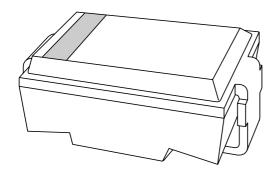
### **DISCRETE SEMICONDUCTORS**

# DATA SHEET



# BYG80 series Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

Product specification
Supersedes data of 1996 May 24
File under Discrete Semiconductors, SC01





# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### **BYG80** series

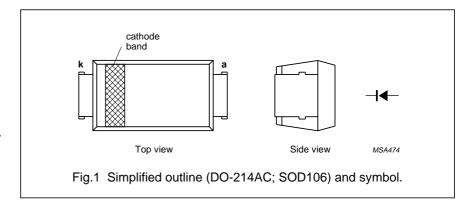
#### **FEATURES**

- · Glass passivated
- High maximum operating temperature
- · Low leakage current
- · Excellent stability
- Guaranteed avalanche energy absorption capability
- UL 94V-O classified plastic package
- Shipped in 12 mm embossed tape.

#### **DESCRIPTION**

DO-214AC surface mountable package with glass passivated chip.

The well-defined void-free case is of a transfer-moulded thermo-setting plastic.



#### **LIMITING VALUES**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

| SYMBOL             | PARAMETER                       | CONDITIONS  | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| V <sub>RRM</sub>   | repetitive peak reverse voltage |   |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A                          |   | _    | 50   | V    |
|                    | BYG80B                          |   | _    | 100  | V    |
|                    | BYG80C                          |   | _    | 150  | V    |
|                    | BYG80D                          |   | _    | 200  | V    |
|                    | BYG80F                          |   | _    | 300  | V    |
|                    | BYG80G                          |   | _    | 400  | V    |
|                    | BYG80J                          |   | _    | 600  | V    |
| $V_R$              | continuous reverse voltage      |   |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A                          |   | _    | 50   | V    |
|                    | BYG80B                          |   | _    | 100  | V    |
|                    | BYG80C                          |   | _    | 150  | V    |
|                    | BYG80D                          |   | _    | 200  | V    |
|                    | BYG80F                          |   | _    | 300  | V    |
|                    | BYG80G                          |   | _    | 400  | V    |
|                    | BYG80J                          |   | _    | 600  | V    |
| I <sub>F(AV)</sub> | average forward current         | T <sub>tp</sub> = 100 °C; see Figs 2, 3 and 4                         |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A to D                     | averaged over any 20 ms period;                                       | _    | 2.4  | Α    |
|                    | BYG80F; BYG80G                  | see also Figs 17, 18 and 19   | _    | 2.3  | Α    |
|                    | BYG80J                          |   | _    | 2.0  | Α    |
| I <sub>F(AV)</sub> | average forward current         | T <sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C; AL <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> PCB mounting |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A to D                     | (see Fig.27); see Figs 5, 6 and 7                                     | _    | 1.25 | Α    |
|                    | BYG80F; BYG80G                  | averaged over any 20 ms period;<br>see also Figs 17, 18 and 19        | _    | 1.15 | Α    |
|                    | BYG80J                          | See also rigs 17, 10 and 19   | _    | 0.95 | Α    |

# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

BYG80 series

| SYMBOL             | PARAMETER                                    | CONDITIONS  | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--------------------|--|---|------|------|------|
| I <sub>F(AV)</sub> | average forward current                      | T <sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C; epoxy PCB mounting                                      |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A to D                                  | (see Fig.27); see Figs 5, 6 and 7   | _    | 0.95 | A    |
|                    | BYG80F; BYG80G                               | averaged over any 20 ms period;<br>see also Figs 17, 18 and 19                    | _    | 0.85 | A    |
|                    | BYG80J                                       | see also rigs 17, to and 19   | _    | 0.65 | Α    |
| I <sub>FRM</sub>   | repetitive peak forward current              | T <sub>tp</sub> = 100 °C; see Figs 8, 9 and 10                                    |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A to D                                  |   | -    | 21   | Α    |
|                    | BYG80F; BYG80G                               |   | -    | 21   | Α    |
|                    | BYG80J                                       |   | _    | 18   | Α    |
| I <sub>FRM</sub>   | repetitive peak forward current              | T <sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C; AL <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> PCB mounting;            |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A to D                                  | see Figs 11, 12 and 13  | _    | 11   | Α    |
|                    | BYG80F; BYG80G                               |   | _    | 11   | Α    |
|                    | BYG80J                                       |   | _    | 9    | Α    |
| I <sub>FRM</sub>   | repetitive peak forward current              | T <sub>amb</sub> = 60 °C; epoxy PCB mounting;                                     |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A to D                                  | see Figs 14, 15 and 16  | -    | 8    | A    |
|                    | BYG80F; BYG80G                               |   | -    | 8    | A    |
|                    | BYG80J                                       |   | -    | 6    | A    |
| I <sub>FSM</sub>   | non-repetitive peak forward current          |   |      |      |      |
|                    | BYG80A to D                                  | prior to surge; $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$  | _    | 36   | A    |
|                    | BYG80F; BYG80G; BYG80J                       |   | _    | 32   | A    |
| E <sub>RSM</sub>   | non-repetitive peak reverse avalanche energy | L = 120 mH; $T_j = T_{j \text{ max}}$ prior to surge; inductive load switched off | _    | 10   | mJ   |
| T <sub>stg</sub>   | storage temperature                          |   | -65  | +175 | °C   |
| Tj                 | junction temperature                         | see Fig.20  | -65  | +175 | °C   |

### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_j$  = 25  $^{\circ} C$  unless otherwise specified.

| SYMBOL         | PARAMETER       | CONDITIONS                                   | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|----------------|-----------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>F</sub> | forward voltage | $I_F = 1 A; T_j = T_{j max};$                |      |      |      |      |
|                | BYG80A to D     | see Figs 21, 22 and 23                       | _    | _    | 0.67 | V    |
|                | BYG80F; BYG80G  |  | _    | _    | 0.73 | V    |
|                | BYG80J          |  | _    | _    | 0.96 | V    |
| $V_{F}$        | forward voltage | I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A; see Figs 21, 22 and 23 |      |      |      |      |
|                | BYG80A to D     |  | _    | _    | 0.93 | v    |
|                | BYG80F; BYG80G  |  | _    | _    | 0.98 | v    |
|                | BYG80J          |  | _    | _    | 1.20 | V    |

# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

BYG80 series

| SYMBOL                           | PARAMETER                                 | CONDITIONS  | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|----------------------------------|---|---|------|------|------|------|
| $V_{(BR)R}$                      | reverse avalanche<br>breakdown voltage    | I <sub>R</sub> = 0.1 mA   |      |      |      |      |
|                                  | BYG80A                                    |   | 55   | _    | _    | V    |
|                                  | BYG80B                                    |   | 110  | _    | _    | V    |
|                                  | BYG80C                                    |   | 165  | _    | _    | V    |
|                                  | BYG80D                                    |   | 220  | _    | _    | V    |
|                                  | BYG80F                                    |   | 330  | _    | _    | V    |
|                                  | BYG80G                                    |   | 440  | _    | _    | V    |
|                                  | BYG80J                                    |   | 675  | _    | _    | V    |
| I <sub>R</sub>                   | reverse current                           | V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRMmax</sub> ;<br>see Figs 24 and 25                    | -    | _    | 10   | μΑ   |
| I <sub>R</sub>                   | reverse current                           | $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$ ; $T_j = 165$ °C;  |      |      |      |      |
|                                  | BYG80A to D                               | see Figs 24 and 25  | _    | _    | 100  | μΑ   |
|                                  | BYG80F; BYG80G and J                      |   | _    | _    | 150  | μΑ   |
| t <sub>rr</sub>                  | reverse recovery time                     | when switched from $I_F = 0.5 A$ to   |      |      |      |      |
|                                  | BYG80A to D                               | $I_R = 1 \text{ A}$ ; measured at $I_R = 0.25 \text{ A}$ ;                      | _    | _    | 25   | ns   |
|                                  | BYG80F; BYG80G and J                      | see Fig.29  | _    | _    | 50   | ns   |
| C <sub>d</sub>                   | diode capacitance                         | f = 1 MHz; V <sub>R</sub> = 0; see Fig.26                                       |      |      |      |      |
|                                  | BYG80A to D                               |   | _    | 90   | _    | pF   |
|                                  | BYG80F; BYG80G                            |   | _    | 70   | _    | pF   |
|                                  | BYG80J                                    |   | _    | 65   | _    | pF   |
| $\left  \frac{dI_R}{dt} \right $ | maximum slope of reverse recovery current | when switched from $I_F = 1$ A to $V_R \ge 30$ V and $dI_F/dt = -1$ A/ $\mu$ s; |      |      |      |      |
| 1 211                            | BYG80A to D                               | see Fig.28  | _    | _    | 3    | A/μs |
|                                  | BYG80F; BYG80G and J                      |   | _    | _    | 4    | A/μs |

### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

| SYMBOL               | PARAMETER                                     | CONDITIONS | VALUE | UNIT |
|----------------------|---|------------|-------|------|
| R <sub>th j-tp</sub> | thermal resistance from junction to tie-point |            | 25    | K/W  |
| R <sub>th j-a</sub>  | thermal resistance from junction to ambient   | note 1     | 100   | K/W  |
|                      |   | note 2     | 150   | K/W  |

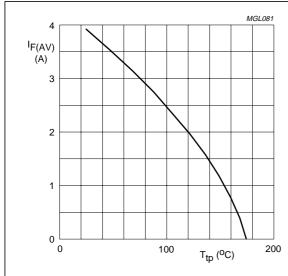
#### **Notes**

- 1. Device mounted on  $Al_2O_3$  printed-circuit board, 0.7 mm thick; thickness of copper  $\geq$ 35  $\mu$ m, see Fig.27.
- 2. Device mounted on epoxy-glass printed-circuit board, 1.5 mm thick; thickness of copper  $\geq$ 40  $\mu$ m, see Fig.27. For more information please refer to the *'General Part of Handbook SC01'*.

### Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series

#### **GRAPHICAL DATA**



#### BYG80A to D

Switched mode application;  $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$ ;  $\delta = 0.5$ ; a = 1.42.

Fig.2 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of tie-point temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).

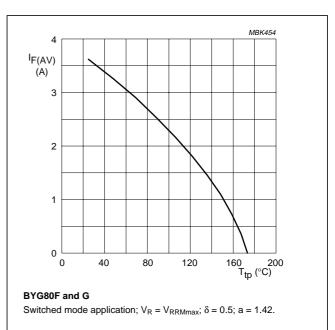
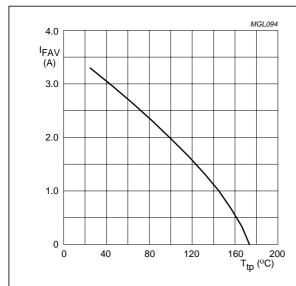


Fig.3 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of tie-point temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).

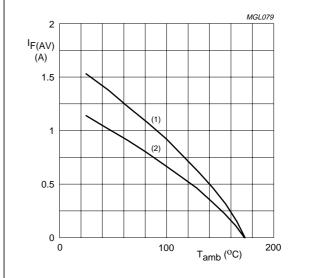


#### BYG80J

Switched mode application.

 $V_R = V_{RRMmax}; \ \delta = 0.5; \ a = 1.42.$ 

Fig.4 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of tie-point temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).



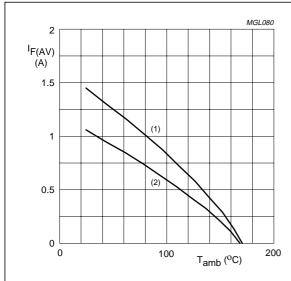
#### BYG80A to D

Switched mode application; V<sub>R</sub> = V<sub>RRMmax</sub>;  $\delta$  = 0.5; a = 1.42 Device mounted as shown in Fig.27; 1: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> PCB; 2: epoxy PCB.

