

# API Connect Hands-On Lab

## Prerequisites

Needless to say you'll need a laptop! Any OS is fine, but make sure to install the following prior to the session:

- Git or “brew install git”
- The `cf` CLI from [<https://github.com/cloudfoundry/cli#downloads>] (<https://github.com/cloudfoundry/cli#downloads>) - download the latest version that is appropriate for your laptop and follow the instructions in `README.txt`.

OR

from <http://docs.cloudfoundry.org/devguide/installcf/install-go-cli.html>.

- Install npm and API connect Developer kit - Install `nodejs` and `npm` from <https://nodejs.org/en/download/>. Install API connect Developer Kit after installing `npm` from [<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>] (<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>)

- A Bluemix hosted instance

During the live HOL we will help you with a hosted environment (the details are below). We've done limited testing of the exercises on the following instance.

- [<https://console.ng.bluemix.net/>] (<https://console.ng.bluemix.net/>)

## Samples and General Directions

Each directory is in a separate sub-directory. *Ensure that you're in the sub-directory when you're working on a particular exercise and you're issuing the CLI commands from the subdirectory pertaining to the exercise.*

## Recommended Exercises - User Related

It is recommended that you run through these exercises sequentially since they are progressive with some dependencies. Each exercise should take about 5-10 mins. to complete.

- Exercise 1: Install Node.js and the API Connect toolkit
- Exercise 2: Create a Weather API using API Connect on Bluemix
- Exercise 3: Design your OpenAPI Swagger specification
- Exercise 4: Generate a LoopBack application and import your APIs
- Exercise 5: Create a database service on Bluemix

- Exercise 6: Create database CRUD APIs with LoopBack models
- Exercise 7: Test, Explore and Deploy your LoopBack application
- Exercise 8: Explore your deployed APIs with the API Manager on Bluemix
- Exercise 9: Generate a Developer Portal for your APIs

## More Resources

Quick tour of API connect at [<https://console.ng.bluemix.net/docs/services/apiconnect/index.html>]  
(<https://console.ng.bluemix.net/docs/services/apiconnect/index.html>)

API Connect Developer Toolkit at [<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>]  
(<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>)

## Contact

Please contact us on Twitter @ragss or @boilerupnc or @sai\_vennam.

## API Connect Hands-On Labs

### Exercise 1: Install Node.js, API Connect Toolkit and create a sample “hello world” API connect project

#### Prerequisites

If you’re working on your own laptop, make sure you’ve met the following prerequisites (**prerequisites 2-4 may already have been met if you’re using a pre-installed laptop. You can verify this by typing cf and apic commands**).

**Prerequisite 1:** Registered for a Bluemix account that is **still current** (trial Bluemix accounts are available at <http://console.ng.bluemix.net>). Contact the instructor for a promotion code for a bump in the quota. Please note down the **username** (or **email**) and **password** which will be used to login via the **cf** CLI.

**Prerequisite 2:** Installed the Cloud Foundry CLI from <https://github.com/cloudfoundry/cli#downloads>.

**Prerequisite 3:** Installed **npm** and **apic**. Refer to instructions from [<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>] (<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>) and [<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>] (<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>) respectively.

**Prerequisite 4:** Installed the Hands-On Labs locally. You can either **git clone** [<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>] (<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>) or download a zip from the repository.

#### Ensure that you are in the right sub-directory

Ensure that you are in sub-directory ex1.

```
cd <path-to-hol-folder>/apichol/exercises/ex1
```

#### Overview

We will target a Bluemix Cloud Foundry instance using the Bluemix ID created and look at the API Connect service locally.

#### Target the Bluemix instance

Target the Bluemix Cloud Foundry instance by substituting the URL with the one provided and use the following command.

```
cf api https://api.ng.bluemix.net # to Americas
```

## OR

```
cf api https://api.eu-gb.bluemix.net # to Europe
```

The output for the cf CLI should look something like below.

```
Setting api endpoint to https://api.ng.bluemix.net...
OK
```

```
API endpoint: https://api.ng.bluemix.net (API version: 2.27.0)
Not logged in. Use 'cf login' to log in.
```

Login to the instance as directed.

```
cf login
```

Substitute the **non-expired** Bluemix account that was created earlier as below.

```
API endpoint: https://api.ng.bluemix.net
```

```
Email> <your IBM ID>
```

```
Password>
```

```
Authenticating...
```

```
OK
```

```
Targeted org ragsrin@us.ibm.com
```

```
Targeted space dev
```

```
API endpoint: https://api.ng.bluemix.net (API version: 2.27.0)
```

```
User: ragsrin@us.ibm.com
```

```
Org: ragsrin@us.ibm.com
```

```
Space: dev
```

List the spaces with the following command

```
cf spaces
```

The output will look something like below.

```
Getting spaces in org ragsrin@us.ibm.com as ragsrin@us.ibm.com...
```

```
name
dev
```

If there are no space(s) listed, then create a space **dev** with the following command.

```
cf create-space dev
```

The output will look something like below.

```
Creating space dev in org ragsrin@us.ibm.com as ragsrin@us.ibm.com...
OK
Assigning role SpaceManager to user ragsrin@us.ibm.com in org ragsrin@us.ibm.com / space dev
OK
Assigning role SpaceDeveloper to user ragsrin@us.ibm.com in org ragsrin@us.ibm.com / space dev
OK
```

TIP: Use 'cf target -o ragsrin@us.ibm.com -s dev' to target new space

Issue the command as provided in TIP above as below to target the newly created space (if required).

```
cf target -o <your IBM ID> -s dev
```

The output will look something like below.

```
API endpoint: https://api.ng.bluemix.net (API version: 2.27.0)
User: ragsrin@us.ibm.com
Org: ragsrin@us.ibm.com
Space: dev
```

List the apps by issuing the following command.

```
cf apps
```

The output will look something like below.

```
Getting apps in org ragsrin@us.ibm.com / space dev as ragsrin@us.ibm.com...
OK
```

```
No apps found
```

Next we will create a simple `hello-world` project using API Connect.

### Create a “hello world” API connect project

Create a Loopback application. Pick the defaults except as noted below.

```
apic loopback --name notes
```

Pick the defaults except for the sample application notes instead of the default option.

```
? What kind of application do you have in mind? notes (A project containing a basic working example database)
```

Change to the project directory

```
cd notes
```

Start the API connect services locally

```
apic start
```

Ensure the service is running via the command

```
curl -l localhost:4001
```

Which should display how long the service has been running

You can try other options as available in the following command

```
apic --help
```

You can post a note via the following cURL command

```
curl -k -X POST https://localhost:4002/api/Messages -H 'X-IBM-Client-Id: default' -H 'X-IBM-Cl...' -d '{"id":1,"greeting":"Hello World"}'
```

You should see an output that looks something like below which indicates that a message with an ID of 1 was created.

```
* Closing connection 0
>{"id":1,"greeting":"Hello World"}
```

You can retrieve the message via the following command.

```
curl -k --request GET --url 'https://localhost:4002/api/Messages' --header 'accept: application/json'
```

You can explore further by invoking the following command

```
SKIP_LOGIN=true apic edit
```

This will launch the API connect GUI in the default browser. You will have to override the certificates manually for the API connect product in order to invoke the cURL commands. For now, feel free to wander around. We will take a more formal guided tour in the subsequent exercise.

Finally, you can stop the service as below.

```
apic stop
```

Which should show the service being stopped.

You can clean up by deleting the sub-directory if you prefer.

```
cd ..
rm -rf notes
```

We will dive into API Connect in the subsequent exercises.

## Summary of Exercise

After installing all the prerequisites, we explored how to target a Cloud Foundry instance and use the API connect product locally. Next we will look into how to use the product on Bluemix.

## API Connect Hands-On Labs

### Exercise 2: Create a Weather API using API Connect on Bluemix

#### Prerequisites

Make sure you've met the following prerequisites.

**Prerequisite 1:** Completed Exercise 1.

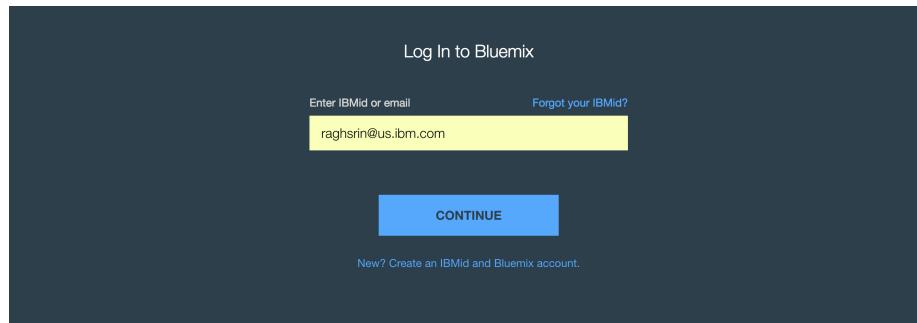
#### Overview

In the previous exercise we looked at how to use loopback framework on the **localhost** which is great for development. In this exercise, we will now look at how to use the API Connect service as a service on Bluemix. The service provides an API connect manager which provides the same tasks that were available via the API Connect GUI locally.

The service also enables publication of the APIs to a developer portal which will be covered in a subsequent exercise.

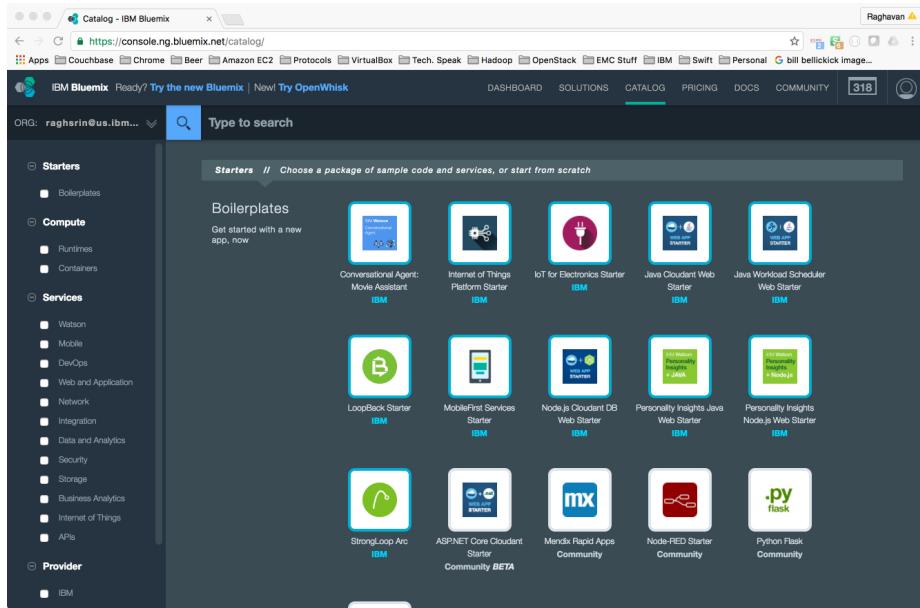
#### Login to Bluemix and instantiate the API Connect Service

Login to Bluemix by providing the credentials that you used during the registration process.

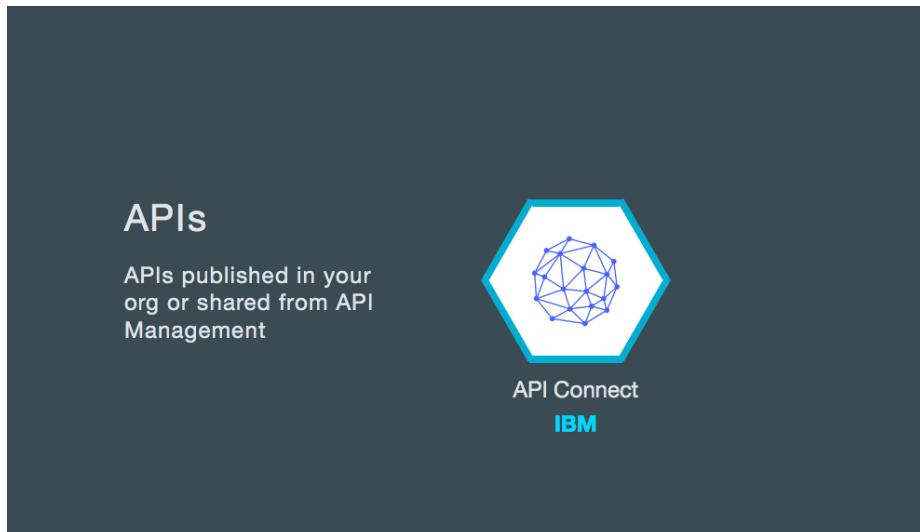


A screenshot of the Bluemix login interface. At the top center, it says "Log In to Bluemix". Below that, there are two input fields: "Enter IBMid or email" with the value "raghsrin@us.ibm.com" and "Forgot your IBMid?". A blue "CONTINUE" button is centered below the input fields. At the bottom of the form, there is a link "New? Create an IBMid and Bluemix account."

