### **BUK109-50GL**

#### DESCRIPTION

Monolithic temperature and overload protected logic level power MOSFET in a 3 pin plastic surface mount envelope, intended as a general purpose switch for automotive systems and other applications.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

General controller for driving

- lamps
- motors
- solenoids
- heaters

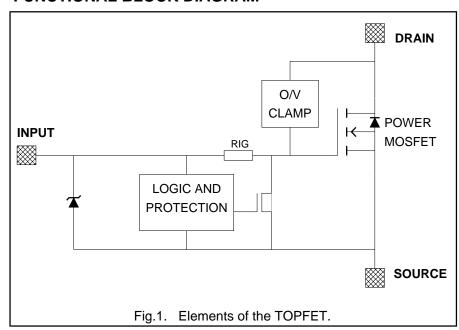
#### **FEATURES**

- Vertical power DMOS output stage
- Low on-state resistance
- Overload protection against over temperature Overload protection against
- short circuit load
- Latched overload protection reset by input
- 5 V logic compatible input level
- Control of power MOSFET and supply of overload protection circuits derived from input
- Low operating input current
- ESD protection on input pin
- Overvoltage clamping for turn off of inductive loads

#### **QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>DS</sub> I <sub>D</sub> P <sub>D</sub> T <sub>j</sub> R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Continuous drain source voltage Continuous drain current Total power dissipation Continuous junction temperature Drain-source on-state resistance V <sub>IS</sub> = 5 V	50 26 75 150 60	> A & ° C Ω

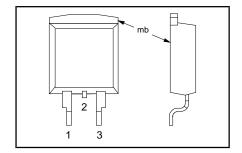
#### **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**



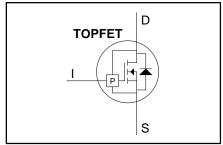
#### **PINNING - SOT404**

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	input
2	drain
3	source
mb	drain

## PIN CONFIGURATION



#### **SYMBOL**



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### **LIMITING VALUES**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>DSS</sub>	Continuous off-state drain source	$V_{IS} = 0 V$	-	50	V
	voltage				
V <sub>IS</sub>	Continuous input voltage	-	0	6	V
I <sub>D</sub>	Continuous drain current	$T_{mb} \le 25 \text{ °C}; V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	26	Α
I <sub>D</sub>	Continuous drain current	$T_{mb} \le 100  ^{\circ}C;  V_{IS} = 5  V$	-	16	Α
I <sub>DRM</sub>	Repetitive peak on-state drain current	$T_{mb} \le 25  ^{\circ}C;  V_{IS} = 5  V$	-	100	Α
P <sub>D</sub>	Total power dissipation	$T_{mb} \leq 25  ^{\circ}C$	-	75	W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature	-	-55	150	°C
T <sub>j</sub>	Continuous junction temperature <sup>1</sup>	normal operation	-	150	°C
T <sub>sold</sub>	Lead temperature	during soldering	-	250	°C

### **OVERLOAD PROTECTION LIMITING VALUES**

With the protection supply provided via the input pin, TOPFET can protect itself from two types of overload.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>ISP</sub>	Protection supply voltage <sup>2</sup>	for valid protection	4	-	V
	Over temperature protection				
$V_{DDP(T)}$	Protected drain source supply voltage	$V_{IS} = 5 V$	-	50	V
$V_{\text{DDP(P)}}$ $P_{\text{DSM}}$	Short circuit load protection Protected drain source supply voltage <sup>3</sup> Instantaneous overload dissipation	V <sub>IS</sub> = 5 V T <sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C	-	35 1.3	V kW

