 108 0 0 20 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ Exter.Qual
                     : Factor w/ 4 levels "Ex", "Fa", "Gd", ...: 4 4 4 3 4 4 3 3 3 4 ...
## $ Exter.Cond
                     : Factor w/ 5 levels "Ex", "Fa", "Gd", ...: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
## $ Foundation
                     : Factor w/ 6 levels "BrkTil", "CBlock", ...: 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Bsmt.Qual
                     : Factor w/ 7 levels "","1","Ex","Fa",...: 7 7 7 7 5 7 5 5 5 7 ...
                     : Factor w/ 7 levels "","1","Ex","Fa",...: 5 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 ...
## $ Bsmt.Cond
## $ Bsmt.Exposure : Factor w/ 6 levels "","1","Av","Gd",..: 4 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 ...
## $ BsmtFin.Type.1 : Factor w/ 8 levels "","1","ALQ","BLQ",...: 4 7 3 3 5 5 5 3 5 8 ...
```

```
$ BsmtFin.SF.1 : num 639 468 923 1065 791 ...
## $ BsmtFin.Type.2 : Factor w/ 8 levels "","1","ALQ","BLQ",..: 8 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 ...
## $ BsmtFin.SF.2 : num 0 144 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
                    : num 441 270 406 1045 137 ...
## $ Bsmt.Unf.SF
   $ Total.Bsmt.SF : num 1080 882 1329 2110 928 ...
                   : Factor w/ 6 levels "Floor", "GasA",...: 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Heating
                   : Factor w/ 5 levels "Ex", "Fa", "Gd", ...: 2 5 5 1 3 1 1 1 1 3 ...
  $ Heating.QC
                    : Factor w/ 2 levels "N", "Y": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Central.Air
##
   $ Electrical
                    : Factor w/ 6 levels "", "FuseA", "FuseF", ...: 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 ...
                    : int 1656 896 1329 2110 928 926 1338 1280 1616 1028 ...
## $ X1st.Flr.SF
## $ X2nd.Flr.SF
                    : int 0 0 0 0 701 678 0 0 0 776 ...
## $ Low.Qual.Fin.SF: int 0000000000...
   $ Gr.Liv.Area
                  : int 1656 896 1329 2110 1629 1604 1338 1280 1616 1804 ...
## $ Bsmt.Full.Bath : num 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 0 ...
## $ Bsmt.Half.Bath : num 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ Full.Bath
                   : int
                          1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 . . .
## $ Half.Bath
                    : int 0011110001...
## $ Bedroom.AbvGr : int 3 2 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 3 ...
## $ Kitchen.AbvGr : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Kitchen.Qual
                   : Factor w/ 5 levels "Ex", "Fa", "Gd", ...: 5 5 3 1 5 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ TotRms.AbvGrd : int 7 5 6 8 6 7 6 5 5 7 ...
## $ Functional
                   : Factor w/ 8 levels "Maj1", "Maj2", ...: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 ...
## $ Fireplaces
                    : int 2002110011...
                   : Factor w/ 6 levels "1", "Ex", "Fa", ...: 4 1 1 6 6 4 1 1 6 6 ...
##
   $ Fireplace.Qu
                    : Factor w/ 7 levels "1", "2Types", "Attchd", ...: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Garage.Type
## $ Garage.Yr.Blt : num 1960 1961 1958 1968 1997 ...
## $ Garage.Finish : Factor w/ 5 levels "","1","Fin","RFn",..: 3 5 5 3 3 3 3 4 4 3 ...
## $ Garage.Cars
                   : num 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Garage.Area
                   : num 528 730 312 522 482 470 582 506 608 442 ...
                    : Factor w/ 7 levels "","1","Ex","Fa",...: 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 ...
## $ Garage.Qual
                    : Factor w/ 7 levels "","1","Ex","Fa",..: 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 ...
##
   $ Garage.Cond
## $ Paved.Drive
                    : Factor w/ 3 levels "N", "P", "Y": 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ Wood.Deck.SF
                    : int 210 140 393 0 212 360 0 0 237 140 ...
## $ Open.Porch.SF : int 62 0 36 0 34 36 0 82 152 60 ...
## $ Enclosed.Porch : int 0 0 0 0 0 170 0 0 0 ...
## $ X3Ssn.Porch : int 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ Screen.Porch : int 0 120 0 0 0 0 144 0 0 ...
## $ Pool.Area
                    : int 0000000000...
## $ Pool.QC
                    : Factor w/ 5 levels "1", "Ex", "Fa", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                    : Factor w/ 5 levels "1", "GdPrv", "GdWo",..: 1 4 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Fence
## $ Misc.Feature : Factor w/ 6 levels "1", "Elev", "Gar2", ..: 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                    : int 0 0 12500 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 ...
## $ Misc.Val
                    : int 5664364136...
   $ Mo.Sold
                    : Factor w/ 5 levels "2006", "2007", ...: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
## $ Yr.Sold
## $ Sale.Type
                    : Factor w/ 10 levels "COD", "Con", "ConLD", ...: 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 ...
## $ Sale.Condition : Factor w/ 6 levels "Abnorml", "AdjLand", ..: 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 ...
                    : int 215000 105000 172000 244000 189900 195500 213500 191500 236500 189000 ...
   $ SalePrice
```

First few examples:

