Lab Center – Hands-On Lab

Session 4415

Extending IBM DataPower API Gateway with User Policies





DISCLAIMER

IBM's statements regarding its plans, directions, and intent are subject to change or withdrawal without notice at IBM's sole discretion. Information regarding potential future products is intended to outline potential future products is intended to outline our general product direction and it should not be relied on in making a purchasing decision.

The information mentioned regarding potential future products is not a commitment, promise, or legal obligation to deliver any material, code or functionality. Information about potential future products may not be incorporated into any contract.

The development, release, and timing of any future features or functionality described for our products remains at our sole discretion I/O configuration, the storage configuration, and the workload processed. Therefore, no assurance can be given that an individual user will achieve results like those stated here.

Information in these presentations (including information relating to products that have not yet been announced by IBM) has been reviewed for accuracy as of the date of initial publication and could include unintentional technical or typographical errors. IBM shall have no responsibility to update this information. This document is distributed "as is" without any warranty, either express or implied. In no event, shall IBM be liable for any damage arising from the use of this information, including but not limited to, loss of data, business interruption, loss of profit or loss of opportunity. IBM products and services are warranted per the terms and conditions of the agreements under which they are provided.

IBM products are manufactured from new parts or new and used parts. In some cases, a product may not be new and may have been previously installed. Regardless, our warranty terms apply."

Any statements regarding IBM's future direction, intent or product plans are subject to change or withdrawal without notice.

Performance data contained herein was generally obtained in controlled, isolated environments. Customer examples are presented as illustrations of how those customers have used IBM products and the results they may have achieved. Actual performance, cost, savings or other results in other operating environments may vary. References in this document to IBM products, programs, or services does not imply that IBM intends to make such products, programs or services available in all countries in which IBM operates or does business.

Workshops, sessions and associated materials may have been prepared by independent session speakers, and do not necessarily reflect the views of IBM. All materials and discussions are provided for informational purposes only, and are neither intended to, nor shall constitute legal or other guidance or advice to any individual participant or their specific situation.

It is the customer's responsibility to insure its own compliance with legal requirements and to obtain advice of competent legal counsel as to the identification and interpretation of any relevant laws and regulatory requirements that may affect the customer's business and any actions the customer may need to take to comply with such laws. IBM does not provide legal advice or represent or warrant that its services or products will ensure that the customer follows any law.

Information concerning non-IBM products was obtained from the suppliers of those products, their published announcements or other publicly available sources. IBM has not tested those products about this publication and cannot confirm the accuracy of performance, compatibility or any other claims related to non-IBM products. Questions on the capabilities of non-IBM products should be addressed to the suppliers of those products. IBM does not warrant the quality of any third-party products, or the ability of any such third-party products to interoperate with IBM's products. **IBM expressly disclaims all warranties**, expressed or implied, including but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a purpose.

The provision of the information contained herein is not intended to, and does not, grant any right or license under any IBM patents, copyrights, trademarks or other intellectual property right.

IBM, the IBM logo, and ibm.com are trademarks of International Business Machines Corporation, registered in many jurisdictions worldwide. Other product and service names might be trademarks of IBM or other companies. A current list of IBM trademarks is available on the Web at "Copyright and trademark information" at: www.ibm.com/legal/copytrade.shtml.

Java and all Java-based trademarks and logos are trademarks or registered trademarks of Oracle and/or its affiliates. Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds in the United States, other countries, or both.

Microsoft, Windows, Windows NT, and the Windows logo are trademarks of Microsoft Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

OpenShift is a trademark of Red Hat, Inc.

UNIX is a registered trademark of The Open Group in the United States and other countries.

© 2020 International Business Machines Corporation. No part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form without written permission from IBM.

U.S. Government Users Restricted Rights — use, duplication or disclosure restricted by GSA ADP Schedule Contract with IBM.



We Value Your Feedback

Don't forget to submit your Think 2020 session and speaker feedback! Your feedback is very important to us – we use it to continually improve the conference.

Access the Think 2020 agenda tool to quickly submit surveys from your smartphone or laptop.