#### **OVERVOLTAGE CLAMPING LIMITING VALUES**

At a drain source voltage above 50 V the power MOSFET is actively turned on to clamp overvoltage transients.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
I <sub>DROM</sub>	Repetitive peak clamping current	$V_{IS} = 0 V$	-	26	Α
E <sub>DSM</sub>	Non-repetitive clamping energy	$T_{mb} \le 25  ^{\circ}C;  I_{DM} = 26  A;$	-	625	mJ
E <sub>DRM</sub>	Repetitive clamping energy	$V_{DD} \le 20$ V; inductive load $T_{mb} \le 95$ °C; $I_{DM} = 8$ A; $V_{DD} \le 20$ V; $f = 250$ Hz	-	40	mJ

### **ESD LIMITING VALUE**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>C</sub>	Electrostatic discharge capacitor voltage	Human body model; C = 250 pF; R = 1.5 kΩ	-	2	kV

<sup>1</sup> A higher T<sub>i</sub> is allowed as an overload condition but at the threshold T<sub>i(TO)</sub> the over temperature trip operates to protect the switch.

<sup>2</sup> The input voltage for which the overload protection circuits are functional.

<sup>3</sup> The device is able to self-protect against a short circuit load providing the drain-source supply voltage does not exceed  $V_{\text{DDP(P)}}$  maximum. For further information, refer to OVERLOAD PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS.

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#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
	Thermal resistance					
R <sub>th j-mb</sub>	Junction to mounting base	-	-	1.3	1.67	K/W
R <sub>th j-a</sub>	Junction to ambient	minimum footprint FR4 PCB (see fig. 32)	-	50	-	K/W

#### STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

T<sub>mb</sub> = 25 °C unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{(CL)DSS}$	Drain-source clamping voltage	$V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}; I_D = 10 \text{ mA}$	50	-	-	V
$V_{(CL)DSS}$	Drain-source clamping voltage	$V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}; I_{DM} = 2 \text{ A}; t_p \le 300 \mu\text{s}; \\ \delta \le 0.01$	-	-	70	V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero input voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 12 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	0.5	10	μΑ
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero input voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 50 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	1	20	μΑ
I <sub>DSS</sub>		$V_{DS} = 40 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}; T_{i} = 125 \text{ °C}$	-	10	100	μΑ
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Drain-source on-state	$V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}; I_{DM} = 13 \text{ A}; t_p \le 300 \mu\text{s};$	-	45	60	$m\Omega$
	resistance	$\delta \leq 0.01$				

#### **OVERLOAD PROTECTION CHARACTERISTICS**

TOPFET switches off when one of the overload thresholds is reached. It remains latched off until reset by the input.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$E_{DS(TO)}$ $t_{d\;sc}$	Short circuit load protection <sup>1</sup> Overload threshold energy Response time	$\begin{split} T_{mb} &= 25 \text{ °C; } L \leq 10  \mu\text{H} \\ V_{DD} &= 13 \text{ V; } V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V} \\ V_{DD} &= 13 \text{ V; } V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V} \end{split}$	1 1	0.4 0.8		J ms
$T_{j(TO)}$	Over temperature protection Threshold junction temperature	$V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}$ ; from $I_D \ge 1 \text{ A}^2$	150	-	-	°C

### INPUT CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{mb} = 25$  °C unless otherwise specified. The supply for the logic and overload protection is taken from the input.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>IS(TO)</sub>	Input threshold voltage Input supply current	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}; I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$ $V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}; \text{ normal operation}$	1.0	1.5 0.2	2.0 0.35	V mA
V <sub>ISR</sub>	Protection reset voltage <sup>3</sup>	V <sub>IS</sub> = 0 V, Hormai operation	2.0	2.6	3.5	V
$V_{ISR}$	Protection reset voltage	T <sub>j</sub> = 150 °C	1.0	-	-	
$\begin{matrix} I_{ISL} \\ V_{(BR)IS} \\ R_{IG} \end{matrix}$	Input supply current Input clamp voltage Input series resistance	$V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}$ ; protection latched $I_I = 10 \text{ mA}$ to gate of power MOSFET	0.5 6 -	1.2 7 4	2.0 - -	mA V kΩ

<sup>1</sup> The short circuit load protection is able to save the device providing the instantaneous on-state dissipation is less than the limiting value for  $P_{DSM}$ , which is always the case when  $V_{DS}$  is less than  $V_{DSP}$  maximum. Refer to OVERLOAD PROTECTION LIMITING VALUES.

