





IDSS

PART (5)



Blind Search Agent





بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم





شبابنا الحلو .. ربنا معاكوا في اخر ترم وفي مشروع التخرج.

حنكون معاكوا ان شاء الله في ٣ مواد ... متشغلوش بالكوا بيهم و ركزوا في مشروعكوا







Search

Blind vs. Heuristic Strategies

I) Heuristic (informed) Search

strategies exploit such information to assess that one node is "more promising" than another.

- A heuristic is a strategy for selectively exploring the search space.
- It guides the search along lines that have a high probability of success.
- It employs knowledge about the nature of a problem to find a solution.
- It does <u>not</u> guarantee an optimal solution to the problem but can come close most of the time.
- Human beings use many heuristics in problem solving.

II) Blind (or Un-Informed/Exhaustive /Brute-Force)

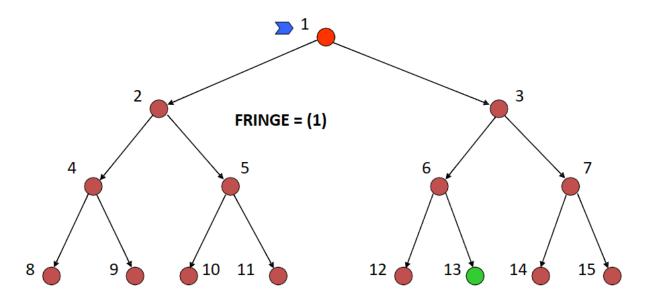
Strategies Do not exploit any of the information contained in a state.

Strategies:

- 1- Depth-First Search [DFS]: New nodes are inserted at the Front of the FRINGE.
 - Depth-Limited Search
 - Iterative Deepening Search
- 2- Breadth-First Search [BFS]: New nodes are inserted at the End of the FRINGE.
 - Bidirectional Search
- 3- Uniform-Cost Search [UCS]

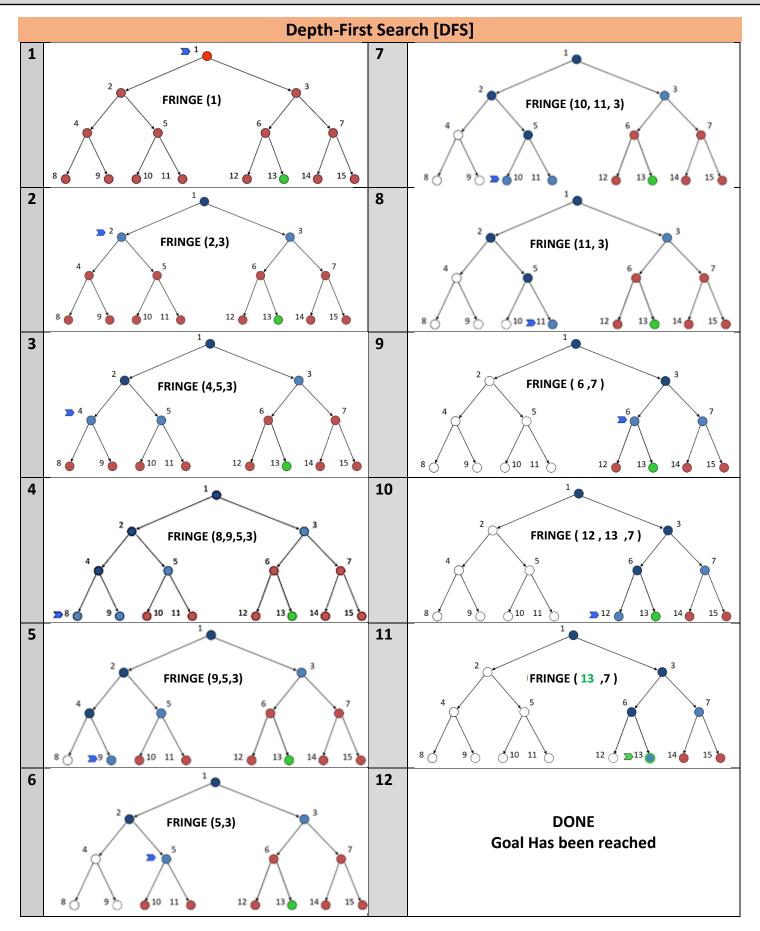
Example

(initial State = 1, Goal State = 13)









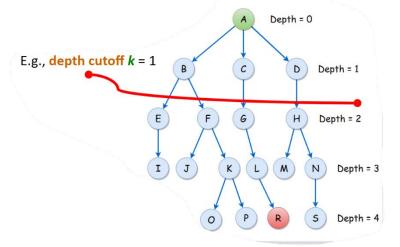


Depth-Limited Strategy

Depth-first with depth cutoff k (maximal depth below which nodes are not expanded)

Three possible outcomes:

- Solution.
- Failure (no solution). Cutoff (no solution within cutoff).



