# Linux commands

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# **Shortcuts**

### Bash command line shortcuts

- ctrl+a e: move to the front / end of a line
- ctrl+u k: cut to the cursor / from the cursor in a line
- ctrl+b f: move back / forward a char
- alt+b f: move back / forward a word
- ctrl+w: delete a word in the left
- ctrl+d h: delete / backspace a char
- ctrl+y: paste
- ctrl+\_: undo

### Terminal shortcuts

- ctrl+alt+t: open a terminal
- ctrl+z: stop / suspend
- ctrl+c: kill
- ctrl+d: close (at the beginning of the prompt)
- ctrl+l: clear
- ctrl+r: reverse history search
- ctrl+p n: command history search
- ctrl+s q: stop output to screen / resume
- shift+page-up page-down: scrolling

# Linux commands

### Basic

- history, !!, !#, !<command>: history search/execute
- pwd: present working directory
- which <command>: shows absolute path of the command
- ullet ls -asl: a hidden, s size, l long-format
- ls -F: \* executable / directory @ symbolic link
- ls -R: recursive to all subdirectories
- clear, cat [-n], touch (creates an empty file), more <file> (page view), head/tail [-n] <file>
- wc [-lwc] <file>: l line, w word, c char count
- cp [-r] dir1 dir2: recursive copy including subdirectories
- mv [-i], rm [-ir]: i interactive, r recursive (to remove all subdirectories)
- chmod [-R] ugoa+-=rwx <file>
- file <file>: shows attributes of the file

### Shall commands

- Bash shell user env setting: ~/.bash\_profile(login), ~/.bashrc(login, subshell)
- Setting environment variable:
  - \$ var1=value1 # define a shell variable
  - \$ export var1 # declares local variable to global variables
  - \$ echo \$var1 # shows the value of the shell variable
- Useful ~/.bashrc inclusion
  - export PATH=\$PATH:.
  - − # History search code
  - bind '"\e[A": history-search-backward'
  - bind '"\eB": history-search-forward'
- . ~/.bashrc: executes ~/.bashrc (source command)
- Command substitution: 'commands here substituted with results' (quotations are backtick)
- >, >>, |, \*?[..]: redirection, append, pipe, and wildcards
- command&: background processing
- jobs [%job\_number]
- fg %job\_number
- kill %job number or kill process number
- wait process\_number
- nohup <command> &: enables to run the command after logout
- ps -ef: shows all info regarding processes
- ps -ef | grep -w <word>: whole word matching the same as pgrep
- find <directory> -name <filename> -print or -ls
- Other file handling commands: grep, sort, cmp, diff, cat (to merge; e.g., cat f1 f2 > f3)
- Disk related commands: df, du [-s:sum] (refer to man)
- Archive (without compress): tar (refer to man)
- Compress: gzip (refer to man)

### Other topics

- Bash shell script (start with #!/bin/bash; make executable)
- C-programming
- Process handling
- ullet System admin