# IBM Security SOAR Functions for Cisco ASA

# **Table of Contents**

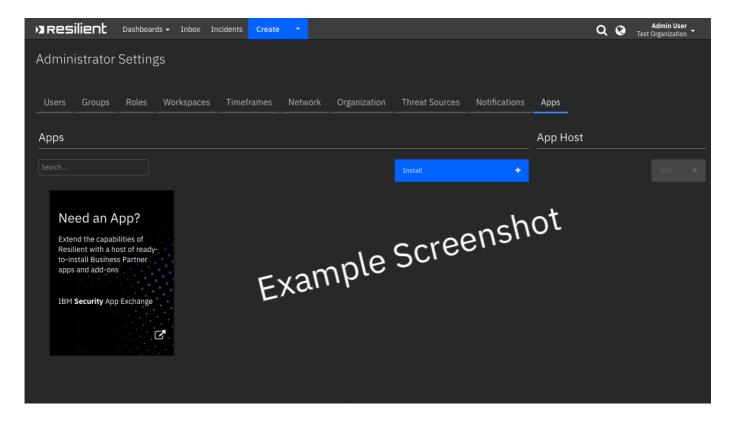
- Release Notes
- Overview
  - Key Features
- Requirements
  - Resilient platform
  - Cloud Pak for Security
  - o Proxy Server
- Installation
  - Install
  - App Configuration
  - Custom Layouts
- Function Cisco ASA Get Network Objects
- Function Cisco ASA Remove Network Object from Network Object Group
- Function Cisco ASA Get Network Object Details
- Function Cisco ASA Add Artifact to Network Object Group
- Script Convert JSON to rich text v1.1
- Data Table Cisco ASA Network Objects
- Rules
- Troubleshooting & Support

# **Release Notes**

Version	Date	Notes
1.0.0	04/4021	Initial Release

# Overview

Resilient Circuits Components for 'fn\_cisco\_asa'



Resilient Circuits Components for 'fn\_cisco\_asa'

## **Key Features**

- Key Feature 1
- · Key Feature 2
- Key Feature 3

# Requirements

This app supports the IBM Resilient SOAR Platform and the IBM Cloud Pak for Security.

### Resilient platform

The Resilient platform supports two app deployment mechanisms, App Host and integration server.

If deploying to a Resilient platform with an App Host, the requirements are:

- Resilient platform >= 37.0.5832.
- The app is in a container-based format (available from the AppExchange as a zip file).

If deploying to a Resilient platform with an integration server, the requirements are:

- Resilient platform >= 37.0.5832.
- The app is in the older integration format (available from the AppExchange as a zip file which contains a tar.gz file).
- Integration server is running None.
- If using an API key account, make sure the account provides the following minimum permissions:

Name	Permissions
Org Data	Read
Function	Read

The following Resilient platform guides provide additional information:

• App Host Deployment Guide: provides installation, configuration, and troubleshooting information, including proxy server settings.

- Integration Server Guide: provides installation, configuration, and troubleshooting information, including proxy server settings.
- System Administrator Guide: provides the procedure to install, configure and deploy apps.

The above guides are available on the IBM Knowledge Center at ibm.biz/resilient-docs. On this web page, select your Resilient platform version. On the follow-on page, you can find the *App Host Deployment Guide* or *Integration Server Guide* by expanding **Resilient Apps** in the Table of Contents pane. The System Administrator Guide is available by expanding **System Administrator**.

## Cloud Pak for Security

If you are deploying to IBM Cloud Pak for Security, the requirements are:

- IBM Cloud Pak for Security >= 1.4.
- Cloud Pak is configured with an App Host.
- The app is in a container-based format (available from the AppExchange as a zip file).

The following Cloud Pak guides provide additional information:

- App Host Deployment Guide: provides installation, configuration, and troubleshooting information, including proxy server settings. From the Table of Contents, select Case Management and Orchestration & Automation > Orchestration and Automation Apps.
- System Administrator Guide: provides information to install, configure, and deploy apps. From the IBM Cloud Pak for Security Knowledge Center table of contents, select Case Management and Orchestration & Automation > System administrator.

These guides are available on the IBM Knowledge Center at ibm.biz/cp4s-docs. From this web page, select your IBM Cloud Pak for Security version. From the version-specific Knowledge Center page, select Case Management and Orchestration & Automation.

