

© International Baccalaureate Organization 2023

All rights reserved. No part of this product may be reproduced in any form or by any electronic or mechanical means, including information storage and retrieval systems, without the prior written permission from the IB. Additionally, the license tied with this product prohibits use of any selected files or extracts from this product. Use by third parties, including but not limited to publishers, private teachers, tutoring or study services, preparatory schools, vendors operating curriculum mapping services or teacher resource digital platforms and app developers, whether fee-covered or not, is prohibited and is a criminal offense.

More information on how to request written permission in the form of a license can be obtained from <https://ibo.org/become-an-ib-school/ib-publishing/licensing/applying-for-a-license/>.

© Organisation du Baccalauréat International 2023

Tous droits réservés. Aucune partie de ce produit ne peut être reproduite sous quelque forme ni par quelque moyen que ce soit, électronique ou mécanique, y compris des systèmes de stockage et de récupération d'informations, sans l'autorisation écrite préalable de l'IB. De plus, la licence associée à ce produit interdit toute utilisation de tout fichier ou extrait sélectionné dans ce produit. L'utilisation par des tiers, y compris, sans toutefois s'y limiter, des éditeurs, des professeurs particuliers, des services de tutorat ou d'aide aux études, des établissements de préparation à l'enseignement supérieur, des fournisseurs de services de planification des programmes d'études, des gestionnaires de plateformes pédagogiques en ligne, et des développeurs d'applications, moyennant paiement ou non, est interdite et constitue une infraction pénale.

Pour plus d'informations sur la procédure à suivre pour obtenir une autorisation écrite sous la forme d'une licence, rendez-vous à l'adresse <https://ibo.org/become-an-ib-school/ib-publishing/licensing/applying-for-a-license/>.

© Organización del Bachillerato Internacional, 2023

Todos los derechos reservados. No se podrá reproducir ninguna parte de este producto de ninguna forma ni por ningún medio electrónico o mecánico, incluidos los sistemas de almacenamiento y recuperación de información, sin la previa autorización por escrito del IB. Además, la licencia vinculada a este producto prohíbe el uso de todo archivo o fragmento seleccionado de este producto. El uso por parte de terceros —lo que incluye, a título enunciativo, editoriales, profesores particulares, servicios de apoyo académico o ayuda para el estudio, colegios preparatorios, desarrolladores de aplicaciones y entidades que presten servicios de planificación curricular u ofrezcan recursos para docentes mediante plataformas digitales—, ya sea incluido en tasas o no, está prohibido y constituye un delito.

En este enlace encontrará más información sobre cómo solicitar una autorización por escrito en forma de licencia: <https://ibo.org/become-an-ib-school/ib-publishing/licensing/applying-for-a-license/>.

**Environmental systems and societies**  
**Standard level**  
**Paper 2**

8 May 2023

**Zone A** morning | **Zone B** afternoon | **Zone C** morning

Candidate session number

2 hours

--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--

**Instructions to candidates**

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- Section A: answer all questions.
- Section B: answer two questions.
- Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- A calculator is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is **[65 marks]**.

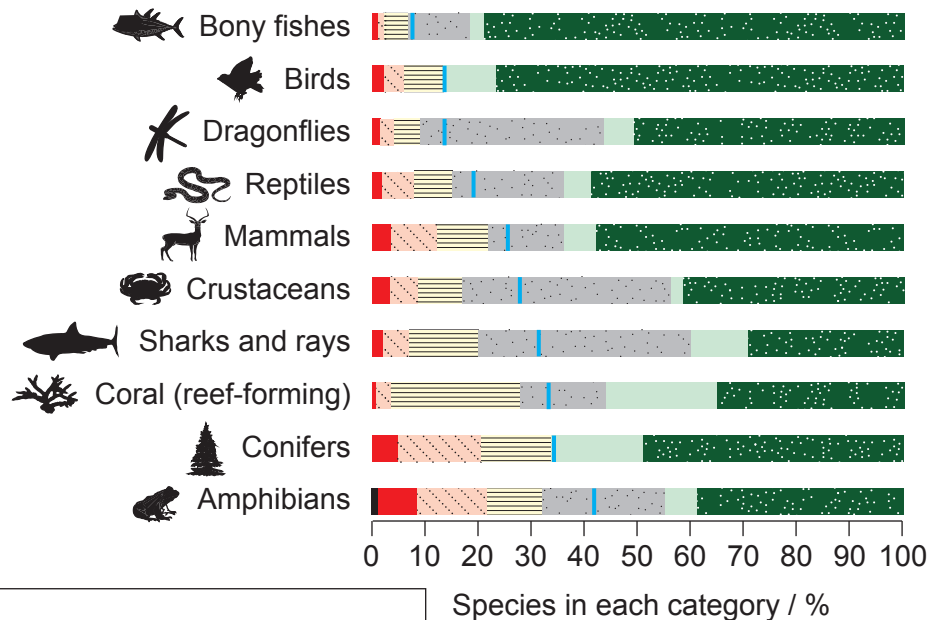


## Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.

