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# B. M. S. College of Engineering, Bengaluru - 560019

# Autonomous Institute Affiliated to VTU October / November 2021 Supplementary Examinations

Programme: B.E.

Branch: All Branches

Course Code: 18PY1BSPHY / 18PY2BSPHY

Course: Applied Physics

Semester: I / II

Duration: 3 hrs.

Max Marks: 100

Date: 31.10.2021

# Answer five full questions, choosing one full question from each unit.

#### **Physical constants:**

Mass of electron,  $m_e = 9.1 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$ Electronic charge,  $e = 1.602 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$ Boltzmann constant,  $k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$ Avagadro number,  $N_A = 6.023 \times 10^{26} / \text{k mol}$ 

Mass of neutron/proton m=  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg Planck constant,  $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34}$  Js Permittivity of free space, $\varepsilon_0$ = $8.85 \times 10^{-12}$  F/m Speed of light, c= $3 \times 10^8$  m/s

### UNIT - 1

- 1. a Evaluate the energy eigen values for a particle trapped in a potential well of 8 infinite height and show that the values are quantized.
  - b Define group velocity of matter waves. Show that the group velocity of a 8 matter wave is equal to its particle velocity.
  - The group velocity of a particle is  $3x10^6$  m/s. Calculate its phase velocity and 4 its kinetic energy.

#### OR

- 2. a State Heisenberg Uncertainty Principle (HUP). Using HUP, show that an 8 electron cannot exist inside the nucleus.
  - b What is wave function? Set up one-dimensional time independent 8 Schrodinger's wave equation.
  - c Calculate the zero point energy and energy of the first excited state in eV for an electron in a box of width  $10x10^{-10}$ m

#### **UNIT - 2**

- 3 a State the postulates of quantum free electron theory (QFET). Discuss any two 8 merits of QFET.
  - b Define the term thermal conductivity. Arrive at the expression for the same 8 using the concepts of classical free electron theory.
  - c The Fermi energy of potassium is 2.1eV. Calculate the energy for which the probability of occupancy at 300K is 0.5.

#### UNIT - 3

- 4. a Derive an expression for internal field in case of liquid or solid dielectrics. 8 When can we take internal field in dielectric as Lorentz field?
  - b Mathematically prove that for an intrinsic semiconductor, the Fermi level lies 8 in the middle of band gap. Discuss the cases of Fermi level for extrinsic semiconductors with a neat diagram.
  - c The relative permittivity of sulphur is 4. Calculate its atomic polarizability. 4 Given that sulphur in cubic form has a density of 2.08x10<sup>3</sup>kg/m<sup>3</sup> and atomic weight is 32.

#### **UNIT - 4**

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- 5. a Derive the expression for energy density of radiation in terms of Einstein's A&B coefficients.
  - b Arrive at the expression for numerical aperture of an optical fiber. Explain the significance of cone of acceptance.

c	The attenuation of light in an optical fiber is 3.6dB/km. What fractional initial	4
	intensity remains after (i) 1km (ii) 3km?	

# OR

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- 6. a What is a hologram? Describe with neat diagram the recording of a hologram.
  - b Define co-efficient of attenuation. Discuss the causes for attenuation.
  - c Light of wavelength 632.8nm is emitted by a He-Ne laser and has an output power of 2.3mW. Calculate how many photons are emitted in each minute by this laser.

#### **UNIT - 5**

- 7. a What do you understand by simple harmonic motion? Explain the case of electric to magnetic oscillations in an LC circuit.
  - b What are forced oscillations? Arrive at the expression for amplitude in case of forced oscillations.
  - c An electric motor weighing 50kg is mounted on 4 springs each of which has a 4 spring constant 2x10<sup>3</sup> N/m. The motor moves only in vertical direction. Find the natural frequency and time period of the system.

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