### **Proxy Server**

The app does/does not support a proxy server.

## Installation

#### Install

- To install or uninstall an App or Integration on the Resilient platform, see the documentation at ibm.biz/resilient-docs.
- To install or uninstall an App on *IBM Cloud Pak for Security*, see the documentation at ibm.biz/cp4s-docs and follow the instructions above to navigate to Orchestration and Automation.

### **App Configuration**

The following table provides the settings you need to configure the app. These settings are made in the app.config file. See the documentation discussed in the Requirements section for the procedure.

Config	Required	Example	Description
host	Yes	<asa_ip></asa_ip>	Enter a description of the config here.
username	Yes	<asa_username></asa_username>	Enter a description of the config here.
password	Yes	<asa_password></asa_password>	Enter a description of the config here.
network_object_lists	Yes	BLACKLIST_IN, BLACKLIST_OUT	Enter a description of the config here.

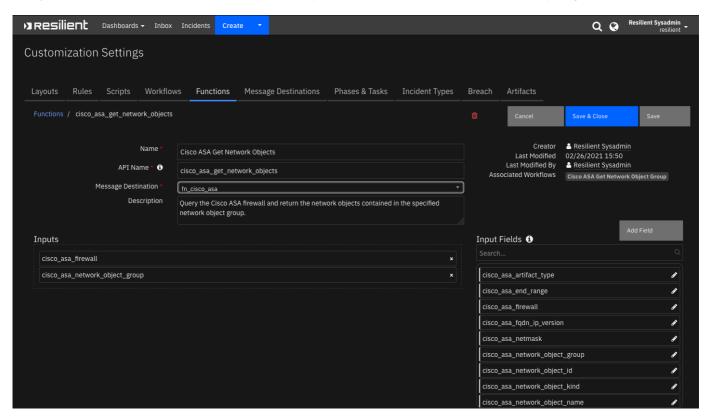
### **Custom Layouts**

• Import the Data Tables and Custom Fields like the screenshot below:

screenshot: custom\_layouts

# Function - Cisco ASA Get Network Objects

Query the Cisco ASA firewall and return the network objects contained in the specified network object group.



#### ▶ Inputs:

Name	Type	Required	Example	Tooltip
cisco_asa_firewall	text	Yes	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_group	text	Yes	_	=

### ► Outputs:

```
results = {
    # TODO: Copy and paste an example of the Function Output within this code block.
    # To view the output of a Function, run resilient-circuits in DEBUG mode and invoke
the Function.
    # The Function results will be printed in the logs: "resilient-circuits run --
loglevel=DEBUG"
}
```

### ► Example Pre-Process Script:

```
override = rule.properties.cisco_asa_firewall_network_object_group_pair_overide
if override is "" or override is None:
   firewall_group_pair = rule.properties.cisco_asa_firewall_network_object_group_pair
else:
```

```
firewall_group_pair = override

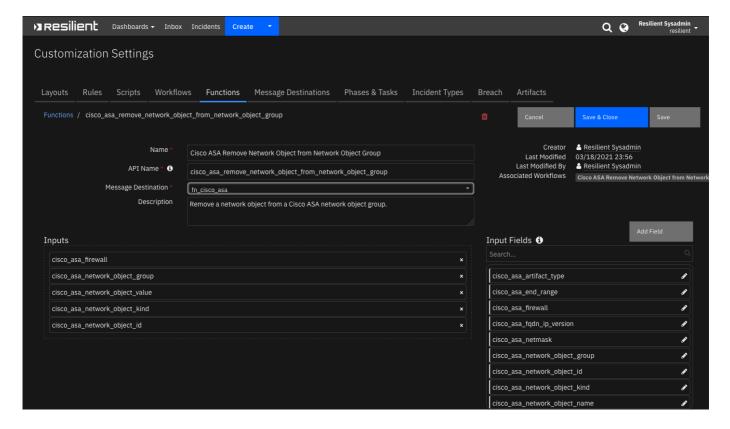
# Parse the firewall group pair, which is a string in "firewall:network_object_group"
format
firewall_group_pair_list = firewall_group_pair.split(":")
inputs.cisco_asa_firewall = firewall_group_pair_list[0]
inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_group = firewall_group_pair_list[1]
```