Fig.5 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of ambient temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).

# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

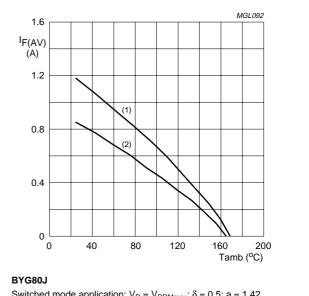
### BYG80 series



#### BYG80F and G

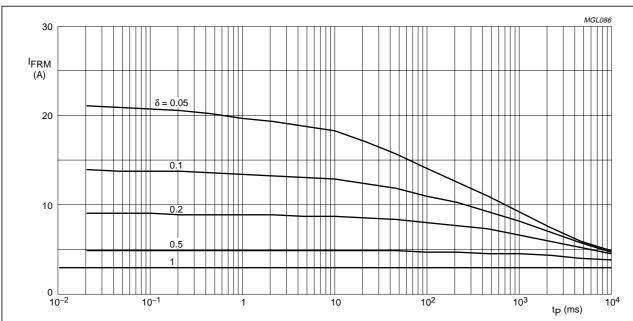
Switched mode application;  $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$ ;  $\delta = 0.5$ ; a = 1.42 Device mounted as shown in Fig.27; 1: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> PCB; 2: epoxy PCB.

Fig.6 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of ambient temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).



Switched mode application;  $V_R = V_{RRMmax}$ ;  $\delta = 0.5$ ; a = 1.42 Device mounted as shown in Fig.27; 1: Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> PCB; 2: epoxy PCB.

Fig.7 Maximum permissible average forward current as a function of ambient temperature (including losses due to reverse leakage).



#### BYG80A to D

 $T_{tp}$  = 100 °C;  $R_{th\;j\text{-}tp}$  = 25 K/W.

 $V_{RRMmax}$  during 1 -  $\delta$ ; curves include derating for  $T_{j max}$  at  $V_{RRM}$  = 200 V.

Fig.8 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.

### Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series

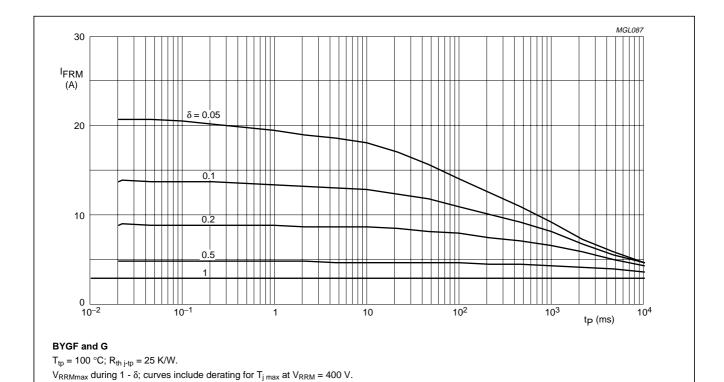
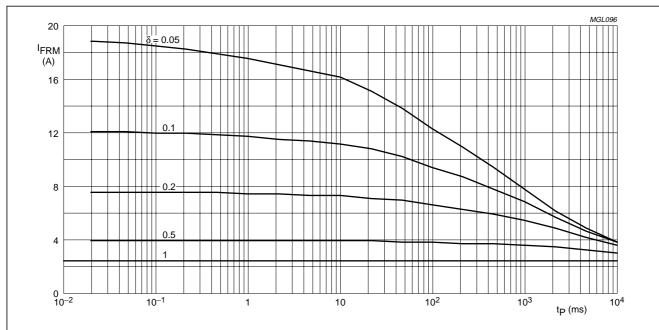


Fig.9 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



#### BYG80J

 $T_{tp}$  = 100 °C;  $R_{th j-tp}$  = 25 K/W.