```
housing_data$SalePrice[1:10]
```

[1] 215000 105000 172000 244000 189900 195500 213500 191500 236500 189000

```
housing_data$Lot.Area[1:10]

## [1] 31770 11622 14267 11160 13830 9978 4920 5005 5389 7500

housing_data$Utilities[1:10]
```

[1] AllPub Al

Dropping some of the columns that are not useful as a predictor for sale price.

```
# Dropping the order and PID, looks like this is just for record keeping
housing_data = subset(housing_data, select = -c(Order, PID))

# Removing lot fraontage area, since we have lot area. Frontage is measurement of the house start to th
housing_data = subset(housing_data, select = -c(Lot.Frontage))

# Removing alley because we have street data
housing_data = subset(housing_data, select = -c(Alley))

# removing one condition column and exterior
housing_data = subset(housing_data, select = -c(Condition.2, Exterior.2nd))

# updating NA's for some numeric variables to 0 where it make sense for calculation purpose
# housing_data$Garage.Area = ifelse(is.na(housing_data$Garage.Area), 0, housing_data$Garage.Area)
# housing_data$Fence = ifelse(is.na(housing_data$Fence), 0, housing_data$Fence)
```

Location of the house could play a big role in house price, but for the dataset that is used, it has total 28 neighbors as follow:

```
length(unique(housing_data[, "Neighborhood"]))
```

[1] 28

We don't need this big list of dummy variable, so creating new variable as location based on some important factor

```
# first converting the some exterior variables to numeric and then using it:
levels(housing_data[,"Exter.Cond"])
```

```
## [1] "Ex" "Fa" "Gd" "Po" "TA"
```

```
levels(housing_data[,"Exter.Qual"])
## [1] "Ex" "Fa" "Gd" "TA"
levels(housing_data[,"Functional"])
## [1] "Maj1" "Maj2" "Min1" "Min2" "Mod" "Sal" "Sev" "Typ"
housing_data$Exter.Cond.Num = 5 - as.numeric(housing_data[, "Exter.Cond"])
housing_data$Exter.Qual.Num = 4 - as.numeric(housing_data[, "Exter.Qual"])
housing_data$Functional.Num = ifelse(housing_data[,"Functional"] == "Maj1", 8,
                                     ifelse(housing_data[,"Functional"] == "Maj2", 7,
                                            ifelse(housing_data[,"Functional"] == "Min1", 6,
                                                   ifelse(housing_data[,"Functional"] == "Min2", 5,
                                                          ifelse(housing_data[,"Functional"] == "Mod",
                                                                 ifelse(housing_data[,"Functional"] ==
                                                                        ifelse(housing_data[,"Functiona
                                                                               ifelse(housing_data[,"Fu
housing data$Location = (housing data[,"Overall.Qual"] / mean(housing data[,"Overall.Qual"])) +
                        (housing_data[,"Overall.Cond"] / mean(housing_data[,"Overall.Cond"])) +
                        (housing_data[,"Exter.Cond.Num"] / mean(housing_data[,"Exter.Cond.Num"])) +
                        (housing_data[,"Exter.Qual.Num"] / mean(housing_data[,"Exter.Qual.Num"])) +
                        (housing_data[,"Functional.Num"] / mean(housing_data[,"Functional.Num"]))
summary(housing_data[,"Location"])
##
     Min. 1st Qu. Median
                             Mean 3rd Qu.
                                              Max.
##
     1.631
             2.846
                     3.613
                             5.000
                                     5.281 24.363
```

Converting ranked columns from factor to numeric

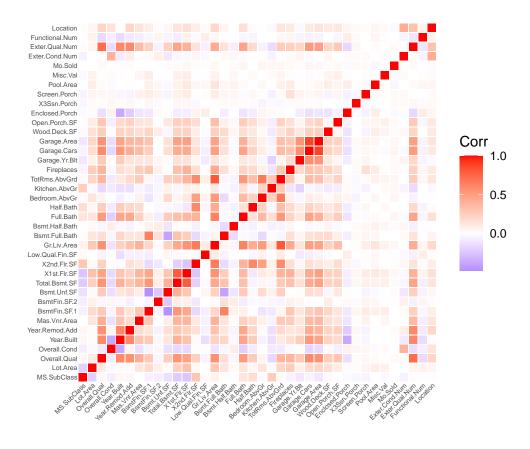
```
#Function to convert Qual/Cond values into a numeric scale
convert_rank= function(col) {
col=replace(col,col=="Ex",values=5)
col=replace(col,col=="Gd",values=4 )
col=replace(col,col=="TA",values=3 )
col=replace(col,col=="Fa",values=2 )
col=replace(col,col=="Po",values=1 )
col=replace(col,col=="",values=0)
as.numeric(col)
}
#Create Numeric Columns for the rank
#Convert Bsmt Columns
#housinq_data$Bsmt.Qual.Num=convert_rank(as.character(housinq_data$Bsmt.Qual))
\#housing\_data\$Bsmt.Cond.Num=convert\_rank(as.character(housing\_data\$Bsmt.Cond))
#Convert Garage Columns
#housing_data$Garage.Cond.Num=convert_rank(as.character(housing_data$Garage.Cond))
```