Iterative-Deepening Strategy

Repeat for k = 0, 1, 2, ...:

- Perform depth-first with depth cutoff k

E.g., Repeat for k = 0 to 4

- Perform depth-first with depth cutoff k



الحمد لله ان ربنا وفقنا انهاردا نقول "الحمد لله"



الحمد لله ، علي الصحة ، و الاكل و اني بتعلم ، و ان ممكن يكون عندي اب او ام ، الحمد لله اني ليا صحاب و ناس

الحمد لله أي ليا صحاب و ناس بتحبني ، الحمد لله علي نعمة الامن و الأمان.

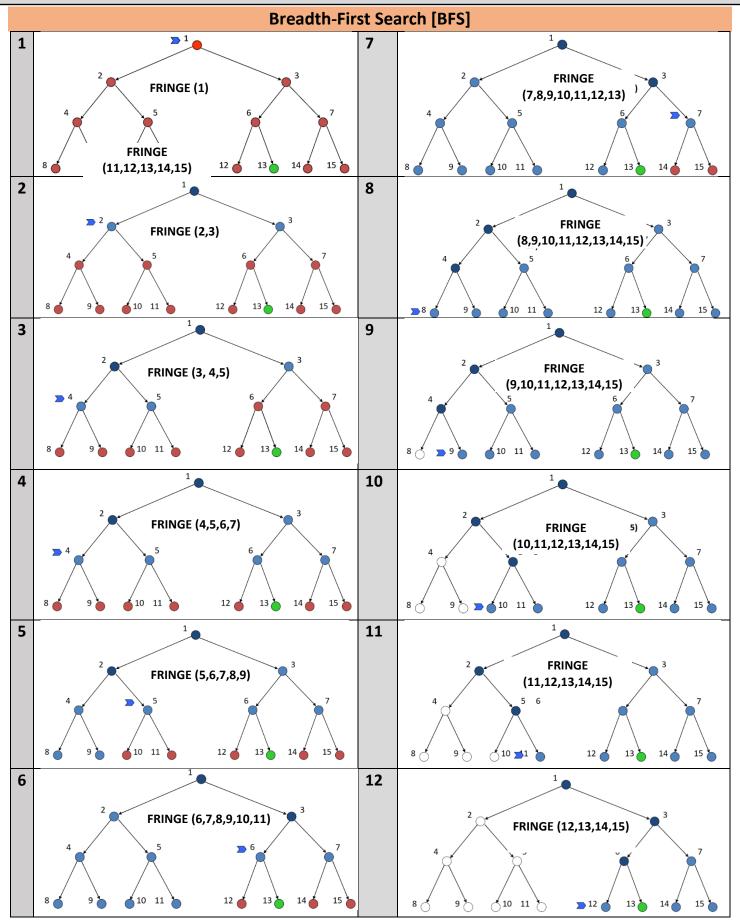
الحمد لله علي كل نعمة فاكرينها و مش فاكرينها.

الحمد لله على نعمة الإسلام.

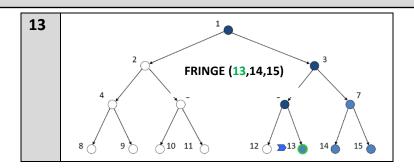
الحمد لله اني لسة عايش و اخدت يوم كمان فممكن لسة اتوب عن أي حاحة غلط

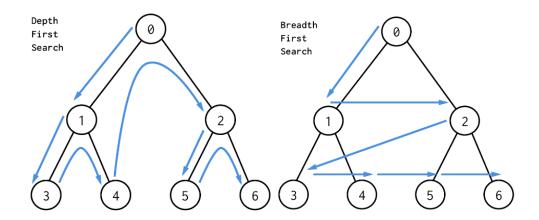








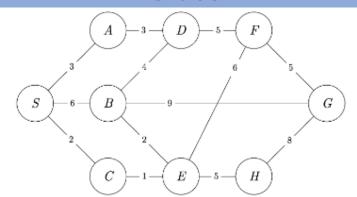




Comparing Depth, Breadth, & Iterative Deepening Search Algorithms:-

- Breadth-first and iterative deepening guarantee shortest solution.
- o Breadth-first: high space complexity.
- Depth-first: low space complexity, but may search well below solution depth.
- Iterative deepening: best performance in terms of orders of complexity.