 $V_{RRMmax}$  during 1 -  $\delta;$  curves include derating for  $T_{j\,max}$  at  $V_{RRM}$  = 600 V.

Fig.10 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.

# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series

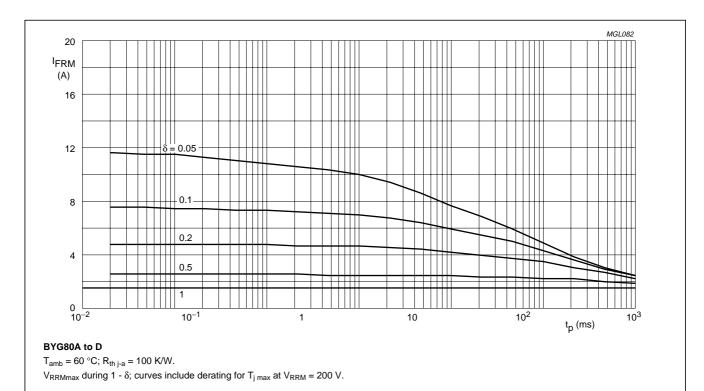
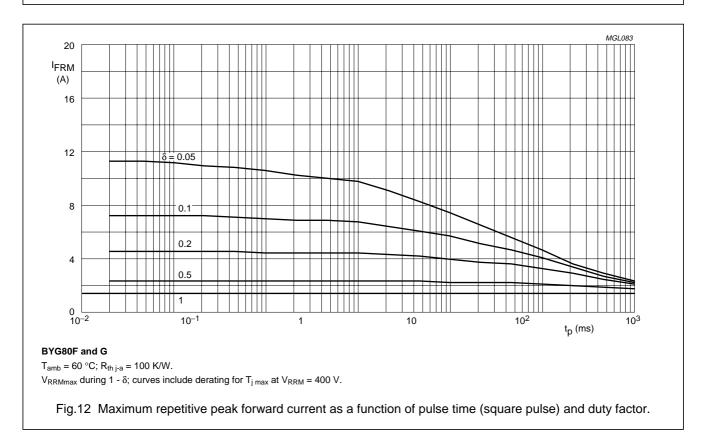


Fig.11 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series

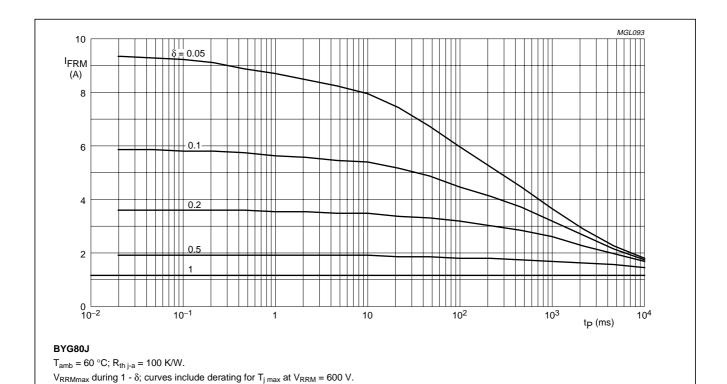
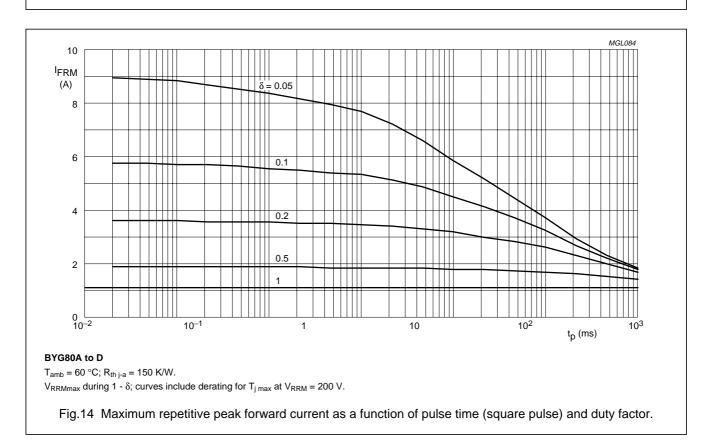


