# ChemPro Risk Assessment

# **Facility Overview**

ChemPro Industrial Processing Plant is a state-of-the-art chemical processing facility that produces specialty solvents and additives used in various industrial applications. The plant integrates modern automation with legacy control systems, making it a rich environment for both operational efficiency and cybersecurity study.

# **Facility Description**

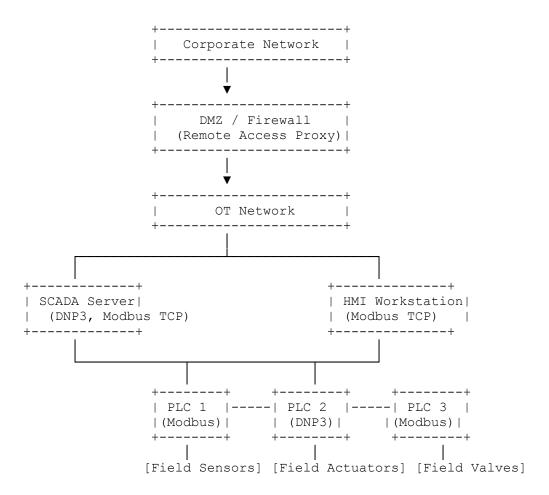
ChemPro's process involves:

- Mixing and Reaction: Large tanks where raw chemicals are combined.
- Heating and Catalysis: Reactor systems with precise temperature control.
- **Pumping and Distribution:** Conveying processed chemicals to storage or shipment.

The facility is controlled via a layered network architecture separating the corporate IT systems from the Operational Technology (OT) network that directly interfaces with field devices and controllers.

# **Network Topology Diagram**

Below is a simplified network diagram depicting key nodes, connections, and protocols used in the OT segment (next page):



### **Key Connections:**

- Corporate to OT: Separated by a DMZ/firewall with limited, controlled remote access.
- SCADA & HMI: Use both DNP3 and Modbus TCP for data acquisition and control.
- **PLC Cluster:** Each PLC is responsible for a segment of the process and communicates over Modbus TCP or DNP3 with field devices.

# **Fictitious Personnel**

# **Engineers**

- Sarah Mitchell, Lead Control Engineer
  - Oversees overall control strategies and system integrations for the plant. Sarah has 15 years of experience in process automation and is responsible for ensuring that the control systems align with process safety standards.
- David Rodriguez, Senior SCADA Engineer
  Specializes in SCADA system configuration and maintenance. David's role involves developing alarm systems and integrating real-time data for process optimization.

### • Emily Nguyen, Industrial Network Engineer

Manages the design, configuration, and monitoring of the OT network. With expertise in industrial protocols, Emily ensures secure connectivity between PLCs, HMIs, and other critical systems.

### **Technicians**

### • Michael Brooks, Maintenance Technician

Conducts routine inspections and maintenance of the control hardware, including PLCs and sensors. Michael's responsibilities also include applying firmware updates and troubleshooting field device anomalies.

## • Robert Johnson, Field Technician

Works on-site to calibrate and repair sensors, valves, and actuators. Robert ensures that the physical devices are correctly integrated with the network and that communication protocols remain reliable.

# **Business Model Overview**

ChemPro Industrial Processing Plant is a vertically integrated chemical processing company that designs, manufactures, and supplies specialty solvents and chemical additives for industries including automotive, aerospace, and consumer products. The company's business model relies on:

### • Proprietary Chemical Formulations:

ChemPro invests heavily in research and development to create unique chemical blends that offer superior performance. These proprietary formulas and process recipes are critical trade secrets that provide a competitive edge.

### • Long-Term Supplier and Customer Contracts:

The company has secured long-term contracts with major industrial clients and government agencies, ensuring a steady revenue stream. These relationships are built on trust and confidentiality, where the details of pricing, delivery schedules, and quality standards are highly sensitive.

## • Vertical Integration:

From raw material procurement to the final product distribution, ChemPro controls every step of the production process. This integration not only drives efficiency but also means that any disruption—whether from cyber or physical threats—can have far-reaching impacts across the entire supply chain.

### • Global Supply Chain:

With distribution centers and partner facilities located in multiple regions, the company's operations are globally interconnected. The secure exchange of operational data between these facilities is vital to maintaining production consistency and meeting regulatory requirements.

### • R&D and Continuous Innovation:

Innovation is central to ChemPro's business model. The facility hosts dedicated R&D teams that collaborate with engineering and production departments to continuously

improve product formulations and process technologies. This intellectual property (IP) is both a key asset and a target for industrial espionage.

