Les Son Land Market, mess Son Land Marketing

MQPERF1

MQ Statistics and MP1B – More detail on some traditional areas



MP1B

- This SupportPac processes the MQ SMF data into:
 - Report format
 - CSV files
- Format of the output has changed over the years
- Originally owned and managed by Colin Paice (now retired)
- Now kept by Gwydion Tudur

MP1B – Contents

- Three programs
 - MQSMF
 - Formats the MQ SMF records into reports and CSV files
 - Produces messages about issues spotted in the SMF data
 - Very helpful for first time users
 - Source is not delivered
 - OEMPUT
 - Sample MQ program to exercise most of the APIs and track costs
 - Very helpful after upgrades, new implementations, big changes to infrastructure
 - Source not delivered
 - MQCMD
 - Sample program to issue MQ commands and capture response

MQSMF – the SMF Post processing Program

- This is the place we all start!
- The output from MQSMF looks like there (there are more files)

SDS	SF JOB DATA	SET DISPLAY - JOB	ELKII	NS3Q (JOB	06020)	LINE 1-18 (53)
COM	MAND INPUT	===>				SCROLL ===> CSR
NP	DDNAME	StepName ProcStep	DSID	Owner	C Dest	Rec-Cnt Page
	JESMSGLG	JES2	2	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	20
	JESJCL	JES2	3	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	70
	JES\\SMSG	JES2	4	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	165
	MESSAGE	S1	102	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	430
	BUFF	S1	103	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	49,415
	BUFFCSV	S1	104	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	9,722
	DATA	S1	105	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	1,526
	CF	S1	106	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	49
	CFCSV	S1	107	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	13
	DB2	S1	108	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	2,507
	EOJ	S1	109	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	407
	LOCK	S1	110	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	246
	LOG	S1	111	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	1,549
	LOGCSV	S1	112	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	32
	MSGM	S1	113	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	2,836
	MSGMCSV	S1	114	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	811
	SMDS	S1	116	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	15,414
	TASKSUM	S1	117	ELKINSC	O LOCAL	24



MP1B – the Message Output

- When you begin looking at the MQ SMF data, looking at the MESSAGE output file can be helpful
 - The messages produced may vary based on the settings used
 - As an example these messages indicate bufferpool stress that needs investigation

```
MQQPST00W MPX1,QML3,2018/09/05,16:03:04,VRM:900, BP 10 Many(5979) buffers writte MQQPST02S MPX1,QML3,2018/09/05,16:03:04,VRM:900, BP 10 Filled many(373) times. I may be too small MQQPST04E MPX1,QML3,2018/09/05,16:03:04,VRM:900, BP 10 Many (6022) pages read fr ffer pool may be too small MQQJST11W MPX1,QML5,2018/09/05,16:03:05,VRM:905, logging rate is low 0 < 50 MB/
```

MP1B – SYSPRINT

This output file has the MQSMF runtime characteristics

```
Compiled Aug 12 2015 16:50:51.

buffer: SMF_Interval_time 1

buffer: Debug 1

buffer: Detail 20

kw UseTaskLocalTime 0 -Convert task start times to local time

kw SMDSWriteTime 1000 -SMDS average Write time theshold in microseconds

kw SMDSReadTime 1000 -SMDS average Read time theshold in microseconds
```

A copy of some of the serious messages

```
6021 MQTASK36W Did BP 11 fill up for puts to ELKINSC.TEST.PS11
6023 MQTASK16E long latch wait 1854, Name BMXL3 | CFMTODO | SRH1_L1
6023 MQTASK15W longest latch wait address 00000000013bbbb10 000000001854
6075 MQTASK16S long latch wait 66039, Name BMXL3 | CFMTODO | SRH1_L1
6075 MQTASK15S longest latch wait address 00000000013bbbb10 000000066039
6075 MQTASK36W Did BP 20 fill up for puts to ELKINSC.TEST.PS20
6129 MQTASK16E long latch wait 1443, Name BMXL2 | RMCRMST | RLMARQC
6129 MQTASK16S long latch wait 54356, Name BMXL3 | CFMTODO | SRH1_L1
6129 MQTASK15S longest latch wait address 00000000013bbbb10 000000054356
```