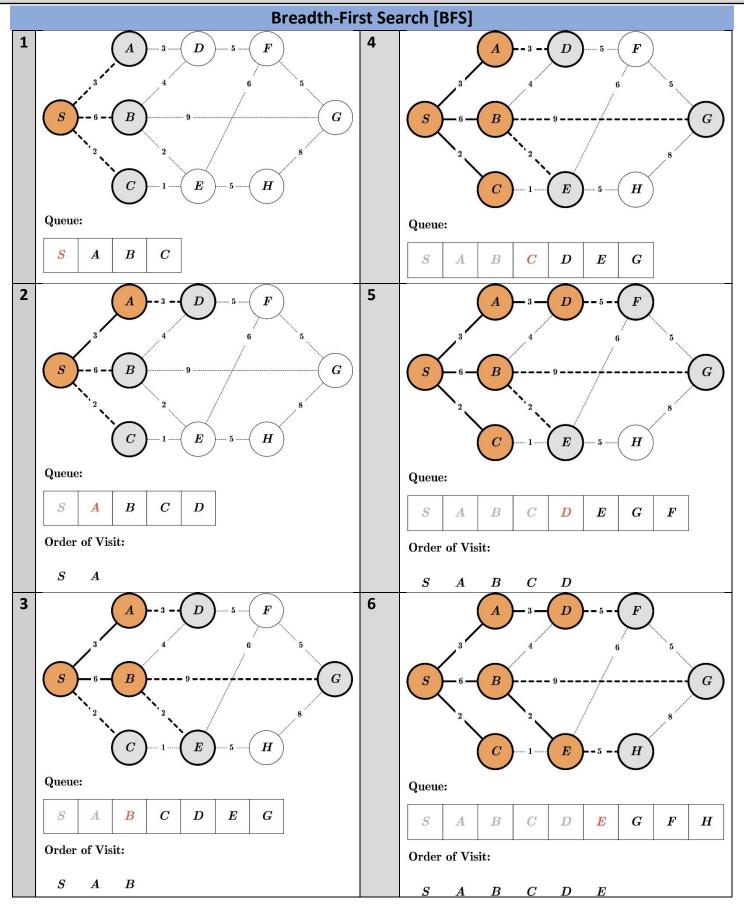
Exercise



Question: What is the order of visits of the nodes and the path returned by BFS, DFS?

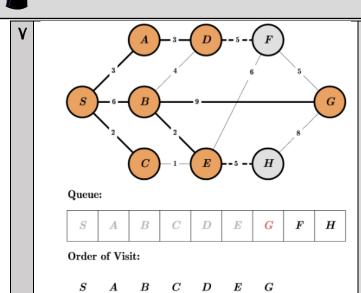


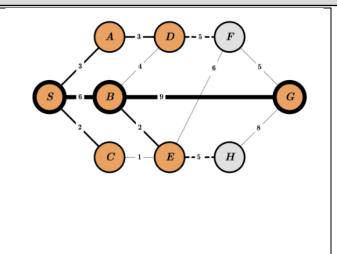


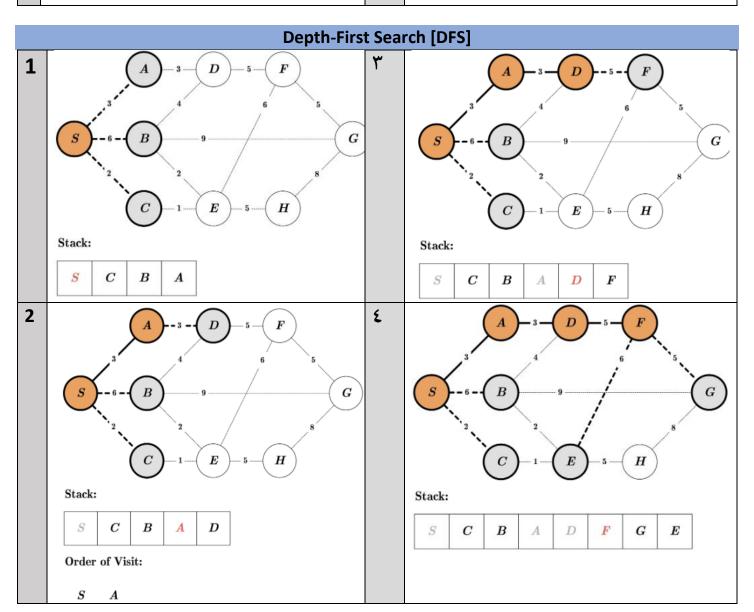


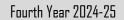
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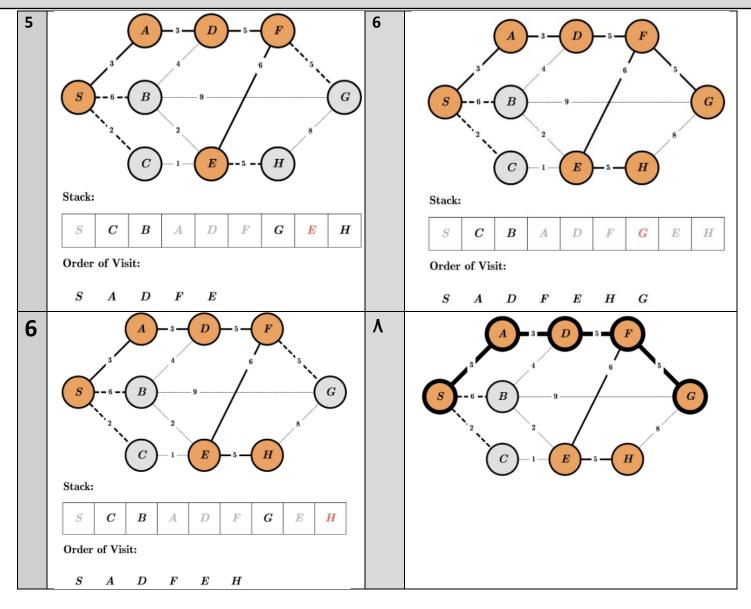












Bye-Bye