<sup>2</sup> The over temperature protection feature requires a minimum on-state drain source voltage for correct operation. The specified minimum I<sub>D</sub> ensures this condition.

<sup>3</sup> The input voltage below which the overload protection circuits will be reset.

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### TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{\text{mb}} = 25~^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
g <sub>fs</sub>	Forward transconductance	$\begin{array}{l} V_{DS} = 10 \text{ V}; \ I_{DM} = 13 \text{ A } t_p \leq 300 \ \mu\text{s}; \\ \delta \leq 0.01 \end{array}$	10	16	-	0
I <sub>D(SC)</sub>	Drain current <sup>1</sup>	$V_{DS} = 13 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	40	-	Α

### **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

 $T_{mb}$  = 25 °C.  $R_{I}$  = 50  $\Omega$  . Refer to waveform figures and test circuits.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
t <sub>d on</sub>	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	2.5	-	μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	resistive load $R_L = 2.1 \Omega$	-	15	-	μs
t <sub>d off</sub>	Turn-off delay time	$V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	10	-	μs
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	resistive load $R_L = 2.1 \Omega$	-	7	-	μs
t <sub>d on</sub>	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 5 \text{ V}$	-	2	-	μs
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time	inductive load I <sub>DM</sub> = 6 A	-	4	-	μs
t <sub>d off</sub>	Turn-off delay time	$V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}$	-	15	-	μs
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time	inductive load I <sub>DM</sub> = 6 A	-	1	-	μs

### REVERSE DIODE LIMITING VALUE

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
Is	Continuous forward current	T <sub>mb</sub> ≤ 25 °C	-	26	Α

## REVERSE DIODE CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_{mb} = 25 \, ^{\circ}C$ 

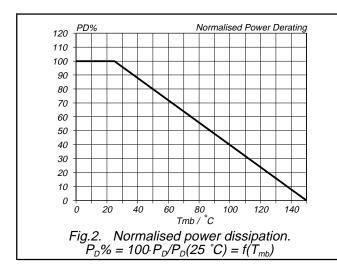
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V <sub>SDS</sub>	Forward voltage	$I_s = 26 \text{ A}; V_{IS} = 0 \text{ V}; t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$	-	1.0	1.5	V
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse recovery time	not applicable <sup>2</sup>	ı	-	-	1

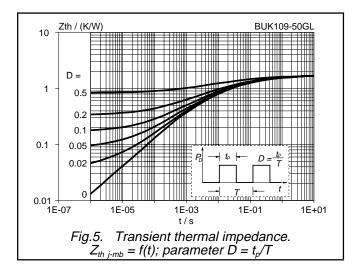
## **ENVELOPE CHARACTERISTICS**

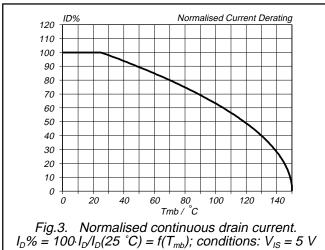
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
L <sub>d</sub>		Measured from upper edge of tab to centre of die	-	2.5	-	nΗ
L <sub>s</sub>	Internal source inductance	Measured from source lead soldering point to source bond pad	-	7.5	-	nΗ

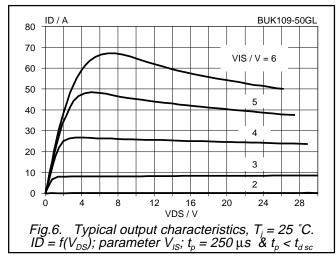
<sup>1</sup> During overload before short circuit load protection operates.