MP1B – SYSPRINT Continued

Finally the number, type and subtype of the MQ SMF records processed

```
Summary of MQ SMF records and subtypes found
                                         405 System statistics(1)
SMF type 115 subtype 1, record count
SMF type 115 subtype 2, record count
                                         405 System statistics(2)
SMF type 115 subtype 5, record count
                                         404 Storage statistics
SMF type 115 subtype 6, record count
                                         404 Storage detail statistics
SMF type 115 subtype 7, record count
                                         405 Storage summary statistics
SMF type 115 subtype 201, record count
                                         405
SMF type 115 subtype 215, record count
                                         405 Buffer manager extension
SMF type 115 subtype 231, record count
                                         401 Chinit statistics
SMF type 116 subtype 0, record count
                                          66 Accounting class(1)
SMF type 116 subtype 1, record count
                                        3356 Accounting class(3)
SMF type 116 subtype 10, record count
                                          78 Channel accounting data
 ******** BOTTOM
```

MP1B – SMF Data output

Output files ending in CSV are the comma separated values form of the data

```
MVS, QM, Date, Time, BP, size, lowest_free, highest_used, used_now, %hfull, SOS, #_sync_wri
ites, #_write_I/Os, Location, PageClas
MPX1,QML3,2018/09/05,14:03:28,
                                 0,50000,49983,
                                                    17,
                                                          17.
                                                                  Θ,
                                                                        Θ,
                                                                               Θ,
MPX1, QML3, 2018/09/05, 14:03:28, 1, 20000, 19999,
                                                                  Ο,
                                                                        Θ,
                                                                               Ο,
MPX1,QML3,2018/09/05,14:03:28, 2,50000,49996,
                                                                        Θ,
                                                                               Ο,
                                                                  Ο,
MPX1.0ML3.2018/09/05.14:03:28. 3.20000. 4793.15207.15207
```

Output files without the CSV are the report format

```
Buffer statistics
MPX1, QML3, 2018/09/05, 14:03:28, VRM:900,
  From 2018/09/05,14:02:27.567654 to 2018/09/05,14:03:28.385141, duration
                                                                               61
          0, Size
                     50000,%full now 0, Highest %full 0, Disk reads
= BPool
 > 00 Buffs
               50000
                             49983
                      Low
                                    Now
                                            49983
                                                   Getp
                                                                  Getn
                                                                               0
   00 Rio
                                                   WIO
                   0
                      STW
                                    \mathsf{TPW}
                                                                  IMW
                                    STL
   00 DWT
                   O DMC
                                                0 STLA
                                                               0 SOS
   00 Below the bar
                      PAGECLAS 4KB
```

MP1B – A couple of warnings

- Each time MQ adds or alters the SMF data, MP1B must be updated to reflect those changes
 - Historically that has often meant that there can be a year (or more) between a new version of MQ and a new version of MP1B
 - HINT: It does no one any good for me to complain about this, customers need to!
 - Updated versions of MP1B continue to work with older (supported) MQ versions
 - Each new release of MP1B may change the layout and/or add output files for new SMF data
 - Occasionally this has happened between releases as well
 - You may see messages in SYSPRINT indicating missing DD statements when using a new version of MP1B

Looking at the Message Manager Output

- The Message Manager data does not usually indicate problems
 - It is helpful to track trends of use and capacity planning
 - Are the total MQPUT & MQPUT1 requests rising, and if so what is the rate?
 - Are my peak processing periods changing?
 - Are new verbs being used?
 - It is helpful when you inherit a queue manager and are unsure how it is being used.

```
MPX1, QML3, 2018/11/13, 13:13:09, VRM: 900,
 From 2018/11/13,13:11:42.889304 to 2018/11/13,13:13:09.322980, duration
                                                                                86 seconds.
  MQOPENs
                  35,
                       MQCLOSEs
                                             MQGETs
                                                      1640706,
                                                                 MQPUTs
                                        34,
                                                                               102
  MQPUT1s
             1640625,
                       MQINQs
                                        53,
                                             MOSETs
                                                                 C ALL H
  MQSUBs
                       MQSUBRQs
                                             MOCBs
                                                            34
                                         Ο,
   MQCTLs
                       MQSTATs
                                             Publish
                 242,
                                         Ο,
                                                             0
MPX1,QML3,2018/11/13,13:13:09,VRM:900, Get rate 19077/sec Put+put1 rate 19078/sec
```

