



API Management & Deployment Patterns

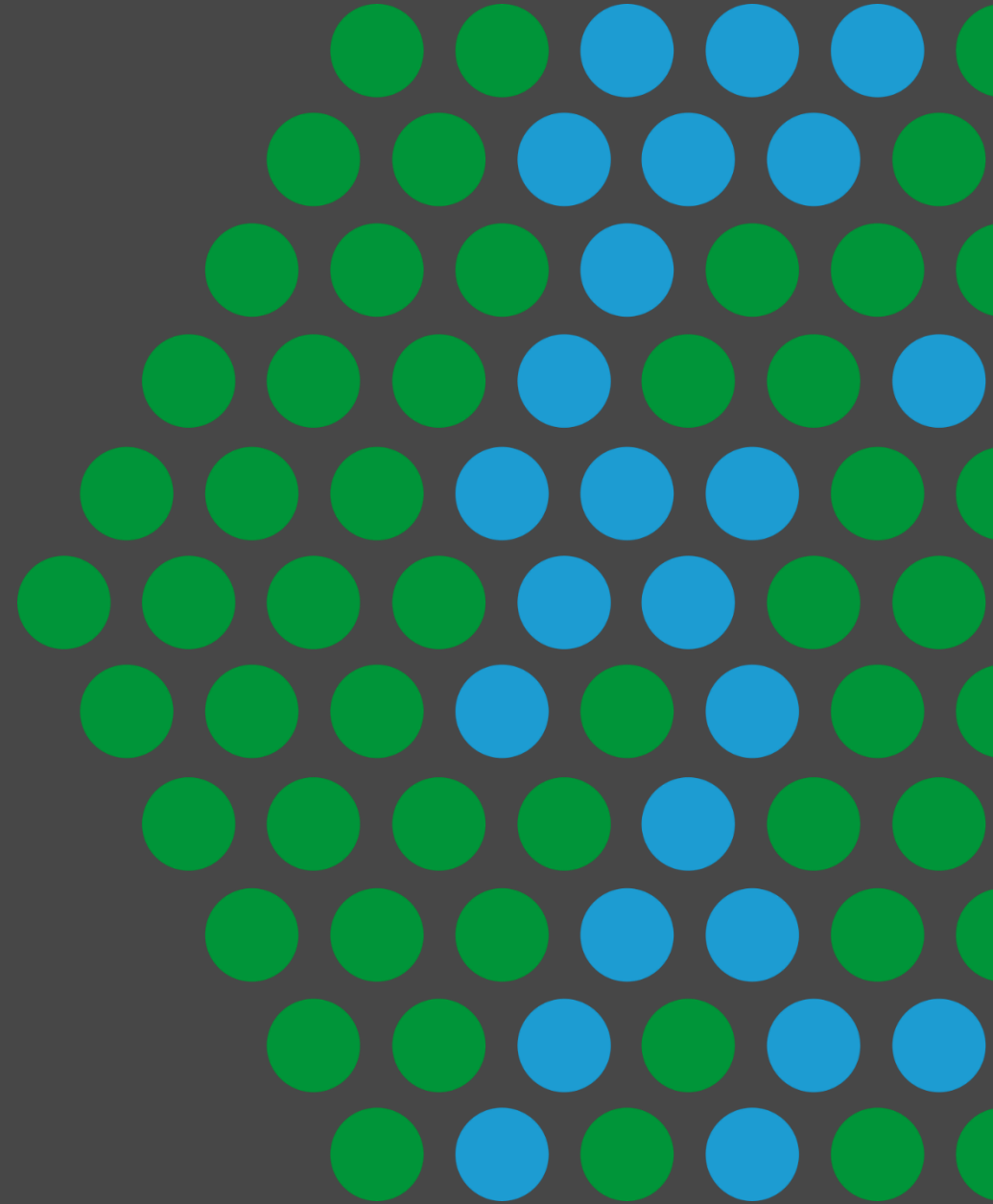
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DevOps Community in Indonesia

Jakarta, 18 Desember 2019

API Management & Deployment Patterns

JAKARTA • DECEMBER 18



Why APIs and Why Manage Them?

Why Develop APIs?

- Break down siloes and unlock data (within and among organizations)
- Increase collaboration amongst developers

Unlock data



- Primary interface for communication amongst microservices.