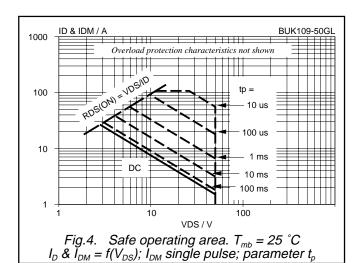
<sup>2</sup> The reverse diode of this type is not intended for applications requiring fast reverse recovery.

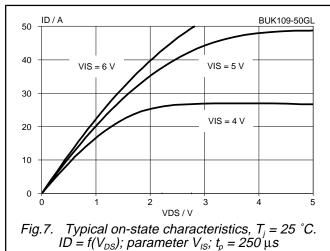












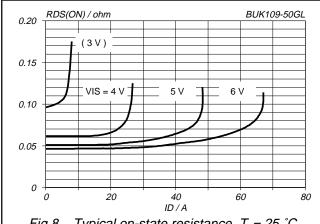


Fig.8. Typical on-state resistance,  $T_j = 25$  °C.  $R_{DS(ON)} = f(I_D)$ ; parameter  $V_{IS}$ ;  $t_p = 250 \, \mu s$ 

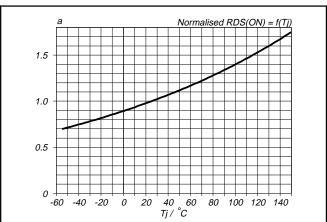


Fig.11. Normalised drain-source on-state resistance.  $a = R_{DS(ON)}/R_{DS(ON)}25$  °C =  $f(T_j)$ ;  $I_D = 13$  A;  $V_{IS} = 5$  V

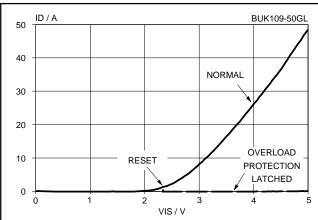


Fig.9. Typical transfer characteristics,  $T_j$  = 25 °C.  $I_D$  =  $f(V_{IS})$ ; conditions:  $V_{DS}$  = 10 V;  $t_p$  = 250  $\mu s$ 

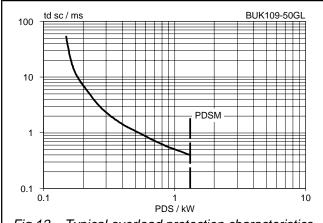


Fig.12. Typical overload protection characteristics.  $t_{dsc} = f(P_{DS})$ ; conditions:  $V_{IS} \ge 4 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_j = 25 \text{ °C}$ .

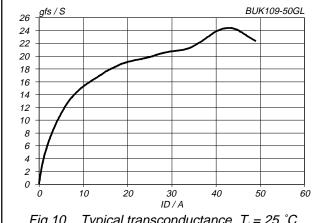


Fig.10. Typical transconductance,  $T_j = 25$  °C.  $g_{ts} = f(I_D)$ ; conditions:  $V_{DS} = 10$  V;  $t_p = 250$   $\mu s$ 

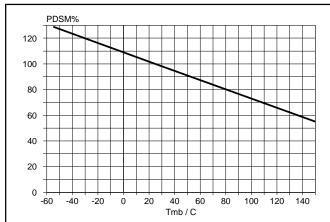


Fig.13. Normalised limiting overload dissipation.  $P_{DSM}\% = 100 \cdot P_{DSM}/P_{DSM}(25 \, ^{\circ}C) = f(T_{mb})$ 

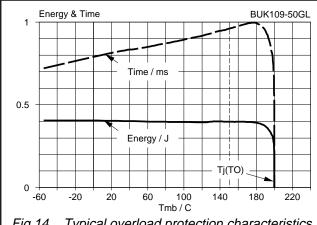
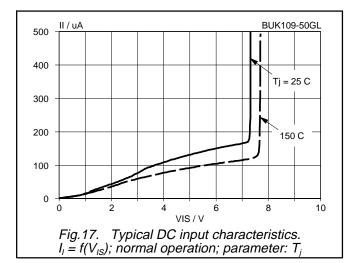