```
#housing_data$Garage.Qual.Num=convert_rank(as.character(housing_data$Garage.Qual))
#Convert Exterior Columns
housing_data$Exter.Cond.Num=convert_rank(as.character(housing_data$Exter.Cond))
housing_data$Exter.Qual.Num=convert_rank(as.character(housing_data$Exter.Qual))
#Test equality after rank conversion
Ex=housing_data$Exter.Cond=="Gd"
test=housing_data$Exter.Cond.Num==4
#all.equal(Ex, test)

#Now that data cleaning is done, we split Test and Train data
set.seed(720)
ames_trn_idx = sample(nrow(housing_data), size = trunc(0.80 * nrow(housing_data)))
ames_trn_data = housing_data[ames_trn_idx, ]
ames_tst_data = housing_data[-ames_trn_idx, ]
View(housing_data)
```

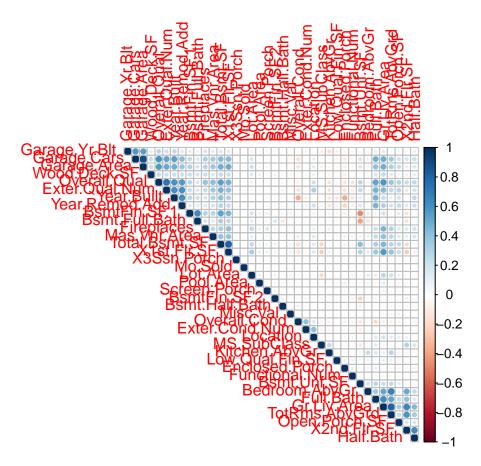
Collinearity and correlation analysis

```
# Subsetting all the numeric elements of the dataset for collinearity and correlation analysis:
n_idxs = unlist(lapply(housing_data, is.numeric))
all_numeric_housing_data = housing_data[, n_idxs]
numeric_housing_data = subset(all_numeric_housing_data, select = -c(SalePrice))
#str(numeric_housing_data)
# MUST specify use = "complete.obs" argument to ignore NA's in dataset
corrs = round(cor(numeric_housing_data, use="complete.obs"), 2)
# some possible correlation plots?
#corrplot(corrs, method="number")
#ggcorrplot(corrs, lab_size = 0.1)
#corrs
ggplot(melt(corrs), aes(Var1, Var2, fill=value)) +
  geom_tile(height=0.9, width=0.9) +
  scale_fill_gradient2(low="blue", mid="white", high="red") +
  theme minimal() +
  coord_equal() +
  labs(x="",y="",fill="Corr") +
  theme(axis.text.x=element_text(size=5, angle=45, vjust=1, hjust=1,
                                 margin=margin(-3,0,0,0)),
       axis.text.y=element_text(size=5, margin=margin(0,-3,0,0)),
       panel.grid.major=element blank())
```



Taking a closer look at some of the most correlated predictors:

```
res = rcorr(as.matrix(numeric_housing_data));
corrplot(res$r, type="upper", order="hclust", sig.level = 0.5, insig = "blank");
```



