IBM Resilient



Incident Response Platform Integrations

Cisco Umbrella Investigate Function V1.0.0

Release Date: May 2018

Resilient Functions simplify development of integrations by wrapping each activity into an individual workflow component. These components can be easily installed, then used and combined in Resilient workflows. The Resilient platform sends data to the function component that performs an activity then returns the results to the workflow. The results can be acted upon by scripts, rules, and workflow decision points to dynamically orchestrate the security incident response activities.

This guide describes the Cisco Umbrella Investigate Function.

Overview

Umbrella Investigate is the interface to the security data collated by the Cisco Umbrella Investigate research team. The Cisco Umbrella Investigate RESTful API service allows for the querying of the Umbrella DNS database to show security events and correlations in their datasets. The Investigate RESTful API opens up the power of the Investigate classification results, correlation, and history and is based on the Umbrella global network, the world's largest security network.

The Cisco Umbrella Investigate integration with IBM Resilient allows querying of the Investigate datasets using their RESTful APIs and the returned results can be used to make customized updates to a Resilient instance such as updating incidents, artifacts, data-tables etc.

There are 14 functions supplied in the Resilient Function package for Umbrella Investigate. The Functions interrogate the various RESTful APIs exposed by the Investigate service. There are also example workflows in the customizations section of the package which demonstrate usage of the Resilient Investigate Functions to update data tables.

The remainder of this document describes the included Functions, how to configure example custom workflows, and any additional customization options.

Installation

Before installing, verify that your environment meets the following prerequisites:

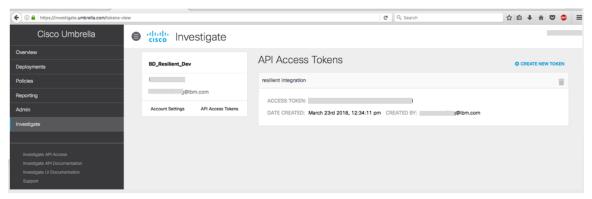
- Resilient platform is version 30 or later.
- You have a Resilient account to use for the integrations. This can be any account that has
 the permission to view and modify administrator and customization settings, and read and
 update incidents. You need to know the account username and password.
- You have access to the command line of the Resilient appliance, which hosts the Resilient
 platform; or to a separate integration server where you will deploy and run the functions code.
 If using a separate integration server, you must install Python version 2.7.10 or later, or
 version 3.6 or later, and "pip". (The Resilient appliance is preconfigured with a suitable
 version of Python.)

Cisco Umbrella Investigate configuration

The Umbrella Investigate default base URL is https://investigate.api.umbrella.com/.

The base URL can be overridden by the user if required.

Access to the Cisco Umbrella Investigate RESTful API is allowed by providing an access token in the request. The access token is tied to a user account on the Umbrella platform.



More information can be found here https://investigate-api.readme.io/docs/about-the-api-authentication

Install the Python components

The functions package contains Python components that will be called by the Resilient platform to execute the functions during your workflows. These components run in the 'resilient-circuits' integration framework.

The package also includes Resilient customizations that will be imported into the platform later.

Ensure that the environment is up to date,

```
sudo pip install --upgrade pip
sudo pip install --upgrade setuptools
sudo pip install --upgrade resilient-circuits
```

To install the package:

```
sudo pip install --upgrade fn cisco umbrella inv-1.0.0.tar.gz
```

Configure the Python components

The 'resilient-circuits' components run as an unprivileged user, typically named `integration`. If you do not already have an `integration` user configured on your appliance, create it now.

Perform the following to configure and run the integration:

1. Using sudo, become the integration user.

```
sudo su - integration
```

2. Use one of the following commands to create or update the resilient-circuits configuration file. Use –c for new environments or –u for existing environments.

```
resilient-circuits config -c

or

resilient-circuits config -u
```

- Edit the resilient-circuits configuration file.
 - a. In the [resilient] section, ensure that you provide all the information needed to connect to the Resilient platform.
 - b. In the [fn cisco umbrella inv] section, edit the settings as follows:

```
base_url=https://investigate.api.umbrella.com/
# The api_token will be supplied by Cisco will be in uuid format.
api_token= abcd1234-a123-123a-123a-123456abcdef
```

Deploy customizations to the Resilient platform

The package contains function definitions that you can use in workflows, and includes example workflows and rules that show how to use these functions.

Deploy these customizations to the Resilient platform with the following command:

```
resilient-circuits customize
```

Answer the prompts to deploy functions, message destinations, workflows and rules.