Once logged in, click on **Catalog** tab.



Pick the API Connect service tile



Pick the defaults for the service

The screenshot shows the IBM API Connect service catalog interface. On the left, there's a service card for 'API Connect' by IBM, with details like Publish Date (04/13/2016) and Type (Service). A 'VIEW DOCS' button is present. The main area contains a brief description of IBM API Connect and four bullet points detailing its features: 'Securely unlock existing IT assets', 'Graphical API assembly', 'Community & Subscription management', and 'Gain insights about API consumption'. Below these points is a small screenshot of the API Connect dashboard.

IBM API Connect is a comprehensive end-to-end API lifecycle solution that enables the automated creation of APIs, simple discovery of systems of records, self-service access for internal and third party developers and built-in security and governance. Using automated, model-driven tools, create new APIs and microservices based on Node.js and Java runtimes—all managed from a single unified console. Ensure secure & controlled access to the APIs using a rich set of enforced policies. Drive innovation and engage with the developer community through the self-service developer portal. IBM API Connect provides streamlined control across the API lifecycle and also enables businesses to gain deep insights around API consumption from its built-in analytics.

- **Securely unlock existing IT assets**  
Rapidly generate Swagger compliant APIs from backend datasources. Iteratively design and test APIs thereby shortening development cycles.
- **Graphical API assembly**  
Graphically assemble the API invocation flow and apply policies that need to be enforced for secure controlled access.
- **Community & Subscription management**  
Create developer communities to publish and share APIs and engage with them through a self-service portal. Also manage the subscriptions of the API to ensure easy consumption.
- **Gain insights about API consumption**  
Built-in analytics and customized dashboards empower businesses to make informed decisions.

You will presented with a Drafts API screen that looks like below.

The screenshot shows the 'Draft APIs' page. The title 'Draft APIs' is at the top. Below it, a message states: 'This page lists all of your draft APIs.' It explains how to create an API by clicking 'Add', specifying details in the user interface or importing an OpenAPI (Swagger) definition file. It also notes that APIs must be included in a Product to be available to developers. A note about viewing and editing configurations is present. At the bottom, a 'Got it!' button is highlighted, and a link to learn more about draft APIs is provided.

This page lists all of your draft APIs.

To create an API, click 'Add'. You can compose an API by specifying its details in the user interface or by importing an existing OpenAPI (Swagger) definition file.

Before your APIs become available to developers, you must include them in a Product; you can do this in the Products tab.

To view and edit the configuration of an API that you have added, click the API.

**Got it!**

Learn more about draft APIs

Click on “Got it” and proceed.

You will be presented with the Drafts screen that looks like below.

The screenshot shows the 'Drafts' screen of the API Connect - IBM Bluemix interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with icons for Home, Products, APIs, Add, and Search APIs. Below the navigation is a search bar and a 'Type' section with checkboxes for REST, SOAP, and OAuth 2.0. A central panel displays a message: 'Start by adding an API. You can create a brand new API, start with a soap service, import an existing OpenAPI or get started with the Climbing Weather sample API'. To the right, a 'Getting Started' sidebar lists five steps: 01 Import API, 02 Generate and Publish, 03 Explore, 04 Test, and 05 Analytics.

If you do not have the “Getting Started” window, **click on ? and “Turn on Guided Tour”** as shown below.

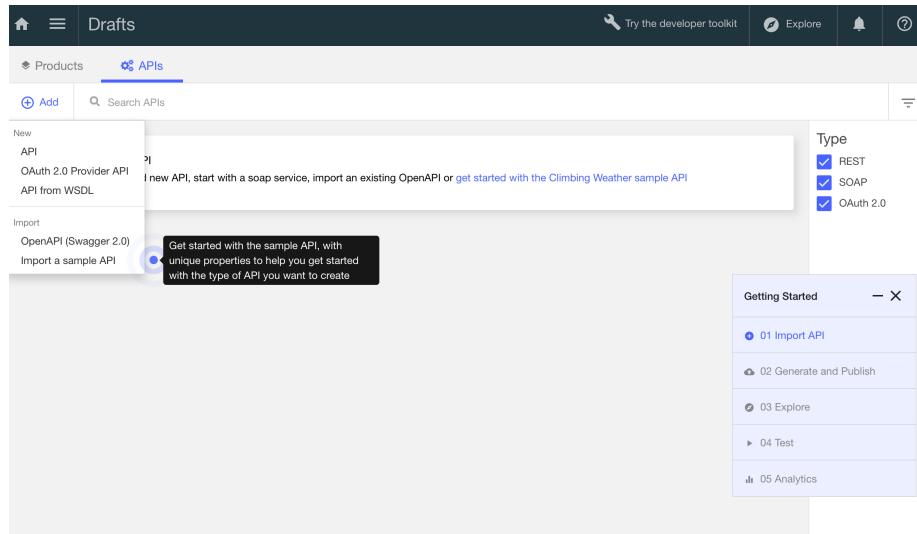
The screenshot shows the 'Dashboard' screen of the API Connect - IBM Bluemix interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with icons for Home, APIs, Catalog, Docs, and a user profile for Raghavan Srinivas. Below the navigation is a search bar and a 'Try the developer toolkit' button. A context menu is open over the user profile icon, listing options: Tutorials, Developer Community, Product Documentation, View Forum, Get Support, and Turn on guided tour.

We will follow the “Getting Started” tour essentially from now on.

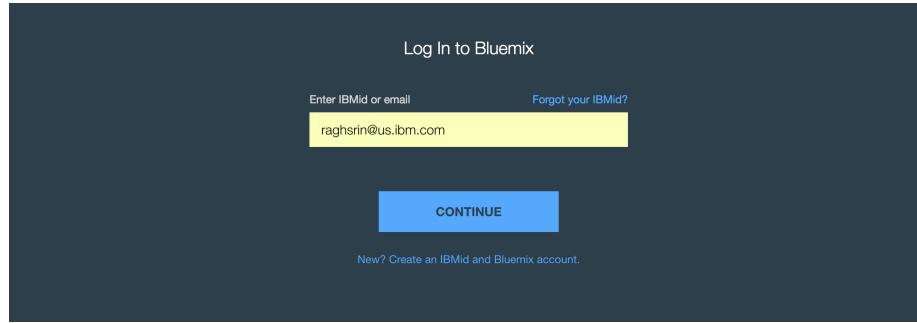
## A tour of the API Connect Manager via the sample Weather API

We start off by clicking on “Import API” in the “Getting Started” window and “Import a Sample API” as prompted.

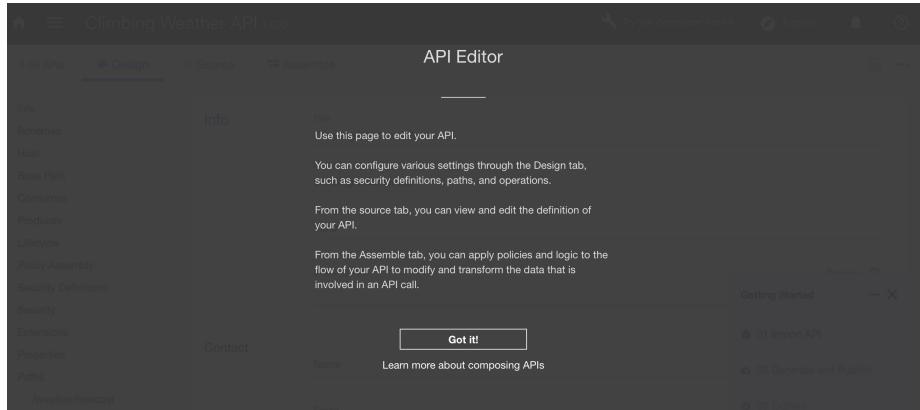
As indicated before, if you do not have the “Getting Started” window, **click on ? and “Turn on Guided Tour”**



In the Dialog box shown below pick the “Climbing Weather” project and hit “Import” as shown below.



This will prompt you about the “API Editor” as shown below. Hit “Got it!”.



This will bring up the Design view similar to what you saw earlier, this time on Bluemix.

Scroll down to the `getWeather` method which looks like below.

The screenshot shows the 'Design' tab of the Climbing Weather API 1.0.0 interface. On the left, a sidebar lists various API components like Info, Schemes, Host, etc. The main area shows a GET operation for the path '/weather/forecast'. The summary is 'Retrieve the 3 day forecast for a location'. The operation ID is 'getWeather' and it is marked as 'Deprecated'. The description is 'Retrieve the locations weather forecast descriptions for the next 3 days and nights'. Under 'Parameters', there are three fields: 'zip' (Query, A 5 number zip code), 'country' (Query, A 2 letter country code), and 'lat' (Query, A latitude value between -90 and 90). To the right, a 'Getting Started' sidebar provides links to Import API, Generate and Publish, Explore, Test, and Analytics.

Click “Generate and Publish” in the “Getting Started” window picking “Generate a Default Product” as shown below.

This screenshot shows the same API design interface as above, but with a context menu open over the 'Generate and Publish' link in the 'Getting Started' sidebar. The menu options are: 'Generate a default product', 'Save as a new version', 'Update', 'Download', and 'Delete'. The 'Generate a default product' option is highlighted with a blue circle.

You will see that a default plan will be used and that you will publish the product to the Sandbox catalog. Click on “Generate” as shown below.

Generate new product

Products define one or more plans that control API rate limits and allow multiple APIs to be bundled together.

Info	Title Climbing Weather API				
Name	climbing-weather-api				
Version	1.0.0				
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Publish this product to a catalog <p>Publishing a product to a catalog allows associated APIs to be invoked. The checkbox needs to remain checked for the tutorial</p>					
Search catalogs <table border="1"> <tr> <td>Name</td> <td>Server</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Sandbox</td> <td><a href="https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghbirinusbmcom-dev/sb">https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghbirinusbmcom-dev/sb</a></td> </tr> </table>		Name	Server	Sandbox	<a href="https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghbirinusbmcom-dev/sb">https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghbirinusbmcom-dev/sb</a>
Name	Server				
Sandbox	<a href="https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghbirinusbmcom-dev/sb">https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghbirinusbmcom-dev/sb</a>				
Cancel <input type="button" value="Generate"/>					

Next, click “Explore” in the “Getting Started” window as shown below.

The screenshot shows the IBM API Connect interface with the following details:

- Header:** Climbing Weather API 1.0.0
- Status Bar:** Success: Climbing Weather API (version 1.1.0) has been published to Sandbox; a few seconds ago
- Left Sidebar:** All APIs, Design (selected), Source, Assemble
- Operation View:**
  - Info:** Operation ID: getWeather, Deprecated: unchecked
  - Description:** Retrieve the locations weather forecast descriptions for the next 3 days and nights
  - Parameters:**

Name	Located In	Description	Required	Action
zip	Query	A 5 number zip code	<input type="checkbox"/>	Add Parameter
country	Query	A 2 letter country code	<input type="checkbox"/>	
lat	Query	A latitude value between -90 and 90	<input type="checkbox"/>	
lon	Query	A longitude value between -180 and 180	<input type="checkbox"/>	
- Right Sidebar (Getting Started):**
  - 01 Import API
  - 02 Generate and Publish
  - 03 Explore (selected)
  - 04 Test
  - 05 Analytics

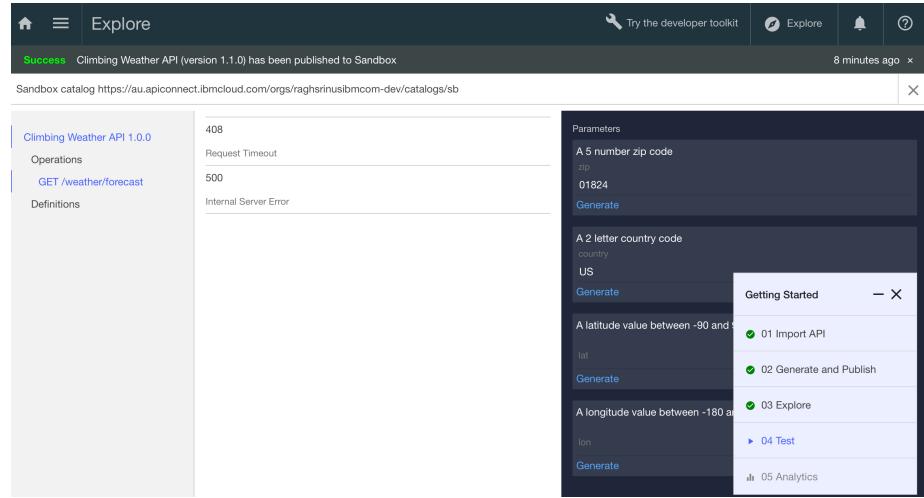
Pick “Sandbox” as prompted and as shown below.