```
#cor.plot(numeric_housing_data)
# pairs(numeric_housing_data, col = "dodgerblue")
```

While some of these high correlation measures are to be expected, such as house year built along garage year built, we can also see some non-trivial patterns start to emerge from the more continuous numeric predictors.

Models (VP)

```
#Functions to evaluate models
library(lmtest)

get_bp_decision = function(model, alpha) {
  decide = unname(bptest(model)$p.value < alpha)
  ifelse(decide, "Reject", "Fail to Reject")
}

get_sw_decision = function(model, alpha) {
  decide = unname(shapiro.test(resid(model))$p.value < alpha)
  ifelse(decide, "Reject", "Fail to Reject")
}

get_num_params = function(model) {</pre>
```

```
length(coef(model))
}
get_loocv_rmse = function(model) {
  sqrt(mean((resid(model) / (1 - hatvalues(model))) ^ 2,na.rm=TRUE))
get_adj_r2 = function(model) {
  summary(model)$adj.r.squared
compute_rmse = function(model) {
  sqrt(mean(resid(model)^2))
get_avg_per_error = function(model,newdata=ames_tst_data) {
  predicted = predict(model, newdata = newdata)
  n = nrow(newdata)
  error = abs(newdata$SalePrice - predicted)
  avg_per_error = ((1 / n) * (sum(error / predicted))) * 100
  avg_per_error
}
pred_graph= function(model,main="Predicted Vs. Actual") {
  predicted = predict(model, newdata = ames_tst_data)
  plot(
  ames_tst_data$SalePrice,
  predicted,
  ylab = "Predicted Price ($)",
  xlab = "Actual Price ($)",
  col = "blue",
  main = main
  abline(a = 0, b = 1, lwd = 2)
}
```

Make sure that location is corelated to saleprice and positive:

It has weak but a positive relation of with saleprice.

Taking most relevant predictors that are logically be useful to build saleprice model with existing knowledge of real estate.

```
# this model removes some of the qualities variable because it has some condition of those variables pr
# Such as, keeping Bsmt.Cond and removing Bsmt.Qual (because both factor has almost same levels)

saleprice_full_model_selected = lm(SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + Lot.Area + Street + Lot.Shape + Land.Contour

saleprice_additive_model = lm(SalePrice ~ ., data = ames_trn_data)

saleprice_selected_backward_aic = step(saleprice_full_model_selected, direction = "backward", trace = 0

# check the number of predictors in the model
length(coef(saleprice_full_model_selected)) - 1

## [1] 112

length(coef(saleprice_selected_backward_aic)) - 1
```

Forward BIC Model - Full Additive Scope

[1] 83

```
#Create BIC Forward model with Scope as full Additive
saleprice_additive_model = lm(SalePrice ~ ., data = ames_trn_data)
form_add=update(formula(saleprice_additive_model),.~.-Misc.Feature)
start=lm(SalePrice ~ 1,data=ames_trn_data)
n=nrow(ames_trn_data)
bic_for_mod=step(start,direction = "forward",scope = form_add ,k=log(n),trace=0)
```

Taking most relevant predictors that are logically be useful to build saleprice model with existing knowledge of real estate.

```
# this model removes some of the qualities variable because it has some condition of those variables pr
# Such as, keeping Bsmt.Cond and removing Bsmt.Qual (because both factor has almost same levels)
saleprice_full_model_selected = lm(SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + Lot.Area + Street + Lot.Shape + Land.Contour
saleprice_selected_backward_aic = step(saleprice_full_model_selected, direction = "backward", trace = 0
# check the number of predictors in the model
length(coef(saleprice_full_model_selected)) - 1
## [1] 112

length(coef(saleprice_selected_backward_aic)) - 1
## [1] 83
```

Testing the built model

```
get_loccv_rmse(saleprice_additive_model)

## [1] Inf

get_loccv_rmse(saleprice_full_model_selected)

## [1] Inf

get_loccv_rmse(saleprice_selected_backward_aic)

## [1] Inf

Even though removing so many variables, the model is still very huge, so, removing some of the variables that are may be corelated. Also, removing the variables that seems related based
```

Even though removing so many variables, the model is still very huge, so, removing some of the variables that are may be corelated. Also, removing the variables that seems related based on the common real estate knowledge.

