

**IBM z/OS Connect (OpenAPI 3.0)**

# **Developing Native Server RESTful APIs for accessing a CICS Program**



*Date: September 21, 2022*

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## Overview

The objective of these exercises is to gain experience with working with *z/OS Connect* and the *z/OS Connect Designer*. This exercise is offered in conjunction with a Washington Systems Center Wildfire workshop for *z/OS Connect*. For information about scheduling this workshop in your area contact your IBM representative.

**Important – You do not need any skills with CICS to perform this exercise. Even if CICS is not relevant to your current plans, performing the steps in this exercise will give additional experience using the *z/OS Connect Designer* to developing and administer APIs.**

### General Exercise Information and Guidelines

- ✓ This exercise requires using *z/OS* user identities *Fred*, *USER1* and *USER2*. The *Designer* passwords for these identities are *fredpwd*, *user1* and *user2* respectively and are case sensitive. The RACF password for these users are *FRED*, *USER1* and *USER2* respectively and are case insensitive.
- ✓ Any time you have any questions about the use of screens, features or tools do not hesitate to reach out for assistance.
- ✓ Text in **bold** and highlighted in **yellow** in this document should be available for copying and pasting in a file named *OpenAPI 3 development APIs CopyPaste* file on the desktop
- ✓ Please note that there may be minor differences between the screen shots in this exercise versus what you see when performing this exercise. These differences should not impact the completion of this exercise. For example, the text might reference host name *designer:washington.ibm.com* when a screen shot shows the host as *designer:ibm.com* or even *localhost*. All of these names resolve to the same IP address. Another example is that a section of a page has been expanded for display purposes. If a section or screen shot does not look exactly as what you are observing, consider maximizing or minimizing that section.

**Important:** On the desktop there is a file named *OpenAPI 3 Development for CICS APIs CopyPaste.txt*. This file contains commands and other text used in this workshop. Locate that file and open it. Use the copy-and-paste function (**Ctrl-C** and **Ctrl-V**) to enter commands or text. It will save time and help avoid typo errors. As a reminder text that appears in this file will be highlighted in yellow.

## The CSCVINC CICS application

In this exercise we are developing an API to access a CICS application program named CSCVINC. This application is a COBOL application that uses a channel/container interface. This application, when invoked, accesses the channel provided by CICS and looks for the container in that channel. The name of the container is not hard coded in the application, so the application will accept a container with any name.

The container has a field named ACTION. The contents of this field determines what function the application will perform. Based on the value of ACTION, the application will access the CICS sample FILEA VSAM data set and either insert a new record (I), retrieve an existing record (G), update an existing record (U) or delete an existing record (D).

The application returns the results of the request including the values of the CICS EIBRESP and EIBRESP3 response code from the EXEC CICS WRITE, EXEC CICS READ, EXE CICS REWRITE or EXEC CICS DELETE API performed by the program. Also returned is the identity under which the CICS transaction executed. The response container name will have the same name as the request container.

The COBOL copy book for the request container is shown here.

```
01 Request-Container.
  03 ACTION          PIC X(1).
  03 USERID          PIC X(8).
  03 FILEA-AREA.
    05 STAT            PIC X.
    05 NUMB            PIC X(6).
    05 NAME            PIC X(20).
    05 ADDRX           PIC X(20).
    05 PHONE           PIC X(8).
    05 DATEX           PIC X(8).
    05 AMOUNT          PIC X(8).
    05 COMMENT         PIC X(9).
```

The COBOL copy book for the response container is shown here.

```
01 Response-Container.
  03 ACTION          PIC X(1).
  03 CEIBRESP        PIC S9(8) COMP.
  03 CEIBRESP2       PIC S9(8) COMP.
  03 USERID          PIC X(8).
  03 FILEA-AREA.
    05 STAT            PIC X.
    05 NUMB            PIC X(6).
    05 NAME            PIC X(20).
    05 ADDRX           PIC X(20).
    05 PHONE           PIC X(8).
    05 DATEX           PIC X(8).
    05 AMOUNT          PIC X(8).
    05 COMMENT         PIC X(9).
```

## The container configuration file

Regardless of whether *Docker Engine*, *Docker Desktop*, *Podman* or some other container runtime product is being used, the container's environment required configuration.

First, the container requires that CICS related environment variable be provided. These variables are used to customize the CICS related server XML configuration elements. For this exercise, the container was configured with these environment variables set in the *docker-compose.yaml* file (in **bold**).

```
version: "3.2"
services:
  zosConnect:
    image: icr.io/zosconnect/ibm-zcon-designer:3.0.57
    user: root
    environment:
      - CICS_USER=USER1
      - CICS_PASSWORD=USER1
      - CICS_HOST=wg31.washington.ibm.com
      - CICS_PORT=1491
      - DB2_USERNAME=USER1
      - DB2_PASSWORD=USER1
      - DB2_HOST=wg31.washington.ibm.com
      - CICS_PORT=2446
      - HTTP_PORT=9080
    ports:
      - "9447:9443"
      - "9084:9080"
    volumes:
      - ./project:/workspace/project
      - ./logs/:/logs/
      - ./certs:/output/resources/security/
```

Connecting to a CICS region requires the addition of a `zosconnect_cicsIpicConnection` configuration element to the container's Liberty configuration. And since this API has role-based security elements configured, additional configuration elements for a basic registry and authorization roles are also required. These Liberty configuration elements are described next.

## **Connecting to a CICS region and the required server XML configuration**

The `zosconnect_cicsIpicConnection` element used to connect to a CICS region in this exercise looks like this:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<server description="IPIC connection to CICS">
  <featureManager>
    <feature>zosconnect:cics-1.0</feature>
  </featureManager>

  <zosconnect_cicsIpicConnection id="cicsConn"
    host="${CICS_HOST}"
    port="${CICS_PORT}"
    authDataRef="cicsCredentials" />

  <zosconnect_authData id="cicsCredentials"
    user="${CICS_USER}"
    password="${CICS_PASSWORD}" />

</server>
```

Notice the environment variables `${CICS_HOST}`, `${CICS_PORT}`, `${CICS_USER}` and `${CICS_PASSWORD}` are set to the values provided in the `docker-compose.yaml` file.

## **Basic security and the required server XML configuration**

The `basicRegistry` and `authorization-roles` elements used in this exercise looks like this:

```
<server description="basic security">

  <!-- Enable features -->
  <featureManager>
    <feature>appSecurity-2.0</feature>
    <feature>restConnector-2.0</feature>
  </featureManager>

  <webAppSecurity allowFailOverToBasicAuth="true" />

  <basicRegistry id="basic" realm="zosConnect">
    <user name="Fred" password="fredpwd" />
    <user name="user1" password="user1" />
    <user name="user2" password="user2" />
    <group name="Manager">
      <member name="Fred"/>
    </group>
    <group name="Staff">
      <member name="Fred"/>
      <member name="user1"/>
    </group>
  </basicRegistry>

  <administrator-role>
    <group>Manager</group>
  </administrator-role>

  <authorization-roles id="zCEERoles">
    <security-role name="Manager"> <group name="Manager" /> </security-role>
    <security-role name="Staff"> <group name="Staff" /> </security-role>
  </authorization-roles>
</server>
```

In the above configuration, identity *Fred* is a member of the *Manager* and *Staff* group. Identities *USER1* and *USER2* are members of the *Staff* group. Identity *USER2* is not a member of any role-based groups.

The role names *Manager* and *Staff* correspond to the values that appear in the API's specification document . In this example, a default role of *Manager* is defined in the root of the OpenAPI definition. Each of the GET operations defines a role of *Staff*. So only users in or with access to the *Staff* role all allowed to perform the GET methods. And only users in or with access to the *Manager* role all allowed to perform the POST, PUT and DELETE methods. A user with only *Staff* access will receive an HTTP 403 (Forbidden) response if they try to invoke one of these privileged methods.

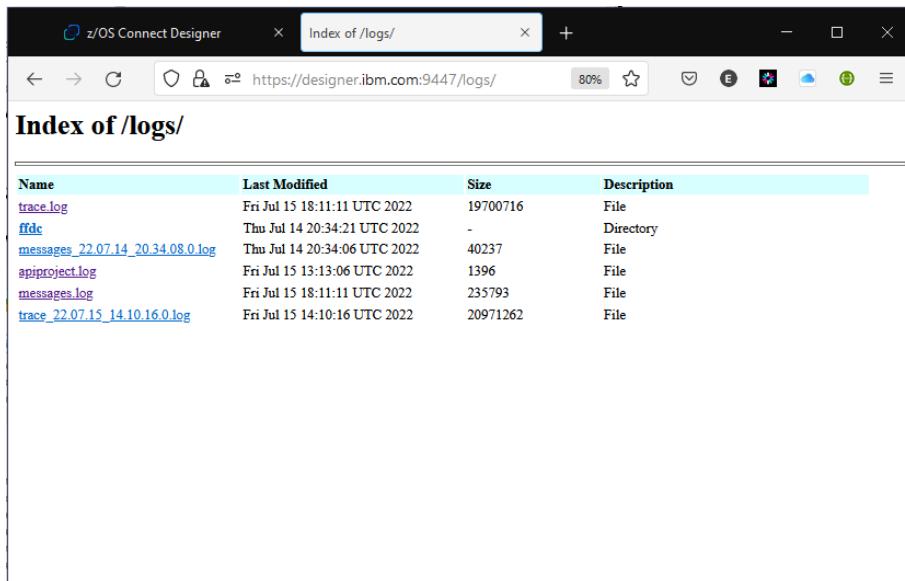
```
openapi: 3.0.0
info:
  description: "CICS Employee Sample VSAM Application"
  version: 1.0.0
  title: Employee
x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:
- Manager
paths:
  /employee:
    post:
      -----
      "/employee/{employee}":
        get:
          tags:
            - Employee
          operationId: getEmployeeSelectService
          x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:
            - Staff
      put:
        tags:
          - Employee
        operationId: putEmployeeUpdateService
        x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:
          - Staff
      delete:
        tags:
          - Employee
        operationId: putEmployeeUpdateService
        x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:
          - Staff
      -----
```

## Accessing the z/OS Connect Designer log and trace files

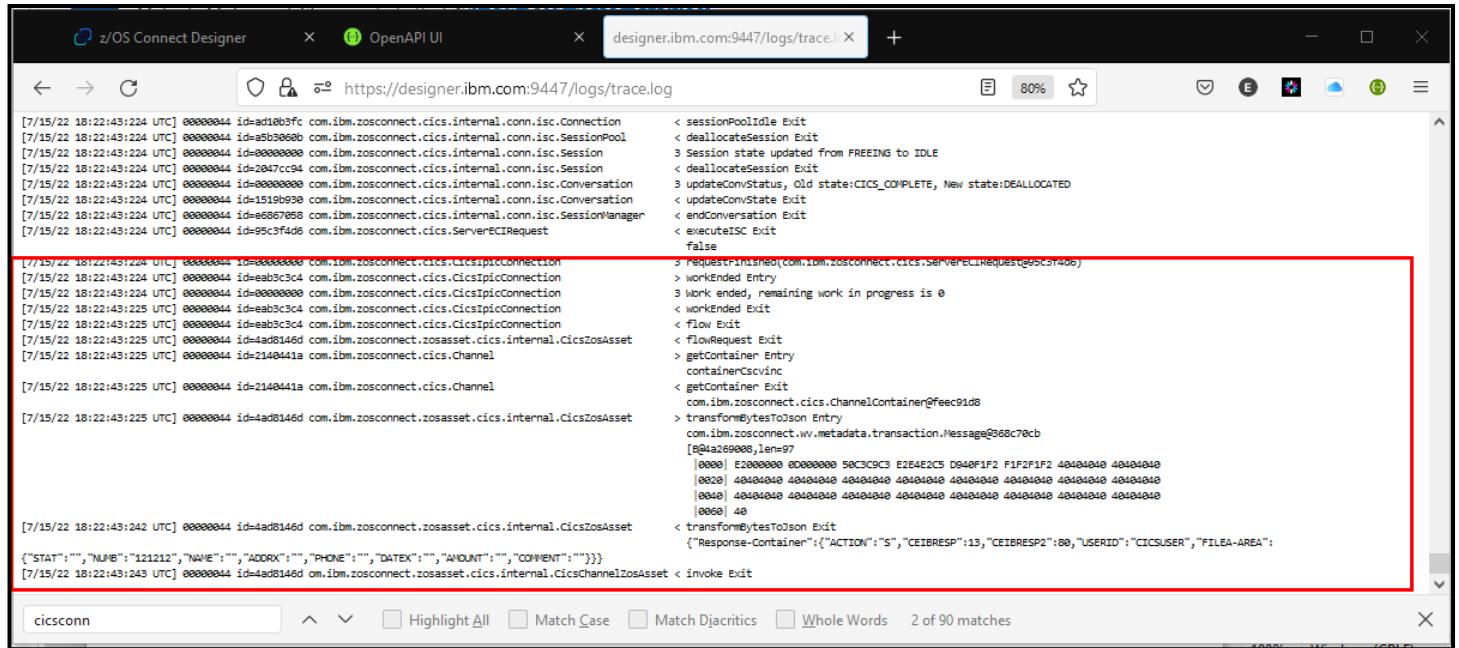
The Liberty server in which the z/OS Connect Designer has been further customized with the addition of the server XML configuration elements below. These XML configuration elements enables the Liberty server to become a file server.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<server description="Default server">
<webApplication id="resources-dropins" name="dropins"
  location="/opt/ibm/wlp/usr/servers/defaultServer/dropins">
  <web-ext context-root="dropins"
    enable-file-serving="true" enable-directory-browsing="true">
    <file-servering-attribute name="extendDocumentRoot"
      value="/opt/ibm/wlp/usr/servers/defaultServer/dropins" />
  </web-ext>
</webApplication> >
<webApplication id="resources-logs" name="logs"
  location="/logs">
  <web-ext context-root="logs"
    enable-file-serving="true" enable-directory-browsing="true">
    <file-servering-attribute name="extendDocumentRoot"
      value="/logs" />
  </web-ext>
</webApplication> >
</server>
```

This is very useful because this allows the viewing of the server's log and trace file from a browser. This means an API developer using *z/OS Connect Designer* in one tab of browser will be able to monitor the messages and/or traces in other browser tabs as they are developing or testing their API. To access the server's logs directory, start with the same host and port as the *Designer* but with the URI path to */logs*. Double clicking on a file such as *trace.log* or *messages.log* allows the real time monitoring of trace messages or server messages by clicking the browser's refresh button.



For example, using this technique the details of a SQL request and any SQL errors will appear in a *trace.log*. In this case this is information not returned in the response message but written to the trace by the service provider. This is very useful when the expected results are not returned.



```

[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=ad10b3fc com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.Connection < sessionPoolIdle Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=a5b3000b com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.SessionPool < deallocateSession Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=00000000 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.Session 3 Session state updated from FREEING to IDLE
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=2047cc94 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.Session < deallocateSession Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=00000000 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.Conversation 3 updateConStatus, Old state:CICS_COMPLETE, New state:DEALLOCATED
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=15190930 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.Conversation < updateConState Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=e8067058 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.SessionManager < endConversation Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=95c9f4d8 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.internal.conn.isc.ServerEICRequest < executeISC Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=95c9f4d8 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.ServerEICRequest false

[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=00000000 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.CiscspicConnection > RequestInSession com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.ServerEICRequest@95c9f4d8
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=ea83c3c4 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.CiscspicConnection < workEnded Entry
[7/15/22 18:22:43:224 UTC] 00000044 id=00000000 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.CiscspicConnection 3 Work ended, remaining work in progress is 0
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=ea83c3c4 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.CiscspicConnection < workEnded Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=ea83c3c4 com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.CiscspicConnection < flow Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset < flowRequest Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset > getContainer Entry
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=2148441a com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.Channel containerCscvint
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=2148441a com.ibm.zosconnect.cics.Channel < getContainer Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset > transformBytestoJson Entry
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset > transformBytestoJson com.ibm.zosconnect.wv.metadata.transaction.Message@968c70cb
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset [0xa2a269000, len=97]
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset [0000] E2000000 00000000 50C3CC3 E2E4E2C5 D940F1F2 F1F2F1F2 40404040 40404040
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset [0000] 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset [0000] 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040 40404040
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset [0000] 40
[7/15/22 18:22:43:225 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset < invoke Exit
[7/15/22 18:22:43:242 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsZosAsset < Response-Container:{"ACTION":"S","CEIBRESP":13,"CEIBRESP2":88,"USERID":"CICSUSER","FILEA-AREA":"STAT:","NUMB":"121212","NAME":"","ADDRX":"","PHONE":"","DATEX":"","AMOUNT":"","COMMENT":""}}
[7/15/22 18:22:43:243 UTC] 00000044 id=4ad8146d com.ibm.zosconnect.zosasset.cics.internal.CicsChannelZosAsset < invoke Exit

```

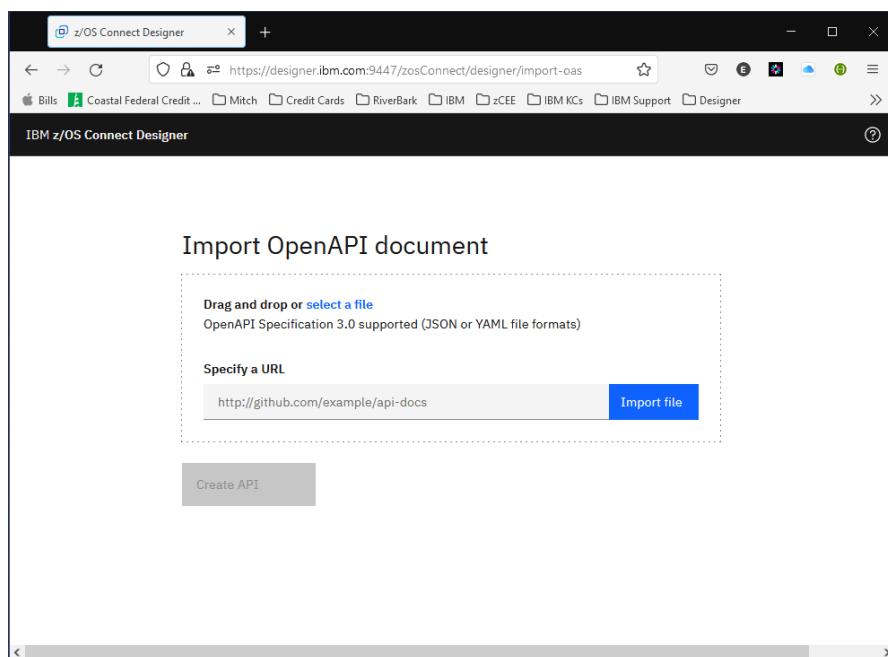
cicsconn

Highlight All Match Case Match Diacritics Whole Words 2 of 90 matches

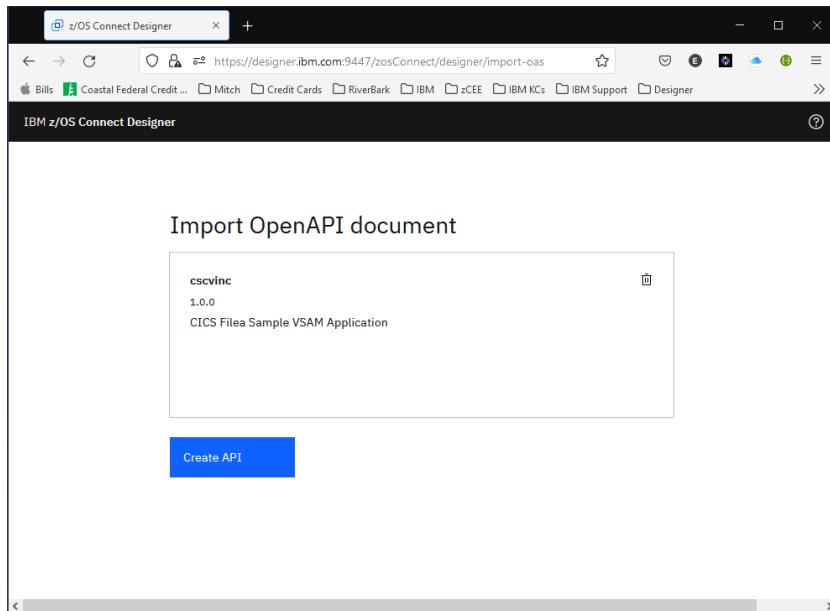
## Developing a z/OS Connect APIs that accesses a CICS program

This section of the exercise provides an opportunity to compose and test an API that accesses a CICS program.

- \_\_\_ 1. Open the Firefox browser and go to URL <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/zosConnect/designer/>
- \_\_\_ 2. The first window you will see in a ‘fresh’ *Designer* environment gives you the opportunity to import an OpenAPI document. On the *Import OpenAPI document* window, click on **select a file** and traverse in the *File Upload* window to the directory where the specification document files are stored, e.g., *C:/z/openApi3/yaml*. Select file *cscvinc.yaml* and click the **Open** button to continue.



3. On the next *Import OpenAPI* document window, click the **Create API** button to complete the importation of the specification document file into the *Designer*.



4. The next *Designer* page to be displayed will be the details of the API provided by the specification document. Expand the **Paths** on the left-hand side and you will see the URI paths of the API. Expand the URI paths will display the individual methods of each path. For example, expanding URI paths */employee* and */employee/{employee}* will display the *POST*, *GET*, *PUT* and *DELETE* methods associated with these URI paths (see below).

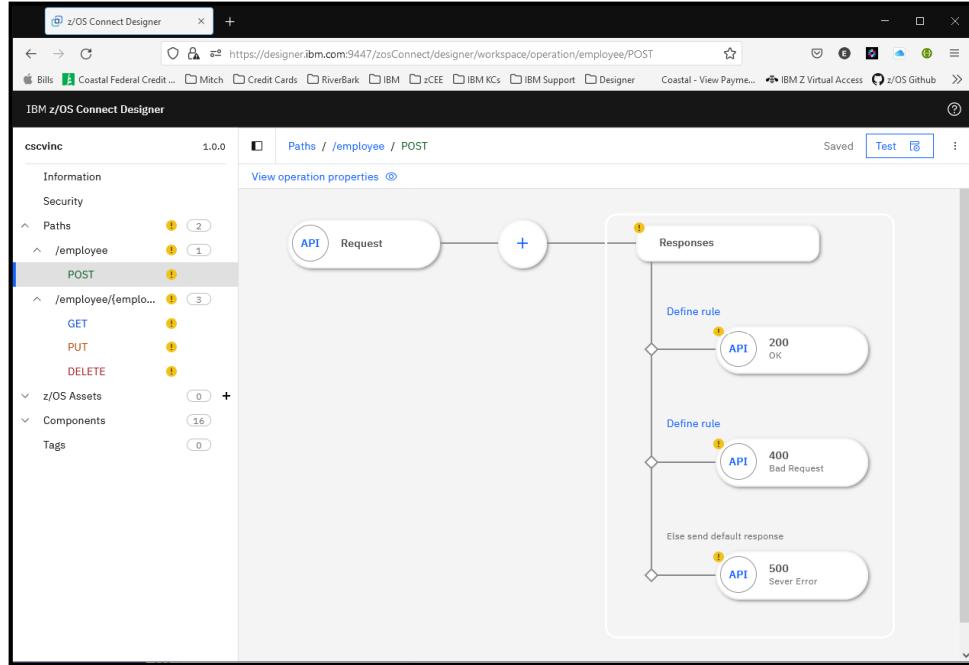
Section	Value
General	Title: cscvinc Version: 1.0.0 Description: CICS Filea Sample VSAM Application Terms of service (URL): -
Contact	Name: - Email: - URL: -
License	Name: - URL: -
Servers	URL: /

*Important:* When using this tool, monitor the upper right-hand corner of the page. You will see either status of either **Saved** or **Saving**. It is suggested that you wait until changes are saved before continuing using the Designer.

