

```
import serial
import time
from time import process_time
import numpy as np
import pyqtgraph as pg
from pyqtgraph.Qt import QtGui
from google_speech import Speech
import math

# Change the configuration file name
configFileName = 'xwr16xx_7677.cfg'

CLIport = {}
Dataport = {}
byteBuffer = np.zeros(2**15, dtype = 'uint8')
byteBufferLength = 0;

# -----
# Function to configure the serial ports and send the data from
# the configuration file to the radar
def serialConfig(configFileName):

    global CLIport
    global Dataport
    # Open the serial ports for the configuration and the data ports

    # Raspberry pi
    CLIport = serial.Serial('/dev/ttyACM0', 115200)
    Dataport = serial.Serial('/dev/ttyACM1', 921600)

    # Windows
    #CLIport = serial.Serial('COM8', 115200)
    #Dataport = serial.Serial('COM9', 921600)

    # Read the configuration file and send it to the board
    config = [line.rstrip('\r\n') for line in open(configFileName)]
    for i in config:
        CLIport.write((i+'\n').encode())
        print(i)
        time.sleep(0.01)

    return CLIport, Dataport

# -----
# Function to parse the data inside the configuration file
def parseConfigFile(configFileName):
    configParameters = {} # Initialize an empty dictionary to store the
    configuration parameters

    # Read the configuration file and send it to the board
    config = [line.rstrip('\r\n') for line in open(configFileName)]
    for i in config:

        # Split the line
        splitWords = i.split(" ")

        # Hard code the number of antennas, change if other configuration is used
        numRxAnt = 4
        numTxAnt = 3

        # Get the information about the profile configuration
        if "profileCfg" in splitWords[0]:
```

```

startFreq = int(float(splitWords[2]))
idleTime = int(splitWords[3])
rampEndTime = float(splitWords[5])
freqSlopeConst = float(splitWords[8])
numAdcSamples = int(splitWords[10])
numAdcSamplesRoundTo2 = 1;

while numAdcSamples > numAdcSamplesRoundTo2:
    numAdcSamplesRoundTo2 = numAdcSamplesRoundTo2 * 2;

digOutSampleRate = int(splitWords[11]);

# Get the information about the frame configuration
elif "frameCfg" in splitWords[0]:

    chirpStartIdx = int(splitWords[1]);
    chirpEndIdx = int(splitWords[2]);
    numLoops = int(splitWords[3]);
    numFrames = int(splitWords[4]);
    framePeriodicity = float(splitWords[5]);

# Combine the read data to obtain the configuration parameters
numChirpsPerFrame = (chirpEndIdx - chirpStartIdx + 1) * numLoops
configParameters["numDopplerBins"] = numChirpsPerFrame / numTxAnt
configParameters["numRangeBins"] = numAdcSamplesRoundTo2
configParameters["rangeResolutionMeters"] = (3e8 * digOutSampleRate * 1e3) /
(2 * freqSlopeConst * 1e12 * numAdcSamples)
configParameters["rangeIdxToMeters"] = (3e8 * digOutSampleRate * 1e3) / (2 *
freqSlopeConst * 1e12 * configParameters["numRangeBins"])
configParameters["dopplerResolutionMps"] = 3e8 / (2 * startFreq * 1e9 *
(idleTime + rampEndTime) * 1e-6 * configParameters["numDopplerBins"] * numTxAnt)
configParameters["maxRange"] = (300 * 0.9 * digOutSampleRate)/(2 *
freqSlopeConst * 1e3)
configParameters["maxVelocity"] = 3e8 / (4 * startFreq * 1e9 * (idleTime +
rampEndTime) * 1e-6 * numTxAnt)

return configParameters

# -----
def compare_range(r,a):
    dist_string = {True: "Object at less than 20 meters",False:{True: "Object at
less than ten meters",False:{True: "Object at less than five
meters",False:"Danger"}}[math.floor(r)<=5]][math.floor(r)<=10 and math.floor(r)>5]}
[math.floor(r)<=20 and math.floor(r)>10]
    direc_string = {True: " at left", False:" at right"}[a<0]
    return (dist_string + direc_string)
# Funtion to read and parse the incoming data
def readAndParseData18xx(Dataport, configParameters):
    global byteBuffer, byteBufferLength

    # Constants
    OBJ_STRUCT_SIZE_BYTES = 12;
    BYTE_VEC_ACC_MAX_SIZE = 2**15;
    MMWDEMO_UART_MSG_DETECTED_POINTS = 1;
    MMWDEMO_UART_MSG_RANGE_PROFILE = 2;