#### ► Example Post-Process Script:

```
from java.util import Date
content = results.get("content")
member list = content.get("member list")
firewall = results.inputs.get("cisco_asa_firewall")
network object group = results.inputs.get("cisco asa network object group")
# Add each email as a row in the query results data table
for network object in member list:
  network_object_row = incident.addRow("cisco_asa_network_object_dt")
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_query_date = Date()
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_firewall = firewall
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_group = network_object_group
  if network_object.get("kind") == 'object#NetworkObj':
   network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_id = network_object.get("objectId")
   host = network_object.get("host")
   network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_kind = host.get("kind")
   network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_value = host.get("value")
  else:
   network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_kind = network_object.get("kind")
   network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_value = network_object.get("value")
  status_text = u"""{status}""".format(color="green",
status="Active")
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_status = helper.createRichText(status_text)
```

# Function - Cisco ASA Remove Network Object from Network Object Group

Remove a network object from a Cisco ASA network object group.



#### ▶ Inputs:

Name	Type	Required	Example	Tooltip
cisco_asa_firewall	text	Yes	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_group	text	Yes	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_id	text	No	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_kind	text	Yes	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_value	text	Yes	_	=

### ► Outputs:

```
results = {
    # TODO: Copy and paste an example of the Function Output within this code block.
    # To view the output of a Function, run resilient-circuits in DEBUG mode and invoke
the Function.
    # The Function results will be printed in the logs: "resilient-circuits run --
loglevel=DEBUG"
}
```

#### ► Example Pre-Process Script:

```
inputs.cisco_asa_firewall = row.cisco_asa_firewall
inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_group = row.cisco_asa_network_object_group
inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_kind = row.cisco_asa_network_object_kind
inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_value = row.cisco_asa_network_object_value
inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_id = row.cisco_asa_network_object_id
```

#### ► Example Post-Process Script:

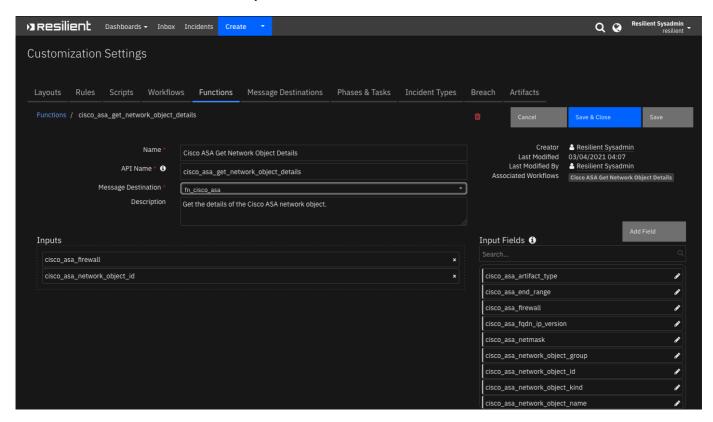
```
from java.util import Date

if results.success:
    text = "Removed"
else:
    text = "NotFound"

status_text = u"""{status}""".format(color="red", status=text)
row['cisco_asa_status'] = helper.createRichText(status_text)
row["cisco_asa_query_date"] = Date()
```

# Function - Cisco ASA Get Network Object Details

Get the details of the Cisco ASA network object.



#### ► Inputs:

_	Name	Type	Required	Example	Tooltip
_	cisco_asa_firewall	text	Yes	_	-
	cisco_asa_network_object_id	text	No	_	-

#### ► Outputs:

```
results = {
    # TODO: Copy and paste an example of the Function Output within this code block.
    # To view the output of a Function, run resilient-circuits in DEBUG mode and invoke
the Function.
    # The Function results will be printed in the logs: "resilient-circuits run --
loglevel=DEBUG"
}
```

#### ► Example Pre-Process Script:

```
inputs.cisco_asa_firewall = row.cisco_asa_firewall
inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_id = row.cisco_asa_network_object_id
```