The screenshot shows the IBM API Connect interface. In the top navigation bar, there are tabs for 'All APIs', 'Design' (which is selected), 'Source', and 'Assembly'. Below the tabs, there's a success message: 'Climbing Weather API (version 1.1.0) has been published to Sandbox'. On the left, there's a sidebar with sections for 'Info', 'Schemes', 'Host', 'Base Path', 'Consumes', and 'Produces'. The main content area shows an operation named 'getWeather' with the description: 'Retrieve the locations weather forecast descriptions for the next 3 days and nights'. A tooltip 'Explore and test APIs published to a catalog' points to the 'Catalogs' section in the top right, which lists 'Drafts' and 'Sandbox'. A timestamp 'a minute ago' is also visible.

You will see the sample API as shown below.

This screenshot shows the 'Explore' view for the Climbing Weather API 1.0.0. The top navigation bar includes 'IBM Bluemix', 'APIs', 'Catalog' (with 318 items), 'Docs', and a user profile for 'Raghavan Srinivas'. The main content area displays the 'Climbing Weather API 1.0.0' details. On the left, there's a sidebar with 'Operations' (listing 'GET /weather/forecast') and 'Definitions'. The main panel shows the 'Weather' operation with its summary: 'Retrieve the 3 day forecast for a location' and description: 'Retrieve the locations weather forecast descriptions for the next 3 days and nights'. Below this, there's a 'Parameters' section and a 'Getting Started' sidebar with steps: 01 Import API, 02 Generate and Publish, 03 Explore (which is expanded to show curl command), 04 Test, and 05 Analytics.

We will invoke the API by providing the following APIs to country code and zip. Feel free to substitute values.



If the call succeeds, you should see a response that looks like below with the weather data for the country and zip code.

Request

```
GET https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghsrinusibmcom-dev/sb/weather/forecast?zip=01824&country=US
Content-Type: application/json
Accept: application/json
X-IBM-Client-Id: 9481b429-5f2e-4f45-b720-cbea6c96f90e
X-IBM-Client-Secret: P7eJ6dl1uX0wX1mN5oM7pB7uV4qX2wS8sX1cF0qA3jX0tS4tL5
```

Response

```
Code: 200 OK
Headers:
content-type: application/json
x-global-transaction-id: 299187
x-ratelimit-limit: 100
x-ratelimit-remaining: 98
```

```
[
  {
    "class": "fod_long_range",
    "expire_time_gmt": 1472554800,
    "fcst_valid": "2015-07-01T12:00:00Z",
    "fcst_valid_local": "2015-07-01T12:00:00-04:00",
    "num": 1,
    "max_temp": 84,
    "min_temp": 63,
```

Getting Started — X

- ✓ 01 Import API
- ✓ 02 Generate and Publish
- ✓ 03 Explore
- ▶ 04 Test
- 05 Analytics

If the call fails as shown below, click on the link and accept the certificates (we're overriding the Cross-Origin Resource Sharing - CORS error)

The following screen shots walks through how to override this via a series of dialog boxes. This might be different based on the browser, the URL and the error but is illustrated below

**Call operation**

Request

```
GET https://api.eu.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghsrinusibmcom-dev/sb/weather/forecast?zip=01824&country=US
Content-Type: application/json
Accept: application/json
X-IBM-Client-Id: 591eee59-0f75-42e4-88b3-c6b445572748
X-IBM-Client-Secret:
fA5jR1kK5dS5xN2nD6wY7wl6cW5yX8rE2IH4kR2yN3rG5jR7IE
```

Response

Code: -1

No response received. Causes include a lack of CORS support on the target server, the server being unavailable, or an untrusted certificate being encountered.

Clicking the link below will open the server in a new tab. If the browser displays a certificate issue, you may choose to accept it and return here to test again.

<https://api.eu.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghsrinusibmcom-dev/sb/weather/forecast?zip=01824&country=US>

Response

Code: -1

No response received. Causes include a lack of CORS support on the target server, the server being unavailable, or an untrusted certificate being encountered.

Clicking the link below will open the server in a new tab. If the browser displays a certificate issue, you may choose to accept it and return here to test again.

<https://localhost:4002/api/Notes>



## Your connection is not secure

The owner of **localhost** has configured their website improperly. To protect your information from being stolen, Firefox has not connected to this website.

[Learn more...](#)

[Go Back](#)

[Advanced](#)

Report errors like this to help Mozilla identify misconfigured sites



## Your connection is not secure

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[Learn more...](#)

[Go Back](#)

[Advanced](#)

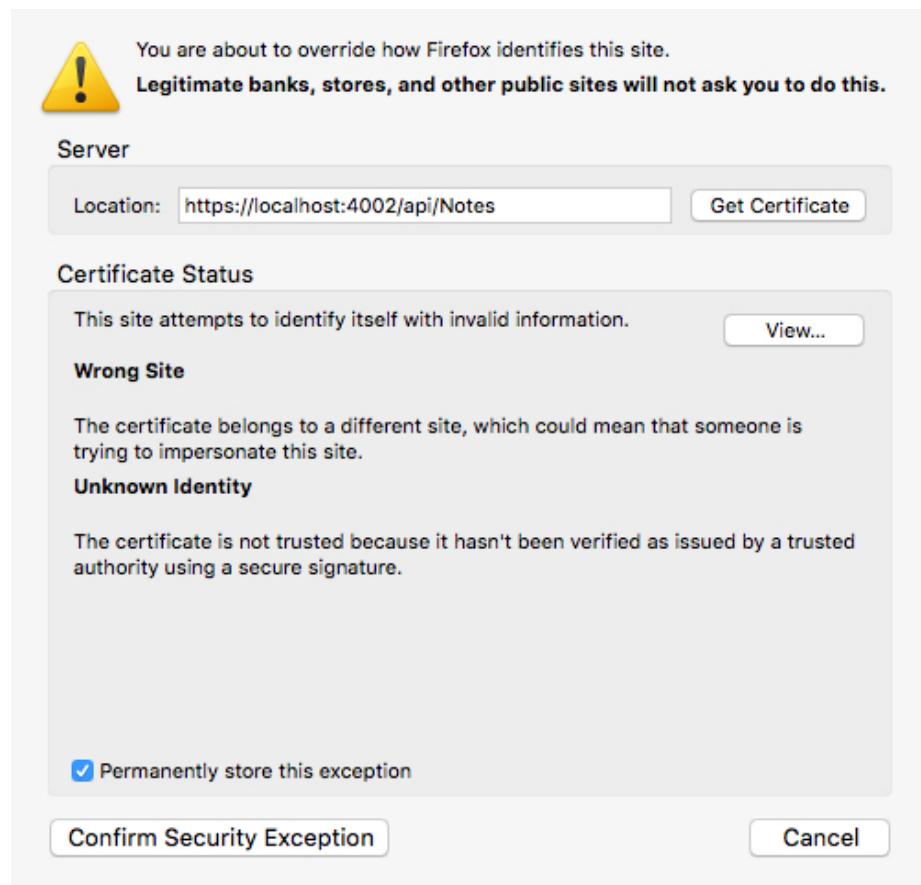
Report errors like this to help Mozilla identify misconfigured sites

localhost:4002 uses an invalid security certificate.

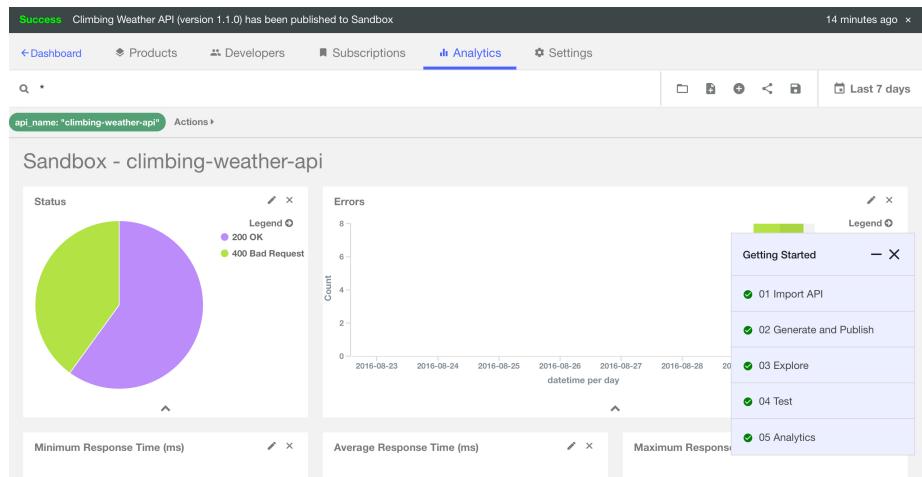
The certificate is not trusted because it is self-signed.  
The certificate is only valid for [apic.ibm.com](http://apic.ibm.com)

Error code: [SEC\\_ERROR\\_UNKNOWN\\_ISSUER](#)

[Add Exception...](#)



You can click “Test” on the “Getting Started” window and finally on “Analytics” which should result in something like below.



Which should show the usage statistics for the product.

### Summary of Exercise

We started with the API connect product locally and looked at how to use the same service on Bluemix via the Sample. In a later exercise, we will publish the product to a developer portal that is an adjunct service with the API connect service on Bluemix.

# API Connect Hands-On Labs

## Exercise 3: Design your OpenAPI Swagger specification

### Prerequisites

Make sure you've met the following prerequisites.

**Prerequisite 1:** Registered for a Bluemix account that is **still current** (trial Bluemix accounts are available at <http://console.ng.bluemix.net>). Contact the instructor for a promotion code for a bump in the quota. Please note down the **username** (or **email**) and **password** which will be used to login via the **cf** CLI.

**Prerequisite 2:** Installed the Cloud Foundry CLI from <https://github.com/cloudfoundry/cli#downloads>.

**Prerequisite 3:** Installed **npm** and **apic**. Refer to instructions from [<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>] (<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>) and [<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>] (<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>) respectively.

**Prerequisite 4:** Installed the Hands-On Labs locally. You can either **git clone** [<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>] (<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>) or download a zip from the repository.

### Ensure that you are in the right sub-directory

Ensure that you are in sub-directory ex3.

```
cd <path-to-hol-folder>/apichol/exercises/ex3
```

### Overview

For this exercise, we'll:

1. Learn about the OpenAPI Specification (Swagger Specification) 2.0 and its components
2. Learn how to use Swagger Editor to design and modify an existing Swagger JSON specification of an API
3. Learn how to import an OpenAPI Specification into API Designer for further editing

### OpenAPI (Current Version: 2.0)

The Open API Specification (formerly known as the Swagger specification) is the industry standard for defining REST APIs. The goal of the OpenAPI Speci-

fication is to define a standard, language-agnostic interface to REST APIs which allows both humans and computers to discover and understand the capabilities of the service without access to source code, documentation, or through network traffic inspection. When properly defined via OpenAPI, a consumer can understand and interact with the remote service with a minimal amount of implementation logic.

