
cmt_pleiotropy

Description

The `cmt_pleiotropy` R function is designed to use Complete Mediation Test (CMT) to diagnose pleiotropic genetic variants for Mendelian randomization study

data requirement

The data to be analyzed must contain an outcome variable Y, an exposure variable X, and a set of genetic variants G1-Gk.

We assume these Gs had been screened (e.g., by GWAS) and are legitimate instrumental variables satisfying the following conditions

- (1) G is correlated with Y (in a regression),
- (2) G is correlated with X

Criteria

Individual pleiotropy test: a genetic variant is identified as pleiotropic if both the followings are satisfied:

- (1) The null hypothesis H_0 is rejected, where H_0 : X is a complete mediator of G-Y association, or equivalently, no G-Y direct effect
- (2) proportion mediation effect (i.e. indirect effect) < 80% (default)

Installation

Before using the `cmt_pleiotropy` function, make sure you have the required R packages installed.

If not, you can install them using the following commands:

```
install.packages("bda")
install.packages("multilevel")
install.packages("dplyr")
```

Usage

`cmt_pleiotropy (outcome,exposure,G,data, Bootstrap_times, prop)`

Arguments

Outcome	character, name of the outcome variable(numerical).
exposure	character, name of the exposure variable(numerical).
G	vector of characters, name(s) of the SNP(s).
data	dataframe.
Bootstrap_times	number of bootstrap times.The default is 50.
prop	proportion threshold.The default is 0.8.

Value

prop.med	the proportion of the effect that is mediated.($\alpha\beta/C$)
Signif	"*" indicating pleiotropy.
Signif.level	0.05 / numbers of G

Examples

```
#Please download the data first.
library(readxl)
gout <- read_excel("C:/Users/ User-Name/Downloads/gout.xlsx")
result <- cmt_pleiotropy(outcome="gout",
                        exposure="bmi",
                        G=colnames(gout)[-c(1,12)],
                        data=gout,
                        Bootstrap_times = 100, prop = 0.8)

result
$Outcome
[1] "gout"

$Exposure
[1] "bmi"

$N
[1] 268

$SNPs
[1] "rs11731353_C" "rs61794965_G" "rs16890979_T" "rs3775948_G"
```

```
"rs10516801_T" "rs2725211_T" "rs12505410_G" "rs2231142_T"
[9] "rs72552713_A" "rs4148155_G"
```

```
$CMT_value
```

	prop.med	Statistics	P_Value	Signif
rs11731353_C	2.88041	7.4426	0.00000	.
rs61794965_G	3.83185	-0.1760	0.86027	.
rs16890979_T	0.16047	-2.3108	0.02084	.
rs3775948_G	2.26691	-2.8283	0.00468	.
rs10516801_T	3.63320	-6.1847	0.00000	.
rs2725211_T	0.03337	-1.2834	0.19936	.
rs12505410_G	0.12134	2.3069	0.02106	.
rs2231142_T	0.02737	-3.3277	0.00088	*
rs72552713_A	0.22751	-2.8369	0.00456	*
rs4148155_G	0.02737	-3.3277	0.00088	*

```
$Signif.level
```

```
[1] 0.005
```

```
$Note
```

```
[1] "*" indicating pleiotropy"
```

```
[2] "prop.med means the proportion of the effect that is mediated.( $\alpha\beta/C$ )"
```

```
[3] "The function automatically handles missing values by omitting rows with
missing data."
```

```
$proportion.threshold
```

```
[1] 0.8
```

Contact Information

If you have any questions or need assistance, you can contact
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