CS 1100: Exam-1 Guide

Following is a list of topics which may be addressed in the exam.

Overall tips:

- I will not ask you for dates, people's names, or historical facts.
- I will not ask you for precise definitions.
- <u>I will not expect you to remember CSS property names (for example, I don't expect you to commit to memory that to change the text's color, we use color, not text-color).</u>
- Best way to prepare: carefully review each homework and each lab. Review <u>key parts</u> of the readings (don't reread the entire textbook!)
- Be prepared to provide <u>short</u> answers to conceptual questions, look for obvious errors in provided short snippets of code, and, possibly, to implement simple examples of HTML and CSS

Internet & WWW: Essential background

- Understand the difference between the Internet and the World Wide Web
- Concepts: (expected: not definitions, but a basic understanding of what these are)
 - 1. URL
 - 2. HTTP
 - 3. web server
 - 4. web browser
 - 5. HTML
- Client-server model of communication (a <u>very basic</u> understanding of the process that starts with you typing
 in a URL (or clicking a link), and ends with a web page displayed on your screen); and how the 5 items in the
 list above are involved in it.

HTML

- What is markup
- Who decides what tags or features the next version of HTML should have (hint: W3C releases specs that are formally referred to as "recommendations", which are typically followed by all major browser manufacturers)
- What's the difference between an HTML tag and an HTML element
- HTML syntax (tags, attributes, opening and closing tags, proper tag nesting, etc.); I may ask you to identify an obvious error in the provided code
- HTML document structure: html/head/body, and what they might contain (don't memorize, but be prepared to identify what's what and/or find an <u>obvious</u> error in the provided code)
- How to make a simple table (I will not ask you to make spans)
- How to make a simple ordered and unordered list.
- How to display an image (the "img" tag)
- How to make a link (the "a" tag); I may ask you to link to a file that is located in a subfolder
- I may ask you to implement something simple

HTML + CSS

- Why we need CSS?
- What do we mean when we say HTML is for defining structure, CSS for presentation?
- Where can we place CSS code? Where do we prefer to place it? Why?
- CSS syntax (selector, curly braces, property/value pairs separated by colons and terminated by semicolons)
- I may ask you to identify an obvious error in the provided code
- Difference between padding and margins

- Difference between block-level and inline HTML elements, and how CSS can be used to modify this characteristic?
- When to use a "div" element or a "span" element? (<u>I will not</u> ask you to remember semantic elements, such as section, article, nav, aside, etc...)
- How we specify color (hint: some can be specified using their name; but much more using specific RGB (red green blue) values. We typically do it in hexadecimal (that's base-16 but no need to remember this!). The format is #abcdef where # says that what follows is a hex number, and ab is the value of red, cd is the value of green, and ef is the value of blue. There are 256 possible values of each, so the total number of colors that can be represented by a (typical) computer is: 256 x 256 x 256 = 16 million (16,777,216)
- What are CSS selectors; what kind you've used so far; why do we need different selectors?
- CSS layout: what happens when you float an element? (<u>I will not ask you about different types of positioning</u> or the details of how to construct multi-column layouts)
- I may ask you to implement some simple styling

Responsive design

What is it and why it is useful