OpenAPI specs remove the guesswork in calling a given service

## OpenAPI Components

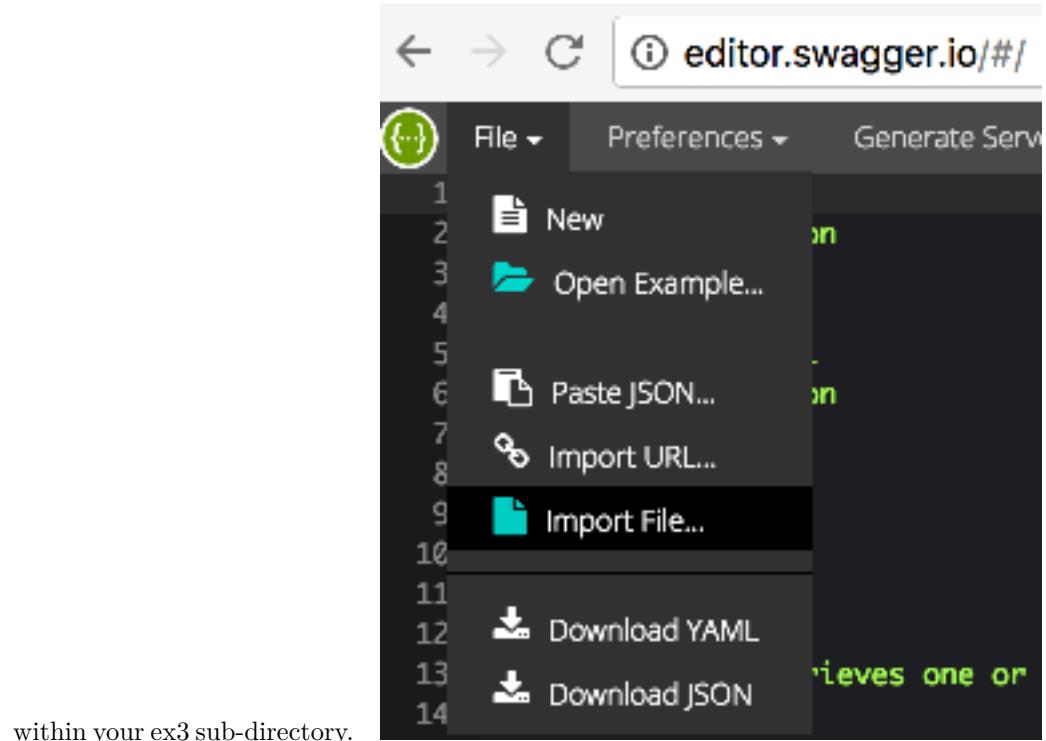
- **FORMAT:** The files describing the RESTful API in accordance with the Swagger specification are represented as **JSON objects** and conform to the JSON standards. YAML, being a superset of JSON, can be used as well to represent a Swagger specification file.
- **BENEFITS:** With a OpenAPI specification, you'll be able to generate client libraries in lots of runtime languages, generate server stubs, import these definitions into API management tools such as Bluemix APIConnect and use tools to verify conformance.

## Swagger Editor

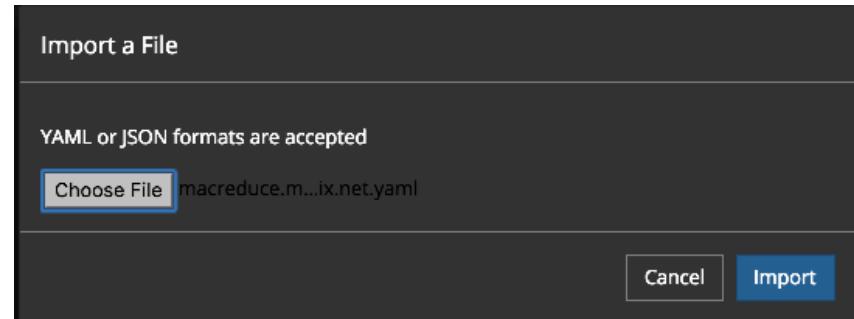
Swagger Editor is a handy open source web application that lets you quickly edit OpenAPI Swagger specifications in YAML or JSON. You can import or create custom specifications within a browser. We'll use this hosted editor and a Swagger JSON specification **macreduce.mybluemix.net.json** located within the ex3 sub-directory to illustrate the use of the editor and how it can be used to design/modify a Swagger specification.

### Exploring an OpenAPI (Swagger) 2.0 Specification

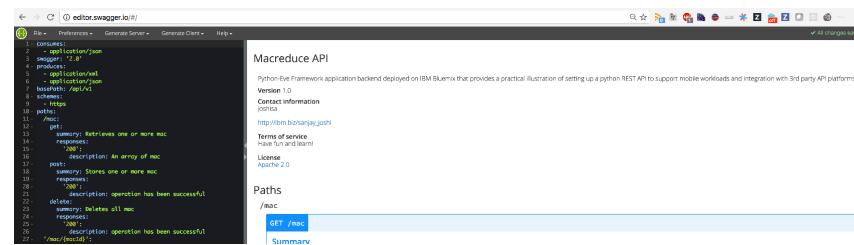
1. Browse to Swagger Editor and click on the File menu choice **Import File...** . You will select the macreduce.mybluemix.net.yaml file found



within your ex3 sub-directory.



- After import, you should see a split pane view with the raw text Swagger spec on the left and a rendered view on the right.



3. We will now make a modification to the existing swagger specification. Browse to the section of the spec that looks similar to:

```
'/mac/{macId}':  
  get:  
    summary: Retrieves a Mac document  
    responses:  
      '200':  
        description: Mac document fetched successfully  
    parameters:  
      - in: path  
        name: macId  
    [...]
```

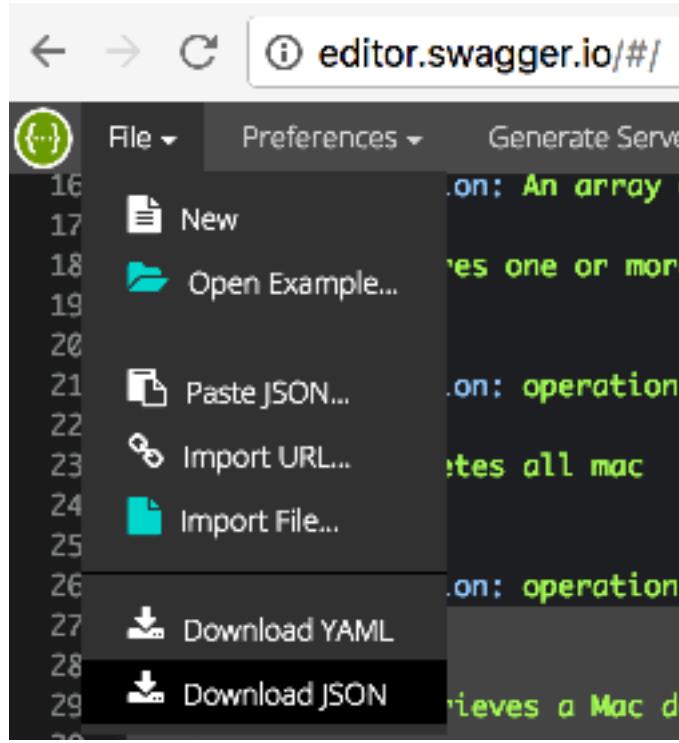
We will add an expected response to document the API's behavior when attempting to fetch a non-existent macId resource. Add two lines just above the parameters section so that it now looks like this:

```
'/mac/{macId}':  
  get:  
    summary: Retrieves a Mac document  
    responses:  
      '200':  
        description: Mac document fetched successfully  
      '404':  
        description: Mac document not found  
    parameters:  
      - in: path  
        name: macId  
    [...]
```

The specification provides a wide variety of data elements to facilitate describing your API set. As you inspect your OpenAPI specification file, some important elements to consider include:

- method types (get, post, delete, ...)
- responses (200, 400, 404, ...)
- parameters
- paths
- content-types (application/json, application/xml, ...)

4. Click on the File menu choice **Download JSON** to obtain a local copy of your newly modified OpenAPI Swagger 2.0 specification.



5. As you can see, Swagger Editor is a great tool for modifying existing OpenAPI specifications and/or creating brand new specifications.

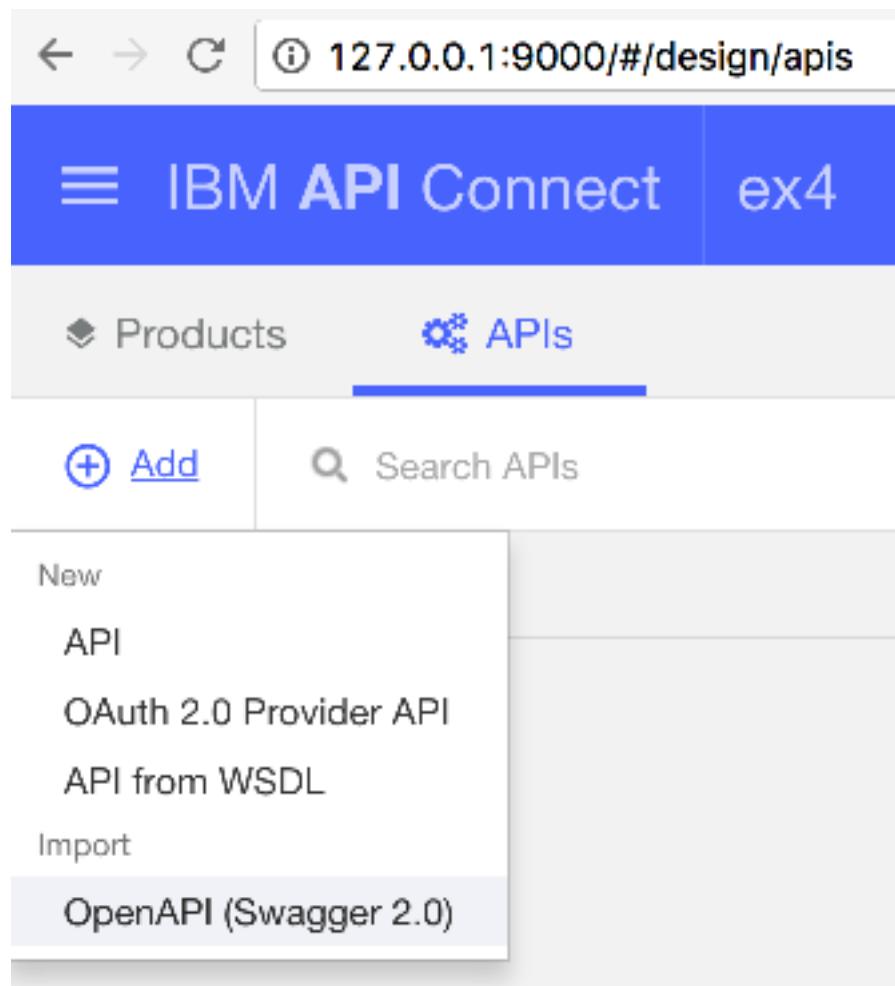
### Open API Spec Explorer and Designer

To open the API Designer, on the command line enter:

```
SKIP_LOGIN=true apic edit
```

This should result in the API Designer opening within your default web browser.

Our next step is to import the OpenAPI specification into API Designer. To accomplish this, click on the **+ Add** link and select the Import OpenAPI choice



You will want to browse to the location where you downloaded the swagger.json file created from Swagger editor and click on the **Import** button.

This should cause focus on the API Design tab with various fields populated via data found within the OpenAPI specification file. Feel free to explore the various section links on the left to get a feel for design options available to you.

The screenshot shows the IBM API Connect interface at the URL `127.0.0.1:9000/#/design/apis/editor/Macreduce%20API:1.0`. The title bar says "IBM API Connect" and "ex4 1.0". The navigation bar includes "All APIs", "Design" (which is selected), "Source", and "Assemble". On the left, a sidebar lists categories: Info, Schemes (selected), Host, Base Path, Consumes, Produces, Lifecycle, Policy Assembly, Security Definitions, Security, and Extensions. The main content area is titled "Info" and shows the following details for the "Macreduce API":

Title	Macreduce API
Name	
Version	1.0
Description	Python-Eve Framework application b

## Summary of Exercise

We've now learned quite a bit. We know what an Open API (Swagger) specification is, how its used and what is its composition. We've explored a couple of tools that assist us with Open API design, composition and management. In the next exercise, we'll create a Loopback Application against these defined APIs. Having a backend application takes the conceptual descriptions within the spec and makes them concrete (e.g. Functional Create, Read, Update and Delete API endpoints). It is also worth noting that if you already possess an existing backend API application, you can publish this Open API (Swagger) specification to Bluemix whereby the platform would then manage your existing APIs for you. Platforms such as Bluemix are great at providing analytics, gateway, security, authentication and user management facilities for your API needs. Navigate over to ex4 directory and begin exercise 4.

# API Connect Hands-On Labs

## Exercise 4: Generate a LoopBack application and import your APIs

### Prerequisites

Make sure you've met the following prerequisites.

**Prerequisite 1:** Registered for a Bluemix account that is **still current** (trial Bluemix accounts are available at <http://console.ng.bluemix.net>). Contact the instructor for a promotion code for a bump in the quota. Please note down the **username** (or **email**) and **password** which will be used to login via the **cf** CLI.