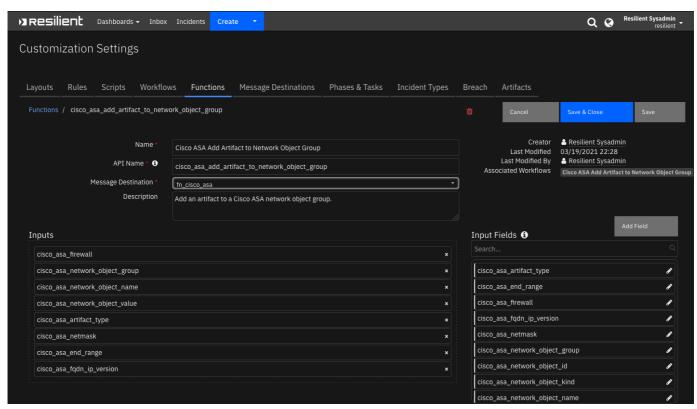
### ► Example Post-Process Script:

```
# Put the results json into a workflow property so we can call the
# convert_json_to_rich_text script to print readable formatted json in an incident note.
inputs = results.get("inputs")
firewall_id = inputs.get("cisco_asa_firewall")
object_id = inputs.get("cisco_asa_network_object_id")
header = u"Cisco ASA Firewall: {0} Network Object ID {1}".format(firewall_id, object_id)

json_note = {
    "version": "1.1",
    "header": header,
    "json": results.content,
    "sort": False
    }
workflow.addProperty('convert_json_to_rich_text', json_note)
```

# Function - Cisco ASA Add Artifact to Network Object Group

Add an artifact to a Cisco ASA network object group.



► Inputs:

Name Type Required Example Tooltip

Name	Туре	Required	Example	Tooltip
cisco_asa_artifact_type	text	Yes	_	-
cisco_asa_end_range	text	No	_	-
cisco_asa_firewall	text	Yes	_	-
cisco_asa_fqdn_ip_version	select	No	_	-
cisco_asa_netmask	text	No	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_group	text	Yes	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_name	text	No	_	-
cisco_asa_network_object_value	text	Yes	_	_

#### ▶ Outputs:

```
results = {
    # TODO: Copy and paste an example of the Function Output within this code block.
    # To view the output of a Function, run resilient-circuits in DEBUG mode and invoke
the Function.
    # The Function results will be printed in the logs: "resilient-circuits run --
loglevel=DEBUG"
}
```

### ► Example Pre-Process Script:

```
# Parse the firewall name and network object group from the colon separated string
# Or get the string from the text edit box if the use overrides the select list.
override = rule.properties.cisco_asa_firewall_network_object_group_pair_overide
if override is "" or override is None:
  firewall_group_pair = rule.properties.cisco_asa_firewall_network_object_group_pair
else:
  firewall_group_pair = override
# Parse the firewall group pair, which is a string in "firewall:network_object_group"
format
firewall_group_pair_list = firewall_group_pair.split(":")
inputs.cisco_asa_firewall = firewall_group_pair_list[0]
inputs.cisco asa network object group = firewall group pair list[1]
# Get input from the artifact type and value
inputs.cisco asa network object value = artifact.value
inputs.cisco_asa_artifact_type = artifact.type
# Option params for IP netmask or end IP for IP range
inputs.cisco_asa_end_range = rule.properties.cisco_asa_end_range
if rule.properties.cisco_asa_ipv4_netmask:
  inputs.cisco_asa_netmask = rule.properties.cisco_asa_ipv4_netmask
elif rule.properties.cisco_asa_ipv6_prefix_length:
  inputs.cisco_asa_netmask = rule.properties.cisco_asa_ipv6_prefix_length
# FQDN version
if rule.properties.cisco_asa_fqdn_ip_version:
  inputs.cisco_asa_fqdn_ip_version = rule.properties.cisco_asa_fqdn_ip_version
# IPv4FQDN and IPv4Range require a name as input.
```

```
if rule.properties.cisco_asa_network_object_name_required:
    inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_name =
rule.properties.cisco_asa_network_object_name_required
else:
    inputs.cisco_asa_network_object_name = rule.properties.cisco_asa_network_object_name
```