# Image 1: Aerial View of ChemPro Facility

This aerial view shows the entire facility from above. You can see the main industrial buildings (processing plant, storage tanks, and R&D wing) along with the overall layout. The facility is clearly bounded by a high-security fence, and a prominently placed guard gate is visible at the main entrance. A small guard post is stationed near the gate, ensuring that only authorized vehicles and personnel can access the site.



# **Image 2: Interior View of the Processing Plant**

Inside the ChemPro facility, the interior view captures the heart of the chemical processing operation. The image displays large production areas filled with industrial equipment such as mixing vessels, control panels, piping systems, and safety monitors. The modern design reflects state-of-the-art process control while accommodating legacy control systems, and you can also see the SCADA control room in the background, where operators monitor the process in real time.



# **Image 3: Ground-Level Perimeter View**

The ground-level focuses on the perimeter security of ChemPro. It features a robust, high-security fence that encloses the entire facility. The guard gate is clearly visible as the only controlled point of entry. Additional security elements such as surveillance cameras and an on-site guard station are evident.

# **Assignment: OPSEC Risk Assessment of ChemPro Facility**

### Overview

Using the detailed scenario of the ChemPro Industrial Processing Plant—including its network topology, business model, personnel, and identified security vulnerabilities (which you found)—your task is to perform a comprehensive risk assessment based on the 5 OPSEC steps. This exercise is designed to help you understand how operational security integrates with industrial control environments.

### **Instructions**

Complete your risk assessment by addressing the following steps:

## 1. Identify Critical Information:

- o **Task:** List all the critical pieces of information and assets at ChemPro that need protection.
- o Consider: Proprietary chemical formulations, R&D data, operational schedules, production data, supplier and contract details, and network configurations.
- Ouestions:
  - What data or processes would cause significant harm if compromised?
  - Which pieces of information provide ChemPro its competitive advantage?

### 2. Analyze Threats:

- Task: Identify potential threats that could exploit weaknesses in the facility's security.
- Consider: Threats from industrial espionage, cyber-attacks targeting outdated firmware or insecure protocols, and physical intrusions due to weak perimeter security.
- Questions:
  - Who might benefit from gaining access to ChemPro's critical information?
  - What external or internal events could lead to security breaches?

#### 3. Assess Vulnerabilities:

- o **Task:** Evaluate the vulnerabilities present in the facility's current security setup.
- Consider: Outdated PLC firmware, insecure communication protocols (Modbus TCP and unsecured DNP3), weak authentication, misconfigured network segmentation, remote access flaws, and physical security gaps.
- Ouestions:
  - How might these vulnerabilities be exploited?
  - What factors increase the risk of unauthorized access?

## 4. Apply OPSEC Measures:

- o **Task:** Propose specific security controls or measures that could mitigate the identified risks.
- Consider: Enhancements such as network segmentation, encryption, robust multi-factor authentication, regular firmware updates, improved physical security, and comprehensive monitoring systems.

### Questions:

- Which measures would be most effective in protecting critical information?
- How can you balance operational efficiency with enhanced security?

### 5. Monitor and Evaluate:

- Task: Outline a plan for ongoing monitoring, evaluation, and incident response to maintain security over time.
- Consider: Implementing real-time monitoring tools, performing regular vulnerability assessments and penetration tests, and establishing an incident response plan.

### Questions:

- How will ChemPro ensure that security measures remain effective against evolving threats?
- What processes will be put in place to detect, respond to, and recover from security incidents?

### **Deliverables**

- **Risk Assessment Report:** Write a detailed report that addresses each of the 5 OPSEC steps. Your report should include:
  - o An executive summary of your findings.
  - o A detailed analysis for each step, supported by examples and reasoning.
  - o Recommendations for mitigating risks and improving overall security.
  - o A conclusion summarizing the key points and suggested next steps for ChemPro.
- **Presentation:** Prepare a short presentation (5–10 slides) summarizing your risk assessment. Highlight the most critical vulnerabilities, threats, and recommended OPSEC measures.

### **Evaluation Criteria**

Your assignment will be evaluated on:

- **Depth of Analysis:** How thoroughly you identify and explain critical information, threats, vulnerabilities, and countermeasures.
- **Practical Recommendations:** The feasibility and impact of the proposed OPSEC measures.
- Clarity and Organization: The structure and clarity of your report and presentation.
- **Integration of Scenario Details:** How well you integrate details from the ChemPro scenario into your risk assessment.