Table of Contents

1 Deploying Basic User Defined Policies using API Connect	5
1.1 Preparing the environment 1.2 Deploy API using API Connect LTE	
1.3 Creating User Defined Policies (UDP)	
2 Packaging and Publishing UDP using Gateway Extensions	c
2.1 Summary	

think

1 Deploying Basic User Defined Policies using APIConnect

User Defined Policies are one of the. API Connect provides various methods to extend Gateway Policies beyond those provided allowing the full capabilities of the underlying DataPower Gateway to be taken advantage of. One method is the User Defined Policy. User Defined Policies give the capability of adding new assembly actions that can be deployed into the assembly flows.

In this lab you will discover how to work with the API Designer and the DataPower Gateway to deploy a User Defined Policy. Using the API Designer allows you to create and test API's locally on a laptop.

1.1 Preparing the environment

- 1. Log into Linux image with username/password: ibmuser/ibmuser
- 2. Clone the GitHub repository at https://github.com/ibm-apiconnect/Labs and extract all files.
- 3. Open a terminal window
- 4. Set your path with the PATH=\$PATH:\$HOME
- 5. Start the API Connect LTE using the apic-lte start command

```
$ apic-lte start
INFO[0001] Creating docker resources
INFO[0016] Waiting for services to start
INFO[0231] Configuring backend
- Platform API url: https://localhost:2000
- Admin user: username=admin, password=7iron-hide
- 'localtest' org owner: username=shavon, password=7iron-hide
- 'localtest' org sandbox test app credentials client id: 36e2da0e888ffcb6a9160200e40c5a15 , client secret
- Datapower API Gateway API base url: https://localhost:9444/localtest/sandbox/
INFO[0264] Ready. The current version of the Local Test Environment is a beta release. See documentation a
```

Note: If you stop the LTE (ie apic-lte stop), it will destroy all your containers and you will need to re-deploy your APIs. Furthermore, the sample org sandbox test app credentials will also change, so you will need to use new values when testing. You can use apic-lte status to view information about your environment.

1.2 Deploy API using API ConnectLTE

In this section, you will use the API Designer to deploy a set of APIs and gain familiarity with the local development environment.

1. Open the API Designer and navigate to the openapi folder. Click OK in upper right corner (If you do not have IBM ID please create one).





- think
 - 2. In the Connect to Cloud page, enter the URL https://localhost:2000. This endpoint is the API Manager running locally (ie Platform API url that is displayed when you start the LTE).
 - 3. Login to the API manager using the credentials shavon and password 7iron-hide.
 - 4. Click on Develop APIs and Products and select sports-api-1.0.0. If you don't have that API in your repository, you can upload it from the openapi directory.
 - 5. Click the Assemble tab at the top.



6. Publishing APIs does not require you to explicitly define a product. You can quickly test APIs using the default subscription which implicitly creates an API product. In the top right-hand corner, select the Offline toggle icon to publish the Sports API. Once complete the toggle will switch to **Online**.



7. Once the API is published, you can easily test it using any tool. For simplicity, you can use the following curl command (replacing the client id and secret with your own values. These can be found with the *apic-Ite status* command):

curl -k -X GET 'https://localhost:9444/localtest/sandbox/sports/teams?league=nba' -H 'x-ibm-client-id: <ClientID>' -H 'x-ibm-client-secret: <ClientSecret>'

1.3 Creating User Defined Policies (UDP)

The basic UDP allows you to package one or more API assemblies into a single policy for reusability. For example, you can create a single logging policy that consists of multiple API Assembly policies such as GatewayScript and Set-Variable.