1.

**Figure 1(a): Extinction risk levels in global biodiversity**



**Key:**

- Least concern
- Near threatened
- Data deficient
- Vulnerable
- Endangered
- Critically endangered
- Extinct in the Wild
- Approximate percentage threatened

- (a) State the category with the lowest approximate percentage of threatened species in **Figure 1(a)**.

[1]

(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 1 continued)

- (b) Outline **two** reasons why amphibians have the highest approximate percentage of threatened species, as shown in **Figure 1(a)**.

[2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

- (c) Using **Figure 1(a)**, state the approximate percentage of sharks and rays that are threatened.

[1]

.....

.....

- (d) Describe **one** reason why there is a lack of available data for sharks and rays.

[1]

.....

.....

(This question continues on page 5)



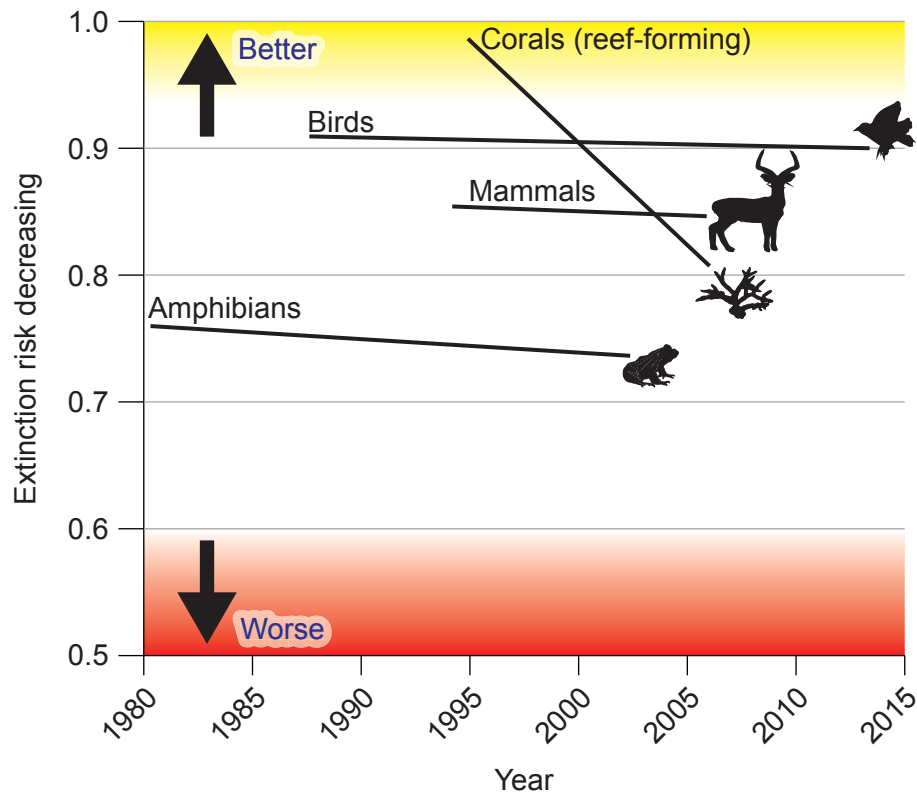
Please **do not** write on this page.

Answers written on this page  
will not be marked.



(Question 1 continued)

Figure 1(b): Changing species extinction risk 1980–2015



- (e) Outline **three** reasons why the trend for corals is different to the other categories shown in **Figure 1(b)**.

[3]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

- (f) **Figures 1(a) and 1(b)** are based on records for species diversity. Identify **one** other factor that may be measured to assess the diversity of life on Earth.

[1]

.....

.....