Message Manager CSV output

- The CSV output file contains the same data, but in a CSV format
 - Can be downloaded and used to create charts, etc.
 - Typically we look at the
 - Total PUTs (MQPUT + MQPUT1)
 - Check the ratio of MQPUT1 to MQPUT
 - MQPUT1 Abuse can be a CPU hog
 - Check the ratio of MQOPEN to MQPUTs
 - Some applications SHOULD be using MQPUT1 to save CPU
 - Total API Requests
 - Total GETs/PUTs
 - Excessive MQGETs can indicate polling style applications
 - MQGET with an appropriate wait interval can...you guessed it save CPU!!!
 - 'New' verbs
 - Some MQ for z admins have been surprised to discover they are doing Pub/Sub!
 - No indication in the statistics of Selector (Message Properties) use

Buffer Manager Output

• The Buffer Manager report has groups like this for each bufferpool defined to the queue manager:

= BPoo	l 10,	Size	1000,%ful	ll no	w 81,	Highest	%full	81, D	isk	reads	0
> 10	Buffs	1000	Low	189	Now	189	Getp		1	Getn	0
10	Rio	0	STW	0	TPW	0	WIO		0	IMW	0
10	DWT	0	DMC	0	STL	0	STLA		0	SOS	0
10	Below	the bar	PAGECLAS	4KB							

Buffer Manager CSV

- The buffer manager CSV file contains the same data in a CSV format
 - Useful for spreadsheet processing

So how do I know when I have a problem with Bufferpools?

- Even if the bufferpools are above the bar, there can still be issues
- Tuning is a matter of I/O avoidance when possible
- Short On Storage
 - The SOS (QPSTSOS) value is greater than zero
 - Zero free pages are available
 - Access to the bufferpool is suspended, until pages are freed
- Immediate Write
 - The immediate write count (QPSTIMW) is greater than zero
 - This is the number of actual write operations
- Synchronous Write Threshold
 - The synchronous write threshold (QPSTDMC) is greater than zero
 - The bufferpool is at 5% free pages or fewer
 - This is the number of time the condition is hit during the interval

So how do I know when I have a problem with Bufferpools?

- Asynchronous write threshold reached
 - The asynchronous write threshold (QPSTDWT) count is not zero
 - The threshold is at 15% free pages
 - For an on-line bufferpool, this can be an issue as I/O avoidance is the name of the game
 - For a batch bufferpool, this is expected

So how do I anticipate a problem with Bufferpools?

- Make sure there is adequate head room in the bufferpool
 - If an online bufferpool is approaching the asynchronous write threshold (15% free pages) regularly, then it may need to be expanded or queues moved
 - One 'bad day' for a single queue could mean trouble for any application using that pool
 - If ANY bufferpool is approaching the synchronous write threshold (5% free pages) regularly, it needs to be expanded or queues moved
 - A lightly loaded bufferpool is a happy bufferpool!
- Planning tips:
 - Look out for a change in message sizes
 - Sometimes not well communicated from application development
 - Does not typically cause an error
 - Look out for changes in usage patterns
 - Adding new locations
 - Connecting client application directly to z/OS
 - New applications

Log Manager Report

- The log manager report is incredibly detailed
- Just a part of the report from one interval looks like this

```
MPX1, QML1, 2018/11/12, 08: 39: 18, VRM: 900,
  From 2018/11/12,08:38:08.821259 to 2018/11/12,08:39:18.054993, duration
                                                                               69 seconds.
   Wait for buffers (should be 0):
                                               0 out of
                                                                0, 0%
   Total Number of pages written:
   Number of pages written/sec:
   Amount of data written/sec:
                                               0 MB/Sec
                                                                                MPX1,QML1,2018/
   Total Number of write requests:
   Number of write requests/sec:
                                               0
   Pages written per I/O:
   Total number of read requests:
                                               0
   Write_Wait
                      O, Write_Nowait
                                              26, Write_Force
                                                                        O, WTB
   Read_Stor
                      0, Read Active
                                               0, Read_Archive
                                                                        O, TVC
                                                                                       0
                                                                        4. ALR
   BSDS_Regs
                      0, CIs_Created
                                               O. BFWR
                                                                                       0
   ALW
                      O, CIs_Offload
                                               0, LLCheckpoints
                                                                        0
   Read delayed
                      0, Tape Lookahead
                                               0, Lookahead Mount
                                                                        0
   Write_Susp
                      4, Write_Reqs
                                               4, CI_Writes
                                                                        4
   Write_Serl
                      0, Write_Thrsh
                                               0, Buff_Pagein
                                                                        0
```