- 1. Expand the udp-basic directory (in File Manager), you will notice two files:
 - udp-basic-policy.cfg
 - udp-basic-gws.js
- 2. Open the udp-basic-policy.cfg file. You will notice that it consists of DataPower CLI commands. You won't need to understand each command if you stick to the script and modify specific commands. The first command is the Set Variable policy which creates a set of context variables that are used in the API Assembly. The value
 - \$ (local.parameter.credential) is a special variable that is obtained from user input during API assembly development. This is similar to any API assembly policy that asks for input (ie



Public Key to validate a JSON Web Token), so this parameter should reflect a user input field that is dynamically handled at runtime.

```
assembly-setvar udp-basic_1.0.0_set-variable_0
    reset
    title "set-variable"
    correlation-path "$.x-ibm-configuration.assembly.execute[0]"
    variable
        action set
        name "param1"
        type string
        value "$(local.parameter.credential)"
    exit
    variable
        action set
        name "message.headers.content-type"
        type string
        value "text/xml"
    exit
exit
```

In general, you can reuse these commands when creating a new policy. Just replace udp-basic with your policy name. If you have additional variables, copy/paste the variable section following the same format.

3. The next command is the GatewayScript policy. The gatewayscript-location path is important since its references a filename at the desired location. When you deploy the UDP it will place this file at the root of the gateway extension folder.

```
assembly-gatewayscript udp-basic_1.0.0_gatewayscript_1
    reset
    title "gatewayscript"
    correlation-path "$.x-ibm-configuration.assembly.execute[1]"
    gatewayscript-location temporary:///filestores/extensions/gateway-extension/udp-basic/udp-basic-gws.js
exit
```

4. The next set of commands build the internal DataPower configuration for the UDP. If you have multiple policies, they will be reflected in this command.

```
api-rule udp-basic_1.0.0_main
    reset
    action udp-basic_1.0.0_set-variable_0
    action udp-basic_1.0.0_gatewayscript_1
exit

assembly udp-basic_1.0.0
    reset
    rule udp-basic_1.0.0_main
exit
```

5. This last snippet creates the UDP policy, including the information that is displayed in the UI. Remember that the parameter name credential needs to match the last part of the variable used in the Set Variable policy ie (\$(local.parameter.credential))



```
assembly-function "udp-basic_1.0.0"

summary "udp-basic-policy_1.0.0"

title "Basic UDP"

parameter

name "credential"

description "Parameter name"

value-type string

exit

assembly udp-basic_1.0.0

exit
```

6. Optionally, you can deploy the UDP policy with the following snippet or manually add them to the DataPower configuration. In this tutorial, you will manually add the UDP since you will need to restart the API Gateway service in the same step; however, for a production (managed deployment), you should include this snippet, so the rollout is automated.

```
apic-gw-service
    user-defined-policies udp-basic_1.0.0
exit
```

7. Open the udp-basic-gws.js file and examine its content. The sample code shows how to access the context variable from the Set-Variable policy created in the udp-basic-policy.cfg. The JavaScript code simply creates a new JSON object with the contents of the parameter and the result of the Invoke policy.

```
var param1 = context.get('param1');
console.info ("param1 %s", param1);

if (param1 == null || param1 == '') {
    context.reject('Invalid Parameter', 'The paramater param1 you provided is invalid');
    context.message.statusCode = '401 Unauthorized';
}

var jsonBody = {
    "param1" : param1,
    "body" : apim.getvariable('message.body')
}
```

Thank

2 Packaging and Publishing UDP using Gateway Extensions

In this section, you will package the UDP policy into a Gateway extension and deploy it to the DataPower Gateway. The API Manager includes a CLI which provides the ability to perform managed deployments into the gateway cluster.

- A single Gateway extension is deployed to a Gateway cluster. Artifacts are packaged into a ZIP file containing .cfg files, together with any dependent files that are referenced from the CFG file.
- All files must be at the root of the ZIP file. The CFG files are processed in alphanumeric order by file name.
- **ZIP** files are uploaded to the file system: temporary://filestores/extensions/gateway-extension/ so any file references must be adjusted accordingly.
- 1 ZIP the file so that no folders are packaged into the ZIP file. Make sure you are in the *apiconnect-policies-master* directory when you perform the command. Optionally, you can add the commands to the zip-gw-extension.sh file.

```
zip gw-extension.zip udp-basic/*.cfg udp-basic/*.js
```

2 Login to API manager using the apic cli (Answer yes to any questions)

```
apic login --server localhost:2000 --username admin --password 7iron-hide --realm admin/default-idp-1
```