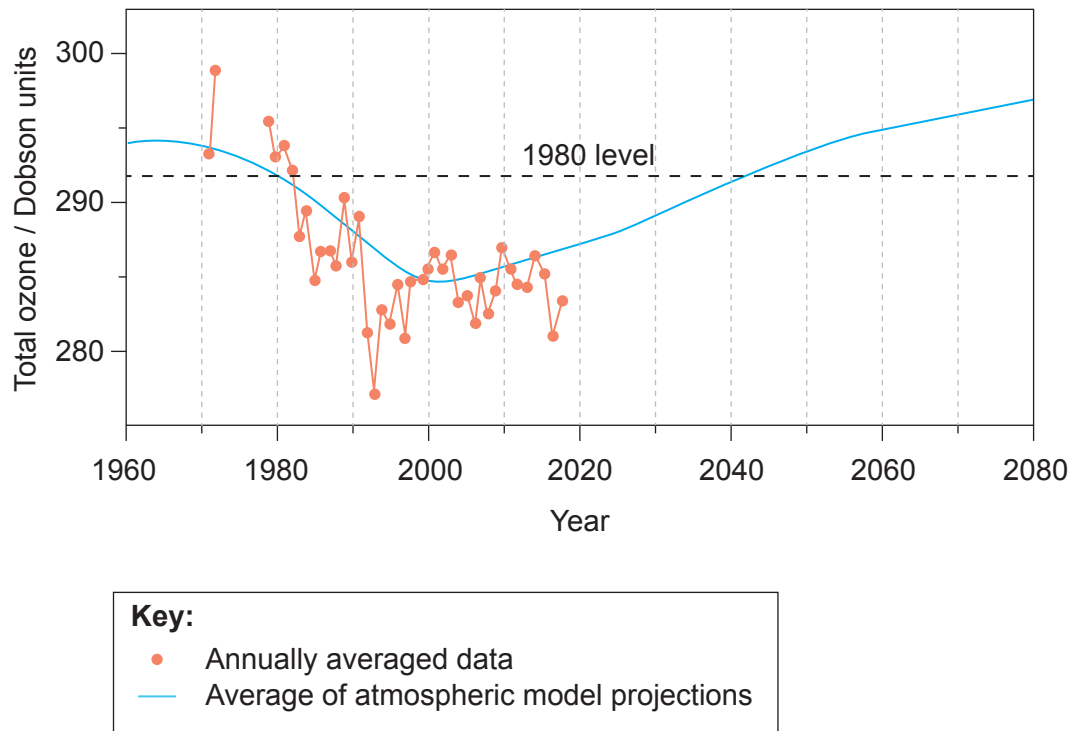


24EP05

Turn over

2.

**Figure 2: Observed and projected changes in global stratospheric ozone**



(a) Describe the overall trend in the recorded annually averaged data shown in **Figure 2**. [2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

(b) State **one** chemical responsible for the trend in the recorded annually averaged data between 1980 and 1990 shown in **Figure 2**. [1]

.....

.....

(c) Outline **one** impact of low concentrations of stratospheric ozone on plants. [1]

.....

.....

(This question continues on the following page)



(Question 2 continued)

- (d) Identify the year in which stratospheric ozone is predicted to return to 1980 levels in **Figure 2**.

[1]

.....  
.....

- (e) Describe **two** reasons for the projected change in ozone levels after 2020 in **Figure 2**.

[2]

.....  
.....  
.....  
.....

- (f) Outline **one** factor that may affect the reliability of the model projections in **Figure 2**.

[1]

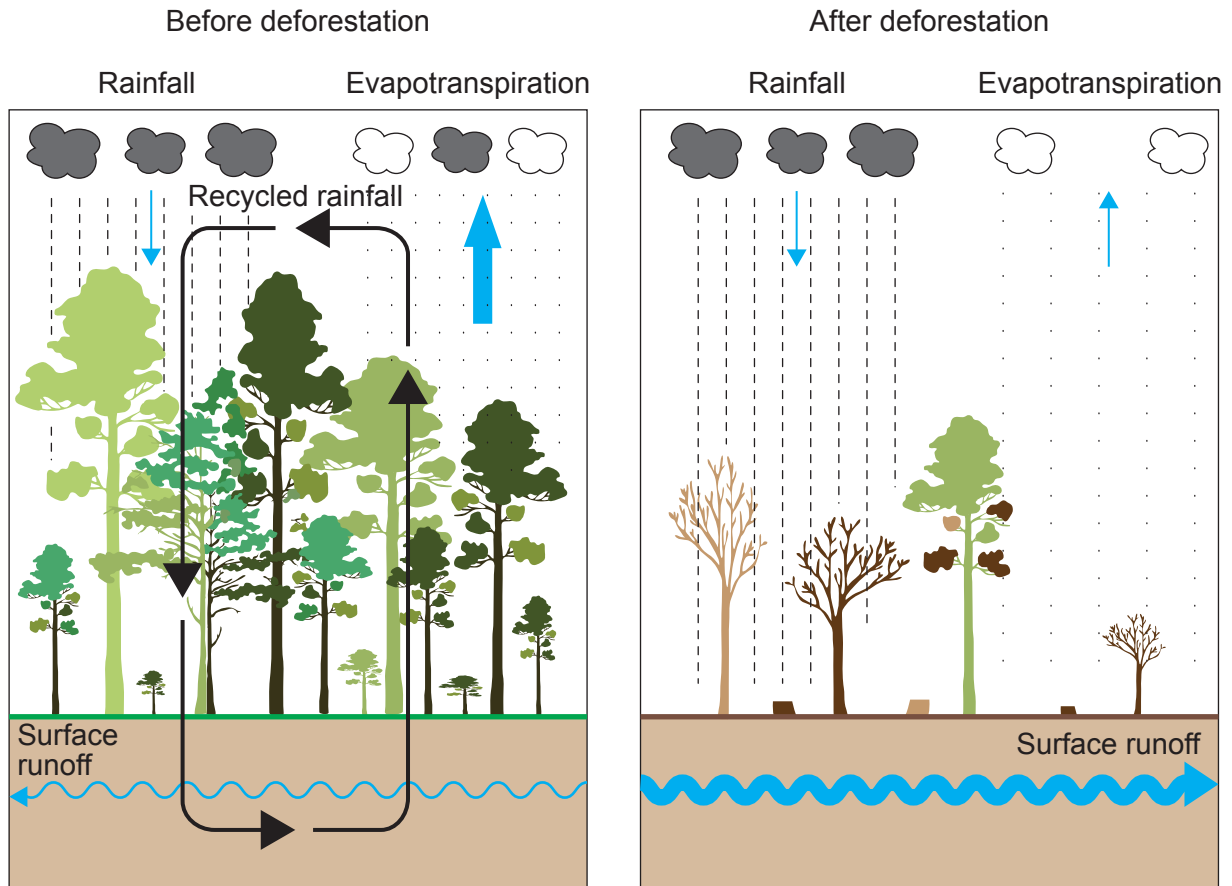
.....  
.....





