شماره دانشجویی: ۹۹۳۱۰۹۸

تهیه کننده: ابراهیم صدیقی

بخش اول: توضیح فرمت ورودی و خروجی:

```
/usr/bin/python3 /home/lwall/Documents/uni/1402-1403-second-term/Soft test/bonus/code/q1.py
---- Implementation of input domain modeler program ----
   1) Add a Characteristic
   2) Add a Abstract Block
   3) Choose a Mode
   00) Exit
   Enter: 1
   Pls type a characteristic in the following format:
       <name>=<characteristic>
       example:
           A=hair color
   0) back
   Enter: A=hair color
   1) Add a Characteristic
   2) Add a Abstract Block
   3) Choose a Mode
   00) Exit
   Enter: 2
   Pls type a Abstract Block in the following format:
       <characteristic name>=(<block>, <block>, ...)
       example:
           A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)
   0) back
   Enter: A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)
```

همان طور که در تصویر مشخص است. یک رابط کاربری بسیار ساده طراحی شده و همان جا خروجی را به کاربر نشان داده میشود

#### Bcc:

```
from q1 import InputRangeModel
model = InputRangeModel()
model.add_characteristic("A=hair color")
model.add_characteristic("B=major")
model.add_characteristic("C=number")
model.add_block_abstract("A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)")
model.add_block_abstract("B=(cs, swe, ce, math, ist, st)")
model.add_block_abstract("C=(1, 2, 3, 4)")
if model.check_characteristic_and_block():
    model.add_base_choice("base=(black, math, 3)")
    print(model.working_mode_bcc())
```

```
/usr/bin/python3 /home/twalt/Bocuments/uni/1482-1483-second-term/Soft test/bonus/code/q3.py

Generated BCC Test Cases for ('black', 'math', '3');

[('blue', 'math', '3'), ('brown', 'math', '3'), ('yellom', 'math', '3'), ('black', 'cs', '3'), ('black', 'sme', '3'), ('black', 'ce', '3'), ('black', 'ist', '3'), ('black', 'st', '3'), ('black', 'math', '1'), ('black', 'math', '2'), ('black', 'math', '4')]

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```

## Mbcc:

```
from q1 import InputRangeModel
       model = InputRangeModel()
       model.add_characteristic("A=hair color")
       model.add_characteristic("B=major")
       model.add_characteristic("C=number")
       # model.add_characteristic("D=num in text")
       # model.add_characteristic("E=total")
       model.add_block_abstract("A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)")
       model.add_block_abstract("B=(cs, swe, ce, math, ist, st)")
       model.add_block_abstract("C=(1, 2, 3, 4)")
       if model.check_characteristic_and_block():
           model.add_multiple_base_choice("base1=(black, math, 3)")
           model.add_multiple_base_choice("base2=(brown, ce, 2)")
           print(model.working_mode_mbcc())
           # model.working_mode_acoc()
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```