#### ► Example Post-Process Script:

```
from java.util import Date
if results.success:
  content = results.get("content")
  firewall = content.get("firewall")
  network_object_group = content.get("network_object_group")
  network object kind = content.get("network object kind")
  network_object_value = content.get("network_object_value")
  network_object_name = content.get("network_object_name")
  # Add each email as a row in the query results data table
  network_object_row = incident.addRow("cisco_asa_network_object_dt")
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_query_date = Date()
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_firewall = firewall
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_group = network_object_group
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_kind = network_object_kind
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_value = network_object_value
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_network_object_id = network_object_name
  # Update status field
  status text = u"""{status}""".format(color="green",
status="Active")
  network_object_row.cisco_asa_status = helper.createRichText(status_text)
else:
 content = results.get("content")
 firewall = content.get("firewall")
  network_object_group = content.get("network_object_group")
  network_object_value = content.get("network_object_value")
  note = u"Cisco ASA {0}: Artifact {1} was not added to network object group
{2}.".format(firewall, network_object_value, network_object_group)
  incident.addNote(helper.createPlainText(note))
```

# Script - Convert JSON to rich text v1.1

This script converts a json object into a hierarchical display of rich text and adds the rich text to an incident's rich text (custom) field or an incident note. A workflow property is used to share the json to convert and identify parameters used on how to perform the conversion.

Typically, a function will create the workflow property 'convert\_json\_to\_rich\_text', and this script will run after that function to perform the conversion.

#### Features:

- Display the hierarchical nature of json, presenting the json keys (sorted if specified) as bold labels
- Provide links to found URLs
- · Create either an incident note or add results to an incident (custom) rich text field.

### Object: incident

#### ► Script Text:

```
# (c) Copyright IBM Corp. 2010, 2020. All Rights Reserved.
VERSION = 1.1
  This script converts a json object into a hierarchical display of rich text and adds
the rich text to an incident's rich text (custom) field or an incident note.
  A workflow property is used to define the json to convert and identify parameters used
on how to perform the conversion.
  Typically, a function will create workflow property and this script will run after
that function to perform the conversion.
    * Display the hierarchical nature of json, presenting the json keys as bold labels
    * Provide links to found URLs
    * Create either an incident note or add results to an incident (custom) rich text
field.
  In order to use this script, define a workflow property called:
convert_json_to_rich_text, to define the json and parameters to use for the conversion.
  Workflow properties can be added using a command similar to this:
 workflow.addProperty('convert_json_to_rich_text', {
    "version": 1.1,
    "header": "Artifact scan results for: {}".format(artifact.value),
    "padding": 10,
    "separator": u"<br />",
    "sort": True,
    "json": results.content,
    "json_omit_list": ["omit"],
    "incident_field": None
  Format of workflow.property.convert_json_to_rich_text:
    "version": 1.1, [this is for future compatibility]
    "header": str, [header line to add to converted json produced or None. Ex: Results
from scanning artifact: xxx. The header may contain rich text tags]
    "padding": 10, [padding for nested json elements, or defaults to 10]
    "separator": u"<br />"|list such as ['<span>','</span>'], [html separator between
json keys and lists or defaults to html break: '<br />'.
                                                If a list, then the data is brackets by
the pair specified]
    "sort": True|False, [sort the json keys at each level when displayed]
    "json": json, [required json to convert]
    "json_omit_list": [list of json keys to exclude or None]
    "incident_field": "<incident_field>" [indicates a builtin rich text incident field,
such as 'description'
                                          or a custom rich text field in the format:
'properties.<field>'. default: create an incident note]
 }
.....
import re
# needed for python 3
trv:
   unicode("abc")
except:
   unicode = str
```

```
rc = re.compile(r'http[s]?://(?:[a-zA-Z]|[0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[$-_@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[*]|[*(--@.&+#\?]|[!*\(\),]|(?:%[0-9a-fA-F][0-9]|[*(--@.&+#\?]|[*]|[*(--@.&+#\?]|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?]|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?]|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&+#\?])|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*(--@.&-#)]|[*
9a-fA-F]))+')
class ConvertJson:
        """Class to hold the conversion parameters and perform the conversion"""
         def __init__(self, omit_keys=[], padding=10, separator=u"<br />", sort_keys=False):
                  self.omit_keys = omit_keys
                  self.padding = padding
                  self.separator = separator
                  self.sort_keys = sort_keys
        def format_link(self, item):
                  """[summary]
                      Find embedded urls (http(s)) and add html anchor tags to display as links
                               item ([string])
                      Returns:
                                [str]: None|original text if no links|text with html links
                  formatted_item = item
                  if item and not isinstance(item, (int, bool, float)):
                           list = rc.findall(item)
                           if list:
                                    for link in list:
                                             formatted_item = formatted_item.replace(link, u"<a target='blank'</pre>
href='{0}'>{0}</a>".format(link))
                  return formatted item
        def expand list(self, list value, is list=False):
                  """[summary]
                      convert items to html, adding indents to nested dictionaries.
                      Args:
                               list_value ([dict|list]): json element
                      Returns:
                               [str]: html converted code
                  if not isinstance(list_value, list):
                           return self.format_link(list_value)
                 elif not list_value:
                           return u"None<br>"
                  try:
                           items_list = [] # this will ensure list starts on second line of key label
                           for item in list_value:
                                    if isinstance(item, dict):
                                             result = self.convert_json_to_rich_text(item)
                                             if is_list:
                                                      items list.append(u"{}".format(result))
                                             else:
                                                      items_list.append(result)
                                    elif isinstance(item, list):
                                             items_list.append(self.expand_list(item, is_list=True))
                                    elif is list:
                                             items_list.append(u"{}
".format(self.format_link(unicode(item))))
                                    else:
```