Fig.13 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series

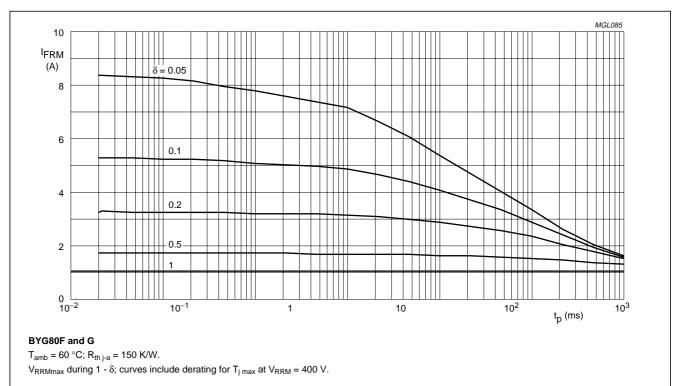
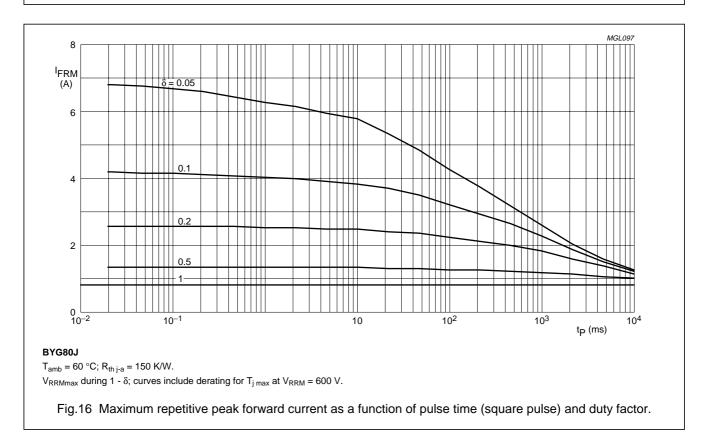


Fig.15 Maximum repetitive peak forward current as a function of pulse time (square pulse) and duty factor.



### Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series

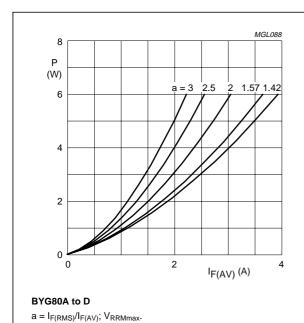
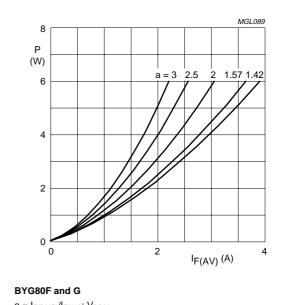


Fig.17 Maximum steady state power dissipation (forward plus leakage current losses, excluding switching losses) as a function of average forward current.



### $a = I_{F(RMS)}/I_{F(AV)}; V_{RRMmax}.$

Fig.18 Maximum steady state power dissipation (forward plus leakage current losses, excluding switching losses) as a function of average forward current.

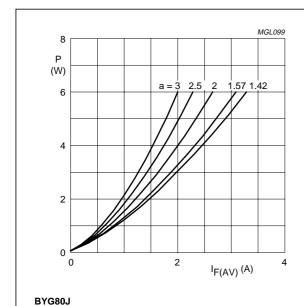


Fig.19 Maximum steady state power dissipation (forward plus leakage current losses, excluding switching losses) as a function of average forward current.