```
saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced = lm(SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + Lot.Area + Street + Lot.Shape + Util
saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic = step(saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced, direction = "back
summary(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic)
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + Lot.Area + Street + Lot.Shape +
##
      Utilities + Land.Slope + House.Style + Year.Built + Foundation +
      Location + Central.Air + Gr.Liv.Area + Bedroom.AbvGr + Kitchen.AbvGr +
##
##
      Kitchen.Qual + TotRms.AbvGrd + Fireplaces + Garage.Area +
      Wood.Deck.SF + Pool.Area + Misc.Val, data = ames_trn_data)
##
##
## Residuals:
      Min
                               3Q
##
               1Q Median
                                      Max
## -421605 -17180
                   -1053
                            14176
                                   243038
##
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                    -9.694e+05 9.261e+04 -10.467 < 2e-16 ***
                     6.768e+04 2.603e+04 2.600 0.009383 **
## MS.ZoningC (all)
## MS.ZoningFV
                     8.741e+04 2.500e+04 3.496 0.000481 ***
## MS.ZoningI (all)
                     1.349e+05 5.641e+04 2.391 0.016884 *
## MS.ZoningRH
                     7.669e+04 2.579e+04
                                            2.973 0.002979 **
## MS.ZoningRL
                     8.386e+04
                                2.472e+04 3.392 0.000704 ***
## MS.ZoningRM
                     7.832e+04 2.482e+04 3.155 0.001624 **
## Lot.Area
                     4.988e-01 1.407e-01 3.544 0.000403 ***
## StreetPave
                     2.716e+04 1.306e+04 2.080 0.037669 *
## Lot.ShapeIR2
                     3.120e+03 4.707e+03 0.663 0.507509
## Lot.ShapeIR3
                    -4.821e+04 9.434e+03 -5.110 3.49e-07 ***
## Lot.ShapeReg
                    -4.875e+03 1.651e+03 -2.953 0.003184 **
                    -2.717e+04 3.459e+04 -0.785 0.432301
## UtilitiesNoSeWa
```

```
## UtilitiesNoSewr
                    -6.830e+04 3.452e+04 -1.978 0.048014 *
                    1.223e+04 3.616e+03 3.381 0.000734 ***
## Land.SlopeMod
## Land.SlopeSev
                    -1.079e+04 1.215e+04 -0.888 0.374795
## House.Style1.5Unf 2.419e+04 8.506e+03
                                           2.843 0.004503 **
## House.Style1Story 1.529e+04
                               2.808e+03
                                          5.444 5.75e-08 ***
## House.Style2.5Fin -2.182e+04 1.461e+04 -1.493 0.135610
## House.Style2.5Unf 1.829e+04 9.071e+03
                                         2.016 0.043891 *
## House.Style2Story -4.223e+03
                               2.809e+03 -1.503 0.132860
## House.StyleSFoyer 1.586e+04
                               5.190e+03
                                           3.056 0.002268 **
## House.StyleSLvl
                     2.428e+03
                               4.369e+03 0.556 0.578539
## Year.Built
                     4.945e+02 4.499e+01 10.990 < 2e-16 ***
## FoundationCBlock -7.432e+03
                               2.981e+03 -2.493 0.012738 *
## FoundationPConc
                    4.393e+03
                               3.521e+03 1.248 0.212278
## FoundationSlab
                   -3.177e+04 6.050e+03 -5.252 1.65e-07 ***
## FoundationStone
                    2.067e+04
                               1.146e+04
                                         1.803 0.071454 .
## FoundationWood
                    -1.340e+04
                               1.589e+04 -0.843 0.399075
## Location
                    1.447e+03
                               2.476e+02 5.842 5.90e-09 ***
## Central.AirY
                   5.839e+03 3.401e+03
                                         1.717 0.086146 .
                    7.258e+01 3.163e+00 22.947 < 2e-16 ***
## Gr.Liv.Area
## Bedroom.AbvGr
                    -4.733e+03 1.302e+03 -3.635 0.000284 ***
## Kitchen.AbvGr
                   -2.437e+04 3.837e+03 -6.351 2.57e-10 ***
## Kitchen.QualFa
                   -7.703e+04 5.821e+03 -13.233 < 2e-16 ***
                    -6.211e+04 3.187e+03 -19.492 < 2e-16 ***
## Kitchen.QualGd
## Kitchen.QualPo
                    -5.865e+04 3.482e+04 -1.685 0.092215 .
## Kitchen.QualTA
                    -7.438e+04 3.654e+03 -20.355 < 2e-16 ***
## TotRms.AbvGrd
                    1.470e+03 9.458e+02
                                           1.555 0.120144
## Fireplaces
                    1.076e+04 1.329e+03
                                         8.096 9.13e-16 ***
## Garage.Area
                    4.683e+01 4.433e+00 10.564 < 2e-16 ***
## Wood.Deck.SF
                                          3.519 0.000442 ***
                    2.113e+01 6.004e+00
## Pool.Area
                    -1.013e+02 2.015e+01 -5.029 5.32e-07 ***
## Misc.Val
                    -8.072e+00 1.153e+00 -6.998 3.38e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 34320 on 2300 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8127, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8092
## F-statistic: 232.1 on 43 and 2300 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
# temp
length(coef(saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced)) - 1
## [1] 65
length(coef(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic)) - 1
## [1] 43
Testing the built model
```

get_loocv_rmse(saleprice_additive_model)

