

ASSIGNMENT DATE: January 26, 2015

DUE DATE: February 2 (Groundhog day), 2015 (by 5pm)

LATE DUE DATE: February 3, 2015 (by 5pm)

NOTE: Please drop-off your homework in my mailbox located in the mail-room on 4th floor (East end).

1. Given the complex number $u = Ae^{j\phi}$, show that:

a. $\text{Re}\{u\} = A \cos(\phi)$

b. $\text{Im}\{u\} = A \sin(\phi)$ [10 points]

2. Given the complex number $u = v + jw$, show that:

a. $\text{Re}\{u\} = \frac{1}{2}(u+u^*)$

b. $\text{Im}\{u\} = \frac{1}{2j}(u-u^*)$ [10 points]

3. Using the result in problem 2 and Euler's identity, show that:

a. $\cos(2\pi\xi_o x) = \frac{e^{j2\pi\xi_o x} + e^{-j2\pi\xi_o x}}{2}$

a. $\sin(2\pi\xi_o x) = \frac{e^{j2\pi\xi_o x} - e^{-j2\pi\xi_o x}}{2j}$ [10 points]

4. Find all of the roots of the following equations, and show the locations of these roots in the complex plane.

a. $x^4 = 1$

b. $x^3 = 8e^{j\pi}$

[20 points]

5. Let $u(x) = A \exp\{j2\pi\xi_o x\}$, where A and ξ_o are real positive constants.

Find, and sketch as functions of x , the following:

a. $u(x)u^*(x)$

b. $u(x) + u^*(x)$

c. $|u(x) + u^*(x)|^2$

[20 points]

6. Consider two plane waves: $u_1(\vec{r}) = e^{j\vec{k}_1 \cdot \vec{r}}$ in direction \vec{k}_1 and $u_2(\vec{r}) = e^{j\vec{k}_2 \cdot \vec{r}}$ in direction \vec{k}_2 . The interference between these plane waves produces a fringe pattern in the observed intensity. Simplify the intensity $I(\vec{r}) = |u_1(\vec{r}) + u_2(\vec{r})|^2$ to express the fringe direction \vec{K} in terms of \vec{k}_1 and \vec{k}_2 .

[30 points]