Create a foundation



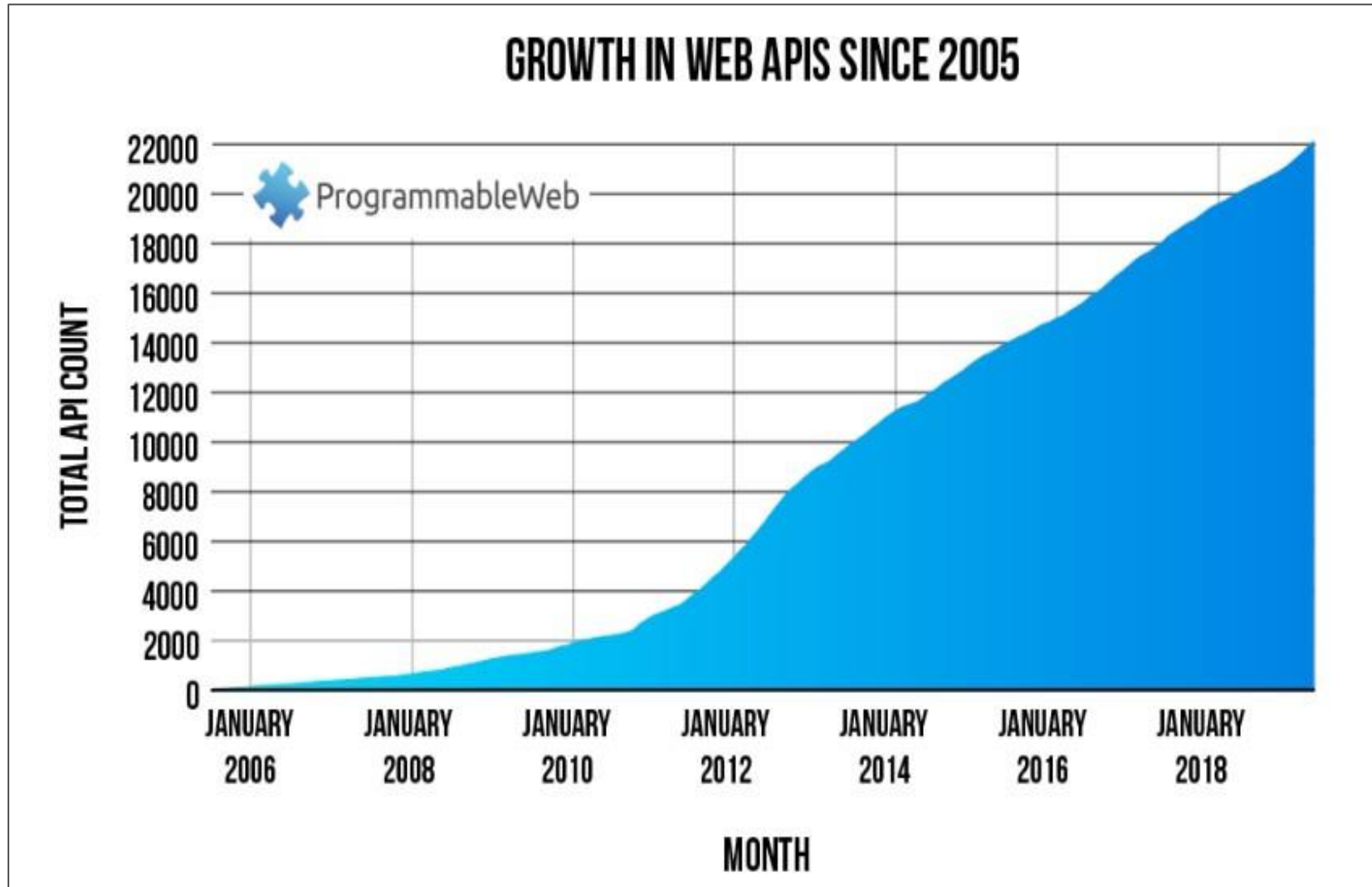
- Generate revenue and build partnerships with third-party developers and ecosystem of suppliers, distributors, resellers, and even customers
- Expose APIs via Dev Portal
 - “Digital marketplace” for an enterprise

Find new digital revenue stream



Internal APIs

External APIs



Source: <https://www.programmableweb.com/news/research-shows-interest-providing-apis-still-high/research/2018/02/23>