```
## [1] Inf
get_loocv_rmse(saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced)
## [1] Inf
get_loocv_rmse(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic)
## [1] Inf
anova(saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced, saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic)
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + Lot.Area + Street + Lot.Shape + Utilities +
##
       Land.Slope + House.Style + Year.Built + Foundation + Location +
##
       Heating + Central.Air + Electrical + Gr.Liv.Area + Full.Bath +
##
       Bedroom.AbvGr + Kitchen.AbvGr + Kitchen.Qual + TotRms.AbvGrd +
       Fireplaces + Garage.Area + Paved.Drive + Wood.Deck.SF + Open.Porch.SF +
##
##
       Pool.Area + Fence + Misc.Val + Yr.Sold
## Model 2: SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + Lot.Area + Street + Lot.Shape + Utilities +
       Land.Slope + House.Style + Year.Built + Foundation + Location +
##
##
       Central.Air + Gr.Liv.Area + Bedroom.AbvGr + Kitchen.AbvGr +
##
       Kitchen.Qual + TotRms.AbvGrd + Fireplaces + Garage.Area +
##
       Wood.Deck.SF + Pool.Area + Misc.Val
##
     Res.Df
                   RSS Df
                             Sum of Sq
                                            F Pr(>F)
## 1
       2278 2.6864e+12
```

Variable transformations

2

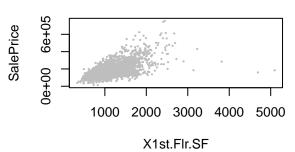
2300 2.7090e+12 -22 -2.2603e+10 0.8712 0.6348

For this section, we'll begin by visualizing the relationships between the house sale prices and some of our predictors. By doing this, we're looking to gain some insight into potential variable transformations we could implement in order to improve the performance of our models.

Sale price vs Lot area

SalePrice SalePrice 0 0000 150000

Sale price vs First floor area



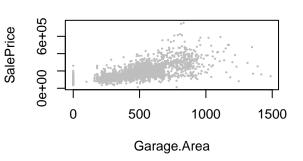
Sale price vs Second floor area

X2nd.Flr.SF

Lot.Area

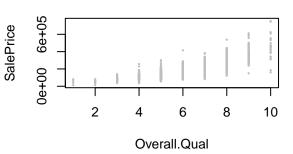
Sale Price of the state of the

Sale price vs Garage area

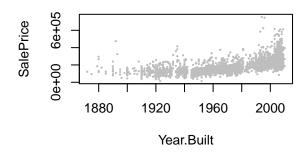


Sale price vs Basement area

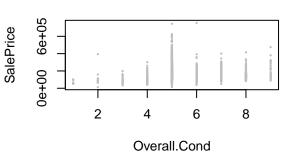
Sale price vs Overall quality



Sale price vs Year built



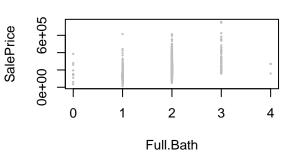
Sale price vs Overall condition



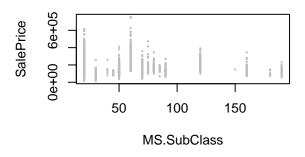
Sale price vs Living area

SalePrice 1000 3000 2000 Gr.Liv.Area

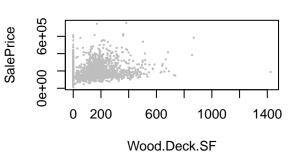
Sale price vs # of full bathrooms



Sale price vs MS Subclass



Sale price vs Deck area



```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))

plot(SalePrice ~ Bsmt.Unf.SF, data = housing_data, col = "grey", pch = 20, cex = 0.3,
    main = "Sale price vs Basement unfinished area")

