BUK100-50GS

DESCRIPTION

Monolithic temperature and overload protected power MOSFET in a 3 pin plastic envelope, intended as a general purpose switch for automotive systems and other applications.

APPLICATIONS

General controller for driving

- lamps
- motors
- solenoids
- heaters

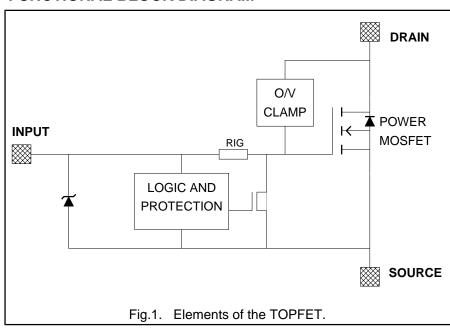
FEATURES

- Vertical power DMOS output stage
- Low on-state resistance
- Overload protection against over temperature
- Overload protection against short circuit load
- Latched overload protection reset by input
- 10 V input level
- Low threshold voltage also allows 5 V control
- Control of power MOSFET and supply of overload protection circuits derived from input
- ESD protection on input pin
- Overvoltage clamping for turn off of inductive loads

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	UNIT
V _{DS} I _D P T T R DS(ON)	Continuous drain source voltage Continuous drain current Total power dissipation Continuous junction temperature Drain-source on-state resistance $V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}$	50 15 40 150 100	V A W C mΩ

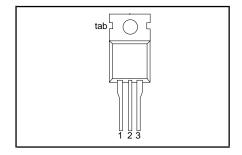
FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



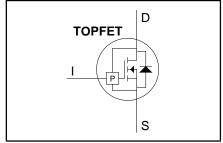
PINNING - TO220AB

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	input
2	drain
3	source
tab	drain

PIN CONFIGURATION



SYMBOL



BUK100-50GS

LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{DSS}	Continuous off-state drain source voltage ¹	V _{IS} = 0 V	-	50	V
V _{IS}	Continuous input voltage	-	0	11	V
I _D	Continuous drain current	$T_{mb} \le 25 \text{ °C}; V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}$	-	15	Α
I _D	Continuous drain current	$T_{mb} \le 100 ^{\circ}C; V_{IS} = 10 V$	-	9.5	Α
I _{DRM}	Repetitive peak on-state drain current	$T_{mb} \le 25 ^{\circ}C; V_{IS} = 10 V$	-	60	Α
P_{D}	Total power dissipation	$T_{mb} \le 25 ^{\circ}C$	-	40	W
T_{stg}	Storage temperature	-	-55	150	°C
T_{j}	Continuous junction temperature ²	normal operation	-	150	°C
T _{sold}	Lead temperature	during soldering	-	250	°C

OVERLOAD PROTECTION LIMITING VALUES

With the protection supply provided via the input pin, TOPFET can protect itself from two types of overload.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{ISP}	Protection supply voltage ³	for valid protection	5	-	V
	Over temperature protection				
$V_{DDP(T)}$	Protected drain source supply voltage	V _{IS} = 10 V	-	50	V
$V_{DDP(P)}$	Short circuit load protection Protected drain source supply voltage ⁴	V _{IS} = 10 V V _{IS} = 5 V	-	20 35	V
P _{DSM}	Instantaneous overload dissipation	$T_{mb} = 25 ^{\circ}C$	-	0.6	kW

OVERVOLTAGE CLAMPING LIMITING VALUES

At a drain source voltage above 50 V the power MOSFET is actively turned on to clamp overvoltage transients.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
I _{DROM} E _{DSM}	Repetitive peak clamping current Non-repetitive clamping energy	$V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}$ $T_{mb} \le 25 \text{ °C}; I_{DM} = 15 \text{ A};$	-	15 200	A mJ
E _{DRM}	Repetitive clamping energy	$V_{DD} \le 20$ V; inductive load $T_{mb} \le 95$ °C; $I_{DM} = 4$ A; $V_{DD} \le 20$ V; $f = 250$ Hz	-	20	mJ

ESD LIMITING VALUE

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V _C	Electrostatic discharge capacitor voltage	Human body model; C = 250 pF; R = 1.5 kΩ	1	2	kV

¹ Prior to the onset of overvoltage clamping. For voltages above this value, safe operation is limited by the overvoltage clamping energy.