**Prerequisite 2:** Installed the Cloud Foundry CLI from <https://github.com/cloudfoundry/cli#downloads>.

**Prerequisite 3:** Installed **npm** and **apic**. Refer to instructions from [<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>] (<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>) and [<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>] (<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>) respectively.

**Prerequisite 4:** Installed the Hands-On Labs locally. You can either **git clone** [<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>] (<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>) or download a zip from the repository.

### Ensure that you are in the right sub-directory

Ensure that you are in sub-directory ex4.

```
cd <path-to-hol-folder>/apichol/exercises/ex4
```

### Overview

For this exercise, we'll:

1. Learn about how to create a LoopBack application
2. Learn how to consume an OpenAPI specification and shape a backend LoopBack application's behavior
3. Learn how to implement basic behavior around your imported API design

### LoopBack API

Navigate to the empty loopbackapp folder within the ex4 directory

```
cd loopbackapp
```

Execute the following command line syntax:

```
apic loopback
```

You'll want to give your application a name and select the **empty-server** option to create an empty LoopBack API.

```
? What's the name of your application? loopbackapp
? What kind of application do you have in mind?
> empty-server (An empty LoopBack API, without any configured models or datasources)
  hello-world (A project containing a controller, including a single vanilla Message and a single remote method)
  notes (A project containing a basic working example, including a memory database)
```

This should result in a parade of files being generated within the folder that represents a skeleton LoopBack application. Next, we'll create an in-memory db datastore. This db datastore is required to help us test our new Loopback application – specifically for create operations which use HTTP POST and PUT method calls. Without a datastore, our application will have no default place to store data sent to it.

Execute the following command:

```
apic create --type datasource
```

You'll be prompted for:

1. A data-source name. Enter **db**.
2. A connector for the db: select the default selection of **In-memory db**.
3. A window.localStorage key for persistence. Accept the default of blank.
4. A full path to file for persistence. Accept the default of blank.

This will update your applications definition file with this new datasource.

```
? Enter the data-source name: db
? Select the connector for db: In-memory db (supported by StrongLoop)
Connector-specific configuration:
? window.localStorage key to use for persistence (browser only):
? Full path to file for persistence (server only):
Done running LoopBack generator
```

Figure 1: newdatasource

Next, we'll import our OpenAPI specification from exercise 3 to shape this application. To prepare for this, copy the downloaded OpenAPI spec json file obtained from Swagger Editor and place it within the ex4 directory. As an alternative, you can also copy an unmodified swagger spec file by executing the following command:

```
cp ../../ex3/macreduce.mybluemix.net.json ./swagger.json
```

Execute the following command:

```
apic loopback:swagger
```

A series of menu prompts will display:

1. Prompt: A local path or remote url to your OpenAPI specification file.  
Response: Enter a path to the json file that you copied in an earlier step (e.g. `../swagger.json`).
2. Prompt: Selection of the models to be generated.  
Response: You'll select the default of `swagger_api_v1`.
3. Prompt: Selection of the data-source to attach models to.  
Response: You'll select the default of `db (memory)`

```
? Enter the swagger spec url or file path: ../swagger.json
Loading ../swagger.json...
? Select models to be generated: (Press <space> to select)swagger_api_v1
? Select the data-source to attach models to: db (memory)
Creating model definition for swagger_api_v1...
Model definition created/updated for swagger_api_v1.
Creating model config for swagger_api_v1...
Model config created for swagger_api_v1.
```

Figure 2: swaggershaping

Next, you'll confirm that our datasource is attached to our model using the API Design and Management User interface which exposes concepts such as the underlying API model and registered datasources. To do this, let's jump into the API Design and Management UI by executing the following command:

```
apic edit
```

This should result in the API Design and Management UI opening within your default web browser. You'll need to sign in with your Bluemix account and browse to the Models tab ...

and click on our model named `swagger_api_v1`. This will open the properties view for the model. Click the dropdown arrow and select the datasource `db`. Hit the **save icon** in the upper right of the window and then close the browser tab. You'll also need to break out of the running `apic edit` process within the terminal.

Sweet! We now have a node application with endpoints defined via our OpenAPI specification. To test, let's fire up the app:

```
node .
```

We'll observe that the application is listening on port 3000. Using a browser, let's navigate to the following url: `http://127.0.0.1:3000/api/api/v1/mac` .

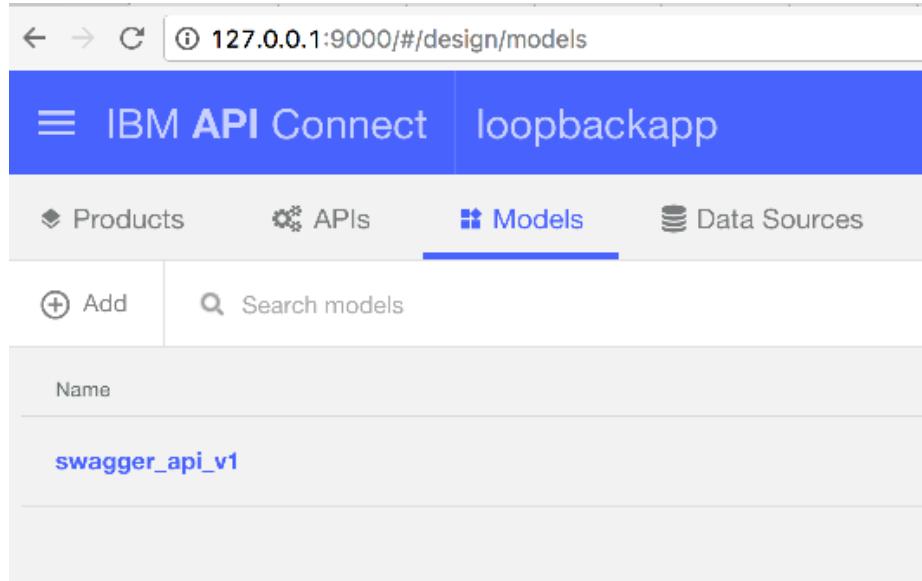


Figure 3: Models Tab

Ughh ... a 500 response error.

Wait, that makes total sense. We've defined endpoints via a spec but have not implemented any logic around the behavior of the resources. Let's tackle that next.

Kill your running node process within the terminal and locate the LoopBack application's model controller file **swagger-api-v-1.js**

```
ls -al ./server/models/
```

Within this folder, you'll notice two files:

1. **swagger-api-v-1.js** : defines implementation logic for the generated stub APIs generated
2. **swagger-api-v-1.json** : defines meta properties about the generated API model

To expedite the logic implementation, a handy uncommented copy of a partially implemented controller file is provided within the ex4 parent folder named **swagger-api-v-1.js**. While in the project folder loopbackapp folder, execute the following command to replace the existing controller with this partial implementation:

```
cp ./swagger-api-v-1.js.uncommented server/models/swagger-api-v-1.js
```

You'll be prompted to overwrite. Response with **y** (yes).

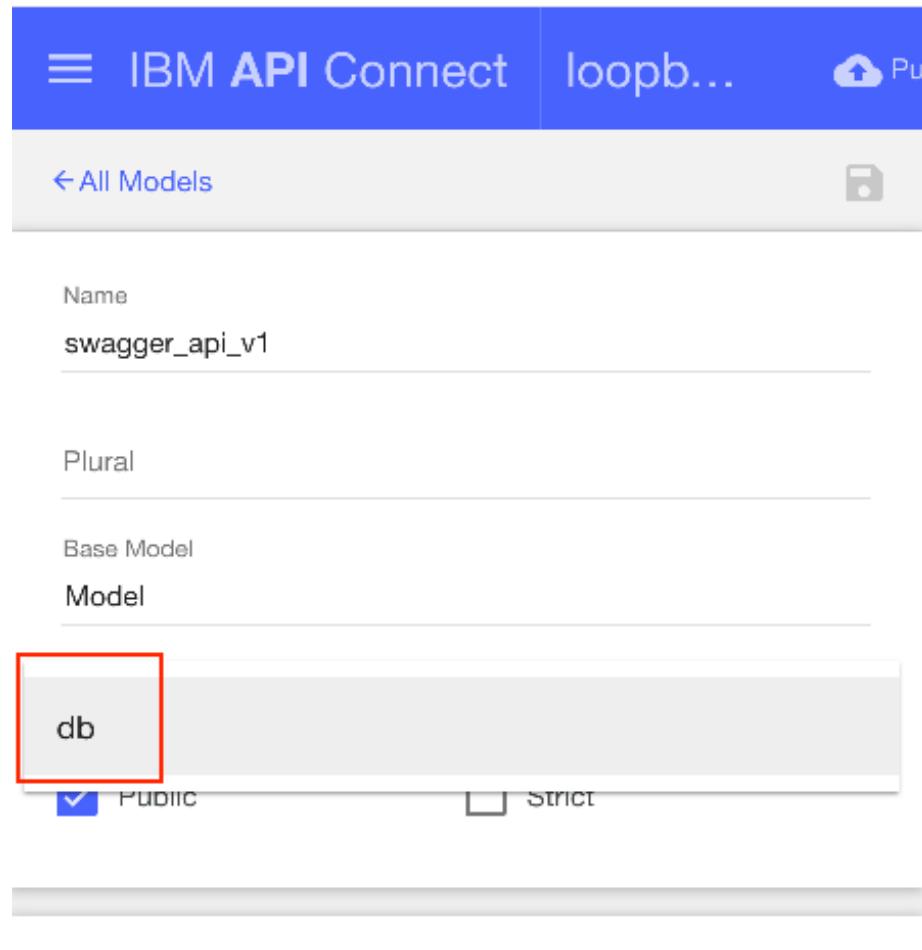


Figure 4: New Datasource

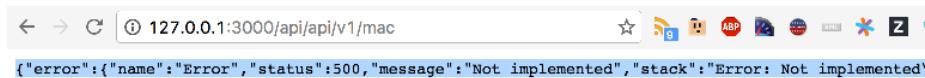


Figure 5: not implemented

This partial implementation enables four (4) of the OpenAPI specification entries for

- **GET** and **POST** on `/mac`
- **GET** and **DELETE** `/mac/{macId}`

If you're curious, we've also provided for comparison and inspection, a commented copy in the ex4 directory. (`./swagger-api-v-1.js.commented`).

Let's fire up our Loopback Application based on Swagger once again ... and try to populate it with some data.

```
node .
```

In a separate terminal window, issue the following 2 commands:

```
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "{\"organization\":\"IBM Corporation\", \"hex\":\"74:99:75\", \"base16\":\"749975\"}"  
curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "{\"organization\":\"IBM Corporation\", \"hex\":\"74:99:75\", \"base16\":\"749975\"}"
```

If all went well, you should receive a response within your terminal from your node backend API server that looks similar to:

```
\$ :~ % curl -X POST -H "Content-Type: application/json" -d "{\"organization\":\"IBM Corporation\", \"hex\":\"74:99:75\", \"base16\":\"749975\"}"  
{"mac":{"id":1,"organization":"IBM Corporation","hex":"74:99:75","base16":"749975"}}
```

Figure 6: Successful Post

While it continues to run, let's now fetch a record associated with an ID=2. Navigate your browser to `http://localhost:3000/api/api/v1/mac/2`

The result should look similar to this:

```
localhost:3000/api/api/v1/mac/2  
{"mac":{"id":2,"organization":"IBM Corporation","hex":"74:99:75","base16":"749975"}}
```

Figure 7: Successful Get

Awesome sauce! Go ahead and kill the running node process within your terminal and change directories to exercise 5.

## Summary of Exercise

You've now walked through the process of quickly creating a REST API Loopback Application shaped by an OpenAPI (swagger) specification. You also learned how to modify the generated backend Loopback application to partially implement support for a couple of HTTP method types (GET and POST). Next, we'll learn how to easily create and populate a MySQL Db service instance as a building block towards our ultimate goal of establishing DB API operations that support Create, Read, Update and Delete (CRUD).

# API Connect Hands-On Labs

## Exercise 5: Create a database service on Bluemix

### Prerequisites

Make sure you've met the following prerequisites.

**Prerequisite 1:** Registered for a Bluemix account that is **still current** (trial Bluemix accounts are available at <http://console.ng.bluemix.net>). Contact the instructor for a promotion code for a bump in the quota. Please note down the **username** (or **email**) and **password** which will be used to login via the **cf CLI**.