Fig.14. Typical overload protection characteristics. Conditions:  $V_{DD}=13~V;~V_{IS}=5~V;~SC~load=30~m\Omega$ 



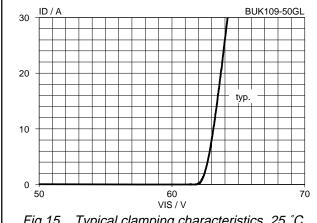


Fig.15. Typical clamping characteristics, 25 °C.  $I_D = f(V_{DS})$ ; conditions:  $V_{IS} = 0 \ V$ ;  $t_p \le 50 \ \mu s$ 

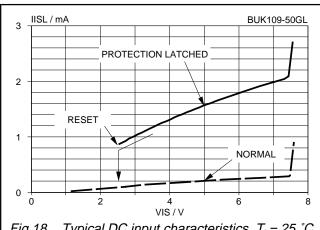
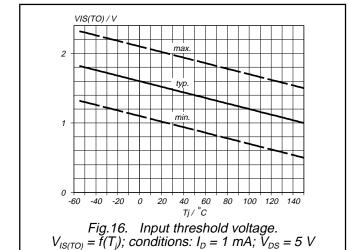


Fig.18. Typical DC input characteristics,  $T_j = 25$  °C.  $I_{ISL} = f(V_{IS})$ ; overload protection operated  $\Rightarrow I_D = 0$  A



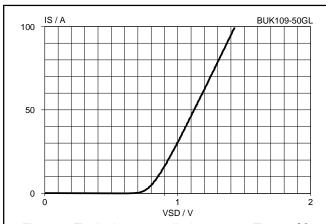


Fig.19. Typical reverse diode current,  $T_i = 25$  °C.  $I_S = f(V_{SDS})$ ; conditions:  $V_{IS} = 0$  V

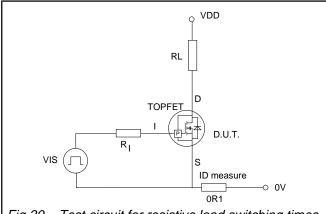


Fig.20. Test circuit for resistive load switching times.

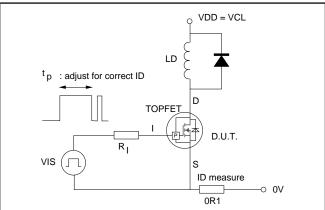


Fig.23. Test circuit for inductive load switching times.

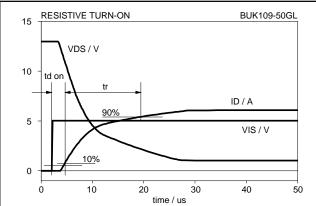


Fig.21. Typical switching waveforms, resistive load.  $V_{DD}=13~V;~R_L=2.1~\Omega;~R_I=50~\Omega,~T_j=25~^{\circ}C.$ 

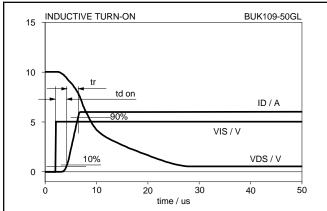


Fig.24. Typical switching waveforms, inductive load.  $V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}; I_D = 6 \text{ A}; R_I = 50 \Omega, T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 

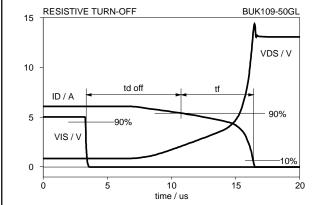


Fig.22. Typical switching waveforms, resistive load.  $V_{DD}=13~V;~R_L=2.1~\Omega;~R_I=50~\Omega,~T_j=25~^{\circ}C.$ 