**Tech-Tip:** The yellow exclamation marks simply indicate the underlying configuration for this element is incomplete. As the exercise progresses, the exclamation marks will disappear.

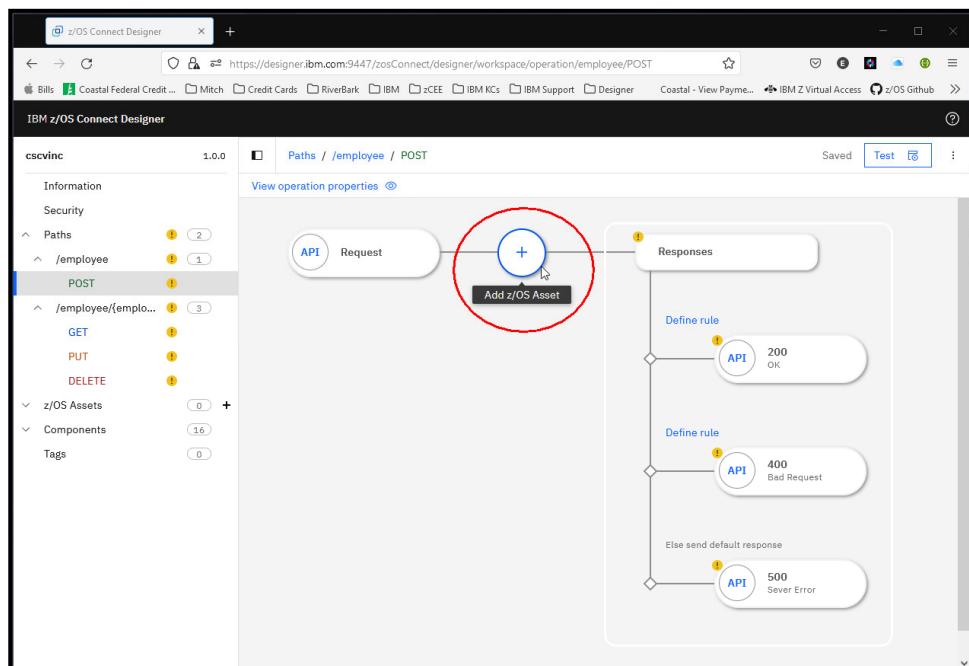
## Configure the POST method for URI path /employee

1. Selecting a method will display the operation properties of the method. Start with the *POST* method under */employee* and by selecting it, the view like the one below will appear.

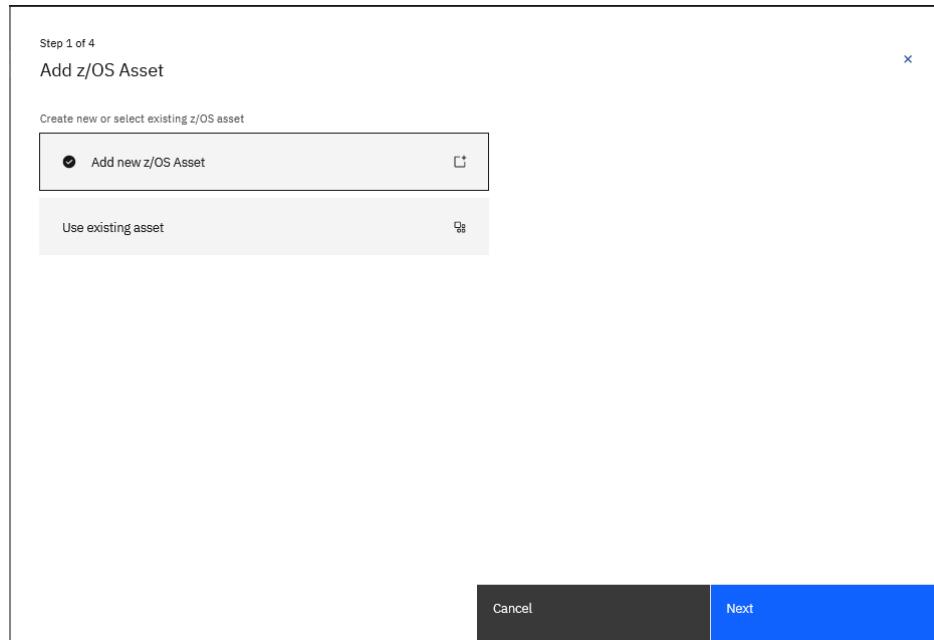


In the example above, we see that the specification document defined 3 responses for this method. One is a 200-status code which indicate the invocation of the method (an insert) was successful. A 400-status code which indicates, in this case, that the insert of the record failed. And finally, a 500-status code which indicates a severe error has occurred while processing the request.

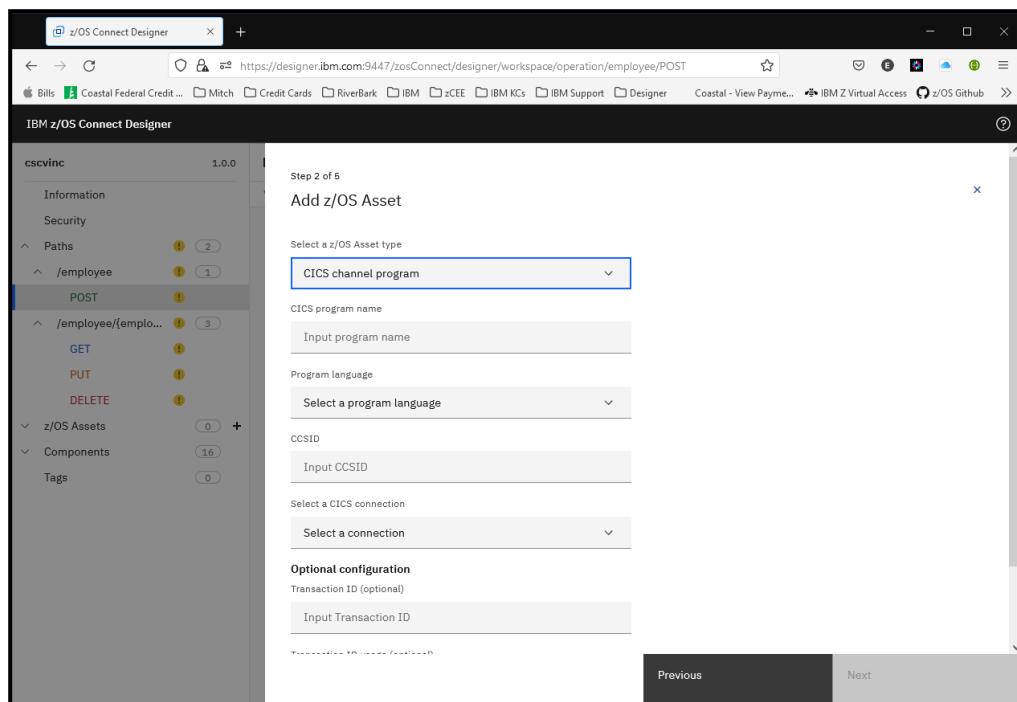
2. The first step in configuring this method for this URI path is to associate it with a z/OS asset or resource. Click the plus sign on the page to start the association of a z/OS asset with this URI path.



3. On the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 1 of 4)* page, select the *Add new z/OS Asset* and press **Next** to continue.



4. On the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 2 of 4)* page, use the pull-down arrow and select *CICS channel program*. This action will display additional items on the page.



5. On the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 2 of 5)* page, enter a *CICS program name* of **CSCVINC**, use the pull-down arrow and select the **COBOL** as the *program language*. Enter **037** as the CCSID and use the pull-down arrow and select the **cicsConn** as the *CICS connection*. This enables the **Next** button. Press **Next** to continue.

Step 2 of 5  
Add z/OS Asset

Select a z/OS Asset type  
CICS channel program

CICS program name  
CSCVINC

Program language  
COBOL

CCSID  
037

Select a CICS connection  
cicsConn

**Optional configuration**

Transaction ID (optional)  
Input Transaction ID

Transaction ID usage (optional)  
Select usage

Previous      **Next**

**Tech-Tip:** The name **cicsConn** is the name of the `zosconnect cicsIpicConnection` configuration element described earlier in this exercise.

6. On the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 3 of 5)* page, details of the request container will be provided. Press the **Add Container** button and enter a name of **containerCscvinc** for the *CICS container* name.
7. Next press the **Import Data structure** to start the definition of the layout of this container.

Step 3 of 5  
Add z/OS Asset

Define the request CICS channel program

Request channel

CICS container name  
containerCscvinc

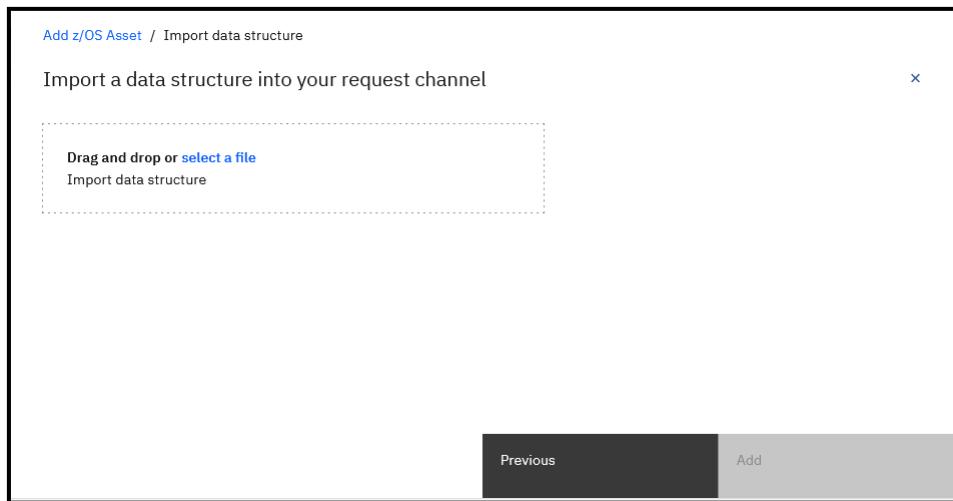
CICS container type  
BIT

Import data structure

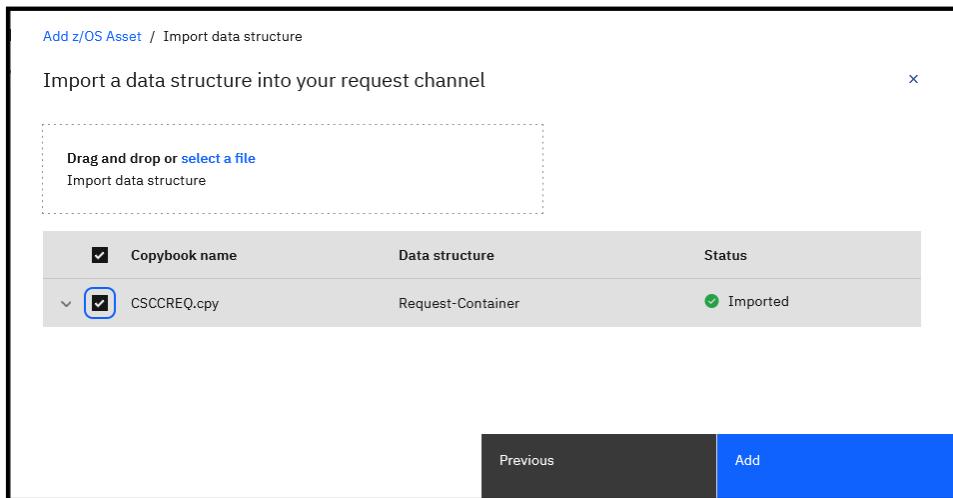
Add container +

Previous      **Next**

8. On the *Add z/OS Asset / Import data structure* page, press the *select a file* area to start the import of the COBOL structure that represent the request container.



9. Traverse to directory *c:/z/cicslab* and select file *CSCCREQ.cpy*. This file contains the COBOL source of the request container. Click the **Open** button to import the COBOL source into the *Designer*. Check the box beside *CSCCREQ.cpy* and click the **Add** button to continue.



10. On the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 3 of 6)* page, the COBOL structure of this container will be displayed (see below). Additional input or request containers be added by clicking the **Add container** button and repeating this process. Since this application expects only one input or request container, click the **Next** button to continue.

The screenshot shows the 'Add z/OS Asset' interface at Step 3 of 5. The title bar says 'Add z/OS Asset' and 'Define the request CICS channel program'. The main area is titled 'Request channel' and contains a table for defining CICS container types. A row is selected with the name 'containerCscvinc' and type 'BIT'. Below the table, a code block displays a COBOL structure:

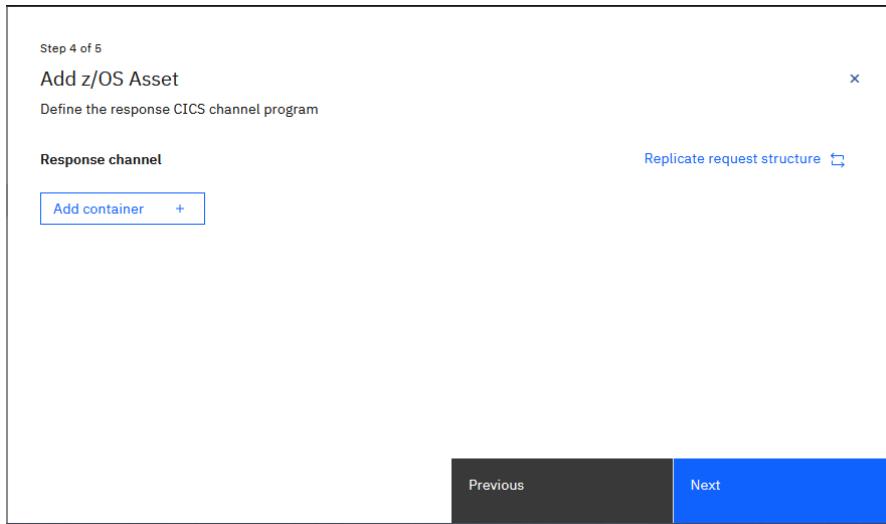
```

01 Request-Container.
  03 ACTION PIC X USAGE DISPLAY.
  03 USERID PIC X(8) USAGE DISPLAY.
  03 FILEA-AREA.
    05 STAT PIC X USAGE DISPLAY.
    05 NUMB PIC X(6) USAGE DISPLAY.
    05 NAME PIC X(20) USAGE DISPLAY.
    05 ADDRX PIC X(20) USAGE DISPLAY.
    05 PHONE PIC X(8) USAGE DISPLAY.
    05 DATEX PIC X(8) USAGE DISPLAY.
    05 AMOUNT PIC X(8) USAGE DISPLAY.
    05 COMMENT PIC X(9) USAGE DISPLAY.

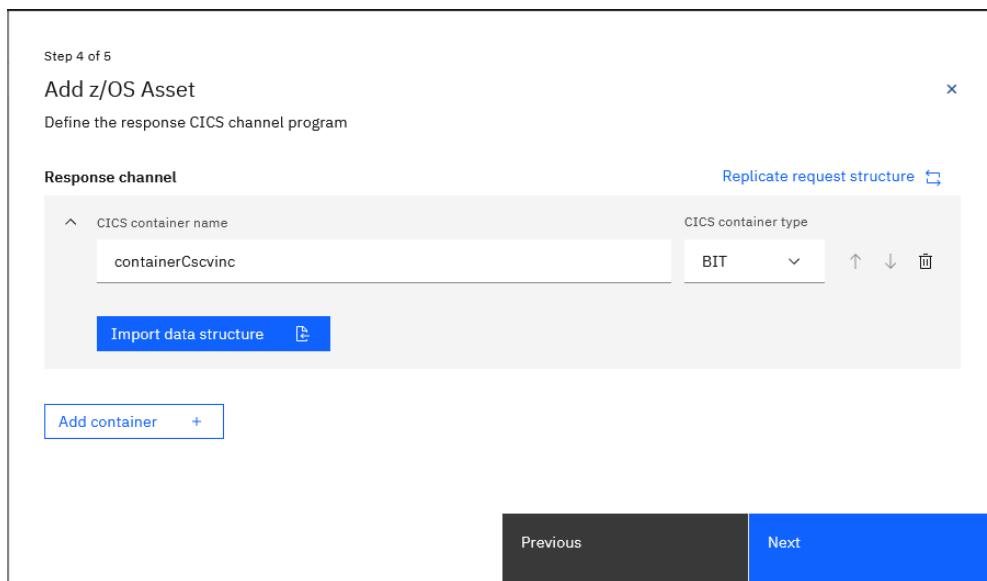
```

Below the code block is a blue 'Import data structure' button. At the bottom left is an 'Add container' button with a plus sign. At the bottom right are 'Previous' and 'Next' buttons, where 'Next' is highlighted in blue.

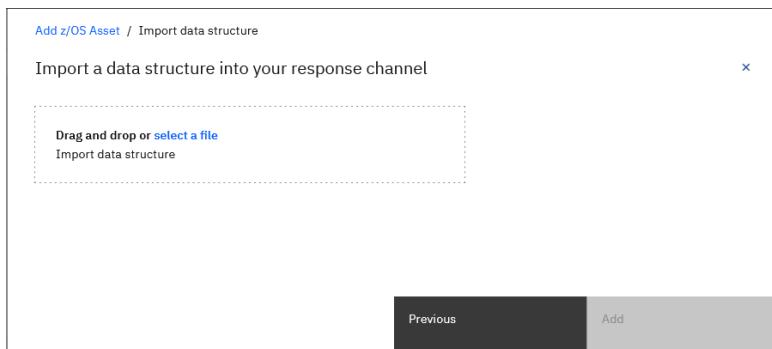
11. The response container is configured on the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 4 of 5)* page. If the response container that exactly matches the request container, then clicking the *Replicate request structure* will create a response container with the same details as the request container. In this case, the response contains does not match the request container, so click the **Add container** button to add the details of the response container.



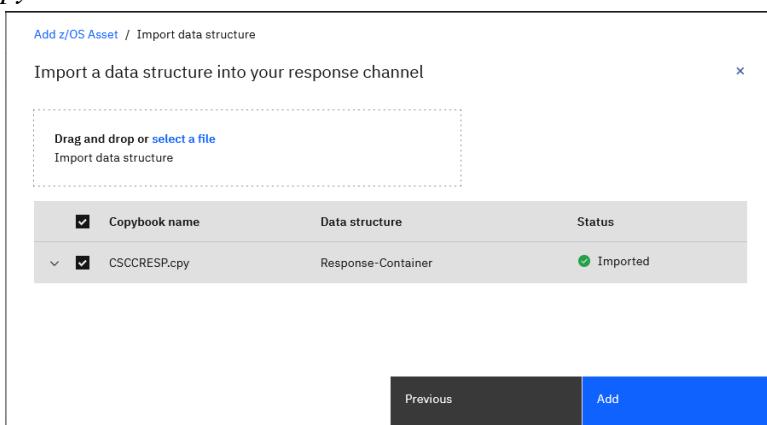
12. This action will cause the **Import data structure** to appear. Enter *containerCscvinc* as the *CICS container name* (remember the application returns a response container using the same name are the request container). Click on the **Import data structure** button to import the layout of the response container.



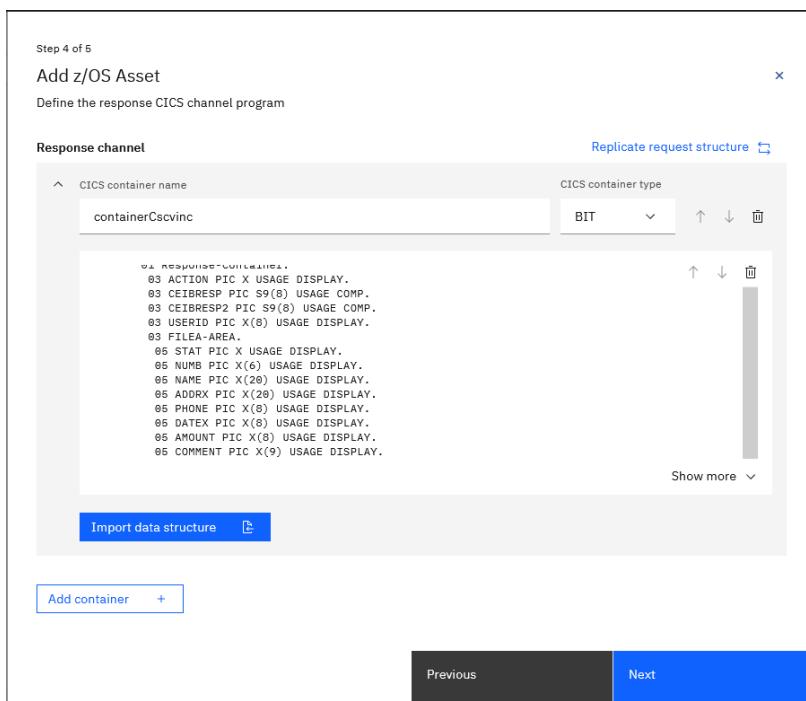
13. On the *Add z/OS Assert/Import data structure* page. Click on the *select a file* area to continue.



14. Traverse to directory *c:/z/cicslab* and select file *CSCCRESP.cpy* which contains the COBOL source of the response container. Click the **Open** button to import the COBOL source into the *Designer*. Check the box beside *CSCCRESP.cpy* and click the **Add** button to continue.



15. On the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 4 of 5)* page, the COBOL structure of this container will be displayed (see below). Additional input or request containers be added by clicking the **Add container** button and repeating this process. This application only produces one response container, so click the **Next** button to continue.



16. On the *Add z/OS Asset (Step 5 of 5)* page, we are required to provide a name and/or optionally provide a description of the z/OS asset. In this exercise, enter a value of **programCscvinc** as the name of the z/OS asset (a CICS application) and click the **Add z/OS Asset** button to complete the definition of this program as an asset and to continue.

Step 5 of 5  
Add z/OS Asset  
Provide a name and description so your z/OS Asset can be saved for reuse.

z/OS Asset name  
programCscvinc

z/OS Asset description (optional)  
Enter a description

**Summary**

z/OS Asset type  
CICS channel and containers program

CICS program name  
CSCVINC

Connection reference  
cicsConn

Previous Add z/OS Asset

17. Eventually you see a brief message that the asset has been added successfully and the operation properties page will reflect the z/OS asset request mapping details (see below). On this page we are seeing the field names of the CICS request container. These fields map to the request schema properties of the API as defined in the specification document that defined the API.

Channel	ContainerCscvinc	Request-Container	Request
containerCscvinc			ACTION abc
			USERID abc
			FILEA-AREA
			STAT abc
			NUMB abc
			NAME abc
			ADDRX abc
			PHONE abc
			DATEX abc
			AMOUNT abc
			COMMENT abc

**Note:** It is very important that when working with mapping fields that the field has been properly selected. A properly selection field will be displayed in a blue box as shown below.

The screenshot shows the 'Request' tab of the 'programCscvinc' configuration page. At the top, there are tabs for 'Request', 'Response', and 'z/OS Asset details'. Below the tabs, there are buttons for 'Edit mapping' and 'View structure'. The main area is titled 'Map fields from the API request into the z/OS Asset request.' It shows a hierarchical tree structure of fields. The 'ACTION' field under 'Request-Container' is highlighted with a red oval and a blue border, indicating it is selected. Other fields like 'USERID', 'FILEA-AREA', 'STAT', 'NUMB', and 'NAME' are also listed but not highlighted.

18. Now map the CICS container fields with the corresponding API request message fields. But first become familiar with the fields in the API request message for this method. To display the API's request message fields, select any container field, and then select the *Insert a mapping tool* (see below).