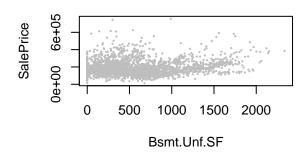
plot(SalePrice ~ BsmtFin.SF.1, data = housing_data, col = "grey", pch = 20, cex = 0.3,
    main = "Sale price vs Basement finished area")

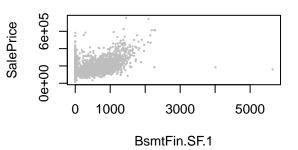
plot(SalePrice ~ Mo.Sold, data = housing_data, col = "grey", pch = 20, cex = 0.3,
    main = "Sale price vs Month sold")

plot(SalePrice ~ TotRms.AbvGrd, data = housing_data, col = "grey", pch = 20, cex = 0.3,
    main = "Sale price vs Total rooms above ground")
```

Sale price vs Basement unfinished are

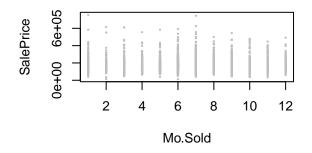
Sale price vs Basement finished area

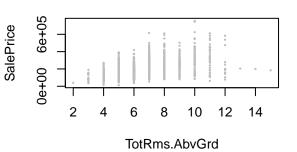




Sale price vs Month sold

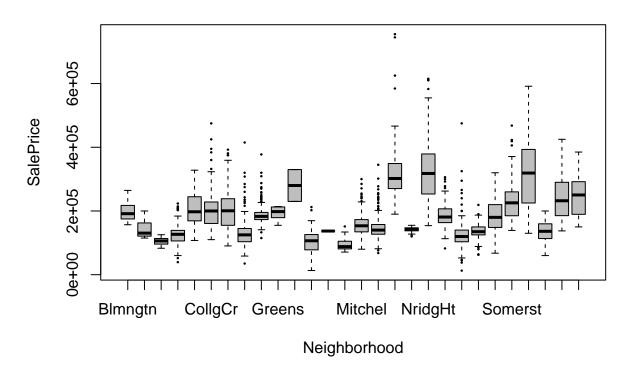
Sale price vs Total rooms above groun





plot(SalePrice ~ Neighborhood, data = housing_data, col = "grey", pch = 20, cex = 0.3,
 main = "Sale price vs Neighborhood")

Sale price vs Neighborhood



```
transformed_model_old = lm(SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + log(Lot.Area) + Street + Lot.Shape + Land.Slope + Ho
transformed_model = lm(SalePrice ~ MS.Zoning + log(Lot.Area) + Street + I(Year.Built^2) + Kitchen.AbvGr
get_loocv_rmse(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic)

## [1] Inf
get_loocv_rmse(transformed_model_old)

## [1] Inf
get_loocv_rmse(transformed_model)

## [1] 30360.39
sqrt(mean((ames_trn_data$SalePrice - fitted(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic)) ^ 2))
```

[1] 33995.86

```
sqrt(mean((ames_trn_data$SalePrice - fitted(transformed_model_old)) ^ 2))
## [1] 29437.04
sqrt(mean((ames_trn_data$SalePrice - fitted(transformed_model)) ^ 2))
## [1] 28706.19
par(mfrow = c(2,2))
plot(fitted(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic), resid(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic), c
     xlab = "Fitted", ylab = "Residuals", main = "Fitted v Residuals BIC")
abline(h = 0, col = "darkorange", lwd = 2)
qqnorm(resid(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic), main = "Q-Q Plot BIC", col = "darkgrey")
qqline(resid(saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_aic), col = "dodgerblue", lwd = 2)
plot(fitted(transformed_model), resid(transformed_model), col = "grey", pch = 20,
     xlab = "Fitted", ylab = "Residuals", main = "Fitted v Residuals transform")
abline(h = 0, col = "darkorange", lwd = 2)
qqnorm(resid(transformed_model), main = "Q-Q Plot transform", col = "darkgrey")
qqline(resid(transformed_model), col = "dodgerblue", lwd = 2)
             Fitted v Residuals BIC
                                                                   Q-Q Plot BIC
                                                 Sample Quantiles
     2e+05
                                                      2e+05
Residuals
     -4e+05
                                                      -4e+05
        0e+00
                  2e+05
                             4e+05
                                        6e+05
                                                             -3
                                                                 -2
                                                                    -1
                                                                          0
                                                                                   2
                                                                                       3
                        Fitted
                                                                 Theoretical Quantiles
          Fitted v Residuals transform
                                                               Q-Q Plot transform
                                                 Sample Quantiles
     -3e+05 2e+05
                                                      2e+05
Residuals
                                                      -3e+05
        0e+00
                   2e+05
                                                             -3
                                                                 -2
                                                                          0
                                                                                   2
                                                                                       3
                              4e+05
```

Theoretical Quantiles

Fitted

After adding some polynomial and logarithmic kernel transformations to applicable predictor variables, we can see some noticeable improvement in both RMSE and LOOCV-RMSE metrics when comparing to the reduced backward-BIC model from earlier.