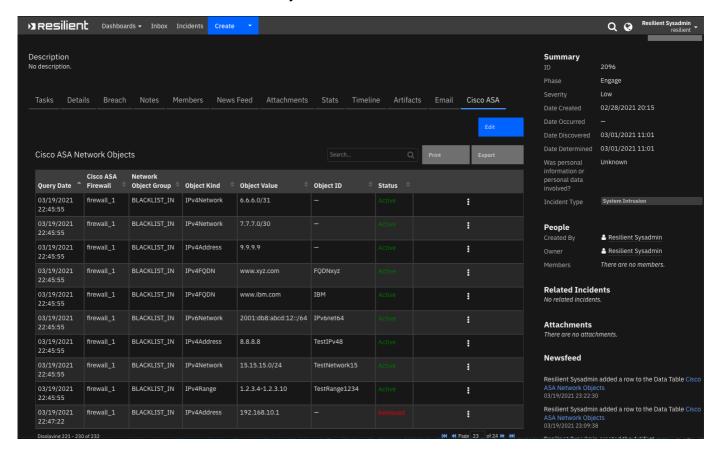
```
items_list.append(self.format_link(unicode(item)))
            expand list result = self.add separator(self.separator if not is list else
u"".
                                                    items list,
                                                    is_list=is_list)
            if is_list:
                return u"{}".format(expand_list_result)
            else:
                return u"<div style='padding:5px'>{}</div>".format(expand list result)
        except Exception as err:
            return str(err)
    def convert_json_to_rich_text(self, sub_dict):
        """[summary]
          Walk dictionary tree and convert to html for better display
              sub dict ([type]): [description]
          Returns:
              [type]: [description]
        notes = []
        if sub_dict:
            if isinstance(sub_dict, list):
                expanded_list = self.expand_list(sub_dict, is_list=True)
                notes.append(self.add_separator(self.separator, expanded_list))
            else:
                keys = sorted (sub_dict.keys()) if self.sort_keys else sub_dict.keys()
                for key in keys:
                    if key not in self.omit_keys:
                        value = sub dict[key]
                        is_list = isinstance(value, list)
                        item list = [u"<strong>{0}</strong>: ".format(key)]
                        if isinstance(value, dict):
                            convert_result = self.convert_json_to_rich_text(value)
                            if convert result:
                                item_list.append(u"<div style='padding:{}px'>{}
</div>".format(self.padding, convert_result))
                            else:
                                item list.append(u"None<br>")
                            item_list.append(self.expand_list(value, is_list=is_list))
                        notes.append(self.add_separator(self.separator,
u"".join(unicode(v) for v in item_list), is_list=is_list))
        result_notes = u"".join(notes)
        if isinstance(self.separator, list):
            return result_notes
        else:
            return result_notes.replace(
                u"</div>{0}".format(self.separator), u"</div>").replace(
                u"{0}</div>".format(self.separator), u"</div>"
            ) # tighten up result
    def add_separator(self, separator, items, is_list=False):
        apply the separator to the data
        :param separator: None, str or list such as ['<span>', '</span>']
        :param items: str or list to add separator
```

```
:return: text with separator applied
        0.000
        items = items
        if not items:
            return "<br>"
        if not isinstance(_items, list):
            _items = [_items]
        if isinstance(separator, list):
            return u"".join([u"{}{}{}".format(separator[0], item, separator[1]) for item
in _items])
        return u"{}{}".format(separator.join(_items), separator if not is_list else u"")
def get_properties(property_name):
    Logic to collect the json and parameters from a workflow property.
      property name: workflow property to reference
    Returns:
      padding, separator, header, json_omit_list, incident_field, json, sort_keys
    if not workflow.properties.get(property_name):
        helper.fail("workflow.properties.{} undefined".format(property_name))
    padding = int(workflow.properties[property_name].get("padding", 10))
    separator = workflow.properties[property_name].get("separator", u"<br />")
    if isinstance(separator, list) and len(separator) != 2:
        helper.fail("list of separators should be specified as a pair such as ['<div>',
'</div>']: {}".format(separator))
    header = workflow.properties[property name].get("header")
    json_omit_list = workflow.properties[property_name].get("json_omit_list")
    if not json omit list:
        json_omit_list = []
    incident_field = workflow.properties[property_name].get("incident_field")
    json = workflow.properties[property_name].get("json", {})
    if not isinstance(json, dict) and not isinstance(json, list):
        helper.fail("json element is not formatted correctly: {}".format(json))
    sort_keys = bool(workflow.properties[property_name].get("sort", False))
    return padding, separator, header, json_omit_list, incident_field, json, sort_keys
## S T A R T
if 'workflow' in globals():
    padding, separator, header, json_omit_list, incident_field, json, sort_keys =
get_properties('convert_json_to_rich_text')
    if header:
        if isinstance(separator, list):
            hdr = u"{0}{1}{2}".format(separator[0], header, separator[1])
        else:
            hdr = u"{0}{1}".format(header, separator)
    else:
        hdr = u''''
    convert = ConvertJson(omit_keys=json_omit_list, padding=padding,
separator=separator, sort_keys=sort_keys)
    converted_json = convert.convert_json_to_rich_text(json)
```

```
result = u"{}{}".format(hdr, converted_json if converted_json else "\nNone")

rich_text_note = helper.createRichText(result)
if incident_field:
    incident[incident_field] = rich_text_note
else:
    incident.addNote(rich_text_note)
```