This screenshot shows the 'Edit mapping' tool. It displays the same hierarchical field structure as the previous screenshot. The 'ACTION' field is selected and highlighted with a blue border. At the bottom right of the mapping table, there is a small icon consisting of a blue square with a white gear and a plus sign (+). This icon is circled in red, indicating it is the 'Insert a mapping tool' button.

19. This will display the header and body mappings available for this method of the API. Become familiar with the mappings available in the body of the request message (you will have to use the scroll bar to see all the available mappings). Knowledge of the mappings in the body will help greatly in the next few steps.

This screenshot shows the 'Available mappings' dialog box. It lists several API fields under the path '...ServiceOperation employeeData request employeeDetails'. Each field is preceded by a small blue circle containing an 'API' icon. The fields listed are: 'employeeDetails' (with a blue border), 'employeeNumber', 'name', 'address', 'phoneNumber', and 'date'. All these fields have a blue border around them, indicating they are selected or highlighted.

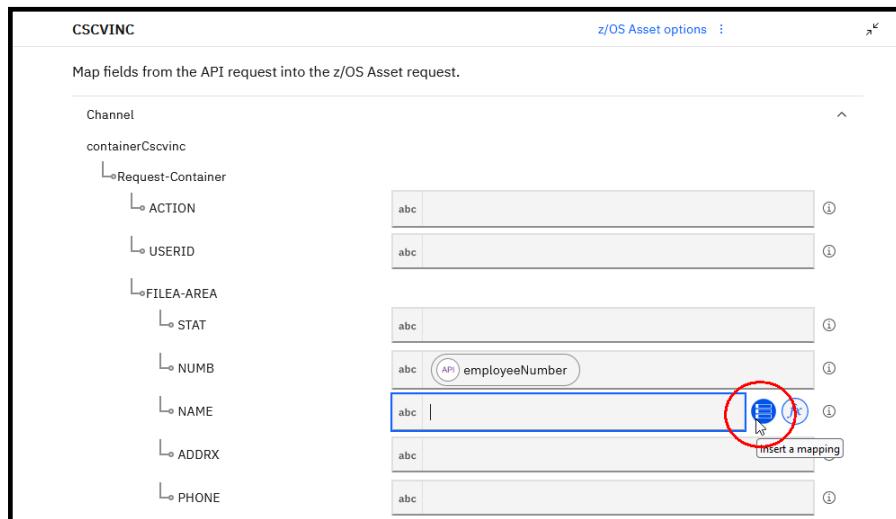
*There are two ways to map the CICS request container fields to the corresponding specification document API request fields. Both will be demonstrated in this section of the exercise. Use whichever method you prefer when mapping fields later in this exercise.*

20. Select an empty CICS request container field and start typing the corresponding API request message field name. For example, entering the string **em** in the area beside NUMB will eventually match a field in the API request message whose name includes the same characters, and that schema field will be displayed in the drop-down list (see below).

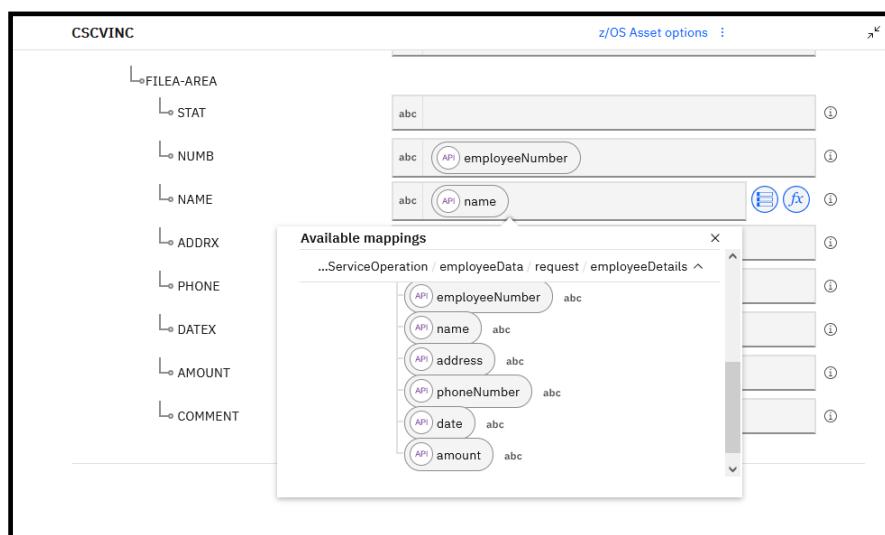
21. Select the field and this will cause the API's request message field name to populate the area beside field name in the container area and complete the mapping.

**Tech-Tip:** The icon can be used to maximize or reset this area of the page.

22. The alternate mapping method is to select the *Insert a mapping tool* (see below).



23. This will display a list of available mapping fields. Since this is a request message and the fields are in the *request body*. Scroll up or down and choose appropriate field from the fields from the *body*, not a query parameter, nor a path parameter. In this case, the field to select is the request body *name* field.



24. Use either technique to complete the mappings of the container fields to the API request body fields. When completed, the results should look something like this the page below.

The screenshot shows the 'Request' tab of the IBM z/OS Connect interface. The 'Container' section displays a hierarchical mapping structure:

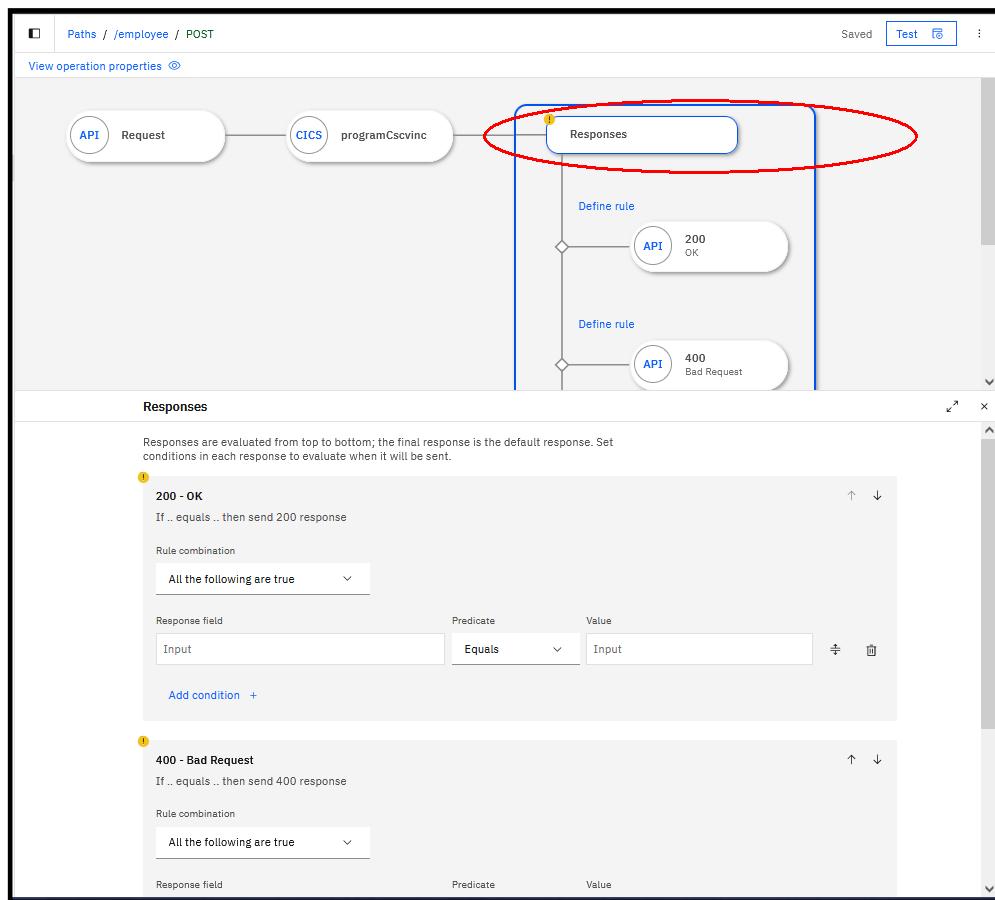
- Container:** containerCscvinc
- Request-Container:**
  - ACTION:** abc
  - USERID:** abc
  - FILEA-AREA:**
    - STAT:** abc
    - NUMB:** abc (API employeeNumber)
    - NAME:** abc (API name)
    - ADDRX:** abc (API address)
    - PHONE:** abc (API phoneNumber)
    - DATEX:** abc (API date)
    - AMOUNT:** abc (API amount) (highlighted)
    - COMMENT:** abc

25. Note that not all of the container fields have been mapped from the API request message but by providing request message field names. For the *ACTION* field, the application requires that this field have a value of **I** in order for a record to be inserted in the VSAM data sets. The *USERID* is used by another client application and has no meaning for us, so leave this field blank. Set the value of the *STAT* field to an asterisk \* and set the value of the *COMMENT* field to **`{{\$substring($now(), 2,8)}}`** (the current date).

The screenshot shows a configuration interface for mapping API fields to z/OS Asset fields. The container is named 'CSCVINC'. The fields listed are:

- Channel
- containerCscvinc
- Request-Container
  - ACTION: abc | I
  - USERID: abc
  - FILEA-AREA
    - STAT: abc | \*
    - NUMB: abc | API employeeNumber
    - NAME: abc | API name
    - ADDRX: abc | API address
    - PHONE: abc | API phoneNumber
    - DATEX: abc | API date
    - AMOUNT: abc | API amount
    - COMMENT: abc | **`{{\$substring($now(), 2,8)}}`**

26. The next step is to evaluate the responses that come back in the CICS program response container. Select the *Responses* box in the *View operation properties* page.



27. Maximize the *Responses* area of the browser's page (see below).

The contents of the CEIBRESP and CEIBRESP2 fields in the CICS response container from the CICS application determine whether the request was successful or not. The first check is to see if the record was inserted as intended. The application will set the CEIBRESP and CEIBRESP2 fields to zero if a record was successfully insert into the VSAM data set. Otherwise, the insert failed. We are going to check and provide a message if a duplicate record condition (CEIBRESP = 14 and CEIBRESP2=150) was raised. Otherwise a message indicating a severe error has occurred along with the values of CEIBRESP and CEIBRESP2 fields.

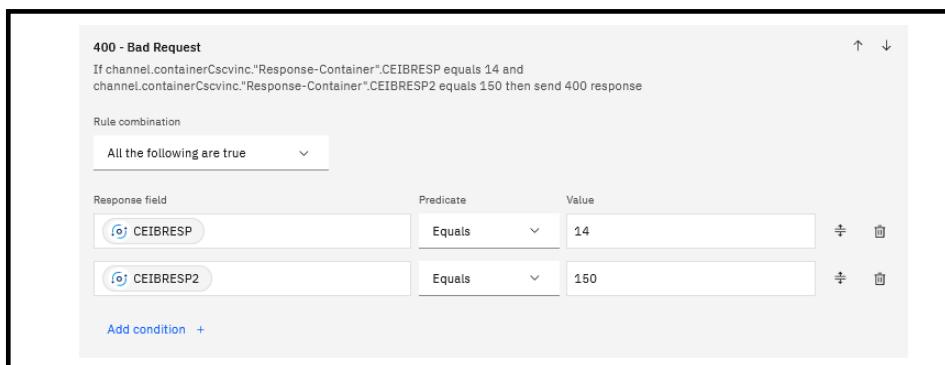
Response Status	Condition	Response Field	Predicate	Value
200 - OK	If .. equals .. then send 200 response	Input	Equals	Input
400 - Bad Request	If .. equals .. then send 400 response	Input	Equals	Input
500 - Internal Server Error	Else send default response			

28. Under the *200 – OK* response, Enter the string ***CEI*** in the *Input* area under *Response field*. This will display all the fields in the CICS response container which match this string (position of the string in the field name does not matter). If the string matches any portion of the field name, that field will be displayed. In this case, map or select the ***CEIBRESP*** field in the CICS response container. Leave the *Predicate* as *Equals* and enter ***0*** in the *Value* field for *Value*.

29. Next add a condition check for the value of response container field ***CEIBRESP2*** by clicking on *Add condition* in the *200 – OK* evaluation.

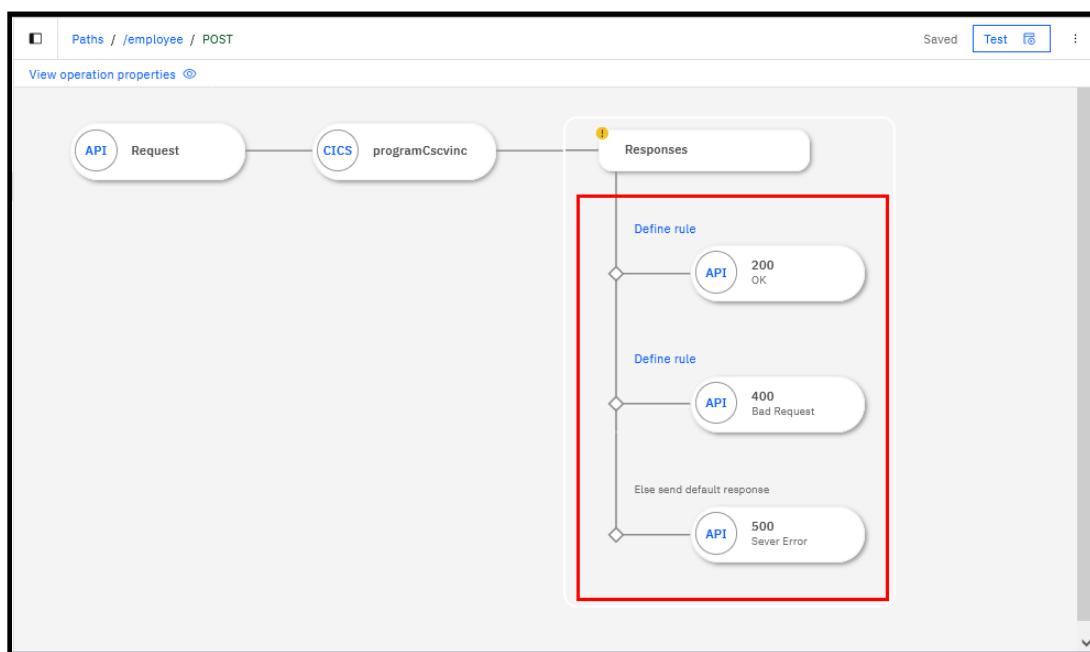
30. Use the same technique described above to add a check for response container field ***CEIBRESP2***. Leave the *Predicate* as *Equals* and set the value to ***0*** as shown below:

31. For the *400 – Bad Request* check, add a check for container field ***CEIBRESP*** equaling ***14*** and response container ***CEIBRESP2*** equaling ***150***.



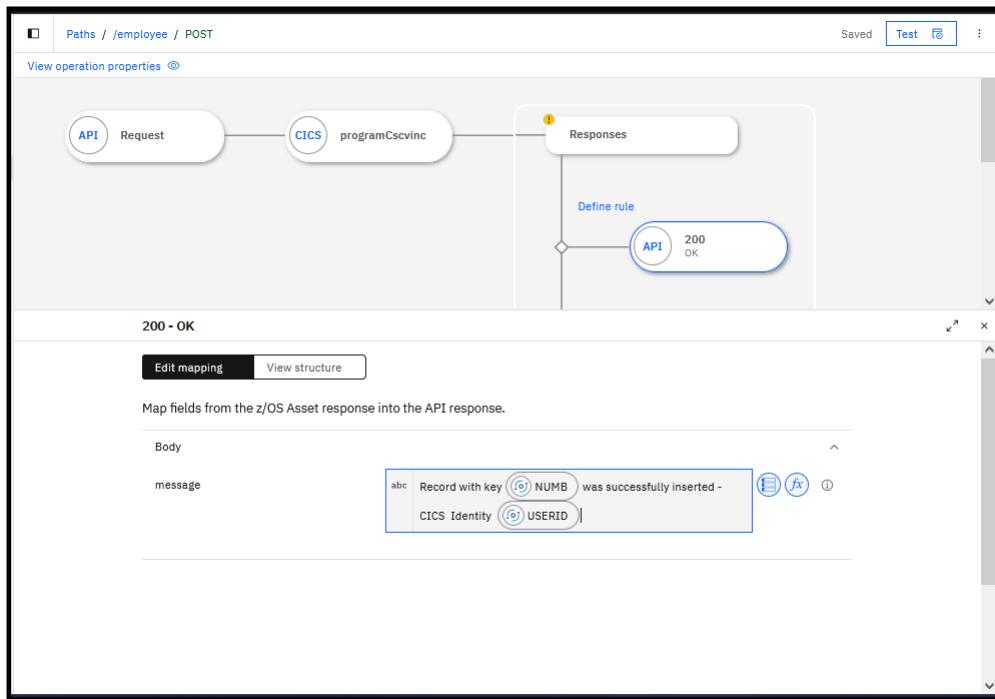
32. If neither of these connections are met, simply return with a HTTP 500 status code.

33. Next the API response messages need to be configured for each of these potential status codes.



34. Select the response for *200 OK* paste the text below in the *message* area.

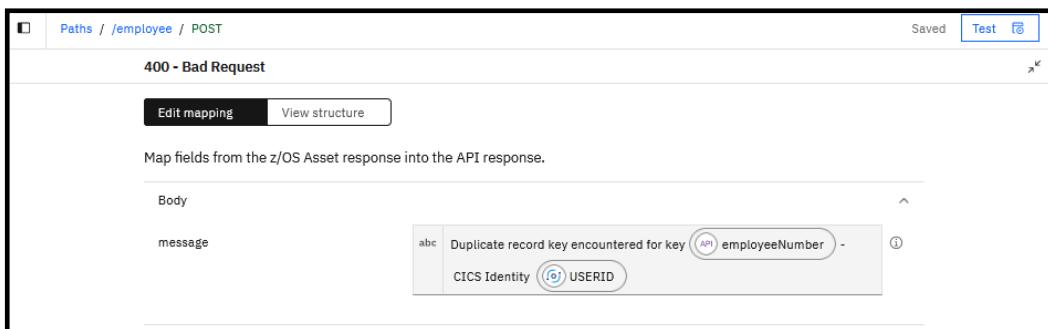
*Record with key {{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEAREA".NUMB}} was successfully inserted - CICS Identity  
 {{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}*



The same techniques used to map API response with the CICS request container can be used to insert CICS response container fields into text like this message which is then subsequently mapped to a field in the API response message. There is flexibility is building complex text strings based on the fields in the CICS response container

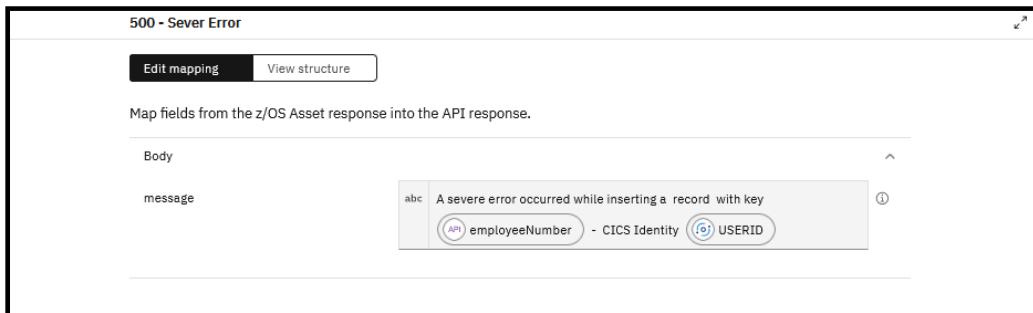
35. Select the response for *400 Add failed* response mapping and paste the text below in the *message* area.

*Duplicate record key encountered for key  
 {{apiRequest.body.EmployeeInsertServiceOperation.employeeData.request.employeeDetails.employeeNumber}} - CICS Identity {{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}*



36. Finally in the 500 – Severe Error response mapping paste the following in the area for the message property

```
A severe error occurred while inserting a record with key
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEA-AREA".NUMB}} - CICS
Identity {{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP}}
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2}}
```

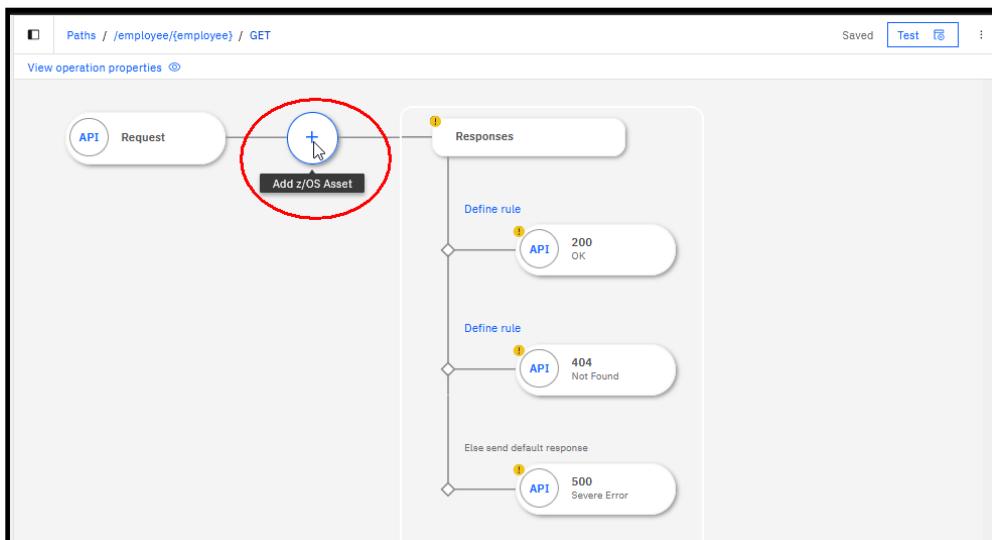


The completes the configuration of this method of this URI path of the API. All the exclamation marks for this method should now have disappeared. If not investigate which subcomponent still has an exclamation mark and resolve the issue.

### **Configure the GET method for URI path /employee/{employee}**

Now let's repeat the process and complete the configuration for the *GET* method of URI Path */employee/{employee}*

1. Start by adding an existing z/OS Asset for CICS program *CSCVINC* to the GET method by using the same steps as performed before.



2. On the *Step 1 of 2* page, select *Use existing asset* and click **Next**.

3. On the *Step 2 of 2* page, select the radio button beside *programCSCVINC* and click the **Add z/OS Asset** button.

4. Use the *Insert a mapping tool* to display the API request mapping for this method. Notice that there is no Body mapping. There is only mappings for headers properties and path parameters.

5. So, the only mapping from the API request for this method is to map the path parameter *employee* to the container field *NUMB*. Use your preferred technique to do this mapping and set the value of *ACTION* to *S*.

6. Maximize the *Responses* area of the browser's page (see below).

The contents of the *CEIBRESP* and *CEIBRESP2* fields in the CICS response container from the CICS application determine whether the request was successful or not. The first check is to see if the record was returned as intended. The application returns the values of the EIBRESP and EIBRESP2 from the EXECI CICS API in the container *CEIBRESP* and *CEIBRESP2* fields. Their values will be zero if a record was successfully read from the VSAM data set. Otherwise, the record did not exist, e.g., *CEIBRESP*=13 and *CEIBRESP2*=80 or some other error occurred will be returned.

