

Polynomial Division

Example Problems

April 30, 2020

Problem 1: Dividing Polynomials by x with Remainders

Divide the polynomial by x and express your answer in the form $p(x) + k/x$ where p is a polynomial and k is an integer

$$\frac{x^4 + x^2 + 5}{x}$$

Problem 1: Dividing Polynomials by x with Remainders

Divide the polynomial by x and express your answer in the form $p(x) + k/x$ where p is a polynomial and k is an integer

$$\frac{x^4 + x^2 + 5}{x} = \frac{x^4}{x} + \frac{x^2}{x} + \frac{5}{x}$$

Problem 1: Dividing Polynomials by x with Remainders

Divide the polynomial by x and express your answer in the form $p(x) + k/x$ where p is a polynomial and k is an integer

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{x^4}{x} + \frac{x^2}{x} + \frac{5}{x} \\ = \\ x^3 + x + \frac{x}{5} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2: Dividing Quadratics by Linear Expressions with Remainders

Divide the polynomial by the linear expression and express your answer in the form

$$\sqrt{16}$$
$$=$$
$$4$$

Problem 2: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-1/4} \times (64)^{-1/4}$$

Problem 2: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-1/4} \times (64)^{-1/4} \\ = \\ \left(\frac{64}{4}\right)^{-1/4} \end{aligned}$$

Problem 2: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\begin{aligned}(16)^{-1/4} \\ = \\ \frac{1}{(16)^{1/4}}\end{aligned}$$

Problem 2: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\frac{1}{(16)^{1/4}}$$
$$=$$
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

Problem 3: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\frac{(4)^{1/5}}{\sqrt[5]{128}}$$

Problem 3: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\frac{(4)^{1/5}}{\sqrt[5]{128}} = \sqrt[5]{\frac{4}{128}}$$

Problem 3: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\sqrt[5]{\frac{4}{128}} = \sqrt[5]{\frac{1}{32}}$$

Problem 3:Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\sqrt[5]{\frac{1}{32}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{32}}$$

Problem 3: Evaluating Radical Expressions

Simplify the radical expression.

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[5]{32}}$$
$$=$$
$$\frac{1}{2}$$

Congrats!

I hope you learned something and enjoyed this video!