

UNIVERSITY OF GHANA  
MATH 223-CALCULUS II  
Quick Revision chapters 1,2,3

- 1- a) By using the definition of the natural logarithmic function, prove that for any  $x > 0$ ,

$$\frac{1}{x+1} < \ln\left(\frac{x+1}{x}\right) < \frac{1}{x}.$$

Deduce that

$$\frac{1}{3} + \ln 2 < \ln 3 < \frac{1}{2} + \ln 2.$$

- b) Let  $f(x) = 2 \log_2^2 x - \frac{3}{\ln 2} \ln x + 1$ ,  $x > 0$ .
- (i) Find the intervals where  $f$  is strictly increasing or strictly decreasing and explain why  $f$  is a one-to-one function from these intervals to their corresponding ranges to be specified.
  - (ii) Find the value of  $(f^{-1})'(-\frac{1}{8})$ .
- c) Find the values of  $x$  that satisfy the equation

$$12 \cosh^2 x + 7 \sinh x = 24.$$

- 2- a) Find the following limits:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^{\ln(1+x)}; \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x - \sqrt{x}}{\cosh x - \sinh x}; \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(2x)}{\sinh(7x)}; \quad \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \left(1 + \frac{h}{3}\right)^{1/h}.$$

- b) By using the MVT, prove that for any  $x > 0$ ,

$$x < \sinh x < x \cosh x.$$

Deduce that

$$\ln 2 < \frac{3}{4} < \frac{5}{4} \ln 2.$$

- c) i) Find the derivative of the function  $f(x) = (\sin x)^{\tan x}$  defined for  $x \in (0, \pi) \setminus \{\frac{\pi}{2}\}$ .  
 ii) Given that  $\sinh x = \frac{5}{12}$ , find the value of  $\cosh x$ ,  $\tanh x$ ,  $\sinh(2x)$ ,  $\cosh(2x)$ ,  $\coth x$ .