The screenshot shows the 'Responses' configuration for a GET request to the path '/employee/{employee}'. The interface is divided into three main sections corresponding to different HTTP status codes:

- 200 - OK**: This section contains the condition "If .. equals .. then send 200 response". Below it, there is a "Rule combination" section with a dropdown menu set to "All the following are true". Underneath are fields for "Response field" (Input), "Predicate" (Equals), and "Value" (Input). A "Add condition +" button is available.
- 404 - Not Found**: This section contains the condition "If .. equals .. then send 404 response". Below it, there is a "Rule combination" section with a dropdown menu set to "All the following are true". Underneath are fields for "Response field" (Input), "Predicate" (Equals), and "Value" (Input). A "Add condition +" button is available.
- 500 - Internal Server Error**: This section contains the condition "Else send default response".

7. Under the *200 – OK* response, use your preferred mapping technique to check the ***CEIBRESP*** and ***CEIBRESP2*** response fields are equal to *0*.

200 - OK  
If channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP equals 0 and channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2 equals 0 then send 200 response

Rule combination  
All the following are true

Response field	Predicate	Value
<code>↳ CEIBRESP</code>	Equals	0
<code>↳ CEIBRESP2</code>	Equals	0

Add condition +

8. For the *404 – Not Found* check, use your preferred mapping technique to check the ***CEIBRESP*** container response field is equal to a value of *13* and the ***CEIBRESP2*** container response field is equal to a value of *80*.

404 - Not Found  
If channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP equals 13 and channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2 equals 80 then send 404 response

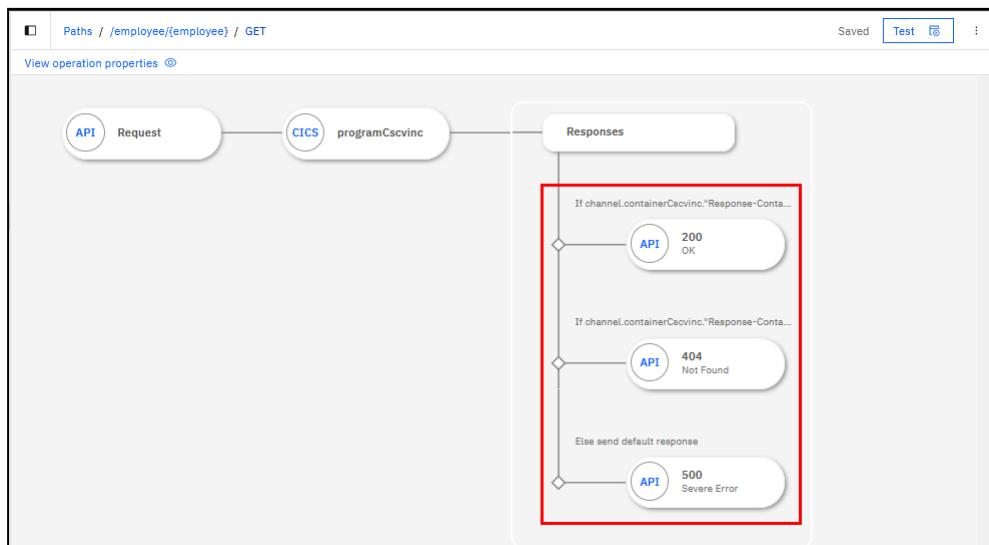
Rule combination  
All the following are true

Response field	Predicate	Value
<code>↳ CEIBRESP</code>	Equals	13
<code>↳ CEIBRESP2</code>	Equals	80

Add condition +

9. If none of these connections are met, simply return with a HTTP 500 status code.

10. Next the API response messages need to be configured for each of these potential status codes.



11. Select the response for *200 OK* and map the fields from the CICS response container. Start by mapping the message API response field the message below:

*Record with key \${zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEAREA".NUMB} was successfully retrieved - CICS identity \${zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}*

The screenshot shows the mapping interface for a GET request to /employee/{employee}. The 'Body' section is currently mapped to the message content. The message content is displayed in a large text area with placeholder text 'abc' and two highlighted variables: \${zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEAREA".NUMB} and \${zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}, both enclosed in blue circles.

12. Complete the mapping for the other container fields to the corresponding API response message fields.

The screenshot shows the mapping interface after completing the mappings. The 'Body' section now maps to the API response message fields. The 'summary.message' field still contains the message content, but the detailed fields under 'detail.EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse.employeeData.response.employeeDetails' have been mapped to their respective API fields: employeeNumber, name, address, phoneNumber, date, amount, and comment. Each mapped field has a placeholder value like abc or \${zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".NAME}.

13. Select the response for *404 Not found* response mapping and paste the text below in the *message* area.

**Record for employee number `>{{$apiRequest.pathParameters.employee}}` was not found**

Notice that the mapping for the property in the message was from the API request message and not the response container field. Since the record was not found, the response container field for NUMB is empty.

14. Finally in the 500 – Severe Error response mapping paste the following in the area for the message property

**A severe error occurred while retrieving a record with key  
`{{$zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEA-AREA".NUMB}}` - CICS Identity  
 `{{$zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}`  
 `{{$zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP}}`:  
 `{{$zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2}}`**

The completes the configuration of this method of this URI path of the API. All the exclamation marks for this method should now have disappeared. If not investigate which subcomponent still has an exclamation mark and resolve the issue.

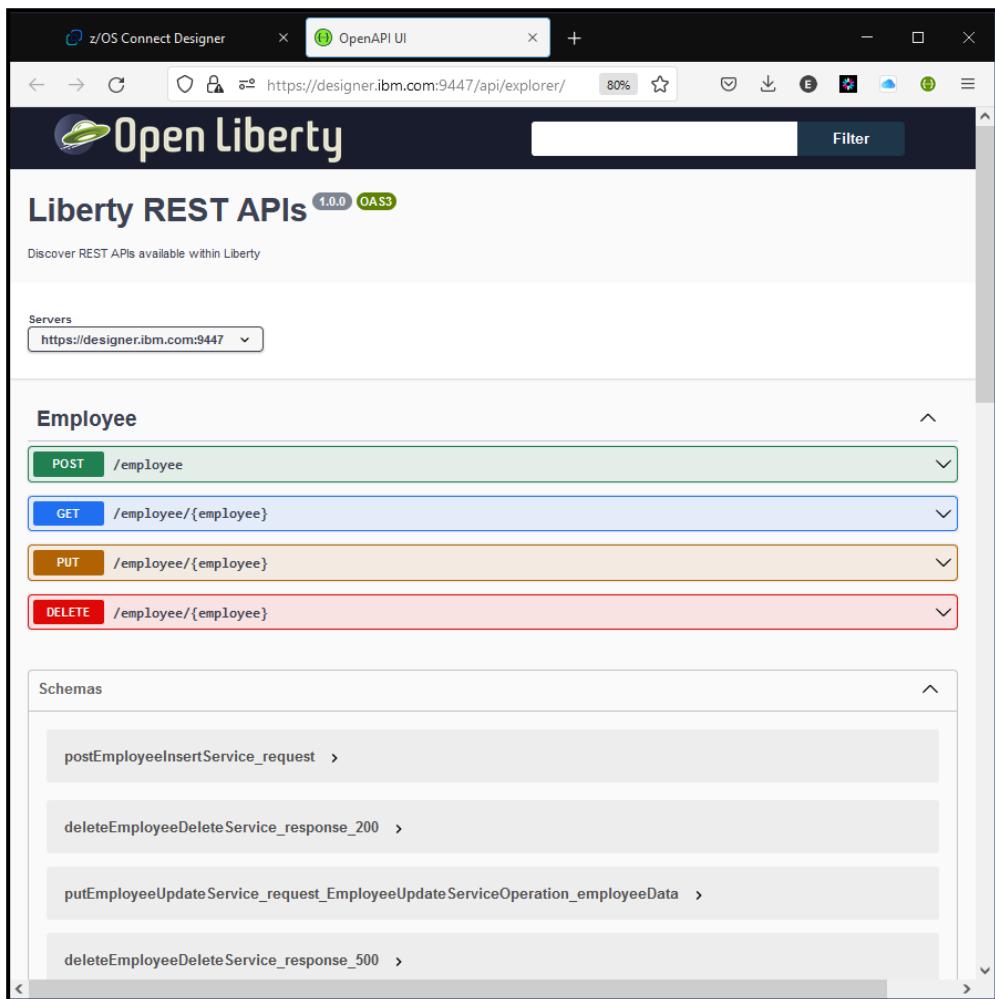
**Tech-Tip:** Note that the exclamation mark has disappeared from `programCscvinc` on the operation page.

## Testing the API's POST and GET methods

As the API was being developed, the changes have been saved and a Web Archive (WAR) file was generated with each change. If the upper right-hand corner of the browser page there will be a **Test** button. Clicking this button will open an API Explorer page. All the URI paths and methods in the original OpenAPI 3 specification document will be displayed, but only the *POST* for */employee* and the *GET* for */employee/{employee}* have been created. Executing one of the other methods will return an HTTP 404 because the components required to execute these methods cannot be found in the WAR.

Let's test what has been developed so far.

1. Click the **Test** button to open the API Explorer.



**Tech Tip:** You may be challenged by browser because the digital certificate used by the *Designer* is self-signed Click the **Advanced** button to continue. Scroll down and then click on the **Accept the Risk and Continue** button. Next you may see a prompt you for a userid and password. If you do see the prompt, enter the username **Fred** and password **fredpwd** (case matters) and click **OK**. Remember we are using basic security, and this is the user identity and password defined in the server.xml file.

2. Click on *Post /employee* URI path to display the request body view of the URI path.

The screenshot shows the Open Liberty REST APIs UI. The top navigation bar includes tabs for 'z/OS Connect Designer' and 'OpenAPI UI'. The main title is 'Liberty REST APIs 1.0.0 OAS3'. Below it, a sub-header says 'Discover REST APIs available within Liberty'. A 'Servers' dropdown is set to 'https://designer.ibm.com:9447'. The main content area is titled 'Employee' and shows a 'POST /employee' endpoint. The 'Parameters' section has one entry: 'Authorization' (string, header). The 'Request body' section is marked as required and contains the following JSON schema:

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceoperation": {
    "employeedata": {
      "request": {
        "employeedetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "string",
          "name": "string",
          "address": "string",
          "phoneNumber": "string",
          "date": "string",
          "amount": "string"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

The 'Responses' section lists a single entry: '200 OK' with 'No links'.

3. Next press the *Try it out* button to enable the entry of an authorization string and a request message body

This screenshot shows the 'Try it out' interface for the 'Employee' endpoint's 'POST /employee' method. The 'Request body' section displays the same JSON schema as the previous screenshot:

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceoperation": {
    "employeedata": {
      "request": {
        "employeedetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "string",
          "name": "string",
          "address": "string",
          "phoneNumber": "string",
          "date": "string",
          "amount": "string"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

4. Enter the JSON request message below in the *Request body* section and press the **Execute** button.

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "948478",
          "date": "12/31/22",
          "amount": "$100.00",
          "address": "RTP NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "name": "M Johnson"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

5. Security was enabled in the original specification document, so you will be required to sign in with one of the identities defined in the basicSecurity.xml file explored earlier. Use **Fred** for the *Username* and **fredpwd** for the *Password*. Please note that this identity can be changed unless all browser sessions are stopped.
6. Scroll down the view and you should see the *Response body* with the expected HTTP 200 - success message.

The screenshot shows the IBM z/OS Connect API designer interface. At the top, there is a search bar with a dropdown arrow and a blue 'Execute' button. Below the search bar, the word 'Responses' is visible. Under the 'Responses' section, there is a 'Curl' block containing a command-line example for a POST request to the 'employee' endpoint. The 'Request URL' field shows the URL <https://designer.ibm.com:9447/employee>. In the 'Server response' section, there is a table with two rows. The first row has columns 'Code' (200) and 'Details'. The 'Details' column contains a 'Response body' block with the following JSON:

```
{
  "message": "Record with key 948478 was successfully inserted - CICS Identity CICSIUSER"
}
```

Next to the 'Download' button in this block is a small icon. The second row in the table has columns 'Code' (200) and 'Details'. The 'Details' column contains a 'Response headers' block with the following content:

```
content-language: en-US
content-length: 89
content-type: application/json
date: Thu, 21 Jul 2022 19:57:08 GMT
x-firebase-spdy: h2
x-powered-by: Servlet/4.0
```

7. Press the **Execute** button again and observe the results. A row for this employee number already existed in the VSAM data set so the request failed with an HTTP 400 – bad request.

**Responses**

**Curl**

```
curl -X 'POST' \
  'https://designer.ibm.com:9447/employee' \
  -H 'Accept: application/json' \
  -H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
  -d '{
    "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
      "employeeData": {
        "request": {
          "employeeDetails": {
            "employeeNumber": "948478",
            "date": "12/31/22",
            "amount": "$100.00",
            "address": "RTP NC",
            "phoneNumber": "0005",
            "name": "M Johnson"
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }'
```

**Request URL**

<https://designer.ibm.com:9447/employee>

**Server response**

Code	Details
400	Error: Bad Request

**Response body**

```
{
  "message": "Duplicate record key encountered for key 948478 - CICS Identity CICSUSER"
}
```

**Response headers**

[Copy](#) [Download](#)

8. Scroll down and click on *GET /employee/{employee}* URI path to display the request body view of the URI path for this method. Next click on the **Try it out** button to enable the entry of data for this method. Enter **948478** as the employee identity and press the **Execute** button to retrieve a subset of data for this employee.

**Responses**

**Curl**

```
curl -X 'GET' \
  'https://designer.ibm.com:9447/employee/948478' \
  -H 'Accept: application/json'
```

**Request URL**

<https://designer.ibm.com:9447/employee/948478>

**Server response**

Code	Details
200	Response body

**Response body**

```
{
  "summary": {
    "message": "Record with key 948478 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"
  },
  "detail": {
    "EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {
      "employeeData": {
        "response": {
          "employeeDetails": {
            "employeeNumber": "948478",
            "name": "M Johnson",
            "address": "RTP NC",
            "phoneNumber": "0005",
            "date": "12/31/22",
            "amount": "$100.00",
            "comment": "$57.08 .58"
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

**Response headers**

```
content-language: en-US
content-length: 353
content-type: application/json
date: Thu, 14 Jul 2022 20:08:37 GMT
x-fairfax-spy: 12
x-powered-by: Servlet/4.0
```

**Response**

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9. Try this again using number **121212** and observe the results. You see the message that the employee was not found.

The screenshot shows the 'Responses' section of the API designer. It includes a 'Curl' command, a 'Request URL' (https://designer.ibm.com:9447/employee/121212), and a 'Server response' block. The response details a 404 Error: Not Found with the message "Record for employee number 121212 was not found". The response headers include content-language: en-US, content-type: application/json, date: Thu, 14 Jul 2022 20:03:26 GMT, x-firebase-spdy: h2, and x-powered-by: Servlet/4.0.

The table below list the contents of the VSAM data set.

stat	numb	name	addrx	Phone	datex	amount	comment
Y	000100	S. D. BORMAN	SURREY, ENGLAND	32156778	26 11 81	\$0100.11	*****
Y	000102	J. T. CZAYKOWSKI	WARWICK, ENGLAND	98356183	26 11 81	\$1111.11	*****
Y	000104	M. B. DOMBEY	LONDON, ENGLAND	12846293	26 11 81	\$0999.99	*****
Y	000106	A. I. HICKSON	CROYDON, ENGLAND	19485673	26 11 81	\$0087.71	*****
Y	000111	ALAN TULIP	SARATOGA, CALIFORNIA	46120753	01 02 74	\$0111.11	*****
Y	000762	SUSAN MALAIKA	SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA	22312121	01 06 74	\$0000.00	*****
Y	000983	J. S. TILLING	WASHINGTON, DC	34512120	21 04 75	\$9999.99	*****
Y	001222	D.J.VOWLES	BOBLINGEN, GERMANY	70315551	10 04 73	\$3349.99	*****
Y	001781	TINA J YOUNG	SINDELFINGEN, GERMANY	70319990	21 06 77	\$0009.99	*****
Y	003210	B.A. WALKER	NICE, FRANCE	12345670	26 11 81	\$3349.99	*****
N	003214	PHIL CONWAY	SUNNYVALE, CAL.	34112120	00 06 73	\$0009.99	*****
N	003890	BRIAN HARDER	NICE FRANCE	00000000	28 05 74	\$0009.99	*****
N	004004	JANET FOUCHE	DUBLIN, IRELAND	71112121	02 11 73	\$1259.99	*****
N	004445	DR. P. JOHNSON	SOUTH BEND, S.DAK.	61212120	26 11 81	\$0009.99	*****
N	004878	ADRIAN JONES	SUNNYVALE, CALIF.	32212120	10 06 73	\$5399.99	*****
N	005005	A. E. DALTON	SAN FRANCISCO, CA.	00000001	01 08 73	\$0009.99	*****
N	005444	ROS READER	SARATOGA, CALIF.	67712120	20 10 74	\$0809.99	*****
N	005581	PETE ROBBINS	BOSTON, MASS.	41312120	11 04 74	\$0259.99	*****
Y	006016	SIR MICHAEL ROBERTS	NEW DELHI, INDIA	70331211	21 05 74	\$0009.88	*****
N	006670	IAN HALL	NEW YORK, N.Y.	21212120	31 01 75	\$3509.88	*****
Y	006968	J.A.L. STAINFORTH	WARWICK, ENGLAND	56713821	26 11 81	\$0009.88	*****
N	007007	ANDREW WHARMBY	STUTTGART, GERMANY	70311000	10 10 75	\$5009.88	*****
N	007248	M. J. AYRES	REDWOOD CITY, CALF.	33312121	11 10 75	\$0009.88	*****
Y	007779	MRS. A. STEWART	SAN JOSE, CALIF.	41512120	03 01 75	\$0009.88	*****
Y	009000	P. E. HAVERCAN	WATERLOO, ONTARIO	09876543	21 01 75	\$9000.00	*****
Y	100000	M. ADAMS	TORONTO, ONTARIO	03415121	26 11 81	\$0010.00	*****
Y	111111	C. BAKER	OTTAWA, ONTARIO	51212003	26 11 81	\$0011.00	*****
Y	200000	S. P. RUSSELL	GLASGOW, SCOTLAND	63738290	26 11 81	\$0020.00	*****
Y	222222	DR E. GRIFFITHS	FRANKFURT, GERMANY	20034151	26 11 81	\$0022.00	*****
Y	300000	V. J. HARRIS	NEW YORK, U.S.	64739801	26 11 81	\$0030.00	*****
Y	333333	J.D. HENRY	CARDIFF, WALES	78493020	26 11 81	\$0033.00	*****
Y	400000	C. HUNT	MILAN, ITALY	25363738	26 11 81	\$0040.00	*****
Y	444444	D. JACOBS	CALGARY, ALBERTA	77889820	26 11 81	\$0044.00	*****
Y	500000	P. KINGSLEY	MADRID, SPAIN	44454640	26 11 81	\$0000.00	*****
Y	555555	S.J. LAZENBY	KINGSTON, N.Y.	39944420	26 11 81	\$0005.00	*****
Y	600000	M.F. MASON	DUBLIN, IRELAND	12398780	26 11 81	\$0010.00	*****
Y	666666	R. F. WALLER	LA HULPE, BRUSSELS	42983840	26 11 81	\$0016.00	*****
Y	700000	M. BRANDON	DALLAS, TEXAS	57984320	26 11 81	\$0002.00	*****
Y	777777	L.A. FARMER	WILLIAMSBURG, VIRG.	91876131	26 11 81	\$0027.00	*****
Y	800000	P. LUPTON	WESTEND, LONDON	24233389	26 11 81	\$0030.00	*****
Y	888888	P. MUNDY	NORTHAMPTON, ENG.	23691639	26 11 81	\$0038.00	*****
Y	900000	D.S. RENSHAW	TAMPA, FLA.	35668120	26 11 81	\$0040.00	*****
Y	999999	ANJI STEVENS	RALEIGH, N.Y.	84591639	26 11 81	\$0049.00	*****

## Compete the configuration of the API (Optional)

To be able to fully test all the URI paths and methods the other methods need to be configured. Otherwise, you may advance to the section *Deploying and Installing APIs in a z/OS Connect Native Server*.

### Configure the PUT method for URI path /employee/{employee}

Now add support for updated a subset of the details of an employee record by completing the configuration for the *PUT* method of URI Path */employee/{employee}*

- \_\_\_ 1. Start by adding the existing z/OS Asset for *programCscvinc* to this method.
- \_\_\_ 2. Now map the API path parameter field *employee* to the CICS container field *Numb* as shown below. Next set the ACTION container field to **U**.



- \_\_\_ 3. Map the API request message body fields *status*, *name*, *address*, *phoneNumber*, *date*, *amount*, and *COMMENT* to the CICS container fields *STAT*, *NAME*, *ADDRX*, *PHONE*, *DATEX*, *AMOUNT* and *COMMENT* as shown below.



- \_\_\_ 4. Maximize the *Responses* area of the browser's page (see below).

The contents of the *CEIBRESP* and *CEIBRESP2* fields in the CICS response container from the CICS application determine whether the request was successful or not. The first check is to see if the record was

## IBM z/OS Connect (OpenAPI 3.0)

updated as intended. The application returns the values of the EIBRESP and EIBRESP2 from the EXECI CICS API in the container *CEIBRESP* and *CEIBRESP2* fields. Their values will be zero if a record was successfully updated in the VSAM data set. Otherwise, the record did not exist, e.g., CEIBRESP=13 and CEIBRESP2=80 or some other error occurred will be returned.

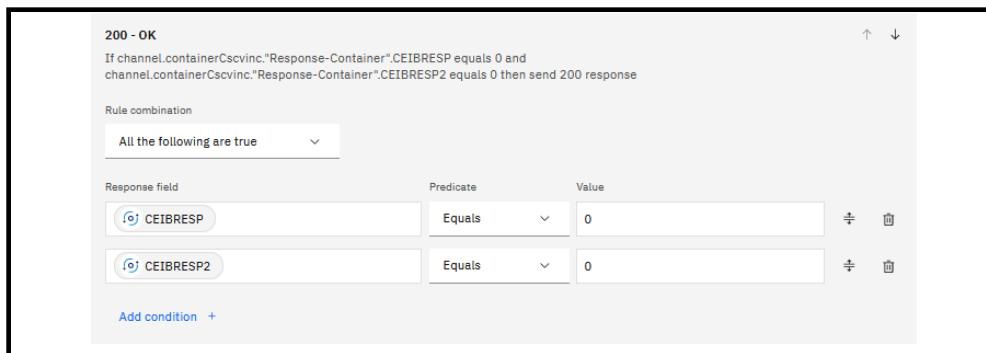
The screenshot shows the 'Responses' section of the API configuration interface for the path `/employee/{employee}` using the `PUT` method. The interface is titled 'Saved' and has a 'Test' button. The responses are evaluated from top to bottom, with the final response being the default response. Set conditions in each response to evaluate when it will be sent.

**200 - OK**  
If .. equals .. then send 200 response  
Rule combination: All the following are true  
Response field: Input, Predicate: Equals, Value: Input  
Add condition +

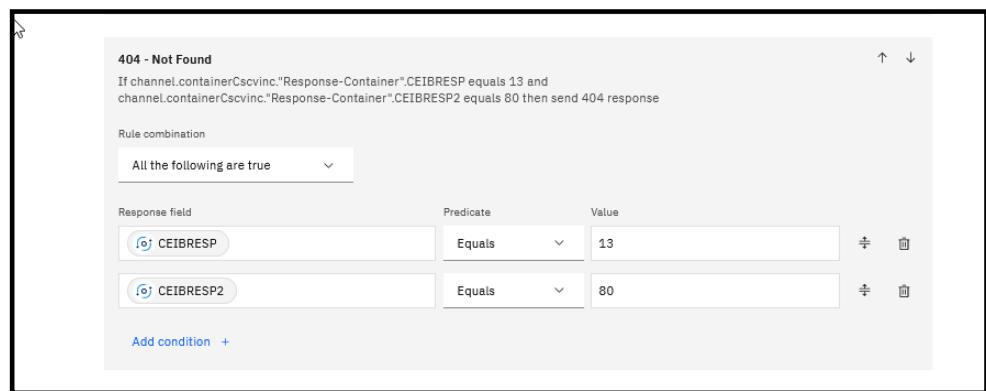
**404 - Not Found**  
If .. equals .. then send 404 response  
Rule combination: All the following are true  
Response field: Input, Predicate: Equals, Value: Input  
Add condition +

**500 - Internal Server Error**  
Else send default response

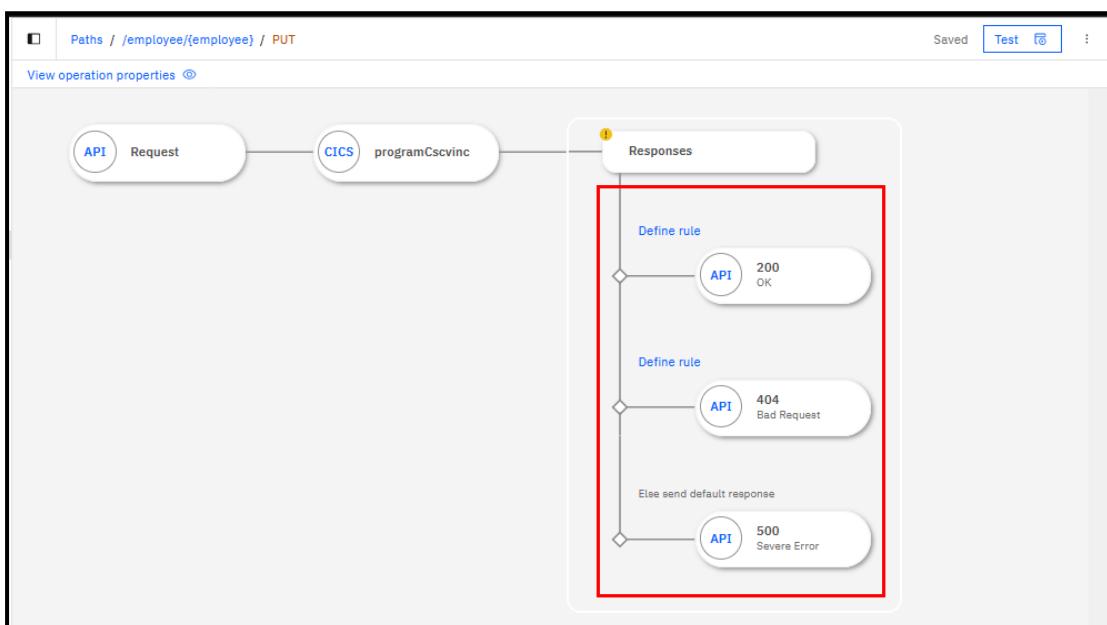
- \_\_\_ 5. Under the *200 – OK* response, use your preferred mapping technique to check the ***CEIBRESP*** and ***CEIBRESP2*** response fields are equal to ***0***.



- \_\_\_ 6. For the *404 – Not Found* check, use your preferred mapping technique to check the ***CEIBRESP*** container response field is equal to a value of ***13*** and the ***CEIBRESP2*** container response field is equal to a value of ***80***.



- \_\_\_ 7. If none of these connections are met, simply return with a HTTP 500 status code.  
 \_\_\_ 8. Next the API response messages need to be configured for each of these potential status codes.



9. Select the response for *200 OK* paste the text below in the *message* area.