```
formula(bic_for_mod)
## SalePrice ~ Overall.Qual + Gr.Liv.Area + Neighborhood + Bsmt.Qual +
       BsmtFin.SF.1 + Roof.Matl + MS.SubClass + Bsmt.Exposure +
##
       Kitchen.Qual + Overall.Cond + Garage.Area + Misc.Val + Year.Built +
##
##
       Exter.Qual + Lot.Area + Screen.Porch + Fireplaces + Sale.Condition +
       Functional.Num + Bsmt.Full.Bath + Total.Bsmt.SF + Bldg.Type +
##
##
       Full.Bath + Mas.Vnr.Area + X2nd.Flr.SF
transformed_bic_mod=lm(SalePrice ~ Overall.Qual + Gr.Liv.Area + Neighborhood + Bsmt.Qual +
    BsmtFin.SF.1 + Roof.Matl + MS.SubClass + Bsmt.Exposure +
   Kitchen.Qual + Overall.Cond + I(Garage.Area^2) + sqrt(Misc.Val) + I(Year.Built^2) +
   Exter.Qual + log(Lot.Area) + Screen.Porch + (Fireplaces) + Sale.Condition +
   Functional.Num + Bsmt.Full.Bath + Total.Bsmt.SF + Bldg.Type +
    Full.Bath + Mas.Vnr.Area + X2nd.Flr.SF,data=ames_trn_data)
```

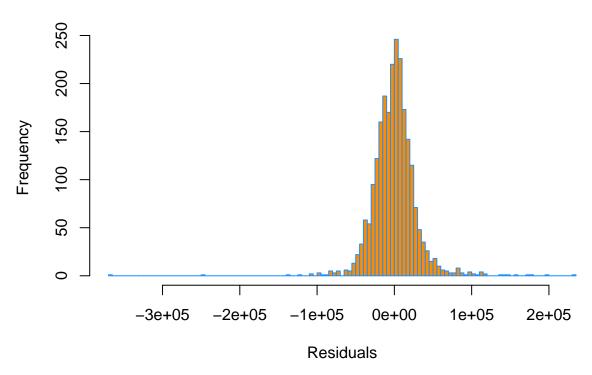
Model Evaluations

```
library(knitr)
models=list(transformed_model,saleprice_full_model_selected,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced,saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_reduced_selected_r
```

Models	RMSE	LOOCV_I	RM SE G_	ERRO R DJ_	_R2 BPT	ESTSW_TEST
transformed_model	28706.19	30360.39	11.72	0.86	Reject	Reject
$saleprice_full_model_selected$	31795.88	Inf	18.34	0.83	Reject	Reject
$saleprice_full_model_selected_reduced$	33853.74	Inf	14	0.81	Reject	Reject
$saleprice_selected_backward_aic$	31964.79	Inf	13.85	0.83	Reject	Reject
saleprice_selected_reduced_backward_a	a i& 3995.86	Inf	13.42	0.81	Reject	Reject
bic_for_mod	24031.77	Inf	9.68	0.9	Reject	Reject
$transformed_bic_mod$	24021.84	Inf	9.51	0.9	Reject	Reject

```
col = "darkorange",
border = "dodgerblue",
breaks = 100)
```

transformed_model



```
shapiro.test(resid(transformed_model))
```

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: resid(transformed_model)
## W = 0.87315, p-value < 2.2e-16

ks.test(resid(transformed_model), "pnorm")

##
## Asymptotic one-sample Kolmogorov-Smirnov test
##
## data: resid(transformed_model)
## D = 0.50128, p-value < 2.2e-16
## alternative hypothesis: two-sided

shapiro.test(rnorm(499, mean=0, sd=1000))</pre>
```

```
##
## Shapiro-Wilk normality test
##
## data: rnorm(499, mean = 0, sd = 1000)
## W = 0.99835, p-value = 0.9218

par(mfrow = c(1,2))
pred_graph(transformed_model,main="Transformed")
pred_graph(transformed_bic_mod,main="Transformed BIC")
```