**Prerequisite 2:** Installed the Cloud Foundry CLI from <https://github.com/cloudfoundry/cli#downloads>.

**Prerequisite 3:** Installed **npm** and **apic**. Refer to instructions from [<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>] (<https://nodejs.org/en/download/>) and [<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>] (<https://www.npmjs.com/package/apiconnect>) respectively.

**Prerequisite 4:** Installed the Hands-On Labs locally. You can either **git clone** [<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>] (<https://github.com/ragsns/apichol>) or download a zip from the repository.

### Ensure that you are in the right sub-directory

Ensure that you are in sub-directory ex5.

```
cd <path-to-hol-folder>/apichol/exercises/ex5
```

### Verify your Target within Bluemix instance

Verify your Target within Bluemix Cloud Foundry instance by issuing the following command.

```
cf target
```

The output for the **cf** CLI should look something like below.

```
API endpoint: https://api.ng.bluemix.net (API version: 2.54.0)
User: <bluemix_email_id>
Org: <bluemix_email_id>
Space: dev
```

## Overview

For this exercise, we seek to learn how to rapidly instantiate a MySQL DB service and populate it with sample data, thus forming an asset for future exercises exploring the creation of database CRUD APIs. With a Platform as a Service (PaaS) such as IBM Bluemix, DB creation and interaction is super easy – as you'll see.

### Creating a database service

IBM Bluemix offers a wide array of data service options that are just a few clicks/commands away.

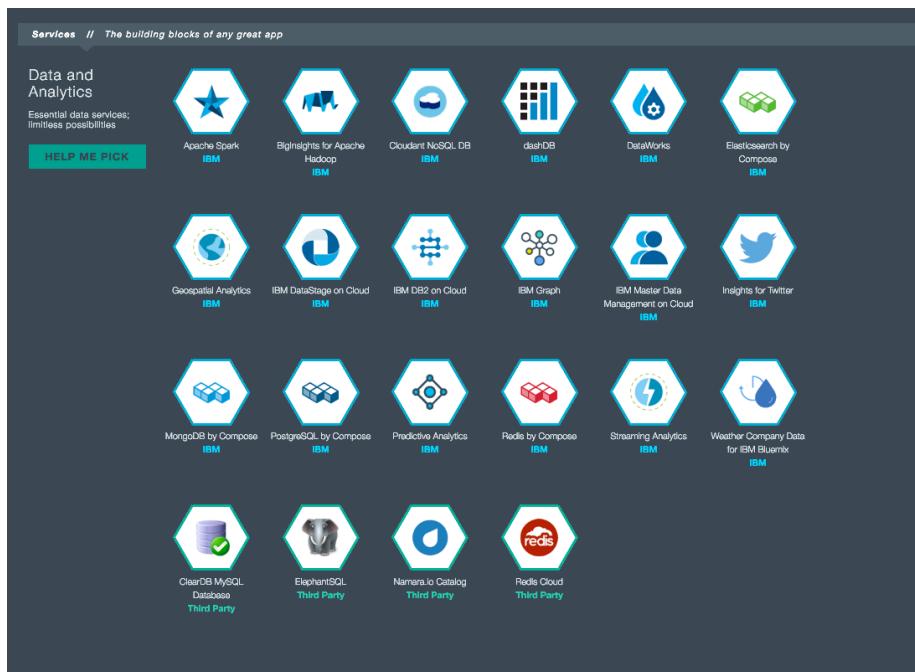


Figure 1: Service catalog

For this exercise, we'll be instantiating a MySQL database service offered on the Bluemix platform. MySQL is an open-source relational database management system (RDBMS).

Creating a Bluemix service instantiation requires input of three fields:

- Name of the service offering
- Plan of the service offering
- Instance name of your instantiated service

**Name of the service offering:** Defined by the service provider when registering their service with Bluemix.

**Plan of the service offering:** Defined by the service provider based on varying levels of quality of service (QoS), resource throttling and price.

**Instance name:** Defined by the user. This will be the canonical name that uniquely identifies this service instantiation. It is typically used when defining service dependencies within application manifests or Bluemix CLI operations such as service binding.

### Identifying the name and plan of a service offering

Cloud Foundry also offers a listing of the entire service marketplace registered within the PaaS platform. **Beware, this can be a lengthy query (~2-5 mins)** proportional to the size of the platform catalog. For this workshop, it neither recommended nor required. However, for the curious the command is:

```
cf marketplace
```

The output for the cf CLI would look something like below.

```
Getting services from marketplace in org xxx@xxx.xxx / space dev as xxx@xxx.xxx ...
OK
```

service	plans	des
APIConnect	Essentials, Professional*, Enterprise*, Professional 5M*	
AdvancedMobileAccess	Gold*, Bronze*	
Application Security on Cloud	free, standard*	
Auto-Scaling	free	

```
[....]
```

As you can see, the first two columns contain 2 out of 3 of parameters that we need. In particular, there are two MySQL services of interest to us:

- Cleardb
- MySQL

While the marketplace command contains both names and plans, there may be times where you know the name of the service and simply want to enumerate the latest plan options. If so, there is a convenient shortcut CLI command to discover only the associated plans. **Nota Bene: This convenience does not extend to services designated as experimental within the catalog**

For example, the command to discover the Cleardb plans are:

```
cf marketplace -s cleardb
```

The output for the cf CLI should look something like below.

```

Getting service plan information for service cleardb as xxx@xxx.xxx...
OK

service plan  description          free or paid
spark        Great for getting started and developing your apps      free
boost        Best for light production or staging your applications   paid
shock        Designed for apps where you need real MySQL reliability, power and throughput   paid
amp         For apps with moderate data requirements                  paid

```

Based on the above commands, we can now discern the key details for both MySQL service providers:

Service Provider	Service Name	Service Plan (Free)
ClearDB	cleardb	spark
MySQL (Community)	mysql	100

At this point, it would seem like we have two options. Alas! there is another key detail that we absolutely must consider for our use case.

Whether a service provides a public vs. platform endpoint access of the DB service

The community provided MySQL service will generate connection urls that contain **private network IPs** only visible to other platform applications (e.g. IBM Bluemix applications, containers, etc ...). By contrast, the ClearDB 3rd party MySQL service generates **public internet visible connection urls**. Public accessibility is the characteristic that we must embrace for our Hands On Lab needs, given that we'd like to connect and populate this DB from our local VM image. Therefore, we will create our MySQL service instance by issuing the following command specific for ClearDB MySQL:

```
cf create-service cleardb spark workshopmysql
```

The output for the cf CLI should look something like below.

```

Creating service instance workshopmysql in org xxx@xxx.xxx / space dev as xxx@xxx.xxx...
OK

```

**Congratulations**, you now have a MySQL service instance exclusively for your application and API development needs. At this point, you may be wondering about discovery of connection information to access this service. Fear not, we simply need to create a service key credential set for our newly minted MySQL service. We can do this by issuing the following command:

```
cf create-service-key workshopmysql connectioncreds
```

The output for the cf CLI should look something like below.

```
Creating service key connectioncreds for service instance workshopmysql as xxx@xxx.xxx...
```

OK

Finally, we can examine the generated credentials by executing the following command:

```
cf service-key workshopmysql connectioncreds
```

The output for the cf CLI should look something like below.

```
{  
  "hostname": "us-cdbr-xxxx-xxxx-36.cleardb.net",  
  "jdbcUrl": "jdbc:mysql://us-cdbr-xxxx-xxxx-36.cleardb.net/ad_2xxxxxxxxxxf?user=b2xxxxxxxxx",  
  "name": "ad_2xxxxxxxxxxf",  
  "password": "1xxxxxx7",  
  "port": "3306",  
  "uri": "mysql://b2xxxxxxxxxx7:1xxxxxx7@us-cdbr-xxxx-xxxx-36.cleardb.net:3306/ad_2xxxxxxxxxx",  
  "username": "b2xxxxxxxxxx7"  
}
```

Armed with this connection information, we are now able to interact with our new MySQL DB.

Let's leverage this newly minted power to populate it with some Employee Data. If you're curious about the data that we'll insert, check out the `populate.sql` file found within this folder. You'll see a very long set of VALUES representing basic personnel info like names, birthdate, etc ...:

```
INSERT INTO `employees`  
(emp_no, birth_date, first_name, last_name, gender, hire_date)  
VALUES      (10001,  
             '1953-09-02',  
             'Georgi',  
             'Facello',  
             'M',  
             '1986-06-26'),  
[....]
```

To make things smoother, we've provided a convenient set of scripts and a CLI Java file that illustrates:

- Using Java Code with the MySQL Connector jar to connect to an IBM Bluemix db service
- Using Bash/Shell scripting techniques to harvest db service credentials using the cf CLI

You're encouraged to inspect the `ex5.java`, `setupMySQL.sh` and `svinspect.sh` files found within this directory that help put these concepts into action. Assuming that your ClearDB MySQL service is named `workshop-mysql`, execute the following command. Otherwise, substitute your alternate ClearDB MySQL service instance name as appropriate:

```
./setupMySQL.sh workshopmysql
```

The utility execution is broken up into 3 main phases:

- Service Inspection + Credential Gathering
- Java Compilation
- SQL Updates and Queries

Your output should look similar to:

```
Welcome to the MySQL Setup Helper Script  
Brought to you courtesy of IBM  
setupMySQL.sh invoked
```

```
Welcome to the Service Inspector ...  
Target Instance: workshopmysql  
Interrogating Service Instance for Credentials ...  
    Service Key Found: connectioncreds  
    Parsing Service Key ...  
    Service Instance Type: ClearDB  
        hostname: us-cdbr-iron-east-04.cleardb.net
```

```
[....]
```

```
Fetching commons-cli-1.3.1.jar from http://.../commons-cli-1.3.1-bin.tar.gz  
2016-09-15 23:22:22 URL:http://.../commons-cli-1.3.1-bin.tar.gz [305600/305600] -> "commons-c  
    Compiling Exercise 5 Java Setup, Populate and Query Utility  
    Executing utility to see the arguments available ...  
usage: ex5 [-d <dbname>] [-h <host>] [-n <port>] [-p <password>] [--query]  
          [-s <sql>] [-u <username>] [-w <wanthelp>]  
    Options, flags and arguments may be in any order
```

```
[....]
```

```
Updating target MySQL DB ...  
0  
    Employees Table Created
```

```
[....]
```

```
Updating target MySQL DB ...  
1000  
    Employees Table Populated
```

```
[....]
```

```
Querying target MySQL DB ...  
10001 1953-09-02 Georgi Facello M 1986-06-26
```

```
10002 1964-06-02 Bezalel Simmel F 1985-11-21  
10003 1959-12-03 Parto Bamford M 1986-08-28  
10004 1954-05-01 Chirstian Koblick M 1986-12-01
```

[....]

For the curious, the utility intentionally generates and persists a resultSet of the records in a tab delimited (\*.tsv) file within this directory for your perusal.

Sweet! That's it! We can all agree, that was pretty simple to standup a MySQL DB and get it populated.

### **Summary of Exercise**

We started with a goal of instantiating a MySQL DB and getting it populated with some sample data. We learned about available IBM Bluemix DB services, the required details for creating a MySQL DB instance and the use of a simple Java program that consumes the generated credentials to facilitate connecting and populating the new MySQL DB instance. In the next exercise, we will dive into creation of database CRUD APIs that leverage this populated DB.

## API Connect Hands-On Labs

### Exercise 6: Create database CRUD APIs with LoopBack models

#### Prerequisites

To run through this exercise, you will need to have done the following steps:

**Prerequisite 1** Installed the API Connect toolkit (Exercise 2)

**Prerequisite 2** Generated a LoopBack app (Exercise 4)

**Prerequisite 3** Created a database service on Bluemix and connected it to your LoopBack app (Exercise 5)

#### Ensure that you are in the LoopBack application directory

Ensure that you are in the LoopBack directory you created in Exercise 4

```
cd <path-to-loopback-folder>
```

#### Launch the API Connect Designer (Developer toolkit)

The API Connect Designer is a GUI that allows developers to graphically create and manage their APIs.

```
apic edit
```

After a brief pause, the following message is displayed.

```
Express server listening on http://127.0.0.1:9000
```

The API Designer opens in your default web browser. If it prompts you to login, use your IBM Bluemix credentials.

#### Create a database connection

Click on the Data Sources tab. Hit the “Add” button, and choose name for your database - “mysql-db”.

In the connector tab, choose “MySQL”. It’ll prompt you to install the connector; simply follow the prompts.

