#### Bifurcation in parameter dependent systems

Numerical Methods for Systems Biology WS 12/13

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#### Overview

1 Introduction: Fixed Point Analysis

2 Bifurcation

Example: Logistig growth with harvesting

3 Hopf Bifurcation

4 Numerical Bifurcation Analysis: Path following

#### Introduction: Fixed Point Analysis

Given the system of differential equations:

$$y' = f(y)$$

#### **Definition**

A fixed point  $y^*$  is defined by  $f(y^*) = 0$ .

- Solve the equation f(y) = 0
- Analyse eigenvalues of the Jacobian at fixed points.

#### Bifurcation

Now: System with *controle parameter*  $\mu$ .

$$y' = f(y, \mu)$$

How does  $\mu$  influence the fixed points?

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- Change in FP stability
- Change in FP number and location.

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#### Definition

*Bifurcation* is the changing of the character of an equalibrium point and/or the creation of extra ones by alteration of a control parameter.

The value of  $\mu$  where bifurcation occurs is called a *bifurcation point*.

## Example: Logistig growth with harvesting

Growth of a (fish) population under harvesting (fishing):

$$y' = \frac{1}{10}y(10 - y) - \mu$$

Solving  $f(y, \mu) = 0$  for any parameter  $\mu$ .

## Example: Logistig growth with harvesting

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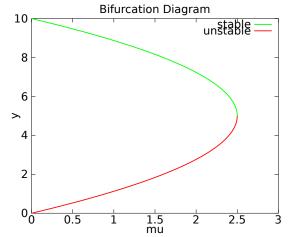
Solving  $f(y, \mu) = 0$  for any parameter  $\mu$ .

Fixed points at

$$y_{1/2} = 5 \pm \sqrt{25 - 10\mu}$$

Stability:

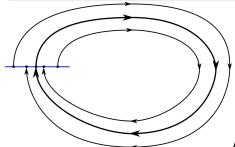
$$\lambda = \frac{df}{dy} = -\frac{2}{10}y + 1$$



## Hopf Bifurcation

#### Definition

A *Hopf Bifurcation* is the appearance or disappearance of a periodic orbit (limit cycle) through a local change in the stability properties of a fixed point.



Appears when a pair of complex

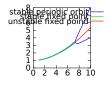
conjugate eigenvalues around the fixed point crosses the imaginary axis of the complex plane.

# Hopf Bifurcation example

#### chlorine dioxide-iodine-malonic acid reaction

iodine:  $y_1' = \mu - y_1 - \frac{4y_1y_2}{y_1^2 + 1}$  chlorine dioxine:  $y_2' = y_1(1 - \frac{y_2}{y_1^2 + 1})$ 

- Fixed points at  $(y_1, y_2) = (\frac{\mu}{5}, \frac{1}{25}(\mu^2 + 25))$
- Bifurcation point at  $\mu \approx 7.3$



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## Numerical Bifurcation Analysis

How to draw the bifurcation diagram and find bifurcation points?

Fixed point analysis for equidistant parameters  $\mu$  is inefficient.

#### Idea

Follow the fixed point around the fold bifurcation curve.

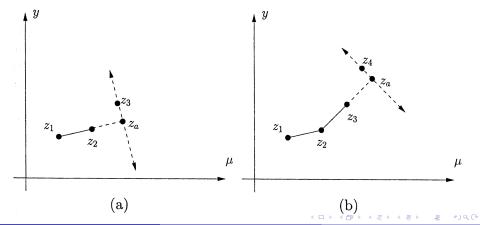
Treating  $\mu$  as an aditional dependent variable in phase space and solve

$$f(y,\mu)=0$$

.

## Numerical Bifurcation Analysis

- Given two nearby points  $z_1=(y_1,\mu_1)$  and  $z_2=(y_2,\mu_2)$
- Initial approximation  $z_a = 2z_2 z_1$  as starting point for Newton's method.
- Additional equation:  $(z_3 z_a) \cdot (z_a z_2) = 0$



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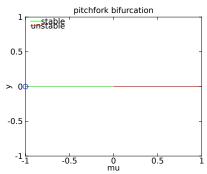
Bifurcation

Bifurcation Diagram for  $y' = \mu y - y^3$ 

• Fixing  $\mu=-1$  yield  $z_1=(0,-1)$  and  $z_2=(0,-1+\delta\mu)$  for small approximate distance  $\delta\mu$ 

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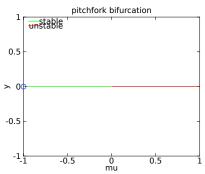
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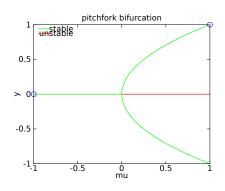


• Other fixed points for  $\mu=1$  yield  $z_1=(1,1)$  and  $z_2=(1,1+\delta\mu)$ 

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## Summary

• ...