

# liu\_2017\_an\_investigation\_of\_brand\_related\_user\_generated\_content\_on\_twitter

## Year

2017

## Author(s)

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## Title

An Investigation of Brand-Related User-Generated Content on Twitter

## Venue

Journal of Advertising

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## Topic labeling

Manual

## Focus

Secondary

## Type of contribution

Established approach

## Underlying technique

Manual labeling (assisted by pre-defined label set)

## Topic labeling parameters

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## Label generation

One of the critical tasks after running LDA is to give labels to these topics based on research requirements and domain knowledge.

Because our purpose here is to compare brands within and across industries, we opted to use a generic list of topic labels:

- product
- service
- promotion
- competitors
- news / trend
- shows / games
- price
- location

Number	Proportion	Top 10 Words	Label
T0	.045	order (.080); drive (.040); wrong (.032); home (.031); time (.023); minutes (.020); wait (.016); delivery (.015); cream (.015); line (.015)	Customer service
T1	.022	menu (.101); kids (.086); meals (.048); meal (.045); soda (.035); drinks (.028); keyboard (.024); kid (.020); soft (.012); item (.012)	Products
T2	.029	McDonald's (.145); Wendy's (.066); Taco Bell (.054); shake (.045); red (.040); velvet (.040); Oreo (.039); KFC (.036); Subway (.030); Pizza Hut (.022)	Competitors
T3	.253	fries (.298); chicken (.223); back (.138); nuggets (.031); happy (.021); day (.019); life (.013); forever (.011); strips (.010); fry (.009)	Promotions

"After the researchers assign labels to those topics, it might be wise to employ the assistance of domain experts to verify the validity of problematic labels."

(No mention on whether it was actually done in this case)

## Motivation

We [...] categorized the 300 topics using these labels and averaged the incidences of each topic label within each industry.

Topics/Industry	Fast Food	Department Store	Footwear	Telecommunications	Electronics	Average
Product	47.9%	23.5%	55.9%	45.6%	70.6%	48.7% (17.2%)
Service	20.4%	29.6%	1.8%	28.5%	8.0%	17.6% (12.4%)
Promotion	15.7%	24.6%	15.3%	5.0%	5.8%	13.3% (8.1%)
Competitors	4.8%	5.4%	7.7%	5.7%	9.0%	6.5% (1.8%)
News/trends	6.7%	9.2%	9.2%	2.6%	5.1%	6.6% (2.8%)

*Note.* Standard deviation in parentheses.

## Topic modeling

LDA

## Topic modeling parameters

Nr of topics (k): 15 (15 topics for each of the 20 brands in the data set)

## Nr. of topics

300

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## Label

Manually assigned pre-defined single word label: (product, service, promotion, competitors, news / trend, shows / games, price, location. )

## Label selection

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## Label quality evaluation

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## Assessors

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## Domain

Paper: Social media analysis

Dataset: Social media (Twitter)

## Problem statement

This article presents a framework that automatically derives latent brand topics and classifies brand sentiments.

It applies text mining with latent Dirichlet allocation (LDA) and sentiment analysis on 1.7 million unique tweets for 20 brands across five industries: fast food, department store, footwear, electronics, and telecommunications.

The framework is used to explore four brand-related questions on Twitter.

## Corpus

Origin: Twitter

Nr. of documents: 1.7M

Details:

TABLE 2 Summary Tweet Information for Industries and Brands				
Industry	Brands and Tweets			
Fast-food restaurant	McDonald's (318,003)	Burger King (122,075)	Wendy's (84,219)	KFC (70,533)
Department store	JCPenney (43,887)	Macy's (184,715)	Sears (33,005)	Kohl's (53,469)
Footwear	Nike (151,437)	New Balance (27,205)	Adidas (57,987)	Puma (23,427)
Electronics	LG (32,230)	Panasonic (4,286)	Samsung (14,857)	Sony (131,264)
Telecommunications	Comcast (261,914)	TWC (57,771)	Dish (35,603)	Cox (20,993)

## Document

Text of a single Tweet

## Pre-processing

- remove tweets created by Twitterbots
- filtered out hashtags and URLs
- tokenisation
- POS tagging
- Stop word removal

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year = 2017}
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#Thesis/Papers/BS