 $a = I_{F(RMS)}/I_{F(AV)}; V_{RRMmax}.$ 

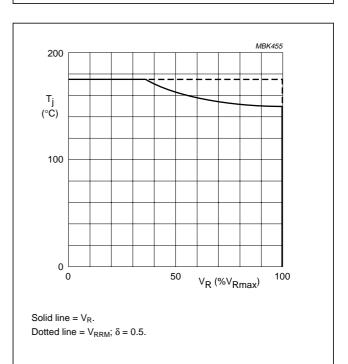


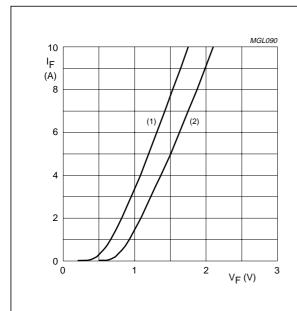
Fig.20 Maximum permissible junction temperature as a function of maximum reverse voltage percentage.

1997 Nov 25

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# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

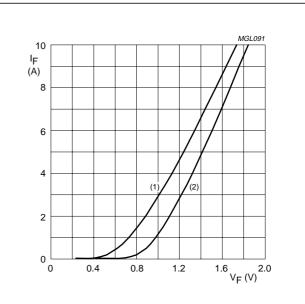
### BYG80 series



#### BYG80A to D

- (1)  $T_j = 175 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- (2)  $T_j = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

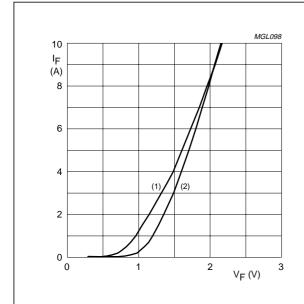
Fig.21 Forward current as a function of forward voltage; maximum values.



#### BYG80F and G

- (1)  $T_j = 175 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- (2)  $T_j = 25 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

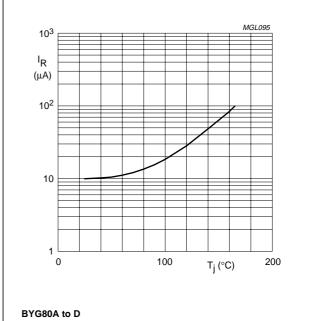
Fig.22 Forward current as a function of forward voltage; maximum values.



#### BYG80J

- (1)  $T_j = 175 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$ .
- (2)  $T_j = 25 \,^{\circ}C$ .

Fig.23 Forward current as a function of forward voltage; maximum values.

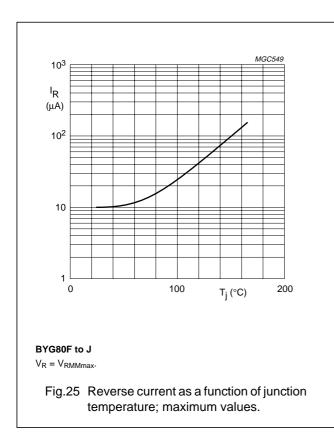


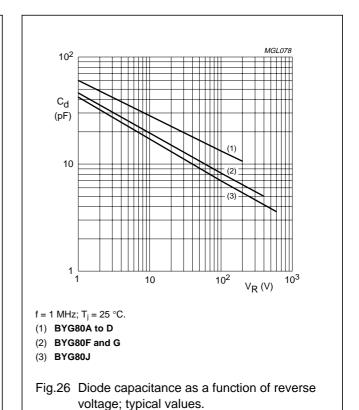
 $V_R = V_{RMMmax}$ 

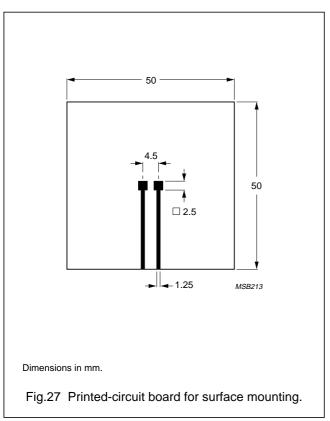
Fig.24 Reverse current as a function of junction temperature; maximum values.