API as a Source of Revenue



50% of Salesforce's
revenues come from
APIs



90% of Expedia's
revenues come from
APIs

API Solutions

API SECURITY / GATEWAY / MANAGEMENT

API Gateway

- Lightweight
- Easily Distributed
- Easily Scaled
- Heavy Lifting...
- Request Processing

API Management

- Define Policy
- Pushing Configurations
- Access Policy Management and Consumption Visualization
- Developer Portal

API Security

- Allow Methods per URI
- JSON Parsing
- Parameter Enforcement
- Login Protection
- L7 DoS / BOT

API Gateway Essential Functions

TLS
termination

Client
authentication,
authorization

Fine-grained
access control

Request
routing

Rate limiting

Load
balancing

Service
discovery of
backends

Request/
response
manipulation

Characteristics to look out for...

Protect

API Definition &
Publication

Authentication &
Authorization

Monitoring and
Analytics

Onboarding and
Documentation
(Developer Portal)

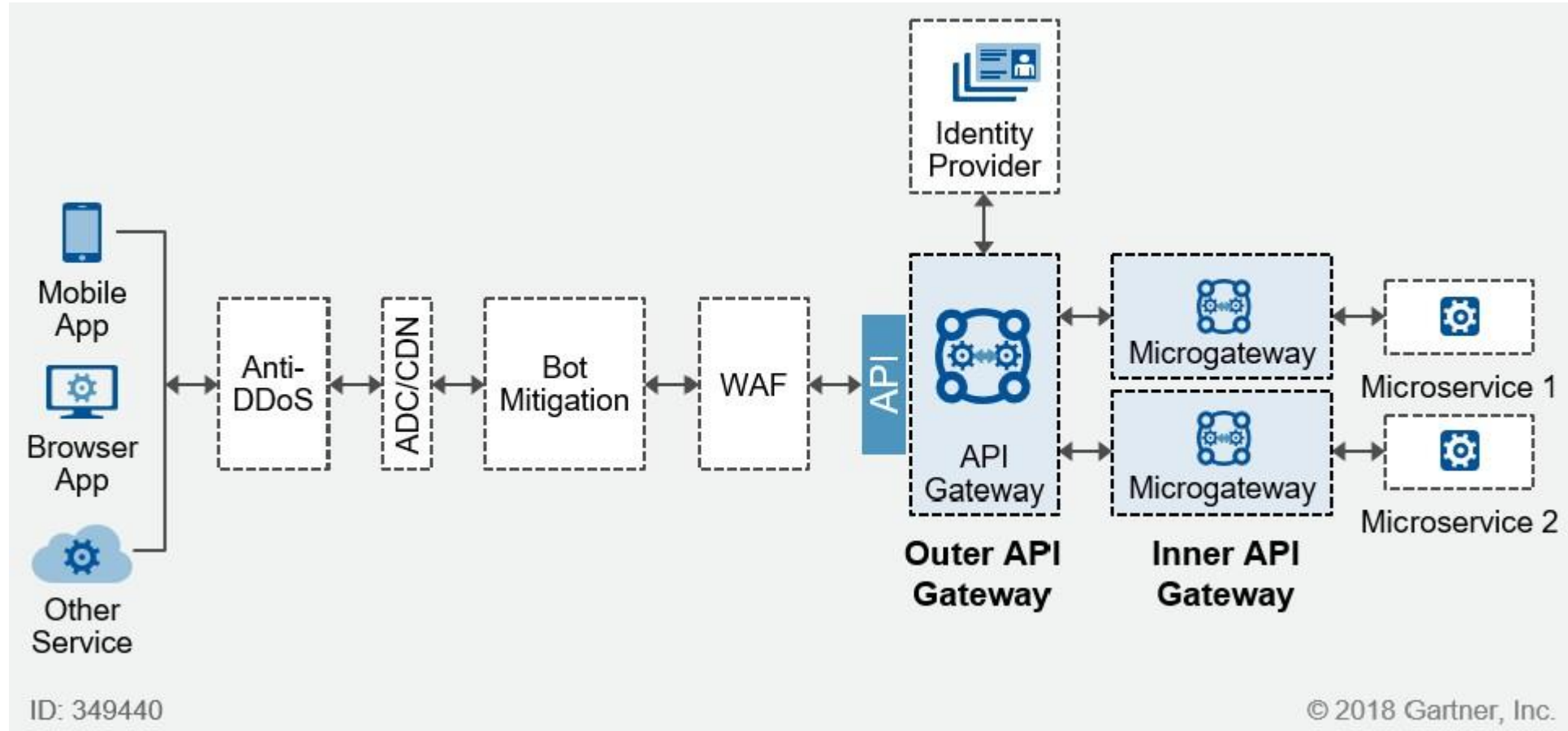
Customizable
Dashboards

Multi- Cloud Support

Alerting

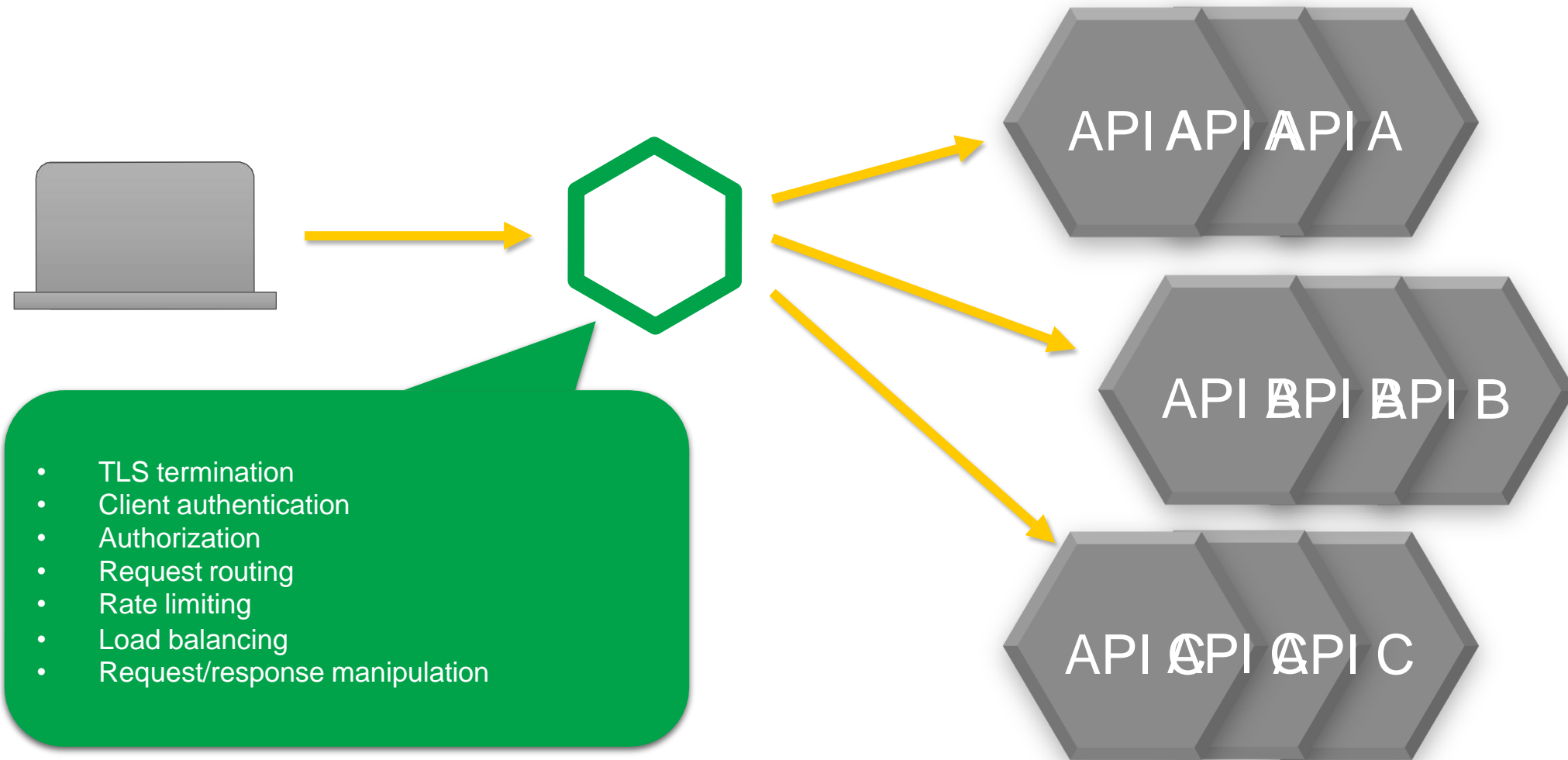
Extract Insights
(REST API + Logging)