² A higher T_i is allowed as an overload condition but at the threshold T_{i(TO)} the over temperature trip operates to protect the switch.

³ The input voltage for which the overload protection circuits are functional.

⁴ The device is able to self-protect against a short circuit load providing the drain-source supply voltage does not exceed V_{DDP(P)} maximum. For further information, refer to OVERLOAD PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS.

BUK100-50GS

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Thermal resistance					
R _{th j-mb}	Junction to mounting base	-	-	2.5	3.1	K/W
R _{th j-a}	Junction to ambient	in free air	-	60	-	K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

T_{mb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{(CL)DSS}$	Drain-source clamping voltage	$V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{D} = 10 \text{ mA}$		50	-	-	V
$V_{(CL)DSS}$	Drain-source clamping voltage	$V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{DM} = 1 \text{ A}; t_p$ $\delta \le 0.01$	≤ 300 μs;	-	-	70	V
I _{DSS}	Zero input voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 12 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}$		-	0.5	10	μΑ
I _{DSS}	Zero input voltage drain current			-	1	20	μΑ
I _{DSS}	Zero input voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 40 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V};$	T _j = 125 °C	-	10	100	μΑ
R _{DS(ON)}	Drain-source on-state resistance	$I_{DM} = 7.5 \text{ A};$ $t_p \le 300 \mu\text{s}; \ \delta \le 0.01$	$V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}$ $V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}$	1 1	65 85	100 125	$m\Omega$

OVERLOAD PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS

TOPFET switches off when one of the overload thresholds is reached. It remains latched off until reset by the input.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$E_{DS(TO)}$ $t_{d\;sc}$	Short circuit load protection ¹ Overload threshold energy Response time	$\begin{split} T_{mb} &= 25 \text{ °C; } L \leq 10 \mu\text{H} \\ V_{DD} &= 13 \text{ V; } V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V} \\ V_{DD} &= 13 \text{ V; } V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V} \end{split}$		0.2 0.8		J ms
$T_{j(TO)}$	Over temperature protection Threshold junction temperature	$V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}; \text{ from } I_{D} \ge 1 \text{ A}^{2}$	150	1	1	ç

INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{mb} = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified. The supply for the logic and overload protection is taken from the input.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V _{IS(TO)} I _{IS} V _{ISR}	Input threshold voltage Input supply current Protection reset voltage ³	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}; I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}; \text{ normal operation}$	1.0 - 2.0	1.5 0.4 2.6	2.0 1.0 3.5	V mA V
V_{ISR}	Protection reset voltage	T _j = 150 °C	1.0	-	-	
$ \begin{vmatrix} I_{ISL} \\ V_{(BR)IS} \\ R_{IG} \end{vmatrix} $	Input supply current Input clamp voltage Input series resistance	V_{IS} = 10 V; protection latched I_{I} = 10 mA to gate of power MOSFET	1.0 11 -	2.5 13 4	5.0 - -	mA V kΩ

¹ The short circuit load protection is able to save the device providing the instantaneous on-state dissipation is less than the limiting value for P_{DSM} , which is always the case when V_{DS} is less than V_{DSP} maximum. Refer to OVERLOAD PROTECTION LIMITING VALUES.

² The over temperature protection feature requires a minimum on-state drain source voltage for correct operation. The specified minimum I_D ensures this condition.

³ The input voltage below which the overload protection circuits will be reset.

