

# Utility Functions for IBM SOAR

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## Release Notes

### Release History

Version	Date	Notes
2.0.6	7/2021	pin dependency 'chardet' at v4.0.0
2.0.2	2/2021	bug fixes for Shell Command
2.0.1	9/2020	bug fixes
2.0.0	7/2020	Numerous fixes, improved Rules and workflows and only Python 3 supported
1.0.15	5/2020	Bug fixes, App Host Support
1.0.14	5/2020	Shell Command support for Remote Linux Execution

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## Overview

**Useful workflow functions for common automation and integration activities in the SOAR platform**

resilient		Search	Admin User Test Organization
Utilities: Attachment Hash	Calculate hashes for a file attachment.		
Utilities: Attachment Zip Extract	Extract a file from a zipfile attachment, producing a base64 string.		
Utilities: Attachment Zip List	For a zipfile attachment, return a list of its contents.		
Utilities: Attachment to Base64	Read a file attachment as a Base64 string.		
Utilities: Base64 to Artifact	Create a new artifact from a Base64 string		
Utilities: Base64 to Attachment	Create a new attachment from a base64 string.		
Utilities: Call REST API	Call a REST web service. The function parameters determine the type of call (GET, POST, etc), the URL, and optionally the headers and body.		
Utilities: Domain Distance	Identifies similarity between a suspicious domain name and a list of valid domain names. Low distance result indicates a possible spoof attempt.		
Utilities: Email Parse	Extract message headers and body parts from an email message (.eml or .msg). Any attachments found are added to the Incident as Artifacts if 'utilities_parse_email_attachments' is set to True		
Utilities: Excel Query	Extract ranges of data or named ranges specified by the user from an excel document.		
Utilities: Expand URL	Take a url (mostly shortened) and follow it through redirects as it's expanded		
Utilities: Extract SSL Cert From Url	This function takes in a HTTPS URL and attempts to acquire its Certificate, saving it as an artifact. Inputs: A HTTPS_URL. Outputs: Certificate file encoded in JSON.		
Utilities: Get Contact Info	Retrieve contact information for an incidents owner and members or those from a task		
Utilities: JSON2HTML	Produce an HTML representation of JSON data. All data is converted into tables of key / value pairs or lists. Provide an optional parameter (json2html_keys) to limit the JSON data to display.		
Utilities: PDFID	Produces summary information about the structure of a PDF file, using Didier Stevens' pdfid (https://blog.didierstevens.com/programs/pdf-tools/)		
Utilities: Parse SSL Certificate	Function: Takes in an SSL Certificate. Attempts to parse information from this certificate and return it.		
Utilities: Resilient Search	Searches Resilient for incident data. NOTE: The results may include data from incidents that the current user cannot access. Use with caution, to avoid information disclosure.		
Utilities: Shell Command	Runs a shell command.		
Utilities: String to Attachment	Creates an attachment of an inputted string		
Utilities: Timer	This function implements a simple timer. A workflow using this function will sleep for the specified amount of time (utilities_time) or until the specified timer (utilities_epoch). The function also periodically checks the status of the calling workflow and will end function execution if the workflow has been terminated. The function can be called with the sleep time specified as a string (utilities_time) or with the epoch time the timer should end sleep (utilities_epoch). The utilities_time parameter is a string of format "time value" concatenated with a "time unit" character, where character is: • 's' for seconds • 'm' for minutes • 'h' for hours • 'd' for days For example: '30s' = 30 seconds; '40m' = 40 minutes; The utilities_epoch parameter is an epoch time value specifying when the timer should stop.		
Utilities: XML Transformation	Perform a transformation of an xml document based on a given stylesheet		

SOAR functions simplify development of integrations by wrapping each external activity into an individual workflow component. These components can be easily installed, then used and combined in SOAR workflows. The SOAR platform sends data to the function component that performs an activity then returns the results to the workflow. The results can be acted upon by scripts, rules, and workflow decision points to dynamically orchestrate the security incident response activities

## Requirements

- SOAR platform >= **v42.0**
- An Integration Server running **resilient\_circuits>=30.0.0**
  - To set up an Integration Server see: [ibm.biz/res-int-server-guide](https://ibm.biz/res-int-server-guide)

## Installation

- Download the **fn\_utilities.zip**.
- Copy the **.zip** to your Integration Server and SSH into it.
- **Unzip** the package:

```
$ unzip fn_utilities-x.x.x.zip
```

- **Change Directory** into the unzipped directory:

```
$ cd fn_utilities-x.x.x
```

- **Install** the package:

```
$ pip install fn_utilities-x.x.x.tar.gz
```

- Import the **configurations** into your app.config file:

```
$ resilient-circuits config -u
```

- Import the fn\_utilities **customizations** into the SOAR platform:

```
$ resilient-circuits customize -y -l fn-utilities
```

- Open the config file, scroll to the bottom and edit your fn\_utilities configurations:

```
$ nano ~/.resilient/app.config
```

Config	Required	Example	Description
<b>shell_escaping</b>	No	<b>sh</b>	For safety, shell_command parameter values are escaped. Set this to <b>sh</b> (Bash) or <b>ps</b> (PowerShell).
<b>remote_powershell_extensions</b>	No	<b>ps1, psm1</b>	A CSV list of extensions a remote PowerShell is trusted to run.
<b>remote_auth_transport</b>	No	<b>ntlm</b>	Transport authentication method for a remote PowerShell. Can be NTLM or basic.
<b>max_timer</b>	No	<b>30d</b>	Max Timer sleep time. The input string is of format "time value" concatenated with a "time unit" character, where character is: 's' for seconds, 'm' for minutes, 'h' for hours 'd' for days. For example: '30s' = 30 seconds; '40m' = 40 minutes;

- **Save** and **Close** the app.config file.
- [Optional]: Run selftest to test the Integration you configured:

```
$ resilient-circuits selftest -l fn-utilities
```

- **Run** resilient-circuits or restart the Service on Windows/Linux:

```
$ resilient-circuits run
```

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## Uninstall

- SSH into your Integration Server.
- **Uninstall** the package:

```
$ pip uninstall fn-utilities
```

- Open the config file, scroll to the [fn\_utilities] section and remove the section or prefix **#** to comment out the section.
- **Save** and **Close** the app.config file.

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## Troubleshooting

There are several ways to verify the successful operation of a function.

### SOAR Action Status

- When viewing an incident, use the Actions menu to view **Action Status**.
- By default, pending and errors are displayed.
- Modify the filter for actions to also show Completed actions.
- Clicking on an action displays additional information on the progress made or what error occurred.

### SOAR Scripting Log

- A separate log file is available to review scripting errors.
- This is useful when issues occur in the pre-processing or post-processing scripts.
- The default location for this log file is: `/var/log/resilient-scripting/resilient-scripting.log`.

### SOAR Logs

- By default, SOAR logs are retained at `/usr/share/co3/logs`.
- The `client.log` may contain additional information regarding the execution of functions.

### Resilient-Circuits

- The log is controlled in the `.resilient/app.config` file under the section [resilient] and the property `logdir`.
  - The default file name is `app.log`.
  - Each function will create progress information.
  - Failures will show up as errors and may contain python trace statements.
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## Support

Name	Version	Author	Support URL
fn_utilities	1.0.10	IBM SOAR	<a href="http://ibm.biz/soarcommunity">http://ibm.biz/soarcommunity</a>