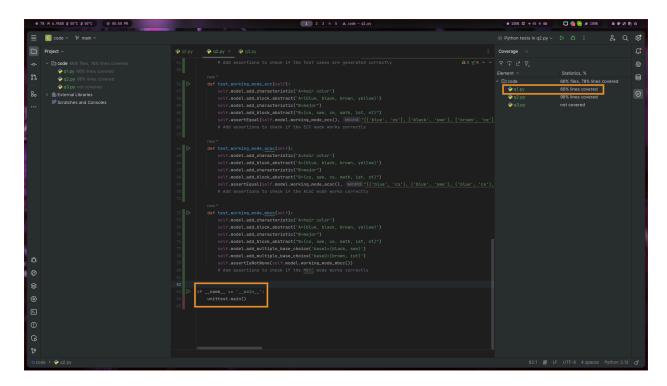
```
from q1 import InputRangeModel
model = InputRangeModel()
model.add_characteristic("A=hair color")
model.add_characteristic("B=major")
model.add_characteristic("C=number")
# model.add_characteristic("E=total")
model.add_block_abstract("A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)")
model.add_block_abstract("B=(cs, swe, ce, math, ist, st)")
model.add_block_abstract("C=(1, 2, 3, 4)")
# model.add_block_abstract("D=(one, two, three)")
# model.add_block_abstract("E=(29, 54)")
# Call different working modes
if model.check_characteristic_and_block():
    # print(model.working_mode_bcc())
    # model.add_multiple_base_choice("base1=(black, math, 3)")
    print(model.working_mode_ecc())
```

```
/usr/bin/python3 /home/lwall/Documents/uni/1402-1403-second-term/Soft test/bonus/code/q3.py
[['blue', 'cs', '1'], ['black', 'swe', '2'], ['brown', 'ce', '3'], ['yellow', 'math', '4'], ['blue', 'ist', '1'], ['black', 'st', '2']]
Total is 6

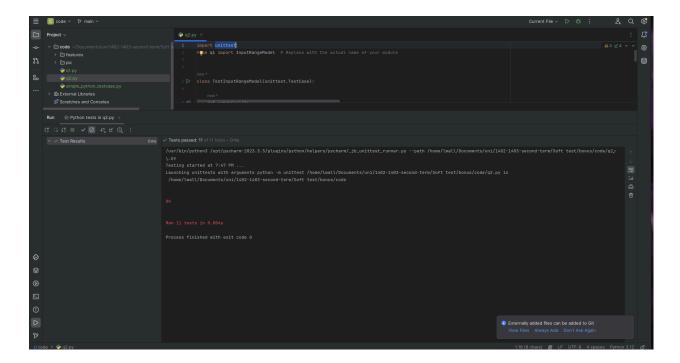
Process finished with exit code 0
```

## بخش دوم:

در این بخش از ما پیاده سازی unit test را میخواهند که با کتابخانه unit test در پایتون قابل پیاده سازی است. همچنین به در این بخش از که بخش اول رسیدیم. coverage ۶۵



# و همچنین عکس تایدد تست هایمان



### بخش سوم:

در این بخش ابتدا برای پایتون کتابخانه behave را نصب کرده تا بتوان از cucumber در زبان پایتون استفاده کرد Scenario, Feature, Given, When, ابن کتابخانه یک فایل یا فایل های اصلی feature. دارد که با استفاده از کلید واژه هایی همچون, feature, سلی اصلی teature, وصل تست کیس های خودمان را تعریف میکنیم. سپس درون فولدری به اسم steps یک یا چند فایل پایتون هست که به فایل feature, است و تسک ها را بیاده سازی میکند

```
2 ≫ Feature: Input Range Modeler
     A♠ a user of the Input Range Modeler program
     I want to add characteristics, abstract blocks, and base choices
     So that I can generate test cases in different working modes
     Given the InputRangeModel is initialized
LO D Scenario: Adding a characteristic
     When I add a characteristic "A=hair color"
     Then the characteristic "A" should be "hair color" in the model
.4 D Scenario: Adding an abstract block
     When I add an abstract block "A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)"
     Then the abstract block "A" should contain "blue, black, brown, yellow"
8 December 18 Scenario: Checking characteristic and block compatibility
     Given I have added a characteristic "A=hair color"
     And I have added an abstract block "A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)"
     When I check characteristic and block compatibility
     Then the result should be True
Scenario: Generating BCC test cases
     And I have added an abstract block "A=(blue, black, brown, yellow)"
     And I have added a base choice "base=(black, math, 3, three)"
     When I generate BCC test cases
     Then I should get a list of test cases with length greater than 0
1 D Scenario: Generating ECC test cases
     Given I have added multiple abstract blocks
     When I generate ECC test cases
     Then I should get a list of test cases that are not None
Given I have added multiple abstract blocks
     When I generate ACoC test cases
     Then I should get a list of all possible combinations from the abstract blocks
1 ≫ Scenario: Generating MBCC test cases
     Given I have added multiple base choices
```

```
from q1 import InputRangeModel
   assert f"Expected: {'hair color'}, Actual: {context.model.characteristics['A']}"
```

همچنین تصویر نهایی تست ها به صورت زیر است