Philips Semiconductors Product specification

PowerMOS transistor TOPFET

BUK100-50GS

TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{mb} = 25~^{\circ}C$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
g _{fs}	Forward transconductance	V_{DS} = 10 V; I_{DM} = 7.5 A $t_p \leq 300~\mu s;$ $\delta \leq 0.01$	5	9	-	0
I _{D(SC)}	Drain current ¹	$V_{DS} = 13 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}$	-	40	-	Α

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

 T_{mb} = 25 °C. R_{I} = 50 Ω . Refer to waveform figures and test circuits.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
t _{d on}	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}$	-	1	-	μs
t _r	Rise time	resistive load $R_L = 4 \Omega$	-	4	-	μs
t _{d off}	Turn-off delay time	V _{DD} = 13 V; V _{IS} = 0 V	-	10	-	μs
t _f	Fall time	resistive load $R_L = 4 \Omega$	-	5	-	μs
t _{d on}	Turn-on delay time	V _{DD} = 13 V; V _{IS} = 10 V	-	1	-	μs
t _r	Rise time	inductive load I _{DM} = 3 A	-	0.5	-	μs
t _{d off}	Turn-off delay time	V _{DD} = 13 V; V _{IS} = 0 V	-	15	-	μs
t _f	Fall time	inductive load I _{DM} = 3 A	-	0.5	-	μs

REVERSE DIODE LIMITING VALUE

SYMBOI	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Is	Continuous forward current	$T_{mb} \le 25 ^{\circ}C; V_{IS} = 0 V$	-	15	Α

REVERSE DIODE CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{mb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$

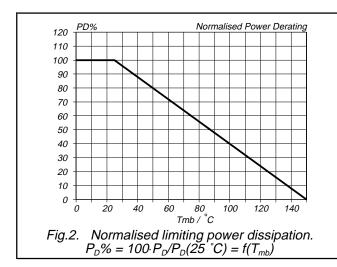
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{SDS}	Forward voltage	$I_S = 15 \text{ A}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}; t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$	-	1.0	1.5	V
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time	not applicable ²	-	-	-	-

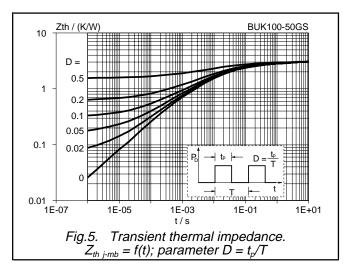
ENVELOPE CHARACTERISTICS

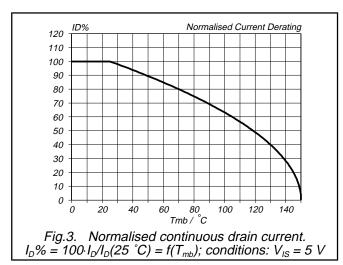
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
L _d	Internal drain inductance	Measured from contact screw on tab to centre of die	ı	3.5		nΗ
L _d	Internal drain inductance	Measured from drain lead 6 mm from package to centre of die	-	4.5	-	nΗ
L _s	Internal source inductance	Measured from source lead 6 mm from package to source bond pad	-	7.5	-	nΗ

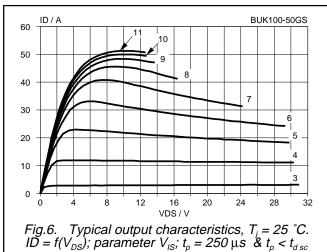
¹ During overload before short circuit load protection operates.

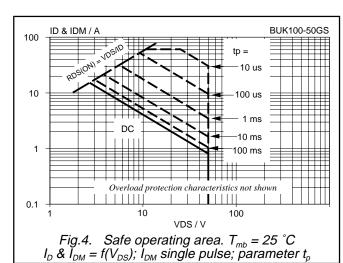
² The reverse diode of this type is not intended for applications requiring fast reverse recovery.