```
Record with key {{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEA-AREA".NUMB}} was successfully updated - CICS identity
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}
```

200 - OK

[Edit mapping](#) [View structure](#)

Map fields from the z/OS Asset response into the API response.

Body

message

abc Record with key (API) NUMB was successfully updated - CICS identity ⓘ  
(API) USERID ⓘ

10. Select the response for *404 Not found* response mapping and paste the text below in the *message* area.

```
Record with key
{{$apiRequest.body.EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation.employeeData.request.employeeDetails.employeeNumber}} was not found - CICS Identity
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}
```

404 - Bad Request

[Edit mapping](#) [View structure](#)

Map fields from the z/OS Asset response into the API response.

Body

message

abc Record with key (API) employeeNumber was not found - CICS Identity ⓘ  
(API) USERID ⓘ

Notice that the mapping for the employeeNumber in the message was from the API request message and not the CICS response container.

11. Finally in the 500 – Severe Error response mapping paste the following in the area for the message property

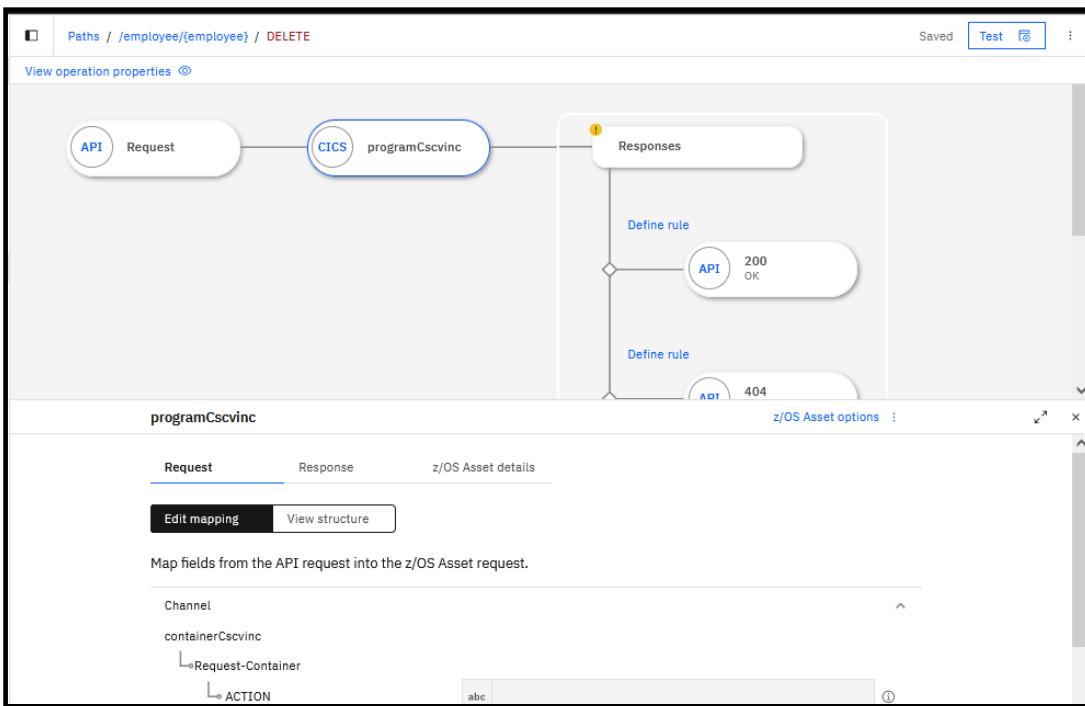
```
A severe error occurred while inserting a record with key
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEA-AREA".NUMB}} -
CICS Identity {{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP}}:
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2}}
```

The completes the configuration of this method of this URI path of the API. All the exclamation marks for this method should now have disappeared. If not investigate which subcomponent still has an exclamation mark and resolve the issue.

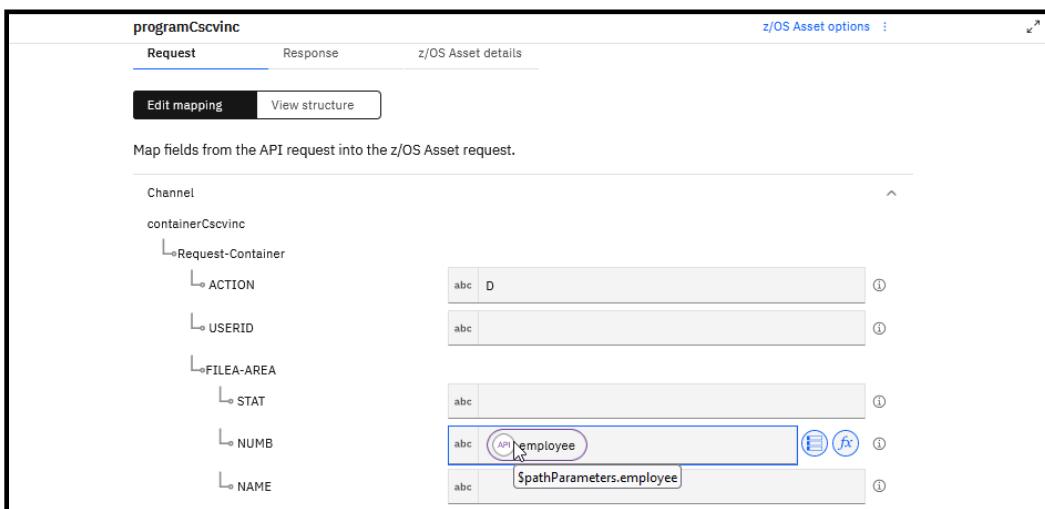
## Configure the **DELETE** method for URI path **/employee/{employee}**

Now let's repeat the process and complete the configuration for the **DELETE** method of URI Path **/employee/{employee}**

1. Start by adding the existing *programCscvinc* z/OS Asset to this method.



2. Now map the API path parameter field *employee* to the CICS container field *Numb* as shown below and enter a **D** in the *ACTION* field of the request container.



3. Maximize the *Responses* area of the browser's page (see below).

The contents of the *CEIBRESP* and *CEIBRESP2* fields in the CICS response container from the CICS application determine whether the request was successful or not. The first check is to see if the record was deleted as intended. The application returns the values of the EIBRESP and EIBRESP2 from the EXECI CICS API in the container *CEIBRESP* and *CEIBRESP2* fields. Their values will be zero if a record was successfully deleted from the VSAM data set. Otherwise, the record did not exist, e.g., *CEIBRESP*=13 and *CEIBRESP2*=80 or some other error occurred will be returned.

The screenshot shows the 'Responses' configuration for a DELETE path. The interface is divided into three main sections corresponding to different HTTP status codes:

- 200 - OK**: This section contains a rule combination for the condition "All the following are true". It includes a table for defining response fields, predicates, and values. The table has columns for Response field, Predicate, and Value. An example row shows "Input" for Response field, "Equals" for Predicate, and "Input" for Value.
- 404 - Not Found**: This section also contains a rule combination for the condition "All the following are true". It includes a similar table for defining response fields, predicates, and values. An example row shows "Input" for Response field, "Equals" for Predicate, and "Input" for Value.
- 500 - Internal Server Error**: This section is labeled "Else send default response".

- \_\_\_ 4. Under the *200 – OK* response, use your preferred mapping technique to check the ***CEIBRESP*** and ***CEIBRESP2*** response fields are equal to ***0***.

200 - OK  
If channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP equals 0 and channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2 equals 0 then send 200 response

Rule combination  
All the following are true

Response field	Predicate	Value
(o) CEIBRESP	Equals	0
(o) CEIBRESP2	Equals	0

Add condition +

- \_\_\_ 5. For the *404 – Not Found* check, use your preferred mapping technique to check the ***CEIBRESP*** container response field is equal to a value of ***13*** and the ***CEIBRESP2*** container response field is equal to a value of ***80***.

404 - Not Found  
If channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP equals 13 and channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2 equals 80 then send 404 response

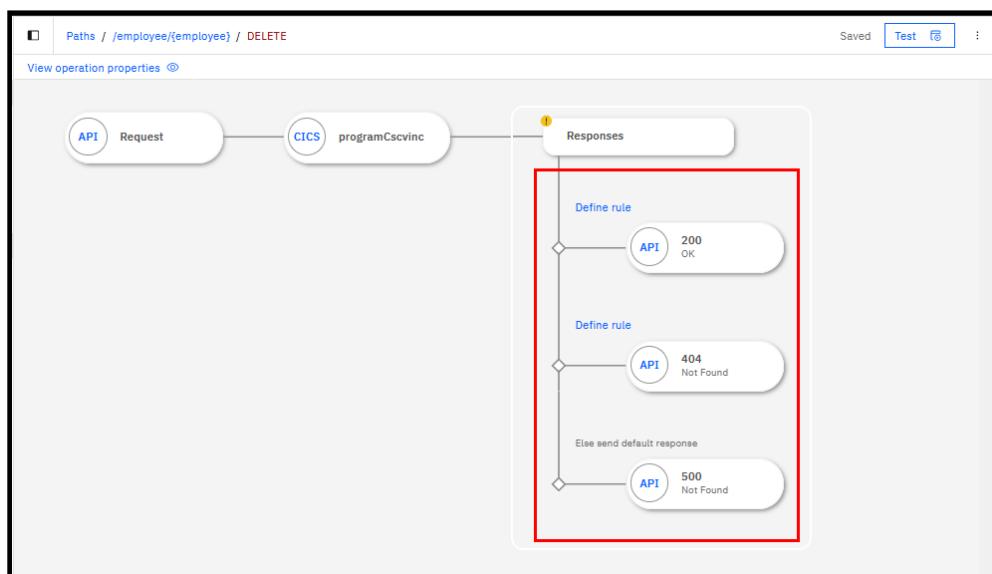
Rule combination  
All the following are true

Response field	Predicate	Value
(o) CEIBRESP	Equals	13
(o) CEIBRESP2	Equals	80

Add condition +

- \_\_\_ 6. If none of these connections are met, simply return with a HTTP 500 status code.

- \_\_\_ 7. Next the API response messages need to be configured for each of these potential status codes.



8. Select the response for *200 OK* paste the text below in the *message* area.

```
Record with key {{\$zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEA-AREA".NUMB}} was successfully deleted - CICS identity
{{\$zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}
```

The screenshot shows the 'Edit mapping' screen for a 200 OK response. At the top, there are two buttons: 'Edit mapping' (which is highlighted in black) and 'View structure'. Below these buttons is a section titled 'Map fields from the z/OS Asset response into the API response.' Under the 'Body' section, there is a 'message' field. To the right of the message field, a preview window displays the mapped JSON. The preview window contains the following text:

```
abc Record with key (API) NUMB was successfully deleted -
CICS identity (API) USERID
```

Below the preview window are three small icons: a clipboard, a magnifying glass, and a help symbol.

9. Select the response for *404 Not found* response mapping and paste the text below in the *message* area.

```
Record with key {{$apiRequest.pathParameters.employee}} was not found - CICS Identity
{{$zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}
```

The screenshot shows the 'Edit mapping' screen for a 404 Not Found response. At the top, there are two buttons: 'Edit mapping' (highlighted in black) and 'View structure'. Below these buttons is a section titled 'Map fields from the z/OS Asset response into the API response.' Under the 'Body' section, there is a 'message' field. To the right of the message field, a preview window displays the mapped JSON. The preview window contains the following text:

```
abc Record with key (API) employee was not found - CICS Identity
(API) USERID
```

Below the preview window are three small icons: a clipboard, a magnifying glass, and a help symbol.

Notice that the mapping for the employeeNumber in the message was from the API request message and not the CICS response container.

10. Finally in the 500 – Severe Error response mapping paste the following in the area for the message property

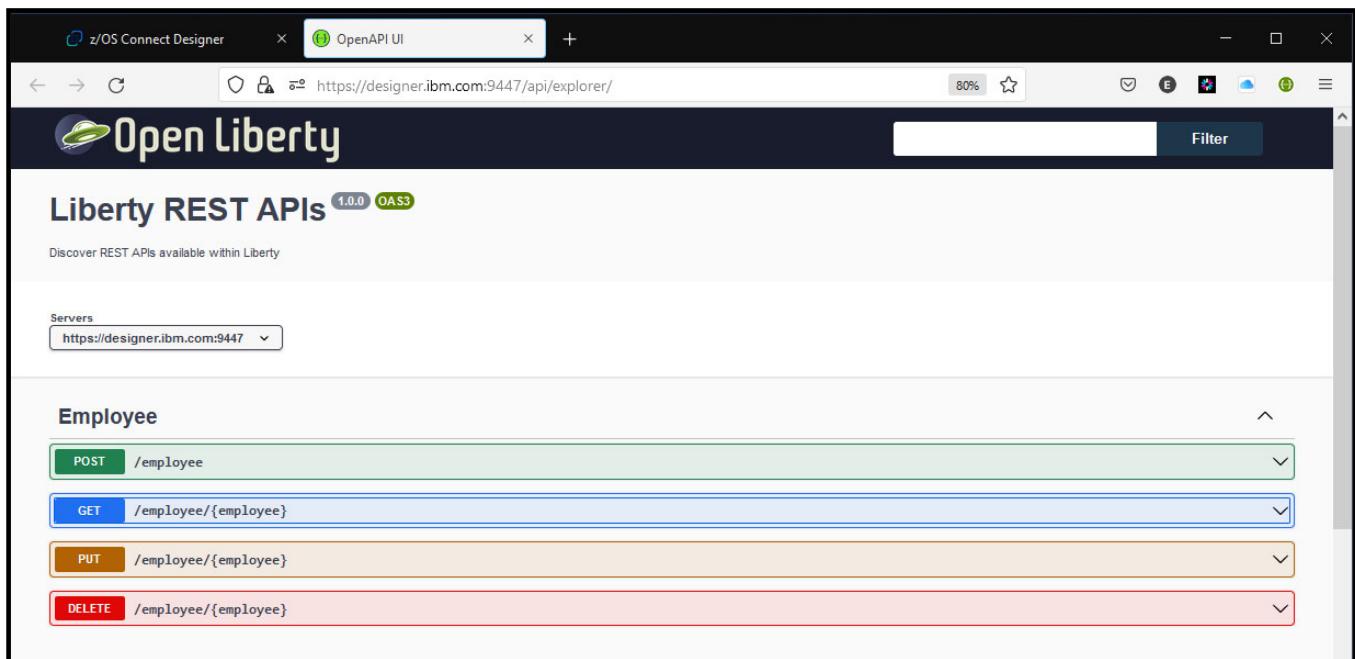
```
A severe error occurred while deleting a record with key
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container"."FILEA-AREA".NUMB}} -
CICS Identity {{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".USERID}}
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP}}:
{{zosAssetResponse.channel.containerCscvinc."Response-Container".CEIBRESP2}}
```

The completes the configuration of this method of this URI path of the API. All the exclamation marks for this method should now have disappeared. If not investigate which subcomponent still has an exclamation mark and resolve the issue.

## Testing APIs deployed in a z/OS Connect Designer container

The deployed APIs are accessible as long as the *Designer* container is active, even when the *Designer* is not opened in a browser. In fact, there are advantages in this behavior when testing security roles. This section will demonstrate using common HTTP clients to test APIs specifically with security enabled.

We know the URI paths of the API from the initial page of the *API Explorer* displayed when testing in the *Designer*. From this page the first part of the URL can be determined, e.g., <https://designer:washington.ibm.com:9447>. This along with the URI path of each methods provides the URL we need to use to invoke a method. For example, to invoke the GET to display the additional details of an employee record in any client, the URL will be  
<https://designer:washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/{employee}>



The screenshot shows a web browser window with two tabs: "z/OS Connect Designer" and "OpenAPI UI". The "OpenAPI UI" tab is active, displaying the "Liberty REST APIs" interface. At the top, it says "Discover REST APIs available within Liberty" and shows "Servers: https://designer.ibm.com:9447". Below this, under the "Employee" endpoint, there are four API methods listed:

- POST** /employee
- GET** /employee/{employee}
- PUT** /employee/{employee}
- DELETE** /employee/{employee}

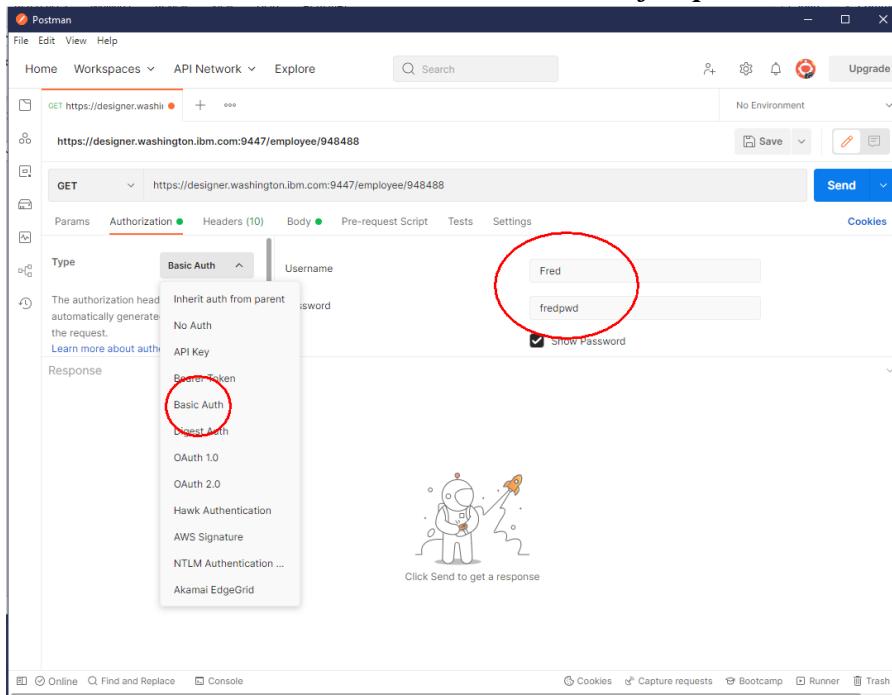
From this display, the methods and URLs required to access the API deployed in this container are:

- POST <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee>
- GET <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/{employee}>
- PUT <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/{employee}>
- DELETE <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/{employee}>

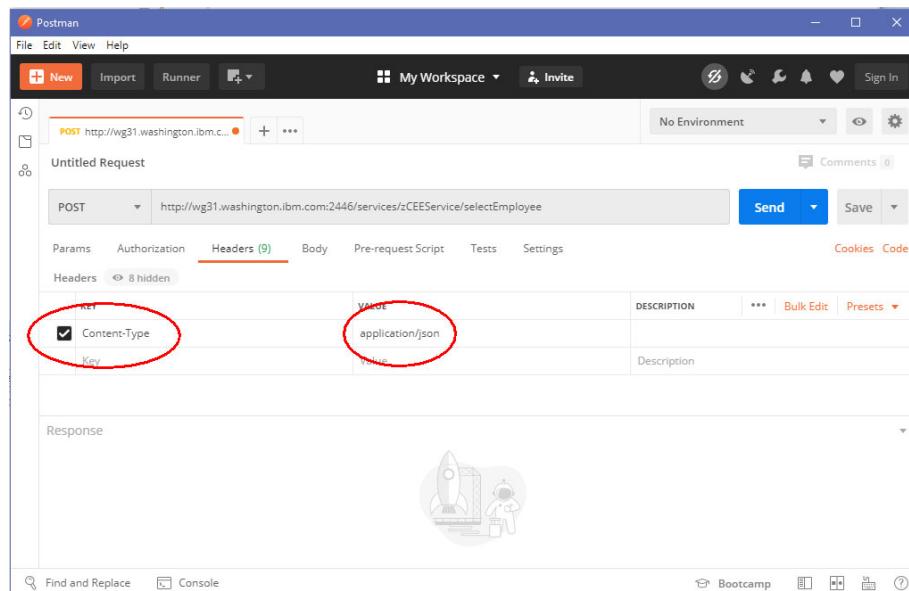
## Using Postman

Start a Postman session using the Postman icon on the desktop.

1. Open the *Postman* tool icon on the desktop and if necessary reply to any prompts and close any welcome messages. Select the *Authorization* tab to enter an authorization identity and password. Use the pull down arrow to select *Basic Auth* and enter **Fred** as the *Username* and **fredpwd** as the *Password*.

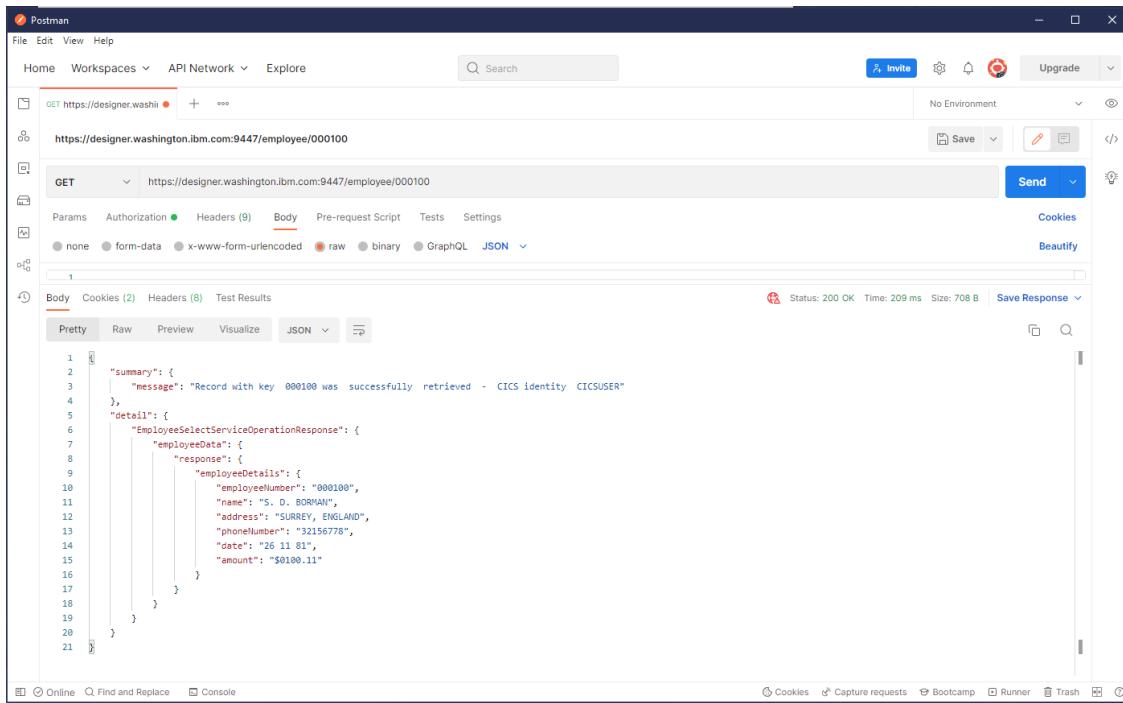


2. Next select the *Headers* tab and under *KEY* use the code assist feature to enter **Content-Type** and under *VALUE* use the code assist feature to enter **application/json**.



**Tech-Tip:** Code assist simply means that when text is entered in field, all the valid values for that field that match the typed text will be displayed. You can select the desired value for the field from the list displayed and that value will populate that field.

3. Then go to the *Body* tab and use the down arrow to select **GET** and enter <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/000100> in the URL area (see below) and press **Send**. You should see results like below in the response *Body* area.



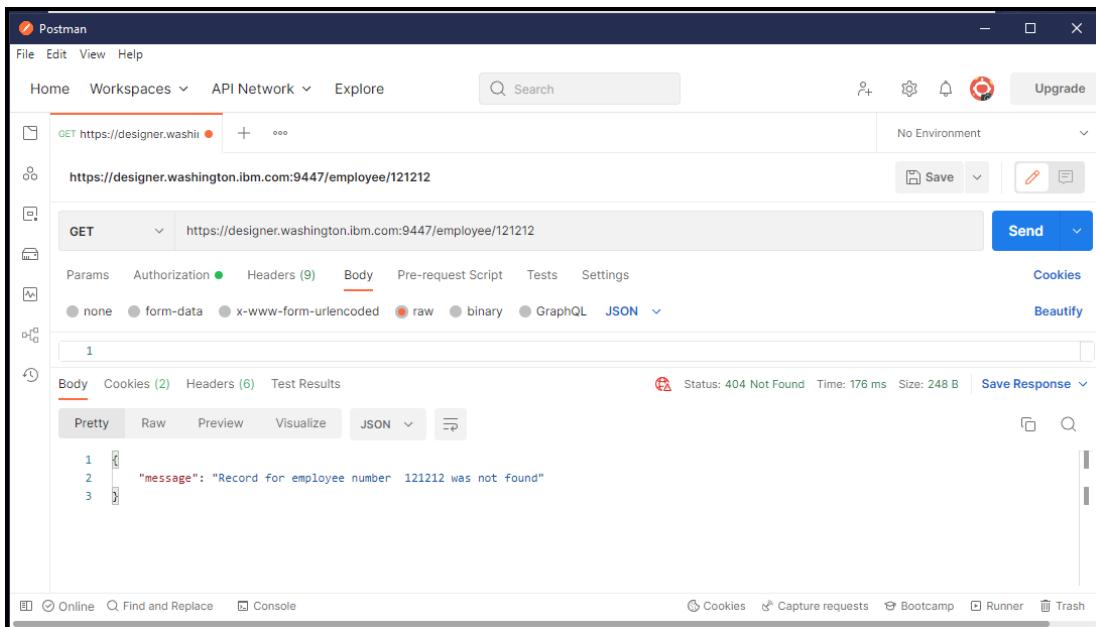
```

