

**Linear Algebra**  
**Exam 2**  
**November 23, 2022**

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ UID: \_\_\_\_\_

- The exam consists of FIVE problems.
- Unsupported answers will receive little or no credit.
- Anyone caught writing after time has expired will be given a mark of zero.
- Time: 75 minutes.

Problem	Score	Points
1		6
2		6
3		8
4		10
5		12
Total		42

Best wishes!

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**Problem 1.** (6 points) Determine if each of the following sets is a subspace.

(i) Is  $W = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 : 2xz = y\}$  a subspace of  $(\mathbb{R}^3, +, \cdot)$  with the standard addition and multiplication?

(ii) Is  $W = \{f(x) \in \mathcal{F}(-\infty, \infty) : f(-x) = -f(x)\}$  a subspace of  $(\mathcal{F}(-\infty, \infty), +, \cdot)$  with the standard addition and multiplication?

**Problem 2.** Consider the set of vectors

$$S = \{1 - x, x - x^3, 1 + x - kx^2 + x^3\}$$

in  $\mathcal{P}_{\leq 3}$ , the space of polynomials in  $x$  of degree  $\leq 3$ .

- (i) (4 points) Determine the value(s) of  $k$  for which  $S$  is linearly independent.

- (ii) (2 points) Can  $S$  be a basis for  $\mathcal{P}_{\leq 3}$ ? Justify your answer.

**Problem 3.** (8 points) Consider the set

$$\mathbb{R}^2 = \{(x, y) : x, y \text{ real numbers}\},$$

equipped with the following addition and scalar multiplication:

$$\begin{aligned}(x, y) + (x', y') &= (x x', y y') \\ \alpha \cdot (x, y) &= (\alpha x + 1, \alpha y + 1)\end{aligned}$$

The triple  $(\mathbb{R}^2, +, \cdot)$  is **not** a vector space because ...

**Choose all answers that apply and justify why the property fails.**

- (i) it does not satisfy the additive commutativity axiom,
- (ii) it does not satisfy the additive identity axiom,
- (iii) it does not satisfy the scalar multiplicative identity axiom,
- (iv) it does not satisfy the compatibility axiom for scalar multiplication,
- (v) it does not satisfy the additive inverse axiom.

**Problem 4.** Suppose that the following two matrices are row-equivalent

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & a \\ 1 & 1 & b \\ 1 & 0 & c \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (i) (6 points) Describe  $\text{NullSpace}(A)$  and  $\text{RowSpace}(A)$  as vector spaces by finding a basis and the dimension of each of them.

- (ii) (2 points) Find the column vector  $\begin{pmatrix} a \\ b \\ c \end{pmatrix}$ .

- (iii) (2 points) For  $A$  and  $B$  as given above, are  $\text{ColSpace}(A)$  and  $\text{ColSpace}(B)$  equal? Justify.

**Problem 5.** (4 points each) True or False? Circle one and prove your answer.

(i) The map  $\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle$  given by

$$\langle (x, y, z), (x', y', z') \rangle = x x' + y y' + (z + z')^2$$

is an inner product on  $\mathbb{R}^3$ .

Reason:

True    False

(ii) Let  $(V, +, \cdot)$  be a vector space such that  $\dim(V) = n < \infty$ . For any set  $S$  containing exactly  $n$  many vectors, if  $S$  is linearly independent, then  $S$  must span  $V$ .

Reason:

True    False

- (iii) Let  $A \in M_{m \times n}$ . If  $m > n$ , then the  $m$ -many rows of  $A$  cannot form a basis for  $\mathbb{R}^m$ .

Reason:

True    False



**Draft:**