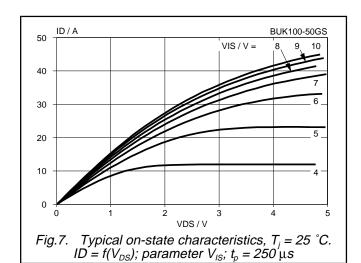


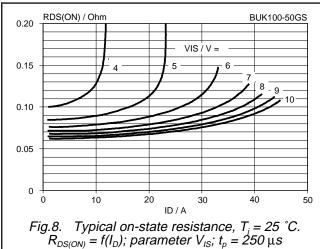












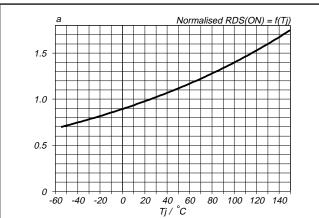


Fig.11. Normalised drain-source on-state resistance. $a = R_{DS(ON)}/R_{DS(ON)}25 \, ^{\circ}C = f(T_j); \, I_D = 7.5 \, A; \, V_{IS} = 5 \, V$

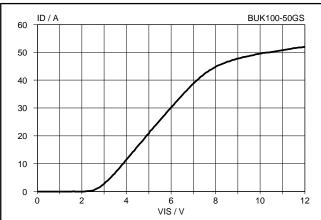


Fig.9. Typical transfer characteristics, T_j = 25 °C. I_D = $f(V_{IS})$; conditions: V_{DS} = 10 V; t_p = 250 μs

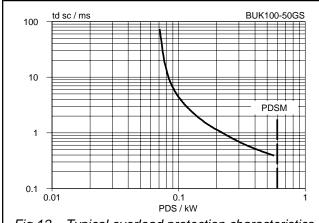


Fig.12. Typical overload protection characteristics. $t_{dsc} = f(P_{DS})$; conditions: $V_{IS} \ge 5 \text{ V}$; $T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$.

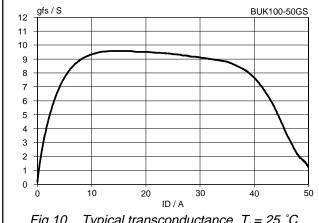


Fig.10. Typical transconductance, $T_j = 25$ °C. $g_{ts} = f(I_D)$; conditions: $V_{DS} = 10$ V; $t_p = 250$ μs

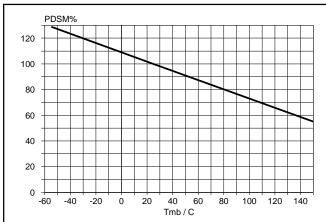


Fig.13. Normalised limiting overload dissipation. $P_{DSM}\% = 100 \cdot P_{DSM}/P_{DSM}(25 \, ^{\circ}C) = f(T_{mb})$

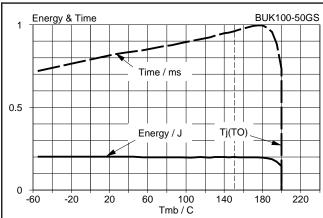


Fig.14. Typical overload protection characteristics. Conditions: V_{DD} = 13 V; V_{IS} = 10 V; SC load = 30 m Ω

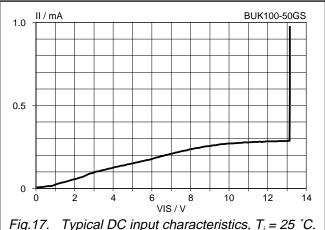


Fig.17. Typical DC input characteristics, $T_j = 25$ °C. $I_{IS} = f(V_{IS})$; normal operation

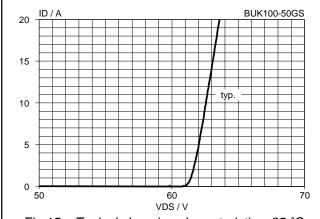


Fig.15. Typical clamping characteristics, 25 °C. $I_D = f(V_{DS})$; conditions: $V_{IS} = 0$ V; $t_p \le 50$ μs