3 Upload extension using the apic command-line tool parameter.

```
apic gateway-extensions:create gw-extension.zip --scope org --org admin --gateway-service datapower-api-gateway --availability-zone availability-zone-default --server localhost:2000
```

Response

gateway-extension https://localhost:2000/api/orgs/53463679-3f9f-44d3-8c98-0ae242757eb1/availability-zones/09b41905-d076-425f-81a1-060369e125a0/gateway-services/ee46f2eb-3560-48af-a403-38fd804e183c/gateway-extension

4 Confirm extension has been added

```
apic gateway-extensions:get --scope org -o admin --gateway-service datapower-api-gateway --availability-zone availability-zone-default --server localhost:2000 --output -
```



```
type: gateway_extension
api_version: 2.0.0
name: gateway-extension
gateway_service_url: >-
https://127.0.0.1:2000/api/orgs/53463679-3f9f-44d3-8c98-0ae242757eb1/availability-zones/09b41905-d076-425f
scope: org
created_at: '2019-08-13T22:01:11.538Z'
updated_at: '2019-08-13T22:01:11.538Z'
org_url: 'https://127.0.0.1:2000/api/orgs/53463679-3f9f-44d3-8c98-0ae242757eb1'
url: >-
https://127.0.0.1:2000/api/orgs/53463679-3f9f-44d3-8c98-0ae242757eb1/availability-zones/09b41905-d076-425f
```

Important: If you need to re-deploy then delete the gateway extension with the following command:

```
apic gateway-extensions:delete --scope org --org admin --gateway-service datapower-api-gateway --availability-zone availability-zone-default --server localhost:2000
```

In the next step, you will manually trigger the API Manager to send the UDP to the API Gateway.

- 7. Login to the DataPower UI with Firefox at https://localhost:9091 (Accept Security Warning)
 - o Username admin
 - o Password admin
 - o Domain: apiconnect
 - o Graphical UI drop-down: WebGUI
- 8. Trigger the API Manager to push the Gateway extension to the Gateway.
 - o Go to the API Connect Gateway service. Use the Search box and type *api connect* to find and select



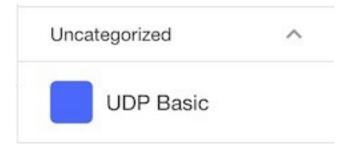
- o Restart the API Connect Gateway service by toggling the administrative state
 - 1. Modify the **Administrate State** to **disabled** and click **Apply**.
 - 2. Change the state back to **Enabled** and click **Apply**.



- 9. You may need to wait a minute for the Gateway Extension to copy over
 - o refresh the browser
 - o scroll down to the User-defined Policy, select the UDP Basic policy in the drop-down and click add.
 - o Click **Apply** to save the configuration.



10. Switch to the API Designer and click the existing **sports-api-1.0.0** API. Click the **Assemble** tab (If you were previously on the Assembly this will refresh the view). You should see the UDP Basic policy.



11. Drag and drop the UDP-Basic policy at the end of the Assembly. Click the Policy and enter any credential value say ozairs.





12. Save the policy



13. Switch to the Design view and Republish the API. In the top right-hand corner beside **Running**, click the Play icon or the wheel icon to republish the API.



14. Test the API again using curl, you should get a JSON response, with the parameter value and the JSON body

curl -k -X GET 'https://localhost:9444/localtest/sandbox/sports/teams?league=nba' -H 'x-ibm-client-id: <ClientID>' -H 'x-ibm-client-secret: <ClientSecret>'

Response:

```
{
   "param1": "ozairs",
   "body": null
}
```

Bonus

Notice that the body field is `null`. This is not a bug in the policy. The previous Invoke action returns a JSON response which the GatewayScript copies directly into a variable. The API Assembly needs to know the message type from the Invoke policy. Add a `Parse` assembly policy between the Invoke and the `UDP Basic` policy. Test again and should now see the response returned.

2.1 Summary

In this tutorial, you learned how to deploy a User-defined policy (UDP) consisting of multiple API Assembly policies, Set-Variable and GatewayScript. The UDP was packaged as a Gateway Extension and deployed to the API Gateway. You validated that the API designer displayed the UDP in its palette and configured as part of an API deployment.



TRM