    maxBufferSize = 2**15;
    tlvHeaderLengthInBytes = 8;
    pointLengthInBytes = 16;
    magicWord = [2, 1, 4, 3, 6, 5, 8, 7]

    # Initialize variables
    magicOK = 0 # Checks if magic number has been read
    dataOK = 0 # Checks if the data has been read correctly
    frameNumber = 0
    detObj = {}

```

```

readBuffer = Dataport.read(Dataport.in_waiting)
byteVec = np.frombuffer(readBuffer, dtype = 'uint8')
byteCount = len(byteVec)

# Check that the buffer is not full, and then add the data to the buffer
if (byteBufferLength + byteCount) < maxBufferSize:
    byteBuffer[byteBufferLength:byteBufferLength + byteCount] =
byteVec[:byteCount]
    byteBufferLength = byteBufferLength + byteCount

# Check that the buffer has some data
import numpy as np
if byteBufferLength > 16:

    # Check for all possible locations of the magic word
    possibleLocs = np.where(byteBuffer == magicWord[0])[0]

    # Confirm that is the beginning of the magic word and store the index in
startIdx
    startIdx = []
    for loc in possibleLocs:
        check = byteBuffer[loc:loc+8]
        if np.all(check == magicWord):
            startIdx.append(loc)

    # Check that startIdx is not empty
    if startIdx:

        # Remove the data before the first start index
        if startIdx[0] > 0 and startIdx[0] < byteBufferLength:
            byteBuffer[:byteBufferLength-startIdx[0]] =
byteBuffer[startIdx[0]:byteBufferLength]
            byteBuffer[byteBufferLength-startIdx[0]:] =
np.zeros(len(byteBuffer[byteBufferLength-startIdx[0]:]),dtype = 'uint8')
            byteBufferLength = byteBufferLength - startIdx[0]

        # Check that there have no errors with the byte buffer length
        if byteBufferLength < 0:
            byteBufferLength = 0

        # word array to convert 4 bytes to a 32 bit number
        word = [1, 2**8, 2**16, 2**24]

        # Read the total packet length
        totalPacketLen = np.matmul(byteBuffer[12:12+4],word)

        # Check that all the packet has been read
        if (byteBufferLength >= totalPacketLen) and (byteBufferLength != 0):
            magicOK = 1

# If magicOK is equal to 1 then process the message
if magicOK:
    # word array to convert 4 bytes to a 32 bit number
    word = [1, 2**8, 2**16, 2**24]

    # Initialize the pointer index
    idX = 0

    # Read the header
    magicNumber = byteBuffer[idX:idX+8]
    idX += 8
    version = format(np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word),'x')
    idX += 4
    totalPacketLen = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
    idX += 4
    platform = format(np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word),'x')

```

```

idX += 4
frameNumber = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
idX += 4
timeCpuCycles = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
idX += 4
numDetectedObj = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
idX += 4
numTLVs = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
idX += 4
subFrameNumber = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
idX += 4

# Read the TLV messages
for tlvIdx in range(numTLVs):

    # word array to convert 4 bytes to a 32 bit number
    word = [1, 2**8, 2**16, 2**24]

    # Check the header of the TLV message
    tlv_type = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
    idX += 4
    tlv_length = np.matmul(byteBuffer[idX:idX+4],word)
    idX += 4

    # Read the data depending on the TLV message
    if tlv_type == MMWDEMO_UART_MSG_DETECTED_POINTS:

        # Initialize the arrays
        x = np.zeros(numDetectedObj,dtype=np.float64)
        y = np.zeros(numDetectedObj,dtype=np.float64)
        z = np.zeros(numDetectedObj,dtype=np.float64)
        velocity = np.zeros(numDetectedObj,dtype=np.float64)
        range_obj = np.zeros(numDetectedObj,dtype=np.float64)

        print("Number of objects Detected: ", numDetectedObj)
        for objectNum in range(numDetectedObj):

            # Read the data for each object
