Q1)

$$\beta_{-}: {}^{196}Au \rightarrow {}^{196}Hg + e^{-} + \bar{\nu}$$
  
 $\beta_{+}: {}^{196}Au \rightarrow {}^{196}Pt + e^{+} + \nu$   
 $\varepsilon: {}^{196}Au + e^{-} \rightarrow {}^{196}Pt + \nu$ 

$$Q_{\beta_{-}} = \left[ m \left( {}^{A}X \right) - m \left( {}^{A}X' \right) \right] c^{2} = \left[ 195.966544 - 195.965807 \right] * 931.502 \; MeV$$

$$= 686.517 \; keV$$

$$Q_{\beta_{+}} = \left[ m \left( {}^{A}X \right) - m \left( {}^{A}X' \right) - 2m_{e} \right] c^{2} = \left[ 195.966544 - 195.964926 - 2 * 5.485803 \times 10^{-4} \right] * 931.502 \; MeV$$

$$= 485.163 \; keV$$

$$Q_{\varepsilon} = \left[ m \left( {}^{A}X \right) - m \left( {}^{A}X' \right) \right] c^{2} - B_{n} = \left[ 195.966544 - 195.964926 \right] * 931.502 \; MeV - 0 \; MeV$$

$$= 1.50717 \; MeV$$

**Q2**)

$$\begin{array}{ll} a)\Delta I=2; & \Delta\pi=yes: \text{ First Forbidden} \\ b)\Delta I=2; & \Delta\pi=no: \text{ Second Forbidden} \\ c)\Delta I=3; & \Delta\pi=no: \text{ Second Forbidden} \\ d)\Delta I=0; & \Delta\pi=no: \text{ Allowed Decay} \\ e)\Delta I=0; & \Delta\pi=yes: \text{ First Forbidden} \end{array}$$

Q3)

First, we need to get the energy of the excited state of  $^{20}Ne$  by employing conservation of Energy.  $E_1$  represents the energy the excited state has over the ground state of  $^{20}Ne$ :

$$^{20}Na \rightarrow ^{20}Ne^* + e^+ + \nu$$

$$E_1 = \left[m\left(^{20}Na\right) - m\left(^{20}Ne\right)\right] * c^2 - T_e$$

$$E_1 = \left[20.007344 - 19.992436\right] * 931.502 \ MeV - 5.55 \ MeV = 8.34 \ MeV$$

$$^{20}Ne^* \rightarrow ^{16}O + \alpha$$

$$E_2 = \left[m\left(^{20}Ne\right) - m\left(^{16}O\right) - m\left(^{4}He\right)\right] * c^2$$

$$E_2 = \left[19.992436 - 15.994915 - 4.002603\right] * 931.502 \ MeV = -4.73389$$

$$Q = E_1 + E_2 = 8.34 - 4.73389 = 3.61 \ MeV$$

$$T_{\alpha} = \frac{Q}{1 + \frac{m_{\alpha}}{m_{X'}}} = \frac{3.61}{1 + \frac{4.00150618}{15.994915}} \ MeV = 2.89 \ MeV$$

Q4)

a) 
$$\rho*R=0.421*E-0.106 \implies R=\frac{0.421*E^{-0.106}}{\rho}=\frac{0.412*(3.58)^{-0.106}}{2.7}=0.133~cm$$
 b) For Al  $\mu/\rho=5.006\times 10^{-2} \implies \mu=0.135~cm^{-1}.~t_{1/2}=12.36~hrs=44496~s$  
$$A_0=10~mCi;~~by~\gamma:2.5~mCi$$
 
$$A=A_0e^{-\mu x}=2.5e^{-0.135*0.133}=2.46~mCi=91020000~Decays/s$$
 
$$N=\lambda A=\frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}}*A=\frac{\ln 2}{44496}*91020000=1418~photons$$
 c) 
$$1-\frac{N}{N_0}=1-\frac{\frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}}*A}{\frac{\ln 2}{t_{1/2}}*A_0}=1-\frac{A}{A_0}=1-\frac{2.46}{2.5}=0.016=1.6\%~Absorbed$$

d) Compton Effect