Enter the database credentials you noted in Exercise 5. Enter the `uri` credential into the `url` field and your `database` credential into the `Database` field.

Hit the Save button on the top-right. This should test your database connection and alert you if your credentials are incorrect or if the connection was unable to be made.

### **Create Models to work with your database**

Let's create a model so that you're able to perform CRUD (Create/Read/Update/Delete) operations against your MySQL database. Go to the Models tab and add a new model by clicking the add button. Name it `employees`.

Choose the `mysql-db` Data Source, and enter the following properties:

That's it! Once a model is created, the APIs to represent that model are automatically generated for you.

### **Next steps**

In the next exercise, we will test your new APIs by starting the LoopBack application locally and use an interactive OpenAPI explorer to call your APIs!

Next up, Exercise 7: Test, Explore and Deploy your LoopBack application

## API Connect Hands-On Labs

### Exercise 7: Test, Explore and Deploy your LoopBack application

#### Prerequisites

To run through this exercise, you will need to have done the following steps:

**Prerequisite 1** Installed the API Connect toolkit (Exercise 1)

**Prerequisite 2** Generated a LoopBack app (Exercise 4)

**Prerequisite 3** Created a database service on Bluemix and connected it to your LoopBack app (Exercise 5)

**Prerequisite 4** Created database CRUD APIs in the API Designer (Exercise 6)

#### Ensure that you are in the LoopBack application directory

Ensure that you are in the LoopBack directory you created in Exercise 2

```
cd <path-to-loopback-folder>
```

#### Launch the API Connect Designer (Developer toolkit)

The API Connect Designer is a GUI that allows developers to graphically create and manage their APIs.

```
apic edit
```

After a brief pause, the following message is displayed.

```
Express server listening on http://127.0.0.1:9000
```

The API Designer opens in your default web browser. If it prompts you to login, use your IBM Bluemix credentials.

#### Start your LoopBack application

On the bottom left of the API Designer, hit the Play button to start your application. After a short delay, your application will change to “Running”, and you should see two links: Micro Gateway and Application.

The application link corresponds to the LoopBack application you created in the earlier exercises. It hosts the CRUD APIs you created in exercise 6. The

Micro Gateway link corresponds to a fully-featured API gateway which proxies requests to your LoopBack application, allowing you test your gateway policies.

### **Test and Explore your Swagger-based APIs**

Now that the application is running, let's try calling some of the APIs!

On the top right of the **API Designer**, hit the **Explore** button. This takes you to an API Explorer, allowing you to explore the APIs defined in your generated Swagger doc.

Along the left side, you should see a number of operations for the **Employee** model you created in exercise 6. Let's try calling a series of these operations.

#### **GET /Employees**

Let's test retrieving the list of Employees.

Navigate to the operation **GET /Employees**. Along the right side, there is a black section which shows you how to call that operation, provides boiler code, and has a button “Call Operation”. Hit the button to call your GET operation.

You should see a **200 OK** response, along with a large list of employees in the database!

#### **POST /Employees**

Let's test adding an employee to the database.

Navigate to the operation **POST /\$Employees** to create a database entry. Scroll down to the “Call Operation” button, enter some data into the Parameters section (or use the **Generate** button), and hit call Operation.

You should see a **200 OK** response, as well as a response body indicating that the database update has succeeded.

### **Deploy your APIs to IBM Bluemix**

Once you're happy with the APIs you've created, you can push them the Bluemix, IBM's PaaS (Platform as a Service). Bluemix will host your APIs and allow you to graphically manage them.

Start by hitting the Publish button on the top right of the API Designer.

Choose **Add and Manage Targets** and **Add IBM Bluemix target**.

Ensure that the organization is correct – it should correspond to your Bluemix email. Choose the **Sandbox** catalog.

Type a new application name: `EmployeeAPI`. Then hit the (+) button, and hit **Save**.

You've now created a publish target; deploy to it by hitting the **Publish** button and choosing the target you just created.

Choose both **Publish Application** and **Stage or Publish** products. Hit **Publish**. That's it! Your APIs are now securely pushed to the cloud.

### Next steps

In the next two exercises, we'll explain how you can test your APIs and create a developer portal so others can consume your APIs.

Next up, Exercise 8: Explore your deployed APIs with the API Manager on Bluemix

## API Connect Hands-On Labs

### Exercise 8: Explore your deployed APIs with the API Manager on Bluemix

#### Prerequisites

To run through this exercise, you will need to have done the following steps:

**Prerequisite 1** Installed the API Connect toolkit (Exercise 1)

**Prerequisite 2** Generated a LoopBack app (Exercise 4)

**Prerequisite 3** Created a database service on Bluemix and connected it to your LoopBack app (Exercise 5)

**Prerequisite 4** Created database CRUD APIs in the API Designer (Exercise 6)

**Prerequisite 5** Deployed your LoopBack application to Bluemix (Exercise 7)

#### Accessing your deployed APIs

In exercise 7, you tested your APIs locally and deployed them to Bluemix. To see where you deployed the APIs, we'll access the API Manager you used in exercise 2.

Navigate to Bluemix: <https://new-console.ng.bluemix.net> and ensure you are logged in. Choose APIs using the drop-down at the top, and select your API Connect service. This launches the API Manager.

Let's explore the APIs you just pushed. Hit the **Explore** button on the top right, and choose the **Sandbox** catalog. This takes us to a view similar to the **Explore** view on the API Designer that we used in Exercise 7. The main difference is that this time, we are testing these APIs hosted by an application on Bluemix.

On the left, click on the app you just pushed, which is the name of your LoopBack application created earlier.

In this view, we can explore all the APIs in the chosen catalog.

#### GET /Employees

Navigate to the operation **GET /Employees**. Along the right side, there is a black section which shows you how to call that operation, shows a sample response, and has a button "Call Operation". Hit the button to call your GET operation.

This should return a list of the employees in the database.

## **POST /Employees**

Navigate to the operation `POST /Employees` to create a database entry. Scroll down to the “Call Operation” button, enter some data into the Paramters section (or use the `Generate` button), and hit call Operation.

You should see a `200 OK` response, as well as a response body indicating that the database update has succeeded. You can now call the `GET /Employees` operation again to see the employee entry you just created.

## **Next steps**

In the next exercises, we’ll create a developer portal so others can consume your APIs.

Next up, Exercise 9: Generate a Developer Portal for your APIs

## API Connect Hands-On Labs

### Exercise 9: Generate a Developer Portal for your APIs

#### Prerequisites

Make sure you've met the following prerequisites.

**Prerequisite 1:** Completed Exercise 2.

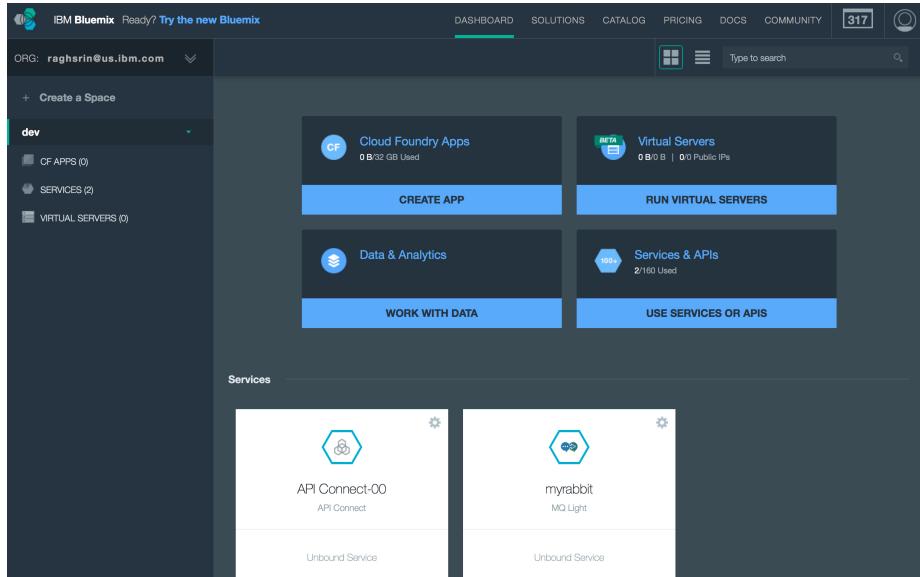
#### Overview

We will pick up from where we left off at exercise 2. We followed the “Getting Started” tour to use the API Connect manager and invoke the APIs within the API Connect manager.

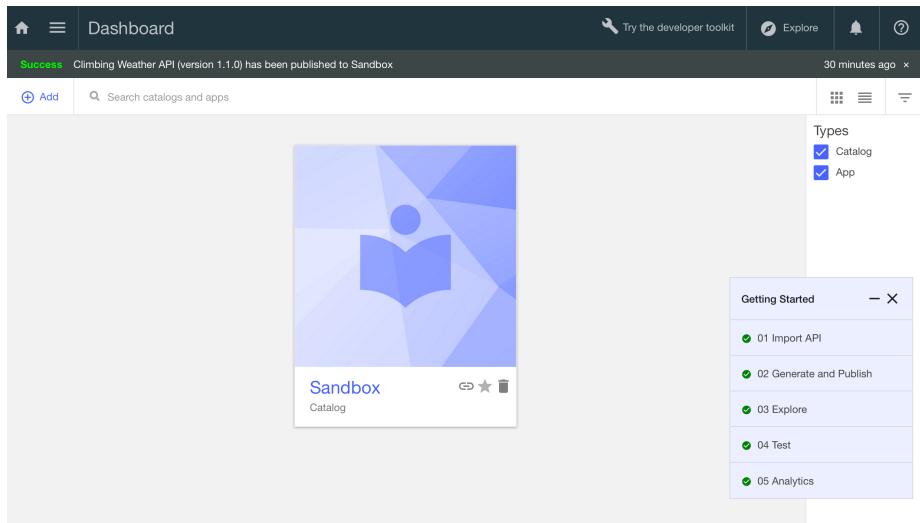
In this exercise, we will publish the APIs, with an associated plan and so on to a developer portal which is an adjunct to the Bluemix API Connect service. These APIs can be invoked by any REST-based client.

#### Publishing the Sample API to the Developer Portal

Let's head back to the API Connect Manager on IBM Bluemix and to the sandbox that we finished off in exercise 2 as we see below. You can click on the Dashboard tab on the Bluemix console and then on the API connect service as shown below.



This will bring up the Dashboard for the API Connect manager as shown below.



Select the “Settings” tab, pick “Portal” and pick the “IBM Developer Portal”. Finally click Save icon on the top right as shown below.

Success Climbing Weather API (version 1.1.0) has been published to Sandbox 33 minutes ago

Dashboard Products Developers Subscriptions Analytics Settings

Info Gateway Endpoints **Portal** Permissions Extensions

Portal Configuration

None  IBM Developer Portal  
Portal URL: <https://sb-raghbirusibmcom-dev.developer.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com>

Thank you for enabling the IBM Developer Portal. Please note that due to the time taken for the DNS definition to propagate around the Internet it may take up to 2 hours for your Portal to become accessible.

User Registration and Invitation

User Registry **Sandbox**

Developers can invite collaborators and assign the following roles:

Viewer  
Viewers can only view applications and application activity.

Wait for the email to arrive that the developer portal is ready as the dialog box below indicates.

### Creating the developer portal...

Creating the developer portal for catalog 'Sandbox' may take a few minutes. You will receive an email when the portal is available.

OK

Clicking on the link will take you to the developer portal. Reset the password for **admin** as shown below.

IBM API Connect /dev Create an account Login

Home Getting started API Products Blogs Forums Support

Reset password

This is a one-time login for admin and will expire on Wed, 08/31/2016 - 14:45.

Click on this button to log in to the site and change your password.

This login can be used only once.

Log in

You will see the “Climbing Weather API” as seen below.



We will next publish this API to Bluemix.

### Publishing the Sample API to Bluemix

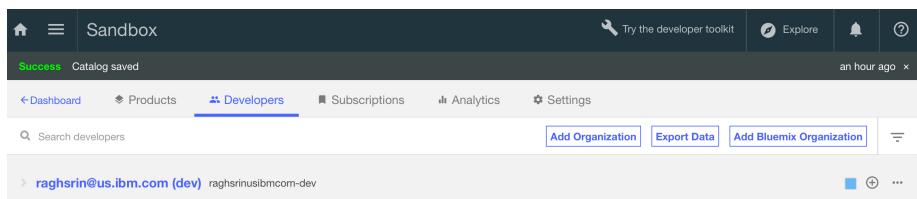
We will go back to the API Connect Manager. If required, re-login to the API Connect Manager as shown below.



