

## Tasks for exam “Applied Statistics in R”

Add complete answers on all the questions in the items. The report should be performed in .docx or .pdf file. Every point from the list of Tasks should be covered by the code (copies of the code) from statistical program R, the graphs (if needed) and copies of results given by R and with **complete explanations of the results**. The code file in R should be also added as an additional document to the exam report.

1. Descriptive statistics.
  - (a) For a give sample calculate summary statistics (numerical characteristics including mean, variance, standard deviation, median, 0.25-quantile, 0.5-quantile, 0.75-quantile, mode, minimal value, maximal value, skewness, asymmetry).
  - (b) Plot the graph of cumulative distribution function.
  - (c) Plot three histograms with different number of intervals.
  - (d) Plot “box plot” and give interpretation of the result.
2. Statistical goodness-of-fit tests. For a given sample test a hypothesis about normality with confidence level 0.9 using following tests (some of them may need to use “nortest” package):
  - (a) Kolmogorov-Smirnov test,
  - (b) Chi-squared test,
  - (c) Cramer-von Mises test,
  - (d) Anderson-Darling test.

Compare results and give the interpretation.

3. Comparing two or more samples.

For Samples 1 and 2 test the following hypotheses (with conf. level 0.95):

- (a) Test if two means are equal using Student’s t-test (note it is needed to verify that the distribution of both samples is normal).
- (b) Test if two variances are equal using Fisher’s F-test (note it is needed to verify that the distribution of both samples is normal).

- (c) Test if the distributions of two random variables are equal using Kolmogorov-Smirnov test.
- (d) Test if the distributions of two random variables are equal using Wilcoxon test.

Compare results and give the interpretation.

#### 4. Regression analysis.

- (a) For Data 1 construct a model of linear and ridge (or quantile) regression ( $Y \sim X_1 + \dots + X_m$ ). Test if any parameter of the model and the model in general are significant and give the interpretation of the results. Test heteroscedasticity, multicollinearity and autocorrelation of the residuals of the model. If the model is not "good" in your opinion, construct another model with other set of independent parameters.
- (b) For Data 2 construct a model of binary regression (logit and probit). Test if any parameter of the model is significant and give interpretation of the results. Test the fitness of the model using Wald's statistics. Give interpretation of the results. Construct the confusion matrix, find the optimal cutoff probability and plot the ROC curve.

#### 5. Cluster analysis.

- (a) Find an appropriate number of clusters with Sample "Task\_5" using k-means. Give interpretation of the results. Plot the graph of clusters. You can use the cluster analysis with different number of clusters.
- (b) Find an appropriate number of clusters with Sample "Task\_5" using hierarchical clusterization method. Give interpretation of the results. Plot the graph of clusters. You can use the cluster analysis with different number of clusters.