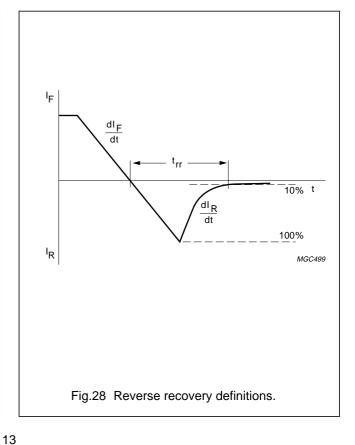
# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series



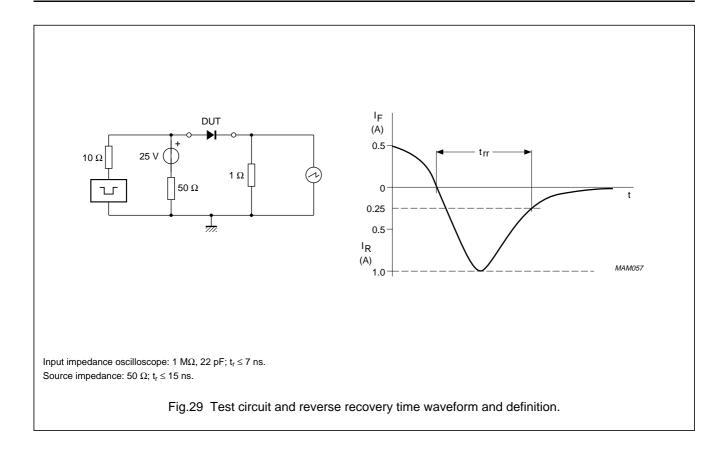






# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

### BYG80 series



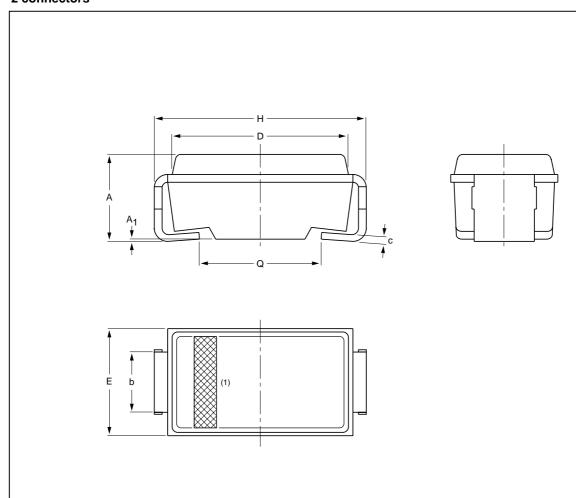
# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

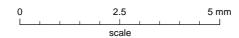
BYG80 series

### **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

Transfer-moulded thermo-setting plastic small rectangular surface mounted package; 2 connectors

SOD106





#### **DIMENSIONS** (mm are the original dimensions)

| UNIT | A          | A <sub>1</sub> | b          | С   | D          | E          | н          | Q          |
|------|------------|----------------|------------|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| mm   | 2.3<br>2.0 | 0.05           | 1.6<br>1.4 | 0.2 | 4.5<br>4.3 | 2.8<br>2.4 | 5.5<br>5.1 | 3.3<br>2.7 |

### Note

1. The marking band indicates the cathode.

| OUTLINE |     | REFER    | EUROPEAN | ICCUE DATE |            |            |
|---------|-----|----------|----------|------------|------------|------------|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC    | EIAJ     |            | PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| SOD106  |     | DO-214AC |          |            |            | 97-06-09   |

### Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

BYG80 series

#### **DEFINITIONS**

| Data sheet status  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Objective specification  | This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.       |  |  |  |  |  |
| Preliminary specification  | This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Product specification  | This data sheet contains final product specifications.                                |  |  |  |  |  |
| Limiting values  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or |   |  |  |  |  |  |

Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### **Application information**

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

#### LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

BYG80 series

**NOTES** 

# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

BYG80 series

**NOTES** 

# Ultra fast low-loss controlled avalanche rectifiers

BYG80 series

**NOTES** 

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Printed in The Netherlands 117027/1200/02/pp20 Date of release: 1997 Nov 25 Document order number: 9397 750 02662



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