### IBM API Connect

Username \_\_\_\_\_  
Password \_\_\_\_\_

In the API Connect Manager on Bluemix click on “Developers” in the navigation pane and “Add Bluemix organization” as shown below.



Provide the email address substituting the address with your Bluemix email address as shown below.

# Add Organization

---

Bluemix user email address

raghsrin@us.ibm.com

---

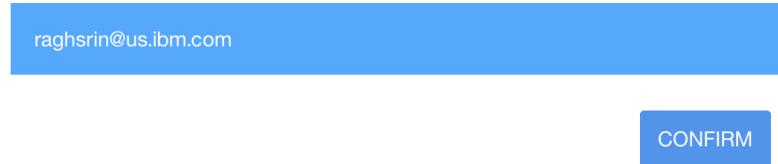
---

Cancel

Add

Select the Bluemix org and hit “Confirm” as shown below.

Select the Bluemix organization in which APIs shared from  
'raghsrin@us.ibm.com (dev)' should appear.



The image shows a user interface element consisting of a blue rectangular box with rounded corners. Inside the box, the text 'raghsrin@us.ibm.com' is displayed in white. Below this box is another blue rectangular button with the word 'CONFIRM' written in white capital letters.

---

Now back in the API Connect Manager click on the “Products” tab and click on “...” tab which should bring up the popup menu as shown below and click on “Edit visibility”.

**Published** 2 hours ago

...

Deprecate

Retire

Replace an existing product

Supersede an existing product

Set migration target

Edit visibility

Product analytics

Approval history

Change the visibility to “Custom” and add the organization and Bluemix. Finally hit “Republish” as shown below.

Edit visibility

---

<b>Climbing Weather API</b> ... <input type="checkbox"/> Temporarily disable visibility Visible to: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Custom Custom raghsrin@us.ibm.com  Bluemix	<input type="checkbox"/> Temporarily disable subscribability Subscribable by: <input checked="" type="radio"/> Custom Custom raghsrin@us.ibm.com  Bluemix
--	--

Changes made here will not affect existing subscriptions

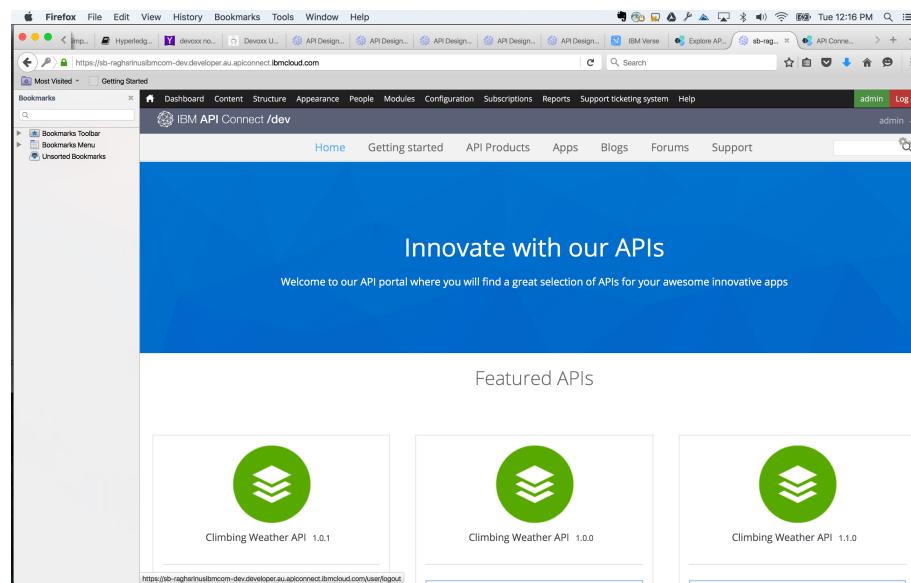
---

Cancel Republish

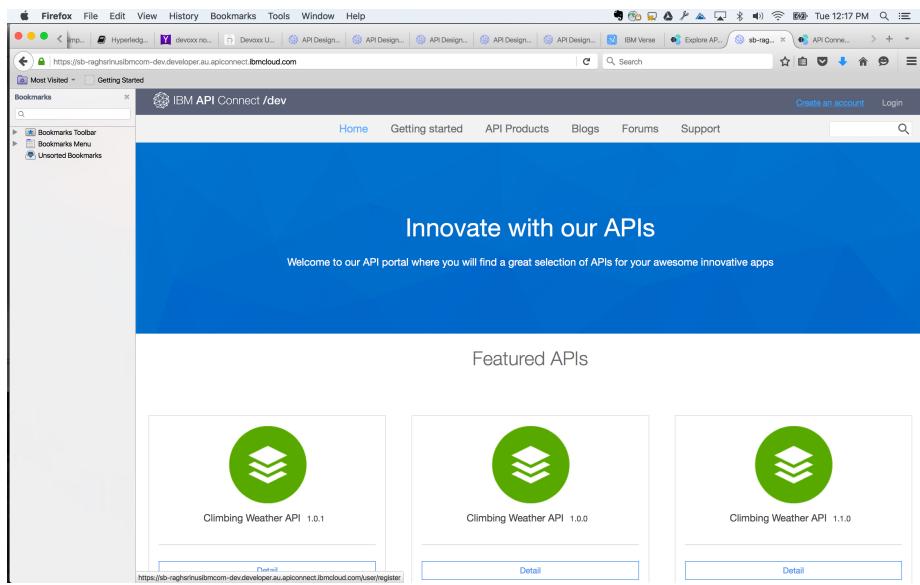
The Climbing Weather API product is displayed in the Explore APIs tab of the API Connect Dashboard. If you click, Climbing Weather App 1.0.0 it will take you to the API in the Developer Portal.

### Registering an app for the sample API in the Developer Portal

Back in the Developer Portal logout from admin as shown below.

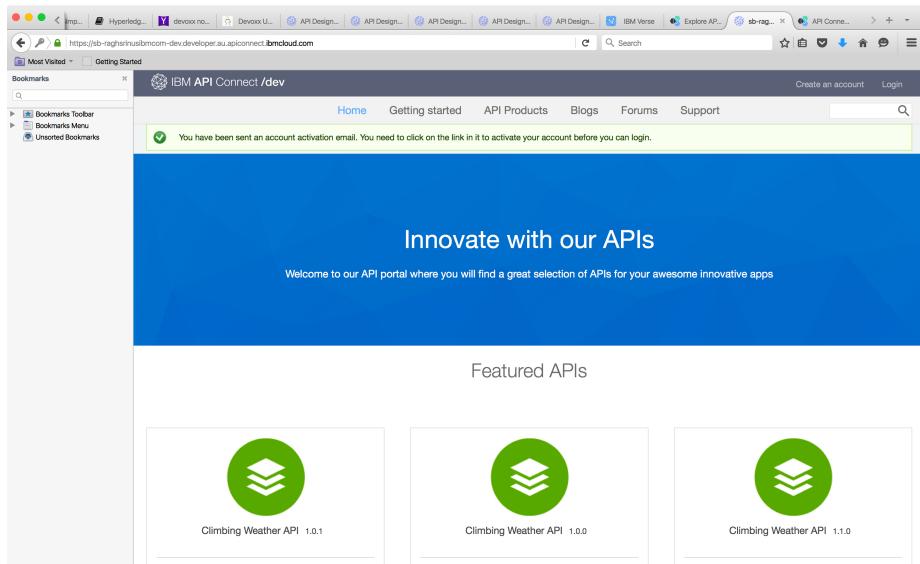


Click on “Create an account” as shown below.

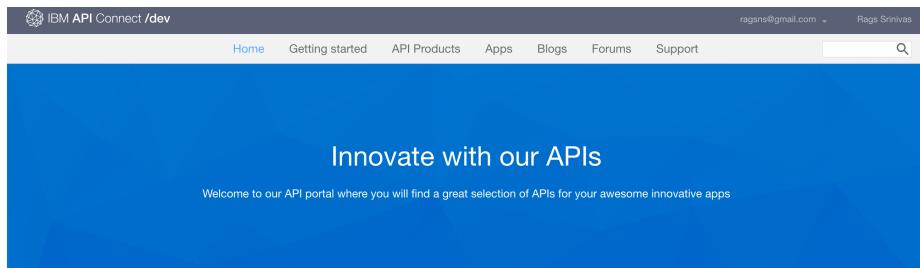


Complete the form and ensure that you use a different email address.

You should see an account activation complete as shown below.



Login with the account which will bring up the portal as below.



Featured APIs

Click the API Products and Climbing Weather API. You can see that Climbing Weather API belongs to a default Plan with a rate limit of 100 calls per minute as shown below.

This screenshot shows the "Plans" section for the "Climbing Weather API 1.0.0" product. On the left, there's a sidebar with "APIs" and "Climbing Weather API". The main content area shows a table with one row. The table has two columns: "Climbing Weather API 1.0.0" and "Default Plan". Under "Default Plan", it says "100 per minute". Below the table is a "Subscribe" button. At the bottom of the page, there are "Share / Save" and "Bookmark this" links, and a "Add new comment" section with fields for "Your name" (set to "ragsrns@gmail.com") and "Subject".

Click on the “Climbing Weather API 1.0.0” tab as shown below.

Click on the “Apps”navigation pane of the Developer Portal, click “Register a new Application” as shown below.

Fill in the details and hit “Submit”.

Click Show to display the “**Client secret**” that we will use subsequently as shown below.

The screenshot shows the IBM API Connect /dev interface. At the top, there's a success message: "Application created successfully." Below it, a client secret is displayed as a series of dots, with a link to "Show Client Secret". The main area shows a "Weather App" entry with a blue icon, updated on 2016-08-30. It has a description: "An application that provides a 3-day weather forecast." Under "Client Credentials", there are fields for "Client ID" and "Client Secret", each with "Show", "Reset", and "Verify" buttons.

Click “API Products” and the “Climbing Weather API” as shown below.

The screenshot shows the "API Products" section of IBM API Connect /dev. It lists the "Climbing Weather API (v1.1.0)" which includes "1 API included". The API has a green icon and a rating of 4 stars with "No votes yet".

The details of the Plan that is named Default Plan are displayed. Click “Subscribe” as shown below.

The screenshot shows a web browser displaying the "Climbing Weather API 1.1.0" page. In the center, there's a "Subscribe" dialog box with a loading icon and a "Subscribe" button at the bottom. The page also shows the "Plans" section, which includes the "Climbing Weather API 1.0.0" plan. There are links for "Share / Save" and "Bookmark this". A "Feedback" button is visible on the right side.

This will bring up a dialog box. Click on “Subscribe” as shown below.

**Subscribe**

**Application**

Select an application to sign up to this plan.

Weather App

**Subscribe**

---

You have registered to the Climbing Weather App application and subscribed it to a Plan.

### Testing the Climbing Weather API in the Developer Portal

Back in the Developer Portal, In the left navigation pane, click Climbing Weather API. In the “Try this operation” section of the console, ensure that the Weather App application is selected and enter the parameters as shown below including the “Client secret” that was noted from the earlier step and click “Call Operation”.

That should provide a response which is shown below.

cURL    Ruby    Python    PHP    Java    Node    Go    Swift    [Subscribe](#)

Request

```
GET https://api.au.apiconnect.ibmcloud.com/raghsrinusibmcom-dev/s  
b/weather/forecast?zip=01824&country=US  
X-IBM-Client-Id: 9f37b0c8-559b-44d7-839f-d86978b1749c  
X-IBM-Client-Secret: .....  
content-type: application/json  
accept: application/json
```

Response

```
200 OK  
Content-Type: application/json  
X-Global-Transaction-ID: 837635  
X-RateLimit-Limit: name=per-minute,100;  
X-RateLimit-Remaining: name=per-minute,99;  
[  
  {  
    "class": "fod_long_range_daily",  
    "expire_time_gmt": 1472581477,  
    "fcst_valid": 1472554800,  
    "fcst_valid_local": "2016-08-30T07:00:00-0400",  
    "num": 1,  
    "max_temp": 82,  
    "min_temp": 63,  
    "torcon": null,  
    "units": "imperial"
```

### Summary of Exercise

We started with the API connect product locally in exercise 1 and looked at how to use the same service on Bluemix via the Sample in exercise 2. In this exercise, we published the product to a developer portal that is an adjunct service with the API connect service on Bluemix.