3.

**Figure 3: Impact of deforestation on the water cycle**



(a) State **one** storage of fresh water not shown in **Figure 3**.

[1]

.....  
 .....

(b) State **one** input of water into the atmosphere not shown in **Figure 3**.

[1]

.....  
 .....

(This question continues on the following page)



**(Question 3 continued)**

- (c) Describe the negative feedback mechanism by which cloud formation may moderate global temperature.

[2]

.....

.....

.....

.....

- (d) Evaluate the role of reforestation in the mitigation of climate change.

[4]

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....

.....



## Section B

Answer **two** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.

4. (a) Outline the transfers and transformations of energy as it enters and flows through the first trophic level of a food chain. [4]
- (b) Describe how the use of fossil fuels may impact the abiotic conditions of oceanic systems. [7]
- (c) With reference to named societies, to what extent are their energy choices affected more by their geographical location than the environmental impact of any energy resource? [9]
  
5. (a) Outline how the principles of sustainability can be applied to the use of soil systems. [4]
- (b) Explain how the process of succession leads to an increase in the fertility and resilience of soils. [7]
- (c) Compare and contrast a named terrestrial food production system with a named aquatic food production system in terms of their efficiency and environmental impacts. [9]
  
6. (a) Outline **four** ways in which changes in the population of one species may reduce the carrying capacity of an environment for another species. [4]
- (b) Explain how natural processes may lead to the formation of new species. [7]
- (c) Different environmental value systems will have different reasons for conserving species diversity. Discuss how these different reasons may influence the approach a society takes to conservation. [9]
  
7. (a) Outline **four** ways in which the geographical location of a human population may influence its ecological footprint. [4]
- (b) A wild population of herbivores may provide a sustainable resource for human consumption. Describe practical procedures for estimating the natural income from such a resource. [7]
- (c) To what extent do different pollution management strategies influence the ecological footprint of a human population? [9]

































#### Disclaimer:

Content used in IB assessments is taken from authentic, third-party sources. The views expressed within them belong to their individual authors and/or publishers and do not necessarily reflect the views of the IB.

#### References:

- Figure 1(a)** IPBES (2019): Global assessment report on biodiversity and ecosystem services of the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services. E. S. Brondizio, J. Settele, S. Díaz, and H. T. Ngo (editors). IPBES secretariat, Bonn, Germany. 1148 pages. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3831673>. Creative Commons 4.0 Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0) <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. (source adapted - Image A Pg. XX redrawn).
- Figure 1(b)** IPBES (2019): Global assessment report on biodiversity and ecosystem services of the Intergovernmental Science-Policy Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services. E. S. Brondizio, J. Settele, S. Díaz, and H. T. Ngo (editors). IPBES secretariat, Bonn, Germany. 1148 pages. <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.3831673>. Creative Commons 4.0 Attribution 4.0 International (CC BY 4.0) <https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>. (source adapted – Image C Pg. XX redrawn).
- Figure 2** Ross J. Salawitch (Lead Author), David W. Fahey, Michaela I. Hegglin, Laura A. McBride, Walter R. Tribett, Sarah J. Doherty, Twenty Questions and Answers About the Ozone Layer: 2018 Update, Scientific Assessment of Ozone Depletion: 2018, 84 pp., World Meteorological Organization, Geneva, Switzerland, 2019.

All other texts, graphics and illustrations © International Baccalaureate Organization 2023