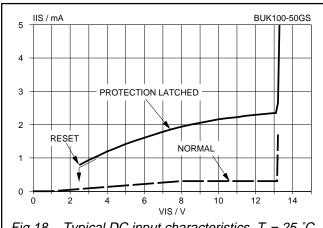
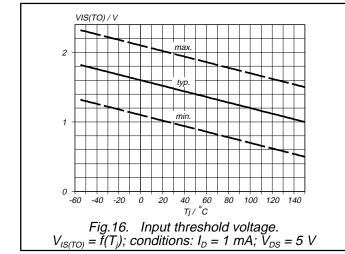


Fig.18. Typical DC input characteristics, $T_j = 25$ °C. $I_{ISL} = f(V_{IS})$; overload protection operated $\Rightarrow I_D = 0$ A



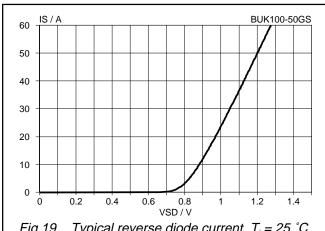


Fig.19. Typical reverse diode current, T_i = 25 °C. I_S = $f(V_{SDS})$; conditions: V_{IS} = 0 V; t_p = 250 μs

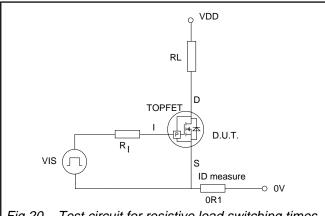


Fig.20. Test circuit for resistive load switching times.

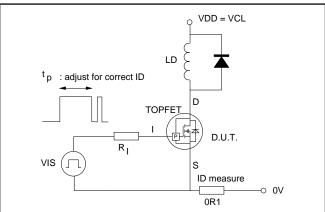


Fig.23. Test circuit for inductive load switching times.

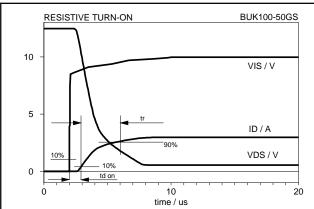


Fig.21. Typical switching waveforms, resistive load. $V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}; R_L = 4 \Omega; R_l = 50 \Omega, T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}.$

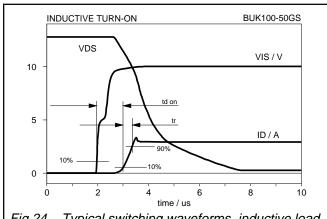


Fig.24. Typical switching waveforms, inductive load. $V_{DD}=13~V;~I_D=3~A;~R_I=50~\Omega,~T_j=25~^{\circ}C.$

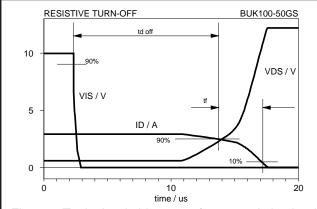


Fig.22. Typical switching waveforms, resistive load. $V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}; R_L = 4 \Omega; R_l = 50 \Omega, T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}.$

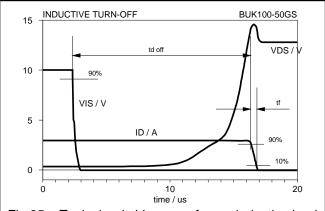
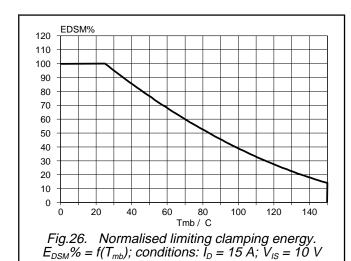


Fig.25. Typical switching waveforms, inductive load. $V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}; I_D = 3 \text{ A}; R_I = 50 \Omega, T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}.$



