

Intent based VPN and its future in SDN

Icaro Camelo, Rashmi Pujar, Inocybe



AGENDA

- Introduction to VPN
- Overview of Intent-based VPN modelling process
- Architectural challenges
 - Mapping Service
 - MPLS Label management
 - Flow Rendering
- Demonstration
- Conclusion



Introduction to VPN

- L2VPN
 - Ethernet
 - ATM
 - Frame relay
- L3VPN
 - BGP (Border Gateway Protocol)
 - VRF (Virtual Routing Forwarding)
 - OSPF (Open shortest path first)



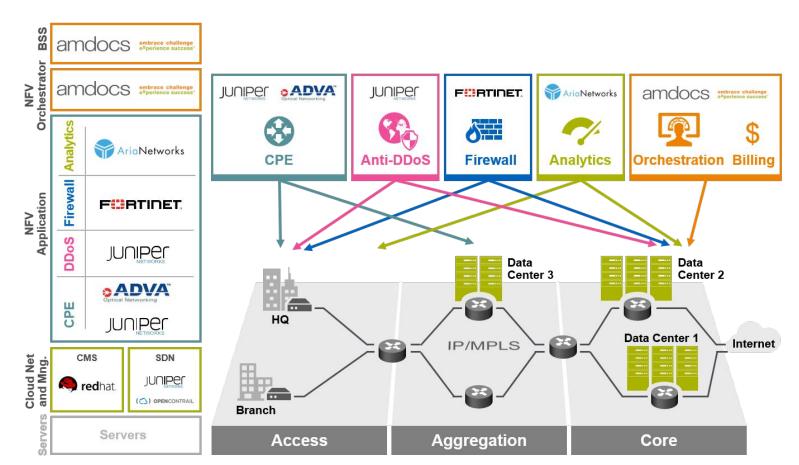
Actual state of VPN's in SDN

- IETF
- RFC 4364
- Deutsche Telecom and Vodafone
 - End-to-end NFV service
 - Croatia, Hungary, Slovakia
 - AmDocs at Mobile World Congress 2016

Vodafone Demo in MWC 2016

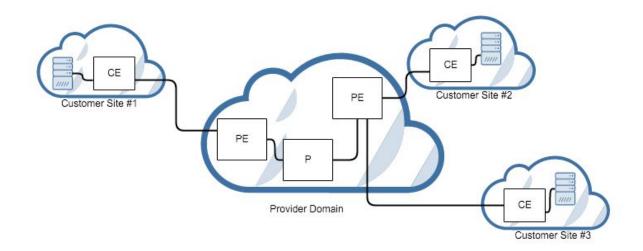
6 vodafone

VPN⁺ empowered by SDN and NFV





Intent-based VPN modelling process





Intent-based VPN modelling process

- BGP agents
- Network Intent Composition (NIC);
- VPNService;
- Openflowplugin (Openflow render)

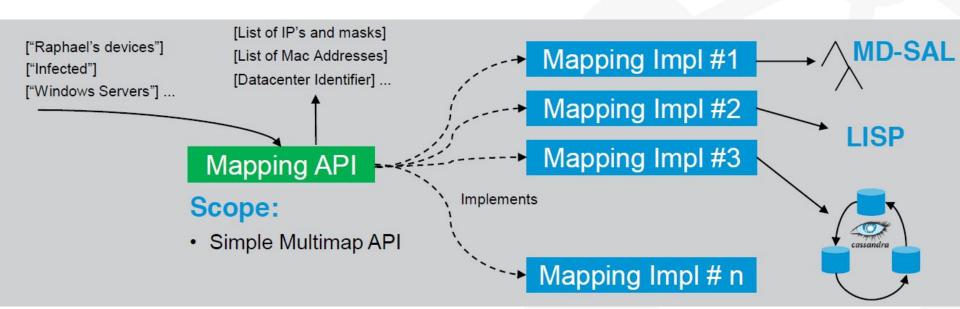


Mapping Service

- Abstract network details
- Data repository for translation
- Hash Table of hash table
 - Accommodate different attributes
 - Support different implementation technologies (Cassandra, Hazelcast, MD-SAL, etc)



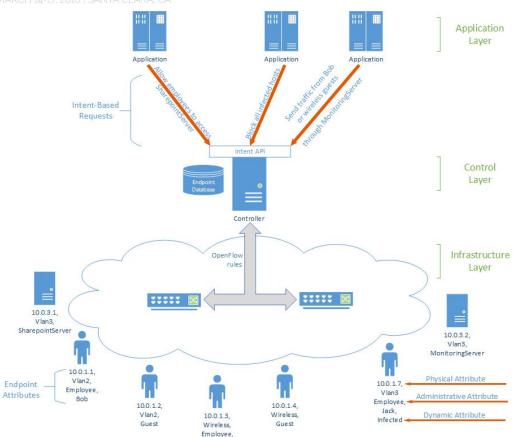
Mapping service





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MARCH 14-17, 2016 | SANTA CLARA, CA



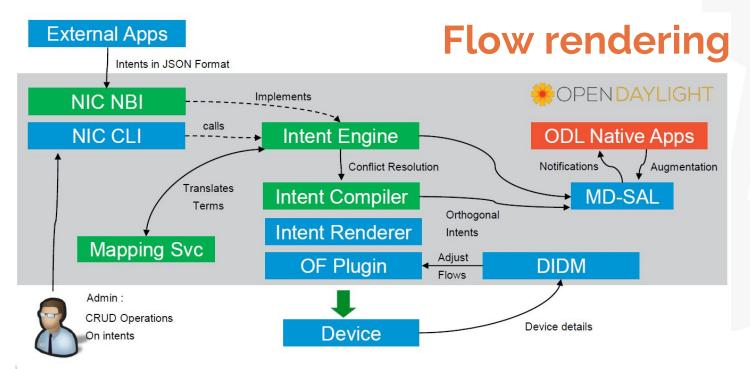
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MPLS Label management

- How we manage MPLS labels
 - Transparent to users
 - 1 MPLS label per path
- Improvements
 - Burning MPLS Labels
 - 2 MPLS labels: 1 for domain and other for path







Demonstration



Conclusions

- How to map network details in a standardized way?
- YANG based solution?
 - Gaining momentum in network industry
 - Augmentation
- JSON based solution?
 - Widely spread technology
 - Interoperability