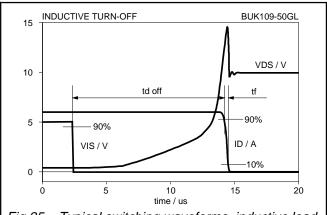
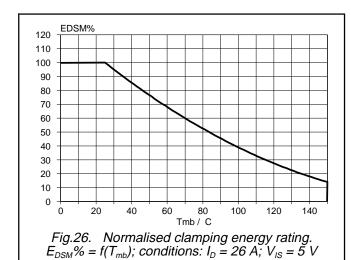


Fig.25. Typical switching waveforms, inductive load.  $V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}; I_D = 6 \text{ A}; R_I = 50 \Omega, T_j = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}.$ 



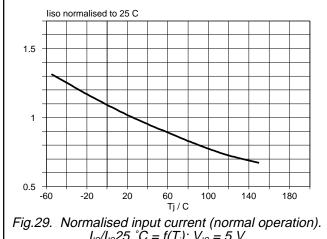


Fig.29. Normalised input current (normal operation).  $I_{IS}/I_{IS}25\ ^{\circ}C=f(T_{j});\ V_{IS}=5\ V$ 

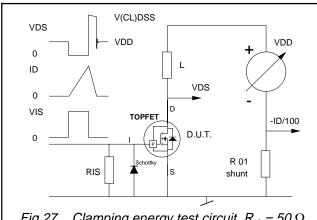


Fig.27. Clamping energy test circuit,  $R_{IS} = 50 \Omega$ .  $E_{DSM} = 0.5 \cdot LI_D^2 \cdot V_{(CL)DSS} / (V_{(CL)DSS} - V_{DD})$ 

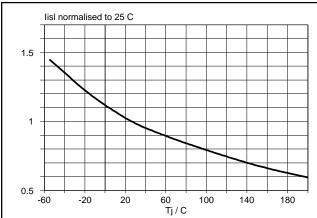
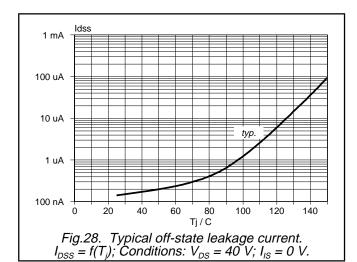
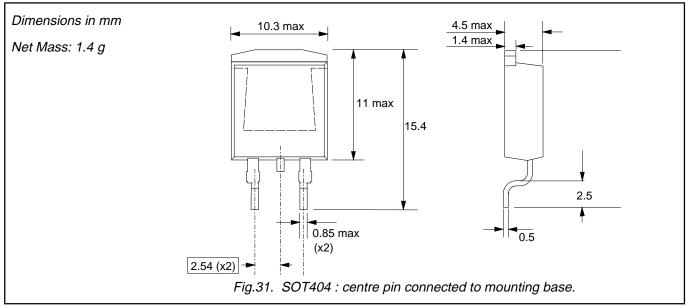


Fig.30. Normalised input current (protection latched).  $I_{ISL}/I_{ISL}25\ ^{\circ}C = f(T_{i});\ V_{IS} = 5\ V$ 



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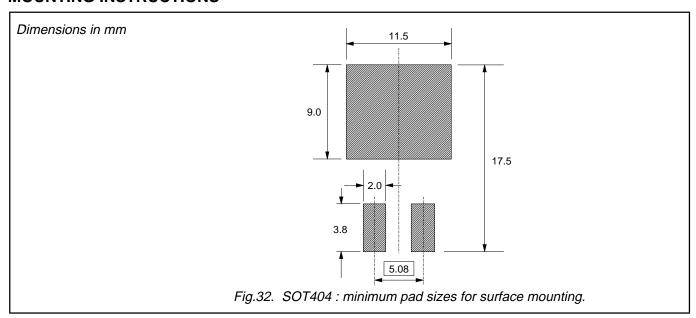
### **MECHANICAL DATA**



#### **Notes**

1. Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

## **MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS**



#### **Notes**

1. Plastic meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

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#### **DEFINITIONS**

Data sheet status				
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.			
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.			
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.			
Limitin or conferen				

#### Limiting values

Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **Application information**

Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.

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