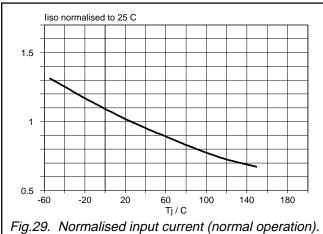


Fig.29. Normalised input current (normal operation). $I_{lS}/I_{lS}25$ °C = $f(T_i)$; $V_{lS} = 10$ V

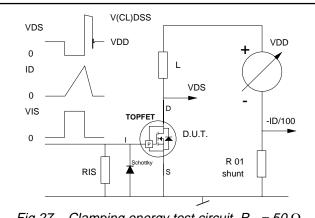


Fig.27. Clamping energy test circuit, $R_{\rm IS} = 50~\Omega$. $E_{DSM} = 0.5 \cdot LI_D^2 \cdot V_{(CL)DSS} / (V_{(CL)DSS} - V_{DD})$

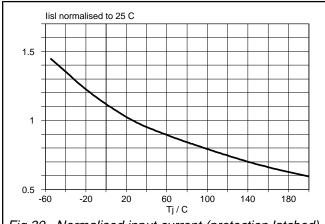
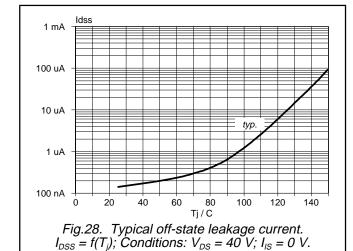


Fig.30. Normalised input current (protection latched). $I_{ISL}/I_{ISL}25$ °C = $f(T_i)$; $V_{IS} = 10 \text{ V}$



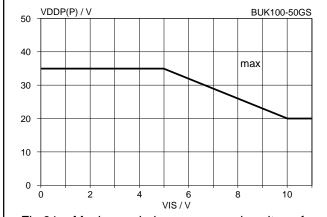
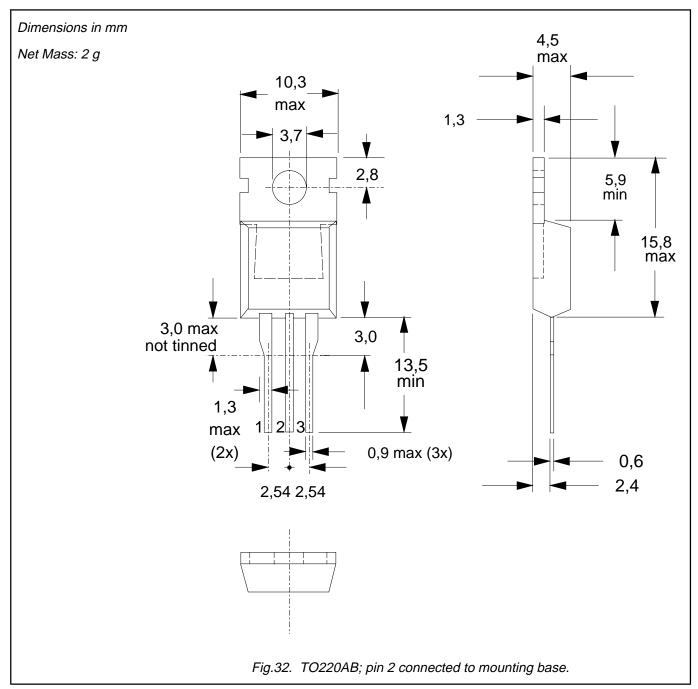


Fig.31. Maximum drain source supply voltage for SC load protection. $V_{DDP(P)} = f(V_{IS})$; $T_{mb} \le 150 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

BUK100-50GS

MECHANICAL DATA



- Refer to mounting instructions for TO220 envelopes.
 Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

BUK100-50GS

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status				
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.			
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.			
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.			
Product specifications This data sheet contains final product specifications.				

Limiting values

Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Application information

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

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