            x[objectNum] = byteBuffer[idX:idX + 4].view(dtype=np.float32)
            idX += 4
            y[objectNum] = byteBuffer[idX:idX + 4].view(dtype=np.float32)
            idX += 4
            z[objectNum] = byteBuffer[idX:idX + 4].view(dtype=np.float32)
            idX += 4
            point1 = np.array((0, 0, 0))
            point2 = np.array((x[objectNum], y[objectNum], z[objectNum]))
            dist = np.linalg.norm(point1 - point2)
            range_obj[objectNum] = dist;
            velocity[objectNum] = byteBuffer[idX:idX +
4].view(dtype=np.float32)

            if ( x[objectNum]< 0):
                print("Position of [",objectNum,"]: Left")
            if (x[objectNum] > 0):
                print("Position of [",objectNum,"]: Right")
            print("Velocity[" , objectNum, "]: ",velocity[objectNum])
            print("Range[" , objectNum, "]: ",range_obj[objectNum])
            idX += 4

        # Store the data in the detObj dictionary
        detObj = {"numObj": numDetectedObj, "x": x, "y": y, "z": z,
"velocity":velocity,"Range":range_obj}
        dataOK = 1
        angle_obj = np.arctan(detObj["x"]/detObj["y"])*180/3.14
        print("Angle",angle_obj, end='\n')
        #engine = pyttcx3.init()
        #engine.setProperty('rate', 150)

```

```

'''
sox_effects = ("speed", "1.25")
lang = "en"
for r,a in zip(detObj["Range"],angle_obj):
    if(compare_range(r,a)!="Danger at right" or compare_range(r,a)!
="Danger at left"):
        #engine.say(compare_range(r))
        print(compare_range(r,a))
        text = compare_range(r,a)
        speech = Speech(text, lang)
        speech.play(sox_effects)
        #engine.runAndWait()
#engine.stop()
'''

# Remove already processed data
if idX > 0 and byteBufferLength>idX:
    shiftSize = totalPacketLen

    byteBuffer[:byteBufferLength - shiftSize] =
byteBuffer[shiftSize:byteBufferLength]
    byteBuffer[byteBufferLength - shiftSize:] =
np.zeros(len(byteBuffer[byteBufferLength - shiftSize:]),dtype = 'uint8')
    byteBufferLength = byteBufferLength - shiftSize

# Check that there are no errors with the buffer length
if byteBufferLength < 0:
    byteBufferLength = 0

return dataOK, frameNumber, detObj

# -----
# Funtion to update the data and display in the plot
def update():
    dataOk = 0
    global detObj
    x = []
    y = []
    vel=[]
    # Read and parse the received data
    dataOk, frameNumber, detObj = readAndParseData18xx(Dataport, configParameters)

    if dataOk and len(detObj["x"])>0:
        #print(detObj)
        x = -detObj["x"]
        y = detObj["y"]
        #vel= detObj["velocity"]

        s.setData(x,y)
        QtGui.QApplication.processEvents()

    return dataOk

# -----          MAIN          -----

# Configure the serial port
CLIport, Dataport = serialConfig(configFileName)

# Get the configuration parameters from the configuration file
configParameters = parseConfigFile(configFileName)

# START QtAPPfor the plot
app = QtGui.QApplication([])

```

```
# Set the plot
pg.setConfigOption('background','w')
win = pg.GraphicsWindow(title="2D scatter plot")
p = win.addPlot()
p.setXRange(-10.0,10.0)
p.setYRange(0,20)

p.setLabel('left',text = 'Y position (m)')
p.setLabel('bottom', text= 'X position (m)')
s = p.plot([],[],pen=None,symbol="o")

# Main loop
detObj = {}
frameData = {}
currentIndex = 0

while True:
    t1_start = process_time()
    try:
        # Update the data and check if the data is okay
        dataOk = update()

        if dataOk:
            # Store the current frame into frameData
            frameData[currentIndex] = detObj
            currentIndex += 1

        time.sleep(0.05) # Sampling frequency of 30 Hz
        t1_stop = process_time()
        print("Elapsed time in seconds:", t1_stop - t1_start)

    # Stop the program and close everything if Ctrl + c is pressed
    except KeyboardInterrupt:
        CLIport.write(('sensorStop\n').encode())
        CLIport.close()
        Dataport.close()
        win.close()
        break
```