Log Manager Report – the fields and issues

- Wait for buffers QJSTWRF documented as 'should be zero'
 - However, for many busy queue managers that count is almost never zero for a peak period
 - I (Lyn Elkins) tend not to take this so seriously, unless the number exceeds 100
- Reads
 - Reading the buffers, active and archive logs indicates that transactions are backing out work
 - And while logs are being read, there is no writing going on!
 - If this is rare, it can safely be ignored
 - If it is typical, investigation required
 - May need to gather the task accounting data to determine what task is doing this
 - Recently saw an issue with a new client attached application that was experiencing regular channel time outs
- Checkpoints
 - LOGLOAD the queue manager attribute that controls the number of log records written before taking an internal checkpoint
 - Prior to V9, the number of checkpoints was only the count of those instances
 - Post V9, the number of checkpoints is the LOGLOAD generated checkpoints AND the log switch generated checkpoints
- Buff_Pagein QJSTBPAG number of times a log buffer had to be paged in
 - This is an indication that there is CPU constraint in the LPAR

QMGR Health – Log Manager – example from MQSMFCSV

- This view of the log manager data is emphasizing the number of READs, an indication of applications backout out an inflight transaction
 - In this sample, there were both buffer reads and active log reads
 - Need to look into applications to see why this is being done so often
 - Also examine high number of checkpoints

	UNAVAIL								
						T405 00			
	ABLE_BU					TAPE_CO			
INTERVAL_	FFER_C	LOG_READ_OUT	LOG_READ_AC	LOG_READ_A	TOTAL_LOG	NTENTION	CHECKPOINT		MB_PER_SE
DURATION	OUNT	PUT_BUFFER	TIVE_LOG	RCHIVE_LOG	_READS	DELAYS	S	LOG_CI	COND
1795	0	623	4461	0	5084	0	10	2821634	6.14
1789	0	417	3337	0	3754	0	9	2825604	6.17
1796	0	540	2638	0	3178	0	12	3453542	7.51
1792	d	511	2307	0	2818	0	10	2972254	6.48
1789	0	449	2082	0	2531	0	10	2818718	6.15
1773	0	392	1952	0	2344	0	12	3445866	7.59
1798	0	424	1835	0	2259	0	10	3061346	6.65
1787	0	518	1725	0	2243	0	8	2460906	5.38
1797	0	381	1824	0	2205	0	14	4037442	8.78
1797	0	581	1597	0	2178	0	9	2778470	6.04
1791	0	306	1841	0	2147	0	11,	3259292	7.11

Log Manager Report - Continued

Log Manager Report – the fields and issues

- Logger Task Busy
 - Information about how many microseconds the logger task was idle was added in V8, QJSTSLPTU
 - The task busy percentage is calculated based on the interval duration and QJSTSLPTU
 - If consistently above 95%, then workload should be examined
- Longest I/O time
 - This is the longest time it took to complete an I/O to the log
 - If this number is out of line with expectation and history, it should be investigated.

24

QMGR Health – More on Log I/O – example from MQSMFCSV

- In this example there are a number of very long log I/O response times
- Reported in microseconds, this is going as high an 1.4+ seconds – impacting persistent message speed.
- The average I/O time over the week was around 65,000 microseconds – so these are well out of line
- Not shown here was the log number, the long I/Os were not always on the same log - but many were
- This needs to be investigated by the folks who manage the I/O subsystem.

		IO_Total_	
	IO_Total_	Suspend_	IO_Max_
MB_PerS	Time_1_1	Time_1_1	Duration_
econd	_us	_us	1_1_us
0.18	10597717	1065671	1434308
0.15	12716669	3221591	1390594
0.1	8684189	8952939	1340836
0.2	8898824	9208455	1003748
0.12	9603396	10015326	975297
0.14	13584386	14137813	958608
0.2	12086895	12575309	943756
0.13	8770048	9094084	933591
0.18	16134054	16813463	919142
0.17	11199830	11660753	842476
0.2	12952539	13415911	834920
0.2	14622726	15273655	781723
0.15	10658564	11090891	679185
0.11	9726687	10149635	677612
0.21	19876884	20659627	513114
0.21	13723385	14223804	447616
0.22	14733487	15284274	445473
0.19	14649385	15139950	433519

Summary

- MP1B is the first tool in looking at the SMF data
- For many queue managers regular examination of the 'big three' reports can be a leading indicator of tuning work that may be necessary, or tell you where the problems are
- But these are not the only reports that may be needed!