Run the integration framework

To test the integration package before running it in a production environment, you must run the integration manually with the following command:

```
resilient-circuits run
```

The resilient-circuits command starts, loads its components, and continues to run until interrupted. If it stops immediately with an error message, check your configuration values and retry.

Configuration of resilient-circuits for restartability

For normal operation, resilient-circuits must run <u>continuously</u>. The recommend way to do this is to configure it to automatically run at startup. On a Red Hat appliance, this is done using a systemd unit file such as the one below. You may need to change the paths to your working directory and app.config.

The unit file should be named 'resilient_circuits.service':

```
sudo vi /etc/systemd/system/resilient circuits.service
```

The contents (edit as necessary):

```
[Unit]
Description=Resilient-Circuits Service
After=resilient.service
Requires=resilient.service

[Service]
Type=simple
User=integration
WorkingDirectory=/home/integration
ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/resilient-circuits run
Restart=always
TimeoutSec=10
Environment=APP_CONFIG_FILE=/home/integration/.resilient/app.config
Environment=APP_LOCK_FILE=/home/integration/.resilient/resilient_circuits.lock
[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

Ensure that the service unit file is correctly permissioned:

```
sudo chmod 664 /etc/systemd/system/resilient circuits.service
```

Use the systematl command to manually start, stop, restart and return status on the service:

```
sudo systemctl resilient_circuits [start|stop|restart|status]
```

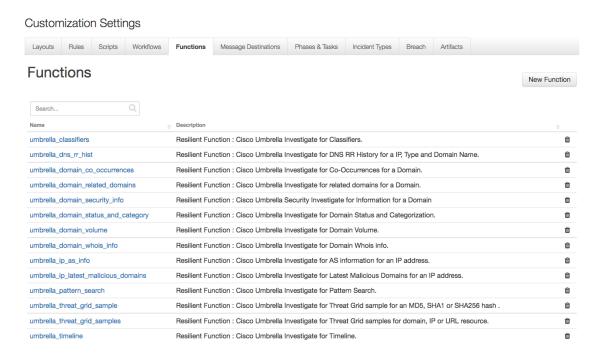
Log files for systemd and the resilient-circuits service can be viewed through the journalctl command:

```
sudo journalctl -u resilient_circuits --since "2 hours ago"
```

Function Descriptions

Once the Function package customizations are deployed to the Resilient instance, the functions can be viewed in the Resilient platform Functions tab, as shown below.

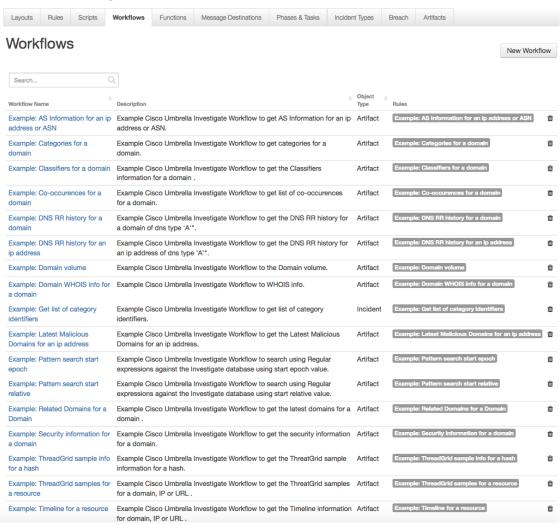
Functions



The package also includes example Workflows, Rules and Data tables that show how the Functions can be used. The Resilient user can copy and modify these Resilient objects for their own needs.

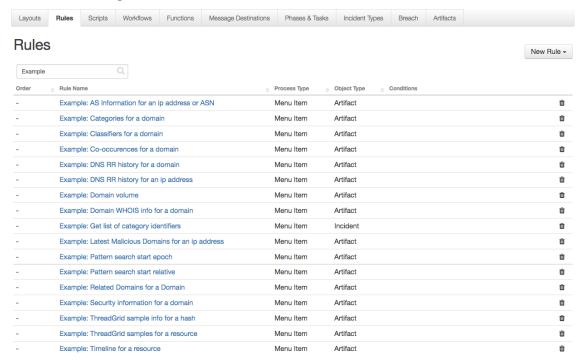
Workflows

Customization Settings

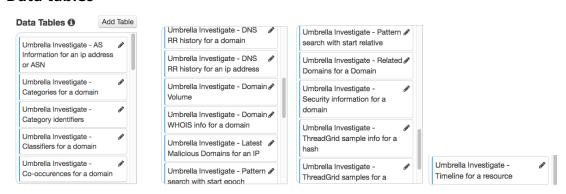


Rules

Customization Settings



Data tables

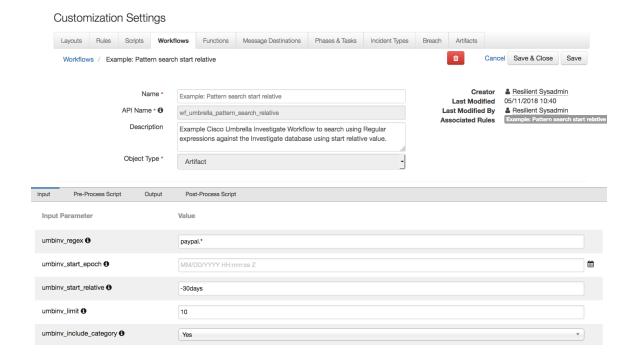


Function arguments

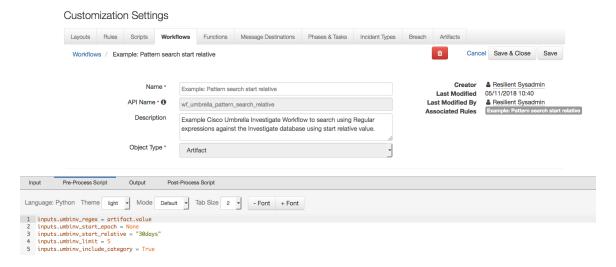
Refer to the Cisco Umbrella API documentation on the use of the Umbrella Investigate arguments. The Resilient Functions all use input parameters starting with "umbinv_" examples include umbinv_domains, umbinv_showlabels and umbinv_status_endpoint . These are equivalent to the parameters used in the RESTful API call. (c.f. https://investigate-api.readme.io/docs/introduction-to-cisco-investigate/).

See the Investigate Function in the workflows: Example: Pattern search start relative. Review the Input tab when editing the function within a workflow for the default settings.

Input tab



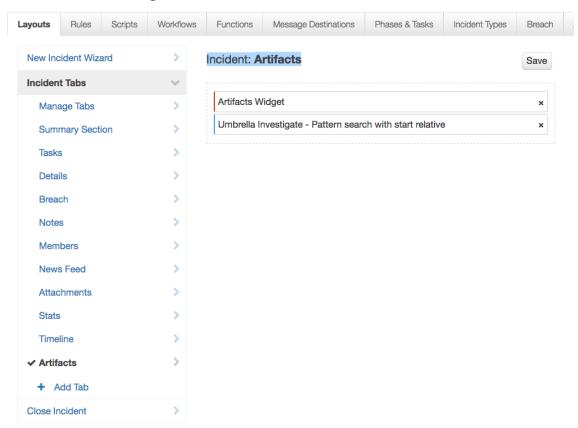
Pre-Process Script tab



Before using a workflow

- Change the pre-defined value in either the Input or Pre-Processing Script tab for your environment (Note: Definitions in the Pre-Processing Script tab will over-ride any Input tab settings.)
- Add the required data-table to the incident artifacts tab. (Note: Most of the workflows are configured for Artifact object type with the exception of the workflow Example: Get list of category identifiers which is configured for Incident object type.)

Customization Settings



Relationships between Rules, Workflow Functions and data tables.

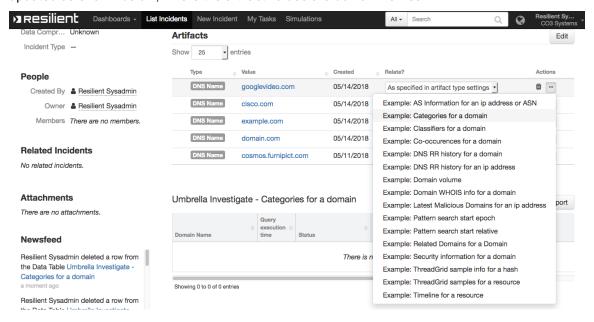
The example workflows each has a function and a data-table associated with it as shown in the following table.

Rule	Workflow (api name)_	Function	Data table (api name)
Example: AS Information for an ip address or ASN	wf_umbrella_ip_as_info	umbrella_ip_as_info	umbinv_as_for_an_ip_or_asn
Example: Get list of category identifiers	wf_umbrella_domain_status_and_category_c ats	umbrella_domain_status_and_ca tegory	umbinv_category_identifiers
Example: Categories for a domain	wf_umbrella_domain_status_and_category_ dom	umbrella_domain_status_and_ca tegory	umbinv_categories_for_a_domain
Example: Classifiers for a domain	wf_umbrella_classifiers	umbrella_classifiers	umbinv_classifiers_for_a_domain
Example: DNS RR history for a domain	wf_umbrella_domain_co_occurrences	umbrella_domain_co_occurrenc es	umbinv_domain_co_occurrences
Example: DNS RR history for a domain	wf_umbrella_dns_rr_hist_domain	umbrella_dns_rr_hist	umbinv_dns_rr_history_domain
Example: DNS RR history for an ip address	wf_umbrella_dns_rr_hist_ip	umbrella_dns_rr_hist	umbinv_dns_rr_history_ip
Example: Domain volume	wf_umbrella_domain_volume	umbrella_domain_volume	umbinv_domain_volume