1
2   "summary": {
3     "message": "Record with key 000100 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"
4   },
5   "detail": [
6     "EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {
7       "employeeData": {
8         "response": {
9           "employeeDetails": {
10             "employeeNumber": "000100",
11             "name": "S. D. BORNAN",
12             "address": "SURREY, ENGLAND",
13             "phoneNumber": "32156787",
14             "date": "26 11 81",
15             "amount": "$0100.11"
16           }
17         }
18       }
19     }
20   }
21 }
```

4. Next enter an invalid employee number such as 121212,

<https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/121212>

in the URL area (see below) and press **Send**. You should see results like below in the response *Body* area.



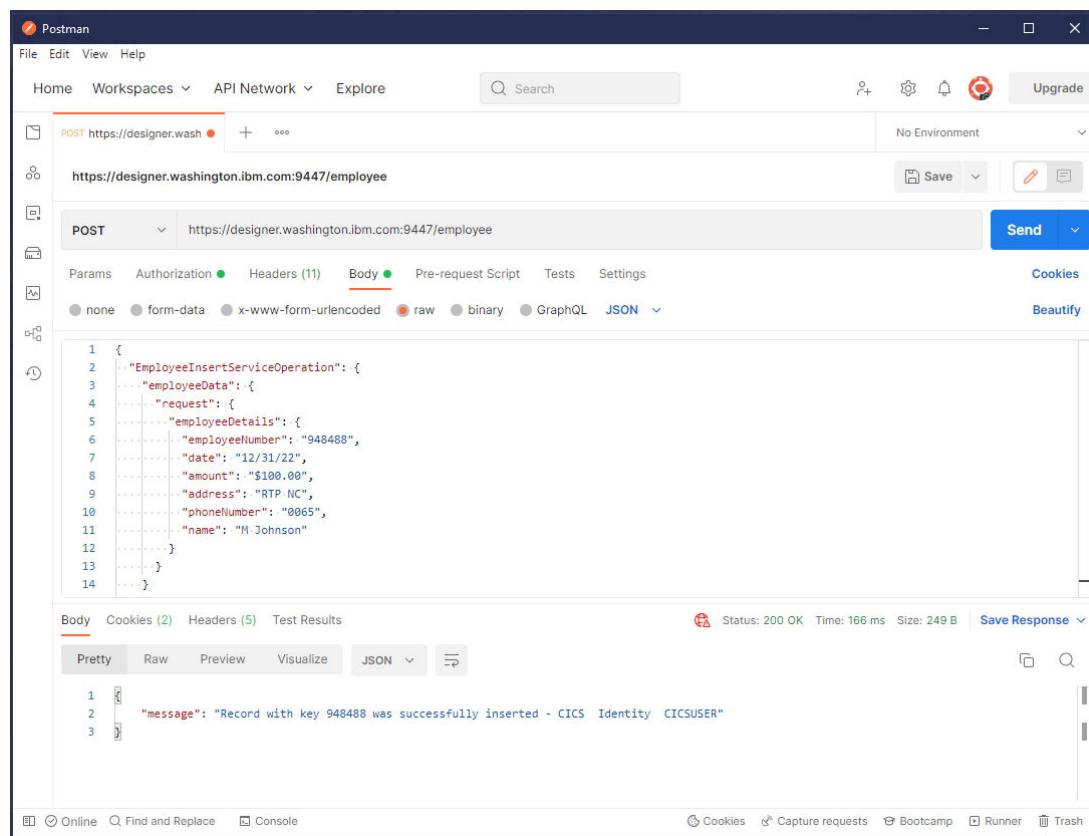
```

1
2   "message": "Record for employee number 121212 was not found"
3 }
```

5. Next use *Postman* to invoke other methods of the API. For example, if you want to invoke a *POST* method with URL <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee> and the JSON below for the request message.

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "948488",
          "date": "12/31/22",
          "amount": "$100.00",
          "address": "RTP NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "name": "M Johnson"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

Pressing the **Send** button invokes the POST method of URI path */employee*.



6. Invoke the *GET* method with URL <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488> to display the record just inserted.

```

1 {
2   "summary": {
3     "message": "Record with key 948488 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"
4   },
5   "detail": {
6     "EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {
7       "employeeData": {
8         "response": {
9           "employeeDetails": {
10             "employeeNumber": "948488",
11             "name": "M Johnson",
12             "address": "RTP NC",
13             "phoneNumber": "0065",
14             "date": "12/31/22",
15             "amount": "$100.00",
16             "comment": "22-07-17"
17           }
18         }
19       }
20     }
21   }
22 }
```

Status: 200 OK Time: 174 ms Size: 514 B | Save Response

7. Invoke a *PUT* method with URL <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488> and the JSON below for the request message to update the *salary*, *bonus*, and *commission* columns of this row.

```
{
  "EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "status": "s",
          "name": "A Johnson",
          "address": "Apex NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "date": "01/31/23",
          "amount": "500",
          "COMMENT": "updated"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

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The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. A PUT request is being made to <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488>. The request body contains JSON data representing an employee update. The response status is 200 OK, and the message indicates the record was successfully updated.

```
PUT https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488
{
    "EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
        "employeeData": {
            "request": {
                "employeeDetails": {
                    "status": "s",
                    "name": "A Johnson",
                    "address": "Apex NC",
                    "phoneNumber": "0065",
                    "date": "01/31/23",
                    "amount": "500"
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

{
    "message": "Record with key 948488 was successfully updated - CICS identity CICSUSER"
}
```

### 8. Display the updated record by using a *GET* method with URL

<https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488>

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. A GET request is being made to <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488>. The response status is 200 OK, and the JSON response body includes a summary message and detailed employee data, confirming the record was successfully retrieved.

```
GET https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488
{
    "summary": {
        "message": "Record with key 948488 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"
    },
    "detail": {
        "EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {
            "employeeData": {
                "response": {
                    "employeeDetails": {
                        "employeeNumber": "948488",
                        "name": "A Johnson",
                        "address": "Apex NC",
                        "phoneNumber": "0065",
                        "date": "01/31/23",
                        "amount": "500"
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

9. Up until this point you have been using the role assigned to user *Fred*. Now experiment using user *user1* and/or *user2*. Before we can use other credentials we have to clear the credentials that cached by *Postman*. Unless this is done, *Postman* will continue to use the credentials for *Fred* regardless of what is provided in the authorization header.

10. To clear the *Postman* cached security tokens, click on the *Cookies* section of the *Postman* window and

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a GET request to `https://designer.ibm.com:9449/employees/948478`. The 'Cookies' tab is highlighted with a red circle. The request body contains a JSON response:

```

1 "results": [
2   {
3     "employeeNumber": "948478",
4     "name": "Matt T Johnson",
5     "departmentCode": "C00",
6     "phoneNumber": "0065",
7     "job": "Staff"
8   }
]

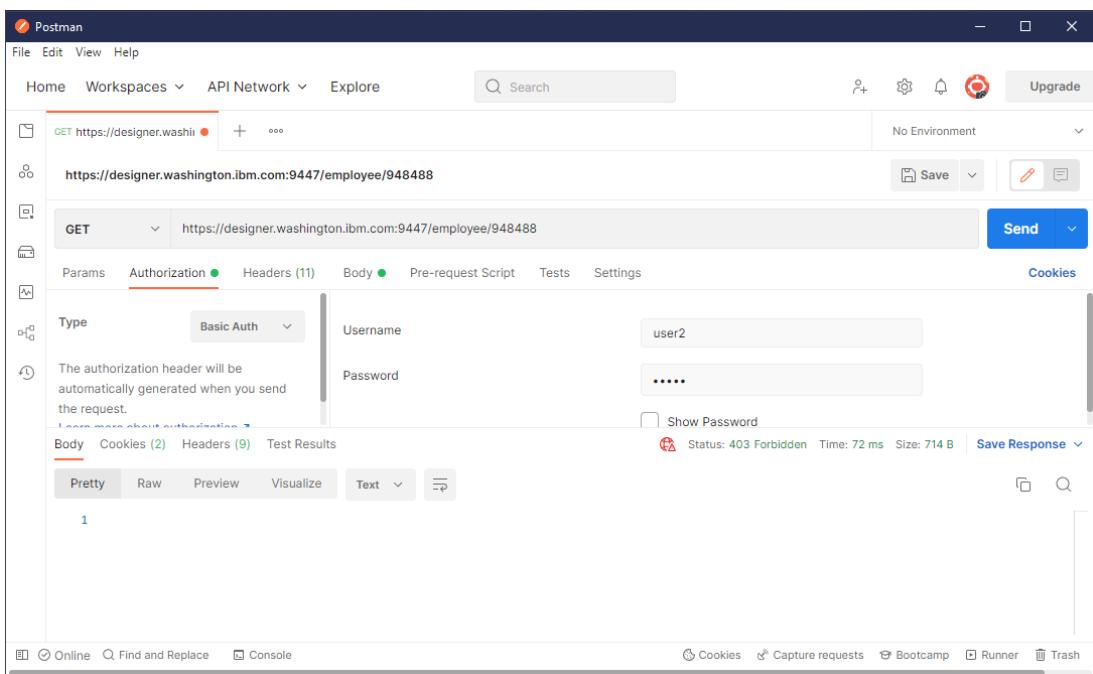
```

And delete any *JSESSIONID* and *LtpaToken2* cookies displayed.

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with the 'Cookies' section open. It lists two cookies for the domain `designer.ibm.com`: *JSESSIONID* and *LtpaToken2*. Both cookie entries have their close (X) icons highlighted.

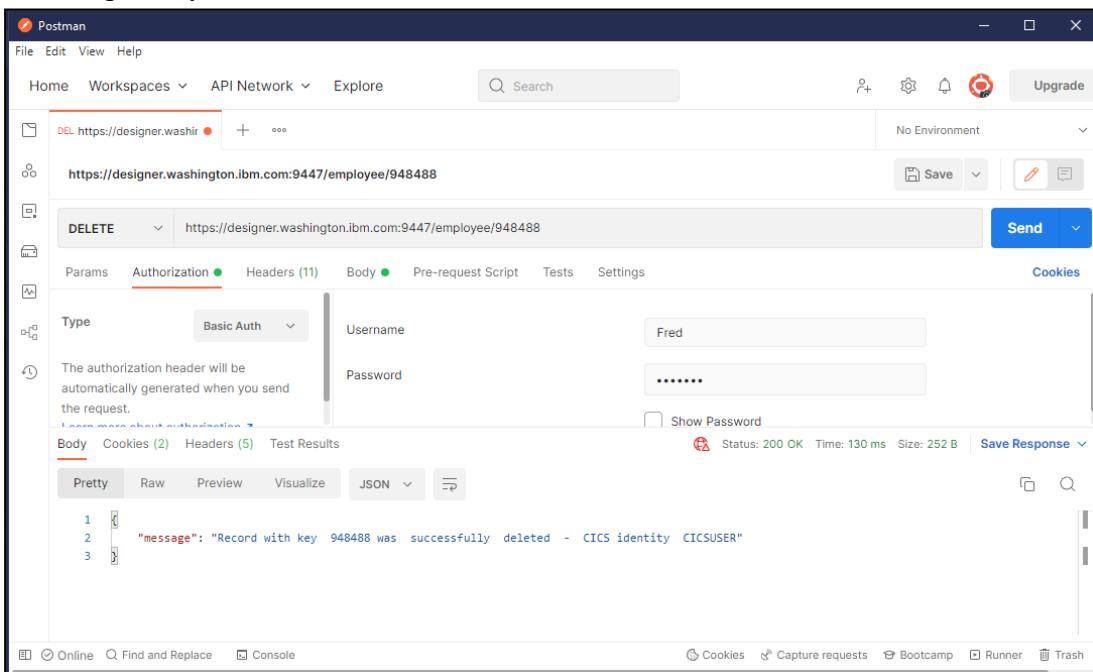
## IBM z/OS Connect (OpenAPI 3.0)

Test various methods using Username *user1* and *user2* and observe the results. Remember, *user1* can only invoke *GET* methods and *user2* can not invoke any method. For example, if you try to delete a record as *user1*, you should see an HTTP Status code of 403 (Forbidden).



The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. A GET request is being made to `https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488`. The Authorization tab is selected, showing 'Basic Auth' selected. The Username field contains 'user2' and the Password field contains '\*\*\*\*\*'. The response status is 403 Forbidden.

While a delete request by Fred is successful.



The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. A DELETE request is being made to `https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488`. The Authorization tab is selected, showing 'Basic Auth' selected. The Username field contains 'Fred' and the Password field contains '\*\*\*\*\*'. The response status is 200 OK, and the JSON response body contains the message: "Record with key 948488 was successfully deleted - CICS identity CICSUSER".

## *Using cURL*

*Client for URL (curl)* is a common tool for driving REST client request to APIs. In this section, the *curl* command will be used to test the API's methods deployed into the *z/OS Connect Designer*'s container and more importantly, demonstrate role-based security. *Postman* caches security credentials between tests and the cached credentials must be cleared if the identity being used is changed. *curl* does not this caching of credentials and therefore it is easier to change security credentials between request with *curl* than with *Postman*.

1. Start a DOS command prompt session and go to directory `c:\z\openapi3`, e.g., `cd \z\openapi3`.
  2. Enter the `curl` command below and observe the response.

```
curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --user Fred:fredpwd --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/000100
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %(http_code)" --user Fred:fredpwd --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/000100 {"summary":"message","Record with key 000100 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER","detail":{"EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse":{"employeeData":{"response":{"employeeDetails":{"employeeNumber":"000100","name":"S. D. BORMAN","address":"SURREY, ENGLAND","phoneNumber":"321567781","date":"26 11 81","amount":"$0100.11"}}}}}} - HTTP CODE 200
```

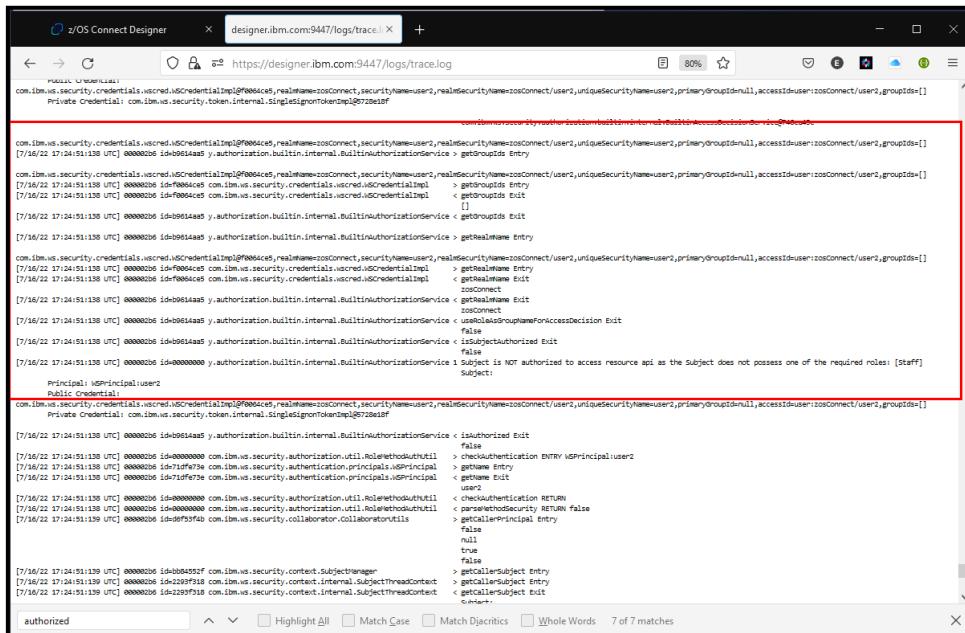
Fred is a member of the *Staff* group and has *Staff* access to the **Staff** role. Any identity with **Staff** access can invoke one of the GET methods.

3. Enter the *curl* command below and observe the response.

```
curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --user user2:user2 --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/000100
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X GET -w "- HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --user user2:user2 --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/000100  
- HTTP CODE 403
```

A review of the *trace.log* file will show the HTTP 403 (Forbidden) occurred because the identity *user2* is not a member of the *Staff* group.



**Tech-Tip:** If you had provided an invalid password, e.g., `-user user2:userx`, the request would have failed with an HTTP status of 401. Unauthorized.

4. Enter the *curl* command below and observe the response.

```
curl -X POST -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure --user Fred:fredpwd --data @insertCscvinc.json https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/
```

In the above command, the file insertEmployee.json has the contents below:

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "948499",
          "date": "12/31/22",
          "amount": "$100.00",
          "address": "RTP NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "name": "M Johnson"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X POST -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure --user Fred:fredpwd --data @insertCscvinc.json https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/
{"message": "Record with key 948499 was successfully inserted - CICS Identity CICSUSER"} - HTTP CODE 200 {"message": "Record for employee number 948489 was added successfully"} - HTTP CODE 200
```

5. Enter the *curl* command below to invoke the *GET* method with URI path */employee/{employee}*

```
curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure --user Fred:fredpwd https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948499
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure --user Fred:fredpwd https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948478
{"summary": {"message": "Record with key 948478 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"}, "detail": {"EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {"employeeData": {"response": {"employeeDetails": {"employeeNumber": "948478", "name": "name", "address": "RTP NC", "phoneNumber": "0065", "date": "12/31/22", "amount": "$100.00"} }}}}} - HTTP CODE 200
```

Now try using user2's credentials and see that it fails with an HTTP 403.

```
curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure --user user2:user2 https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948499
```

6. Enter the *curl* command below to invoke the *PUT* method with URI path */employee/{employee}*

```
curl -X PUT -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user Fred:fredpwd --data @updateCscvinc.json
https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948499
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X PUT -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure
--user Fred:fredpwd --data @updateCscvinc.json https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948499
{"message": "Record with key 948478 was successfully updated - CICS identity CICSUSER"} - HTTP CODE 200
```

The file *updateCscvinc.json* contains the contents below:

```
{
  "EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "status": "s",
          "name": "A Johnson",
          "address": "Apex NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "date": "01/31/23",
          "amount": "500",
          "COMMENT": "updated"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

7. Confirm the updates were made by using a *GET* method to retrieve this record.

8. Enter the *curl* command below to invoke the *DELETE* method with URI path */employee/{employee}*.