# Data Table - Cisco ASA Network Objects



# **API Name:**

cisco\_asa\_network\_object\_dt

### Columns:

Column Name	API Access Name	Туре	Tooltip
Cisco ASA Firewall	cisco_asa_firewall	text	-
Network Object Group	cisco_asa_network_object_group	text	-
Object ID	cisco_asa_network_object_id	text	-
Object Kind	cisco_asa_network_object_kind	text	-
Object Value	cisco_asa_network_object_value	text	-
Query Date	cisco_asa_query_date	datetimepicker	-
Status	cisco_asa_status	textarea	-

# Rules

Rule Name	Object	Workflow Triggered
Cisco ASA: Get Network Object Group	incident	cisco_asa_get_network_object_group
Cisco ASA: Add IP Range to Network Object Group	artifact	cisco_asa_add_artifact_to_network_object_group
Cisco ASA: Add IP Address to Network Object Group	artifact	cisco_asa_add_artifact_to_network_object_group
Cisco ASA: Add FQDN to Network Object Group	artifact	cisco_asa_add_artifact_to_network_object_group
Cisco ASA: Get Network Object Details	cisco_asa_network_object_dt	cisco_asa_get_network_object_details
Cisco ASA: Remove Network Object from Network Object Group	cisco_asa_network_object_dt	cisco_asa_remove_network_object_from_network_object_group
Cisco ASA: Add IPv6Network to Network Object Group	artifact	cisco_asa_add_artifact_to_network_object_group
Cisco ASA: Add IPv4Network to Network Object Group	artifact	cisco_asa_add_artifact_to_network_object_group

Refer to the documentation listed in the Requirements section for troubleshooting information.

# For Support

This is a IBM Community provided App. Please search the Community https://ibm.biz/soarcommunity for assistance.