Example: Domain WHOIS info for a domain	wf_umbrella_domain_whois_info	umbrella_domain_whois_info	umbinv_domain_whois_info_domain
Example: Latest Malicious Domains for an ip address	wf_umbrella_ip_latest_malicious_domains	umbrella_ip_latest_malicious_do mains	umbinv_latest_malicious_domains_for_an_ip
Example: Pattern search start epoch	wf_umbrella_pattern_search_epoch	umbrella_pattern_search	umbinv_pattern_search_start_epoch
Example: Pattern search start relative	wf_umbrella_pattern_search_relative	umbrella_pattern_search	umbinv_pattern_search_start_relative
Example: Related Domains for a Domain	wf_umbrella_domain_related_domains	umbrella_domain_related_domai ns	umbinv_related_domains_for_a_domain

Rule	Workflow (api name)_	Function	Data table (api name)
Example: Security information for a domain	wf_umbrella_domain_security_info	umbrella_domain_security_info	umbinv_domain_security_info
Example: ThreadGrid sample info for a hash	wf_umbrella_threat_grid_sample	umbrella_threat_grid_sample	umbinv_thread_grid_sample_info_for_a_hash_ba sic
Example: ThreadGrid samples for a resource	wf_umbrella_threat_grid_samples	umbrella_threat_grid_samples	umbinv_thread_grid_samples_for_a_resource
Example: Timeline for a resource	wf_umbrella_timeline	umbrella_timeline	umbinv_timeline_for_a_resource

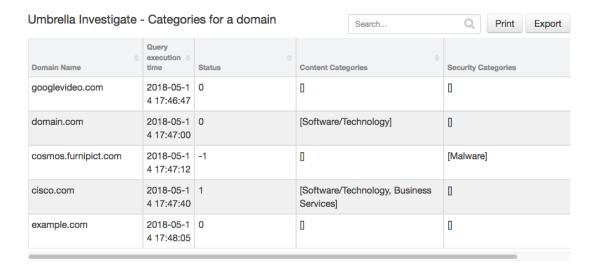
Workflow execution

To run a Cisco Umbrella Investigate query, right-click on the artifact and select a rule to run the corresponding workflow against that particular artifact. In the following example the user executes the rule Example: Categories for a domain and the corresponding data table will get updated as shown below, where the artifact values are domain names.



Data table Umbrella Investigate - Categories for a domain (api name umbinv_categories_for_a_domain) will get updated with an entry for each domain that the rule/workflow is run against.

Note: Some of the Workflows with add more than one row per artifact for each execution.



Troubleshooting

There are several ways to verify the successful operation of a function.

Resilient Action Status

When viewing an incident, use the Actions menu to view Action Status. By default, pending and errors are displayed. Modify the filter for actions to also show Completed actions. Clicking on an action displays additional information on the progress made or what error occurred.

Resilient Scripting Log

A separate log file is available to review scripting errors. This is useful when issues occur in the pre-processing or post-processing scripts. The default location for this log file is: /var/log/resilient-scripting/resilient-scripting.log.

Resilient Logs

By default, Resilient logs are retained at /usr/share/co3/logs. The client.log may contain additional information regarding the execution of functions.

Resilient-Circuits

The log is controlled in the <code>.resilient/app.config</code> file under the section <code>[resilient]</code> and the property <code>logdir</code>. The default file name is <code>app.log</code>. Each function will create progress information. Failures will show up as errors and may contain python trace statements.

Support

For additional support, contact support@resilientsystems.com.

Including relevant information from the log files will help us resolve your issue.