```
curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user Fred:fredpwd https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948499
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user Fred:fredpwd https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948478
{"message": "Record with key 948499 was successfully deleted - CICS identity CICSUSER"} - HTTP CODE
200
```

Repeat the command again and observe the results

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user Fred:fredpwd https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948478
{"message": "Record with key 948499 was not found - CICS Identity CICSUSER"} - HTTP CODE 404
```

9. Enter the *curl* command below to invoke the *DELETE* method again with URI path */employee/{employee}*.

```
curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user user1:user1 https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948499
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user user1:user1 https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948499
- HTTP CODE 403
```

The HTTP 403 is cause by user1 not having DELETE authority.

Invoke other curl commands varying the credentials , methods, etc. until you feel comfortable the API is working as intended.

## Using the API Explorer

The API Explorer was used in the Designer to test the APIs as they were being developed. The API Explorer All the URI paths and methods in the original OpenAPI 3 specification document will be displayed, but only the *POST* for */employee* and the *GET* for */employee/{employee}* have been created. Executing one of the other methods will return an HTTP 404 because the components required to execute these methods cannot be found in the WAR.

1. Using the Firefox browser, go to URL <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/api/explorer> to start the API Explorer.

The screenshot shows the Open Liberty API Explorer interface. At the top, there's a header with the Open Liberty logo and a 'Filter' button. Below the header, it says 'Liberty REST APIs 1.0.0 OAS3'. A sub-header says 'Discover REST APIs available within Liberty'. Underneath, there's a 'Servers' dropdown set to 'https://designer.ibm.com:9447'. The main content area is titled 'Employee' and lists four API endpoints:

- POST /employee**
- GET /employee/{employee}**
- PUT /employee/{employee}**
- DELETE /employee/{employee}**

**Tech Tip:** You may be challenged by browser because the digital certificate used by the *Designer* is self-signed Click the **Advanced** button to continue. Scroll down and then click on the **Accept the Risk and Continue** button. Next you may see a prompt you for a userid and password. If you do see the prompt, enter the username **Fred** and password **fredpwd** (case matters) and click **OK**. Remember we are using basic security, and this is the user identity and password defined in the server.xml file.

2. Click on `DELETE /employee/{employee}` URI path to display the request parameters.

`DELETE /employee/{employee}`

**Parameters**

Name	Description
Authorization string (header)	Authorization
<b>employee</b> * required string (path)	employee

[Try it out](#)

3. Press the Try it out button.

4. Enter a value of **948488** and press the Execute button.

`DELETE /employee/{employee}`

**Parameters**

Name	Description
Authorization string (header)	Authorization
<b>employee</b> * required string (path)	948488

**Servers**

These path-level options override the global server options.

[Cancel](#) [Execute](#)

5. Enter a value of **948488** and press the Execute button .

6. If the record exist, a message like the one below will appear.

**Code** Details

200 Response body

```
{
  "message": "Record with key 948488 was successfully deleted - CICS identity CICSUSER"
}
```

[Copy](#) [Download](#)

Response headers

```
content-language: en-US
content-length: 92
content-type: application/json
date: Sun, 17 Jul 2022 18:45:30 GMT
x-firefox-spdy: h2
x-powered-by: Servlet/4.0
```

7. Otherwise, a message that the record was not found will appear.

**Code** Details

404 Error: Not Found

Response body

```
{
  "message": "Record with key 948488 was not found - CICS Identity CICSUSER"
}
```

[Copy](#) [Download](#)

Response headers

```
content-language: en-US
content-length: 77
content-type: application/json
date: Sun, 17 Jul 2022 18:47:16 GMT
x-firefox-spdy: h2
x-powered-by: Servlet/4.0
```

8. Click on *POST /employee* URI path to display the request body view of the URI path.

The screenshot shows the z/OS Connect Designer OpenAPI UI interface. At the top, it says "z/OS Connect Designer" and "OpenAPI UI". The address bar shows "https://designer.ibm.com:9447/api/explorer/" with a "80%" zoom level. Below the address bar is the "Open Liberty" logo and "Liberty REST APIs 1.0.0 OAS3". A "Discover REST APIs available within Liberty" link is present. Under "Servers", "https://designer.ibm.com:9447" is selected. The main content area is titled "Employee". It shows a "POST /employee" endpoint. The "Parameters" section has one entry: "Authorization" (string, header). The "Request body, required" section shows the schema for "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation". The "Responses" section lists a single "200 OK" response with "No links".

9. Next press the *Try it out* button to enable the entry of a request message body

This screenshot shows the same "Employee" endpoint from the previous screen, but with a red-bordered "Cancel" button visible in the top right corner of the request body panel. The rest of the interface is identical to the first screenshot.

10. Enter the JSON request message below in the *Request body* section and press the **Execute** button.

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "948488",
          "date": "12/31/22",
          "amount": "$100.00",
          "address": "RTP NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "name": "M Johnson"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

11. Use a Click on *GET* for URI path `/employee/{employee}` to display the GET method parameters. Press the **Try it out** button Enter **948488** for the employee and press the **Execute** button to display this record.

The screenshot shows the API browser interface with the following details:

- Code**: Details
- 200**
- Response body** (JSON output):

```
{
  "summary": {
    "message": "Record with key 948488 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"
  },
  "detail": {
    "EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {
      "employeeData": {
        "response": {
          "employeeDetails": {
            "employeeNumber": "948488",
            "name": "M Johnson",
            "address": "RTP NC",
            "phoneNumber": "0065",
            "date": "12/31/22",
            "amount": "$100.00",
            "comment": "22-07-17"
          }
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```
- Buttons**:

Security was enabled in the original specification document, so you will be required to sign in with a RACF identity. Use **Fred** for the *Username* and **fred** for the *Password*. Please note that this identity can be changed unless all browser sessions are stopped.

12. Try this again using number **121212** and observe the results. You see the message that the employee was not found.

13. Expand the *PUT* method and press the **Try it out** button.

14. Enter **948488** in the area beside *employee* and enter the JSON below in the request body area and press the **Execute** button.

```
t
"EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
        "request": {
            "employeeDetails": {
                "status": "s",
                "name": "A Johnson",
                "address": "Apex NC",
                "phoneNumber": "0065",
                "date": "01/31/23",
                "amount": "500",
                "COMMENT": "updated"
            } } } } }
```

Curl

```
curl -X 'PUT' \
'https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488' \
-H 'accept: application/json' \
-H 'Content-Type: application/json' \
-d '{
"EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
        "request": {
            "employeeDetails": {
                "status": "s",
                "name": "A Johnson",
                "address": "Apex NC",
                "phoneNumber": "0065",
                "date": "01/31/23",
                "amount": "500",
                "COMMENT": "updated"
            } } } } :
```

Request URL

<https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948488>

Server response

Code	Details
200	<p>Response body</p> <pre>{     "message": "Record with key 948488 was successfully updated - CICS identity CICSUSER"</pre> <p><a href="#">Copy</a> <a href="#">Download</a></p> <p>Response headers</p> <pre>content-language: en-US content-length: 92 content-type: application/json date: Sun,17 Jul 2022 19:05:33 GMT x-firefox-spdy: h2 x-powered-by: Servlet/4.0</pre>

15. Use the *GET* method to confirm the updates have taken place.

16. Use the *DELETE* method to delete employee **948488** and confirm the record has been deleted.

## Deploying and installing APIs in a z/OS Connect Native Server

As the *z/OS Connect Designer* is being used to develop the API from specification file, a Web Archive (WAR) file is being constantly regenerated and being automatically deployed to the z/OS Connect server embedded in the *Designer*. This section of the exercises provides details on how this WAR file can be extracted from the *Designer* container, moved to a zOS OMVS directory, and then added to a native z/OS Connect server.

### Moving the API Web Archive file from the container to a z/OS OMVS directory

1. The first step is to use the file serving capability added the Liberty server's configuration. Use a web browser to access URL <https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/dropins>.

Name	Last Modified	Size	Description
api.war	Sun Jun 19 16:08:11 UTC 2022	35491	File

Double click the *api.war* file and save the file in local directory, e.g., *c:/z/openApi3/wars*. Specify a *File* name of *cscvinc.war*.

2. Open a DOS command prompt and use the change directory command to go to directory C:\z\wars, e.g., ***cd C:\z\openApi3\wars***
3. Start a file transfer session with the WG31 host using the *ftp* command, e.g., ***ftp wg31***
4. Logon as USER1 and then use the *cd* command to change to directory to data set */var/zcee/openApi3/apps*, e.g. ***cd /var/zcee/openApi3/apps***
5. Toggle prompting off by entering command ***prompt***
6. Enter binary mode transmission but entering command ***bin***
7. Perform multiple put requests by using the multiple put command, ***mput employees.war***

8. When the last transfer has completed enter the **quit** command.

```
c:\z\openApi3> cd wars
c:\z\openApi3\wars>ftp wg31.washington.ibm.com
Connected to wg31.washington.ibm.com.
220-FTP 16:26:23 on 2018-02-15.
220 Connection will close if idle for more than 200 minutes.
User (wg31.washington.ibm.com:(none)): user1
331 Send password please. user1
Password:
230 USER1 is logged on. Working directory is "USER1.".
ftp> cd /var/zcee/openApi3
250 HFS directory /var/zcee/openApi3/apps is the current working directory
ftp> prompt
Interactive mode Off .
ftp> bin
200 Representation type is Image
ftp> mput cscvinc.war
200 Port request OK.
125 Storing data set /var/zcee/openApi3/apps/employee.war
250 Transfer completed successfully.
ftp: 35491 bytes sent in 0.39Seconds 90.77Kbytes/sec.
ftp> quit
```

These steps have moved the WAR file from the Designer container to the OMVS directory accessible by the z/OS Connect native server.

## Updating the server xml

The next step is to add a *webApplication* server XML configuraton element for the API to the OpenAPI 3 server's configuration.

1. Edit OMVS file **server.xml** in directory `/var/zcee/openApi3` and add this configuration element.

```
<webApplication id="cics" contextRoot="/cics" name="cicsAPI"  
location="${server.config.dir}apps/cscvinc.war"/>
```

The addition of this configuration adds the web application found in the *employees.war* file to the server's configuration. The context root of */cics* is prepended is to the URI paths of each URI path found in the web application to ensure the uniqueness of this API's URI paths versus the URI paths of other APIs installed in the server.

2. Use MVS modify command **F ZCEEAPI3,REFRESH,CONFIG** to have the server XML changes installed.

**Tech-Tip:** To refresh an application using the MVS modify command **F ZCEEAPI3,REFRESH,APPS**

This completes the installation of the API's web application.

## Defining the required RACF EJBRole resources

The API has been installed but the required RACF EJBRoles have not been defined and access permitted. This section describes the steps required to complete the RACF configuration required to execute the API.

Remember the specification file defined two roles for invoking the methods of this API, *Manager* and *Staff*. In the basicSecurity.xml configuration file we saw how we configured these roles and granted access to the roles in a Liberty internal registry. On z/OS we want to use RACF. The names of the required RACF EJBRoles are derived by combining information from 3 sources. The first is the *profilePrefix* attribute of the server XML *safCredentials* configuration element. In our case, the value of *profilePrefix* is **ATSZDFLT**. The next source is the name of the web application. The name of the web application is either derived from information in the specification or the *name* attribute provided on the *webApplication* configuration element. In our case, this value should be **cicsApi**. The final source is the role name provided in the specification document, **Manager** or **Staff**. So, two EJBRoles need to be defined, **ATSZDFLT.cicsApi.Manager** and **ATSZDFLT.cicsApi.Staff**.

- \_\_\_ 1. Use the RACF RDEFINE command to define EJBROLE **ATSZDFLT.cicsApi.Manager**.

```
rdefine ejbrole ATSZDFLT.cicsAPI.Manager uacc(none)
```

- \_\_\_ 2. Use the RACF RDEFINE command to define EJBROLE **ATSZDFLT.cicsApi.Staff**.

```
rdefine ejbrole ATSZDFLT.cicsAPI.Staff uacc(none)
```

- \_\_\_ 3. Use the RACF PERMIT command to permit identity FRED READ access to EJBROLE **ATSZDFLT.cicsApi.Manager**.

```
permit ATSZDFLT.cicsAPI.Manager class(ejbrole) id(fred) acc(read)
```

- \_\_\_ 4. Use the RACF PERMIT command to permit identity FRED READ access to EJBROLE **ATSZDFLT.CicsApi.STAFF**.

```
permit ATSZDFLT.cicsAPI.Staff class(ejbrole) id(fred) acc(read)
```

- \_\_\_ 5. Use the RACF PERMIT command to permit identity USER1 READ access to EJBROLE **ATSZDFLT.CicsApi.STAFF**.

```
permit ATSZDFLT.cicsAPI.Staff class(ejbrole) id(user1) acc(read)
```

- \_\_\_ 6. Use the RACF SETROPTS command to refresh the EJBRole instorage profiles.

```
setropts raclist(ejbrole) refresh
```

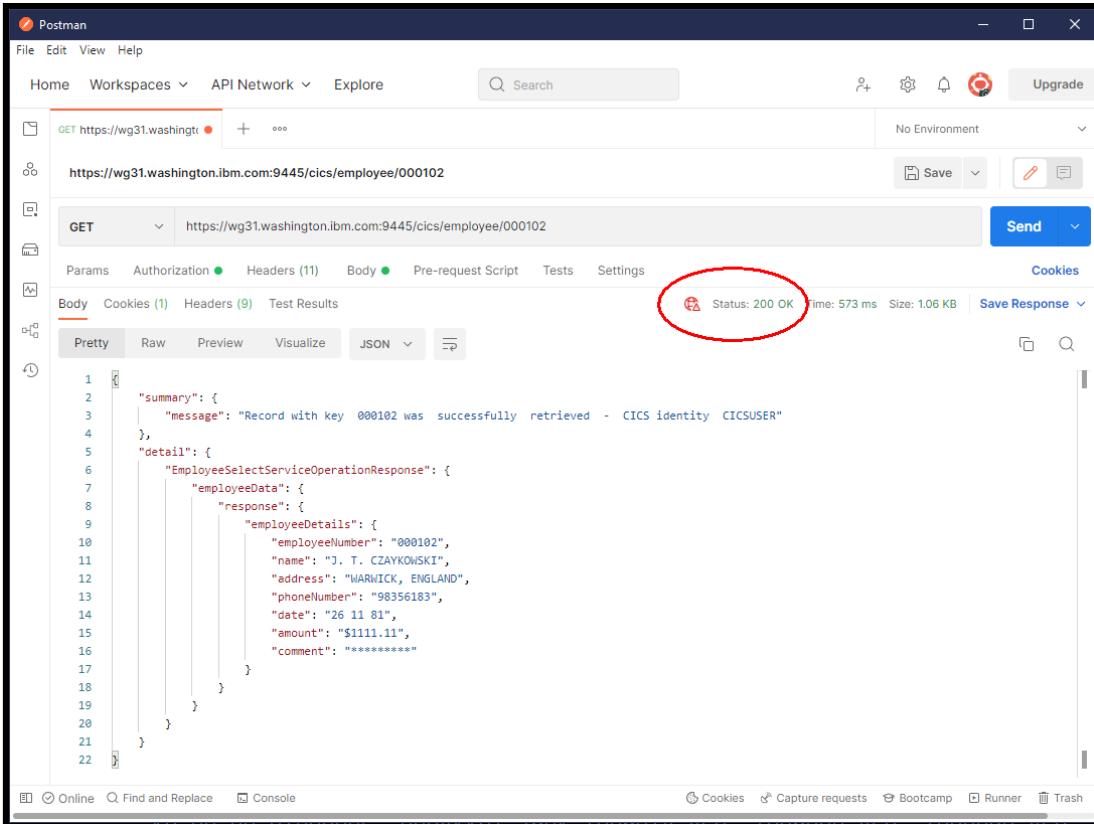
Now we are ready to test the invoking of the methods of this API.

## Testing APIs deployed in a native z/OS server

### Using Postman

Start a Postman session using the Postman icon on the desktop.

1. Open the *Postman* tool icon on the desktop and if necessary reply to any prompts and close any welcome messages. Set *Authorization* type to basic and use *fred* as the *Username* and *fred* as the *Password* and add a header property of **Content-Type** with a value of **application/json**. Then use the down arrow in the *Body* tab to select **GET** and enter <https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/000102> in the URL area (see below) and press **Send**. You should see results like below in the response *Body* area.



The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a red circle highlighting the status bar at the top right, which displays "Status: 200 OK". The response body is a JSON object:

```

1  {
2      "summary": {
3          "message": "Record with key 000102 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"
4      },
5      "detail": {
6          "EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {
7              "employeeData": {
8                  "response": {
9                      "employeeDetails": {
10                         "employeeNumber": "000102",
11                         "name": "J. T. CZAYKOISKI",
12                         "address": "WARRICK, ENGLAND",
13                         "phoneNumber": "98356183",
14                         "date": "26 11 81",
15                         "amount": "$1111.11",
16                         "comment": "*****"
17                     }
18                 }
19             }
20         }
21     }
22 
```

Notice what is different from the earlier testing when the API was deployed in the *Designer* container. First the credentials were for the RACF credentials (*fred*) with access to the RACF EJBRole. The other major differences was of the context root of */cics* in the URI path. This was the value of the *contextRoot* attribute in the *webApplication* configuration element that defined this application in the z/OS Connect server.

2. Next enter an invalid employee number such as 121212, <https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/121212> in the URL area (see below) and press **Send**. You should see results like below in the response *Body* area.

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. A GET request is made to the URL <https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/121212>. The response status is 404 Not Found, and the response body is a JSON object with a single key-value pair: "message": "Record for employee number 121212 was not found".

3. Invoke a *POST* with URI path */employee*, use the JSON below for the request message.

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "948498",
          "date": "12/31/22",
          "amount": "$100.00",
          "address": "RTP NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "name": "M Johnson"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

The screenshot shows the Postman interface with a successful POST request to <https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee>. The JSON body contains the following data:

```

1  {
2   .."EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
3     .."employeeData": {
4       .."request": {
5         .."employeeDetails": {
6           .."employeeNumber": "948498",
7           .."date": "12/31/22",
8           .."amount": "$100.00",
9           .."address": "RTP NC",
10          .."phoneNumber": "0065",
11          .."name": "M Johnson"
12        }
13      }
14    }
15  }

```

The response status is 200 OK, Time: 569 ms, Size: 249 B.

4. Perform a *PUT* with URI path `/cics/employee/{employee}` use this JSON request message.

<https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948498>

```
{
  "EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "status": "s",
          "name": "A Johnson",
          "address": "Apex NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "date": "01/31/23",
          "amount": "500",
          "COMMENT": "updated"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

## IBM z/OS Connect (OpenAPI 3.0)

The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. A PUT request is being made to `https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948498`. The request body is a JSON object representing an employee update:

```
1 {
2     "EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
3         "employeeData": {
4             "request": {
5                 "employeeDetails": {
6                     "status": "s",
7                     "name": "A Johnson",
8                     "address": "Apex NC",
9                     "phoneNumber": "0065",
10                    "date": "01/31/23",
11                    "amount": "500",
12                    "COMMENT": "updated"
13                }
14            }
15        }
16    }
17 }
```

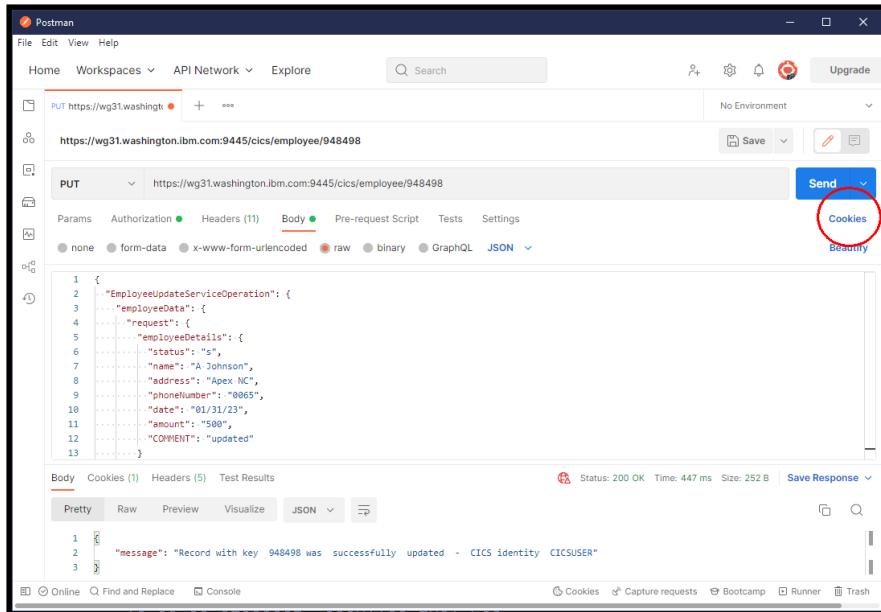
The response status is 200 OK, indicating success. The response body contains a message: "Record with key 948498 was successfully updated - CICS identity CICSUSER".

### 5. Perform a *DELETE* with URI path `/cics/employee/948498`.

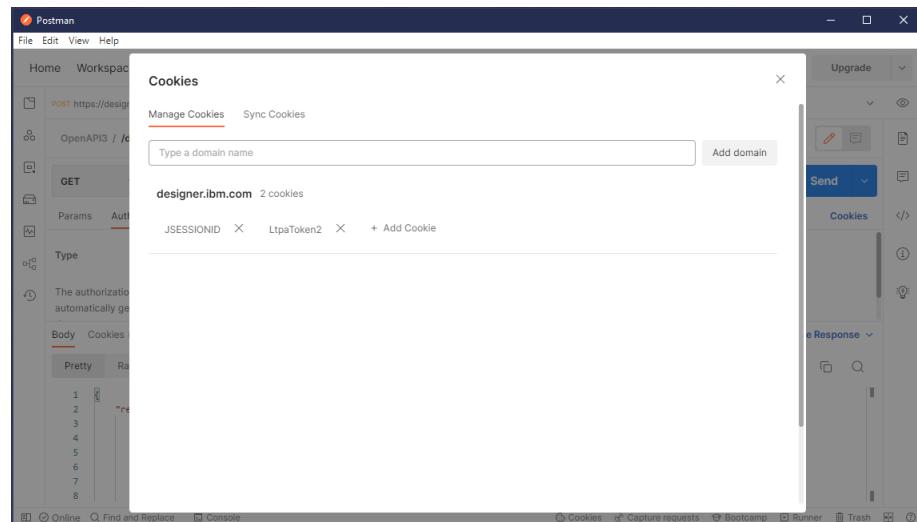
The screenshot shows the Postman application interface. A DELETE request is being made to `https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948498`. The response status is 200 OK, indicating success. The response body contains a message: "Record with key 948498 was successfully deleted - CICS identity CICSUSER".

### 6. Up until this point you have been using the role assigned to user *Fred*. Now experiment using user *user1* and/or *user2*. Before we can use other credentials we have to clear the credentials that cached by *Postman*. Unless this is done, *Postman* will continue to use the credentials for *Fred* regardless of what is provided in the authorization header.

7. To clear the *Postman* cached tokens, click on the *Cookies* section of the *Postman* window.



8. And delete any *JSESSIONID* and *LtpaToken2* cookies displayed.



Test various methods using Username *user1* and *user2* and observe the results. Remember, *user1* can only invoke GET methods and *user2* can not invoke any method.

## Using cURL

*Client for URL (cURL)* is a common tool for driving REST client request to APIs. In this section, the *curl* command will be used to test the API's methods deployed into the *z/OS Connect Designer*'s container and more importantly, demonstrate role-based security. *Postman* caches security credentials between tests and the cached credentials must be cleared if the identity being used is changed. *cURL* does not this caching of credentials and therefore it is easier to change security credentials between request with *cURL* than with *Postman*.

