

8.8

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

5)  $X \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$   $l(x|\sigma^2) = \log(x|\sigma^2) =$

$$l(\sigma^2) = -\frac{\log \sqrt{2\pi}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} \log \sigma^2 - \frac{x^2}{2\sigma^2}$$

$$l'(x|\sigma^2) = -\frac{1}{2\sigma^2} + \frac{x^2}{2\sigma^4}$$

$$\text{Var}[l'(x|\theta)] = -E[l''(x|\sigma^2)]$$

$$l''(x|\sigma^2) = \frac{1}{2\sigma^4} - \frac{x^2}{2(\sigma^2)^3}$$

$$I(\sigma^2) = -E_{\sigma^2}[l''(x|\sigma^2)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2(\sigma^2)^2} + \frac{1}{(\sigma^2)^3} E[x^2]$$

$\hookrightarrow \text{Var}(X) = E(X)^2$

$$\frac{1}{2\sigma^4} + \frac{\sigma^2}{\cancel{\sigma^6} \sigma^4} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2\sigma^4}} \quad \hookrightarrow \sigma^2 \hookrightarrow 0$$

$$7) \quad x_1, x_2, \dots, x_m \sim \text{Bu}(p)$$

$\bar{x}_m$  é suficiente de  $p$

$$m(\theta) = E(\bar{X}_n) = \theta$$

$$m'(\theta) = 1$$

$$\text{Var}(\bar{x}_n) = \frac{[m'(\theta)]^2}{m I(\theta)}$$

$$m I(\theta) = \frac{n}{\theta(1-\theta)}$$

$$\text{Var}(x_i)$$

$$= \frac{\theta(1-\theta)}{n}$$

$$\frac{\theta(1-\theta)}{n} = \frac{1}{n} (\theta(1-\theta))$$

$$10) \quad f(x|\mu, \sigma^2) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$T = \log G$

$$x_1, \dots, x_n \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$$

$$E_\theta[T] = \log \sigma = m(\sigma) \quad m'(\sigma) = \sigma^{-1}$$

$$\lambda(x|\sigma) = \log \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} e^{-\frac{x^2}{2\sigma^2}} \right)$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \frac{x^2}{\sigma^2} - \frac{1}{2} \left[ \log 2\pi + \log \sigma^2 \right]$$

$$\lambda'(x|\sigma) = -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{-x^2 + 2}{\sigma^3} \right]$$

$$\geq \frac{1}{2m}$$

$$\lambda''(x|\sigma) = -\frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{6x^2}{\sigma^4} - \frac{2}{\sigma^2} \right]$$

$$E[\lambda''(x|\sigma)] = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{6}{\sigma^4} E[x^2] - \frac{2}{\sigma^2} \right] = \frac{2}{\sigma^2}$$