10. Start a DOS command prompt session and go to directory *c:\z\openapi3*, e.g., *cd \z\openap3*.

11. Enter the *curl* command below and observe the response.

```
curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --user Fred:fred --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/222222
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --user Fred:fred --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/222222
{"summary": {"message": "Record with key 222222 was successfully retrieved - CICS identity CICSUSER"}, "detail": {"EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse": {"employeeData": {"response": {"employeeDetails": {"employeeNumber": "222222", "name": "DR E. GRIFFITHS", "address": "FRANKFURT, GERMANY", "phoneNumber": "20034151", "date": "26 11 81", "amount": "$0022.00", "comment": "*****"} }}}}} - HTTP CODE 200
```

Fred is a member of the *Staff* group and has *Staff* access to the **Staff** role. Any identity with **Staff** access can invoke one of the GET methods.

12. Enter the curl command below and observe the response.

```
curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --user user2:user2 --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/222222
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X GET -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --user user2:user2 --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/222222
- HTTP CODE 403
```

A review of the SYSLOG will show that RACF access to the EJBRole protecting this method prevented USER2 from accessing this method.

```
ICH408I USER(USER2 ) GROUP(SYS1 ) NAME(WORKSHOP USER2 )
ATSZDFLT.cicsAPI.Staff CL(EJROLE )
INSUFFICIENT ACCESS AUTHORITY
ACCESS INTENT(READ ) ACCESS ALLOWED(NONE )
```

13. Enter the curl command below and observe the response.

```
curl -X POST -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user Fred:fred --data @insertCscvinc.json
https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/
```

```
{
  "EmployeeInsertServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "employeeNumber": "948478",
          "date": "12/31/22",
          "amount": "$100.00",
          "address": "RTP NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "name": "M Johnson"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

In the above command, the file insertEmployee.json has the contents below:

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X POST -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type:
application/json" --insecure --user Fred:fred --data @insertCscvinc.json
https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/
{"message": "Record with key 948478 was successfully inserted - CICS Identity
CICSUSER"} - HTTP CODE 200
```

14. Enter the curl command below to invoke the *PUT* method with URI /employee/{employee} to update a record.

```
curl -X PUT -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user Fred:fred --data @updateCscvinc.json
https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948478
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X PUT -w " - HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --
insecure --user Fred:fred --data @updateCscvinc.json
https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948478
>{"message": "Record with key 948478 was successfully updated - CICS identity CICSUSER"} - HTTP
CODE 200
```

In the above command, file *updateCscvinc.json* contains this content.

```
{
  "EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation": {
    "employeeData": {
      "request": {
        "employeeDetails": {
          "status": "s",
          "name": "A Johnson",
          "address": "Apex NC",
          "phoneNumber": "0065",
          "date": "01/31/23",
          "amount": "500",
          "COMMENT": "updated"
        }
      }
    }
  }
}
```

15. Repeat the GET request to observe that the updates have been applied.
16. Enter the curl command below to invoke the *DELETE* method with URI path */employee/{employee}*.

```
curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" -insecure --user Fred:fred https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948478
```

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure --user Fred:fred https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948478
{"message":"Record with key 948478 was successfully deleted - CICS identity CICSUSER"} - HTTP
CODE 200
```

17. Enter the curl command below to invoke the *DELETE* method with URI path */employee/{employee}*.

```
curl -X DELETE -w " - HTTP CODE ${http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" -insecure --user user1:user1 https://wg31.washington.ibm.com:9445/cics/employee/948478
```

What HTTP status code occurred and why did it occur?

**Congratulations, you have completed this exercise.**

## Additional information and samples

This section shows the contents of the VSAM file accessed by the CICS program. There is an introduction to performing problem determination while developing APIs as well as the contents of the original YAML file used to develop the Open API 3 API.

***The table below list the contents of the VSAM data set.***

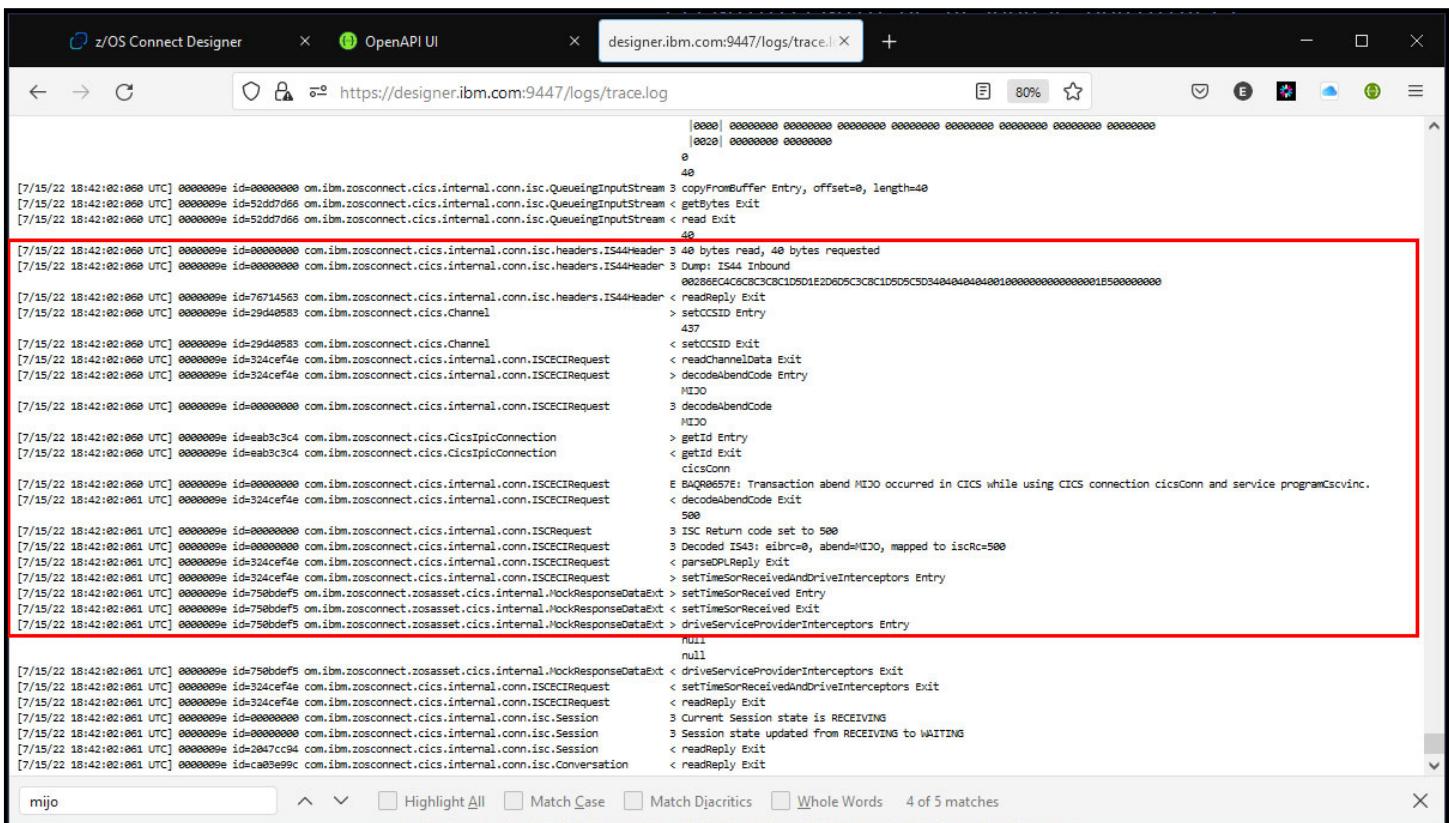
stat	numb	name	addrx	Phone	datex	amount	comment
Y	000100	S. D. BORMAN	SURREY, ENGLAND	32156778	26 11 81	\$0100.11	*****
Y	000102	J. T. CZAYKOWSKI	WARWICK, ENGLAND	98356183	26 11 81	\$1111.11	*****
Y	000104	M. B. DOMBEY	LONDON, ENGLAND	12846293	26 11 81	\$0999.99	*****
Y	000106	A. I. HICKSON	CROYDON, ENGLAND	19485673	26 11 81	\$0087.71	*****
Y	000111	ALAN TULIP	SARATOGA, CALIFORNIA	46120753	01 02 74	\$0111.11	*****
Y	000762	SUSAN MALAIKA	SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA	22312121	01 06 74	\$0000.00	*****
Y	000983	J. S. TILLING	WASHINGTON, DC	34512120	21 04 75	\$9999.99	*****
Y	001222	D.J.VOWLES	BOBLINGEN, GERMANY	70315551	10 04 73	\$3349.99	*****
Y	001781	TINA J YOUNG	SINDELFINGEN, GERMANY	70319990	21 06 77	\$0009.99	*****
Y	003210	B.A. WALKER	NICE, FRANCE	12345670	26 11 81	\$3349.99	*****
N	003214	PHIL CONWAY	SUNNYVALE, CAL.	34112120	00 06 73	\$0009.99	*****
N	003890	BRIAN HARDER	NICE FRANCE	00000000	28 05 74	\$0009.99	*****
N	004004	JANET FOUCHE	DUBLIN, IRELAND	71112121	02 11 73	\$1259.99	*****
N	004445	DR. P. JOHNSON	SOUTH BEND, S.DAK.	61212120	26 11 81	\$0009.99	*****
N	004878	ADRIAN JONES	SUNNYVALE, CALIF.	32212120	10 06 73	\$5399.99	*****
N	005005	A. E. DALTON	SAN FRANCISCO, CA.	00000001	01 08 73	\$0009.99	*****
N	005444	ROS READER	SARATOGA, CALIF.	67712120	20 10 74	\$0809.99	*****
N	005581	PETE ROBBINS	BOSTON, MASS.	41312120	11 04 74	\$0259.99	*****
Y	006016	SIR MICHAEL ROBERTS	NEW DELHI, INDIA	70331211	21 05 74	\$0009.88	*****
N	006670	IAN HALL	NEW YORK, N.Y.	21212120	31 01 75	\$3509.88	*****
Y	006968	J.A.L. STAINFORTH	WARWICK, ENGLAND	56713821	26 11 81	\$0009.88	*****
N	007007	ANDREW WHARMBY	STUTTGART, GERMANY	70311000	10 10 75	\$5009.88	*****
N	007248	M. J. AYRES	REDWOOD CITY, CALF.	33312121	11 10 75	\$0009.88	*****
Y	007779	MRS. A. STEWART	SAN JOSE, CALIF.	41512120	03 01 75	\$0009.88	*****
Y	009000	P. E. HAVERCAN	WATERLOO, ONTARIO	09876543	21 01 75	\$9000.00	*****
Y	100000	M. ADAMS	TORONTO, ONTARIO	03415121	26 11 81	\$0010.00	*****
Y	111111	C. BAKER	OTTAWA, ONTARIO	51212003	26 11 81	\$0011.00	*****
Y	200000	S. P. RUSSELL	GLASGOW, SCOTLAND	63738290	26 11 81	\$0020.00	*****
Y	222222	DR E. GRIFFITHS	FRANKFURT, GERMANY	20034151	26 11 81	\$0022.00	*****
Y	300000	V. J. HARRIS	NEW YORK, U.S.	64739801	26 11 81	\$0030.00	*****
Y	333333	J.D. HENRY	CARDIFF, WALES	78493020	26 11 81	\$0033.00	*****
Y	400000	C. HUNT	MILAN, ITALY	25363738	26 11 81	\$0040.00	*****
Y	444444	D. JACOBS	CALGARY, ALBERTA	77889820	26 11 81	\$0044.00	*****
Y	500000	P. KINGSLEY	MADRID, SPAIN	44454640	26 11 81	\$0000.00	*****
Y	555555	S.J. LAZENBY	KINGSTON, N.Y.	39944420	26 11 81	\$0005.00	*****
Y	600000	M.F. MASON	DUBLIN, IRELAND	12398780	26 11 81	\$0010.00	*****
Y	666666	R. F. WALLER	LA HULPE, BRUSSELS	42983840	26 11 81	\$0016.00	*****
Y	700000	M. BRANDON	DALLAS, TEXAS	57984320	26 11 81	\$0002.00	*****
Y	777777	L.A. FARMER	WILLIAMSBURG, VIRG.	91876131	26 11 81	\$0027.00	*****
Y	800000	P. LUPTON	WESTEND, LONDON	24233389	26 11 81	\$0030.00	*****
Y	888888	P. MUNDY	NORTHAMPTON, ENG.	23691639	26 11 81	\$0038.00	*****
Y	900000	D.S. RENSHAW	TAMPA, FLA.	35668120	26 11 81	\$0040.00	*****
Y	999999	ANJI STEVENS	RALEIGH, N.Y.	84591639	26 11 81	\$0049.00	*****

## ***Designer problem determination***

In this section, we will explore various scenarios using tracing to resolve API development issues, the trace output was created using this trace specification.

```
<logging traceSpecification="zosConnectCics=all:  
zosConnectDb2=all"  
/>
```

1. Invoking a method returned an HTTP 500 with no EIB response code or identity. A review of the trace shows that the CICS transaction abended with an abend code of MIJO.

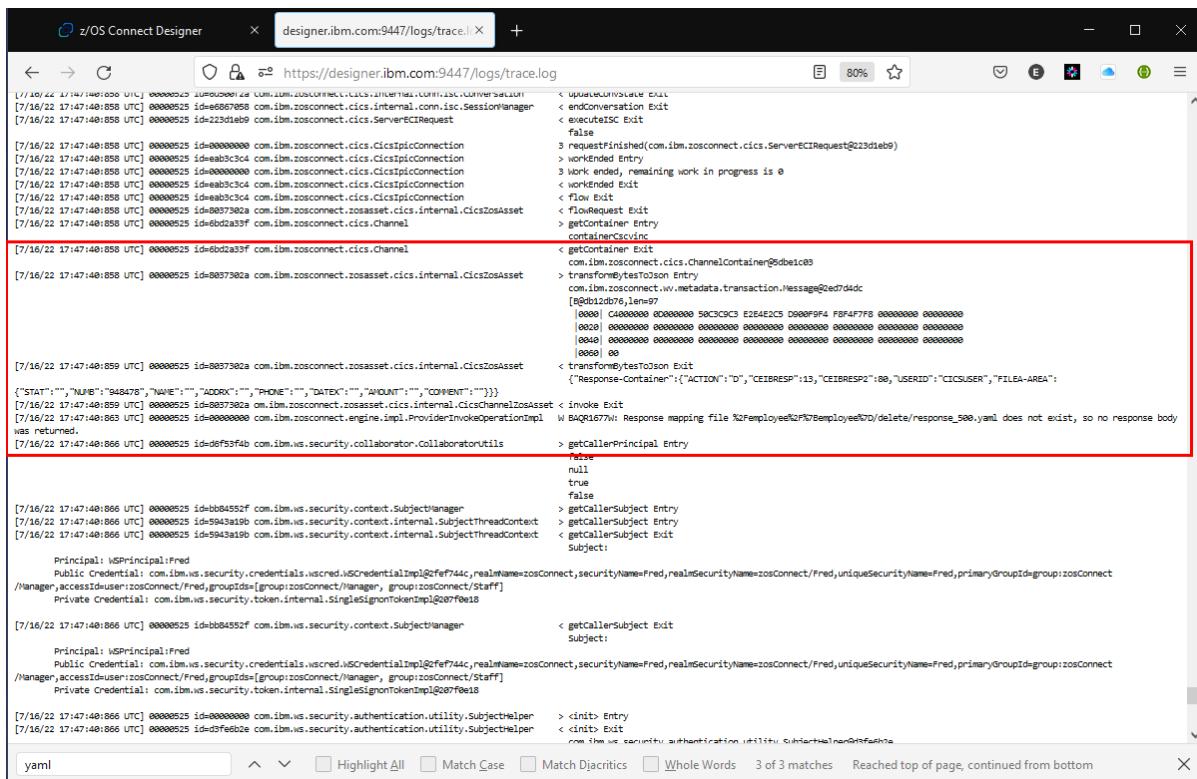


- \_2. Invoking a method returned an HTTP 500 with no other information, for example using the curl as shown below.

```
c:\z\openApi3>curl -X DELETE -w "- HTTP CODE %{http_code}" --header "Content-Type: application/json" --insecure --user Fred:fredpwd https://designer.washington.ibm.com:9447/employee/948478  
- HTTP CODE 500
```

d

The trace showed a response came back from CICS with non-zero EIB response codes. But the mapping for this situation was not present, i.e., the `response 500.yaml` did not exist.



The point of this section is to use the *trace.log* and *messages.out* file when developing an API identify issues with the API and the interactions with the CICS region.

## ***The contents of the cscvinc.yaml file***

```

openapi: 3.0.0
info:
  description: "CICS Employee Sample VSAM Application"
  version: 1.0.0
  title: Employee
x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:
  - Manager
paths:
  /employee:
    post:
      tags:
        - Employee
      operationId: postEmployeeInsertService
      parameters:
        - name: Authorization
          in: header
          required: false
          schema:
            type: string
      requestBody:
        content:
          application/json:
            schema:
              $ref: "#/components/schemas/postEmployeeInsertService_request"
        description: request body
        required: true
      responses:
        "200":
          description: OK
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                $ref: "#/components/schemas/postEmployeeInsertService_response_200"
        "400":
          description: Bad Request
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                $ref: "#/components/schemas/postEmployeeInsertService_response_400"
        "500":
          description: Sever Error
          content:
            application/json:
              schema:
                $ref: "#/components/schemas/postEmployeeInsertService_response_500"
  "/employee/{employee}":
    get:
      tags:

```

- Employee

operationId: getEmployeeSelectService

x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:

- Staff

parameters:

- name: Authorization
  - in: header
  - required: false
  - schema:
    - type: string
- name: employee
  - in: path
  - required: true
  - schema:
    - type: string
    - maxLength: 6

responses:

"200":

- description: OK
- content:
  - application/json:
    - schema:
      - \$ref: "#/components/schemas/getEmployeeSelectService\_response\_200"

"404":

- description: Not Found
- content:
  - application/json:
    - schema:
      - \$ref: "#/components/schemas/getEmployeeSelectService\_response\_404"

"500":

- description: Severe Error
- content:
  - application/json:
    - schema:
      - \$ref: "#/components/schemas/getEmployeeSelectService\_response\_500"

put:

tags:

- Employee

operationId: putEmployeeUpdateService

x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:

- Staff

parameters:

- name: Authorization
  - in: header
  - required: false
  - schema:
    - type: string
- name: employee
  - in: path
  - required: true

```

schema:
  type: string
requestBody:
  content:
    application/json:
      schema:
        $ref: "#/components/schemas/putEmployeeUpdateService_request"
description: request body
required: true
responses:
  "200":
    description: OK
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: "#/components/schemas/putEmployeeUpdateService_response_200"
  "404":
    description: Bad Request
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: "#/components/schemas/putEmployeeUpdateService_response_404"
  "500":
    description: Severe Error
    content:
      application/json:
        schema:
          $ref: "#/components/schemas/putEmployeeUpdateService_response_500"
delete:
  tags:
    - Employee
  operationId: deleteEmployeeDeleteService
  x-ibm-zcon-roles-allowed:
    - Manager
  parameters:
    - name: Authorization
      in: header
      required: false
      schema:
        type: string
    - name: employee
      in: path
      required: true
      schema:
        type: string
        maxLength: 6
  responses:
    "200":
      description: OK
      content:

```

```
application/json:  
  schema:  
    $ref: "#/components/schemas/deleteEmployeeDeleteService_response_200"  
"404":  
  description: Not Found  
  content:  
    application/json:  
      schema:  
        $ref: "#/components/schemas/deleteEmployeeDeleteService_response_404"  
"500":  
  description: Not Found  
  content:  
    application/json:  
      schema:  
        $ref: "#/components/schemas/deleteEmployeeDeleteService_response_500"  
servers:  
  - url: /  
components:  
schemas:  
getEmployeeSelectService_response_404:  
  type: object  
  properties:  
    message:  
      type: string  
example:  
  message: Record could not be found  
getEmployeeSelectService_response_200:  
  type: object  
  properties:  
    summary:  
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/getEmployeeSelectService_response_200_message'  
    detail:  
      $ref: '#/components/schemas/getEmployeeSelectService_response_200_detail'  
getEmployeeSelectService_response_200_message:  
  type: object  
  properties:  
    message:  
      type: string  
example:  
  message: record retrieved  
getEmployeeSelectService_response_200_detail:  
  type: object  
  properties:  
    EmployeeSelectServiceOperationResponse:  
      type: object  
      properties:  
        employeeData:  
          type: object  
          properties:  
            response:
```

```
type: object
properties:
  employeeDetails:
    type: object
    properties:
      employeeNumber:
        type: string
        maxLength: 6
      name:
        type: string
        maxLength: 20
      address:
        type: string
        maxLength: 20
      phoneNumber:
        type: string
        maxLength: 8
      date:
        type: string
        maxLength: 8
      amount:
        type: string
        maxLength: 8
      comment:
        type: string
        maxLength: 9
```

required:

- employeeData

getEmployeeSelectService\_response\_500:

```
type: object
```

```
properties:
```

```
  message:
```

```
    type: string
```

```
example:
```

```
  message: A severe error has occurred
```

deleteEmployeeDeleteService\_response\_404:

```
type: object
```

```
properties:
```

```
  message:
```

```
    type: string
```

```
example:
```

```
  message: Record could not be found to be deleted
```

deleteEmployeeDeleteService\_response\_500:

```
type: object
```

```
properties:
```

```
  message:
```

```
    type: string
```

```
example:
```

```
  message: A severe error has occurred
```

deleteEmployeeDeleteService\_response\_200:

```
type: object
properties:
  message:
    type: string
example:
  message: Record deleted
putEmployeeUpdateService_request:
type: object
properties:
  EmployeeUpdateServiceOperation:
    type: object
    properties:
      employeeData:
        type: object
        properties:
          request:
            type: object
            properties:
              employeeDetails:
                type: object
                properties:
                  status:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 1
                  employeeNumber:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 6
                  name:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 20
                  address:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 20
                  phoneNumber:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 8
                  date:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 8
                  amount:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 8
                  COMMENT:
                    type: string
                    maxLength: 9
required:
  - employeeData
putEmployeeUpdateService_response_404:
type: object
properties:
```

```
message:  
  type: string  
example:  
  message: Record update failed  
putEmployeeUpdateService_response_500:  
  type: object  
properties:  
  message:  
    type: string  
example:  
  message: A severe has occurred  
putEmployeeUpdateService_response_200:  
  type: object  
properties:  
  message:  
    type: string  
example:  
  message: Record updated  
postEmployeeInsertService_request:  
  type: object  
properties:  
  EmployeeInsertServiceOperation:  
    type: object  
    properties:  
      employeeData:  
        type: object  
        properties:  
          request:  
            type: object  
            properties:  
              employeeDetails:  
                type: object  
                properties:  
                  employeeNumber:  
                    type: string  
                    maxLength: 6  
                  name:  
                    type: string  
                    maxLength: 20  
                  address:  
                    type: string  
                    maxLength: 20  
                  phoneNumber:  
                    type: string  
                    maxLength: 8  
                  date:  
                    type: string  
                    maxLength: 8  
                  amount:  
                    type: string
```

maxLength: 8

required:

- employeeData

postEmployeeInsertService\_response\_400:

type: object

properties:

  message:

    type: string

example:

  message: Employee insert failed

postEmployeeInsertService\_response\_500:

type: object

properties:

  message:

    type: string

example:

  message: Severe Error Occurred

postEmployeeInsertService\_response\_200:

type: object

properties:

  message:

    type: string

example:

  message: Record successfully inserted