API Gateway & API Security Architecture

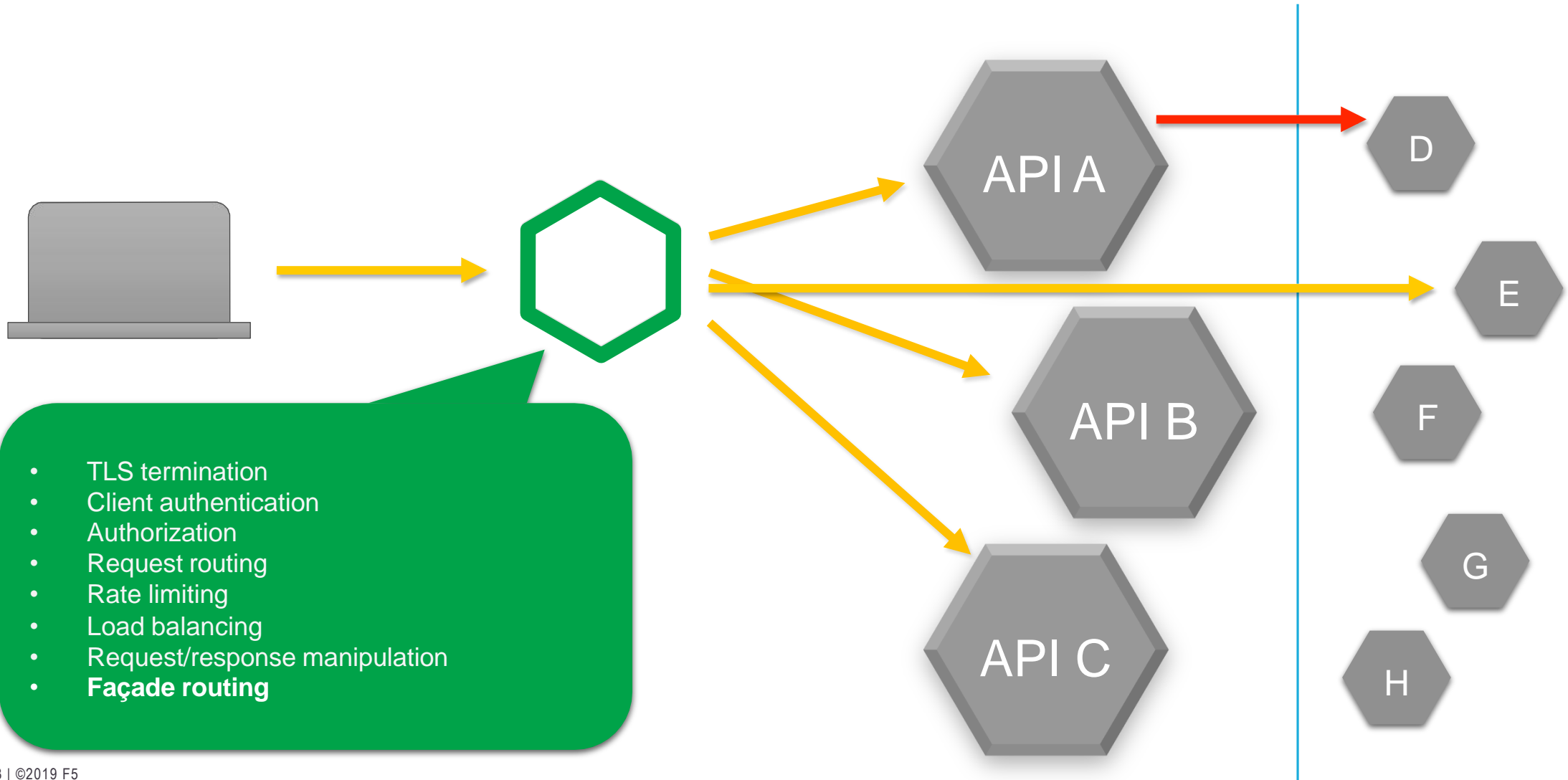


API Gateway Deployment Patterns

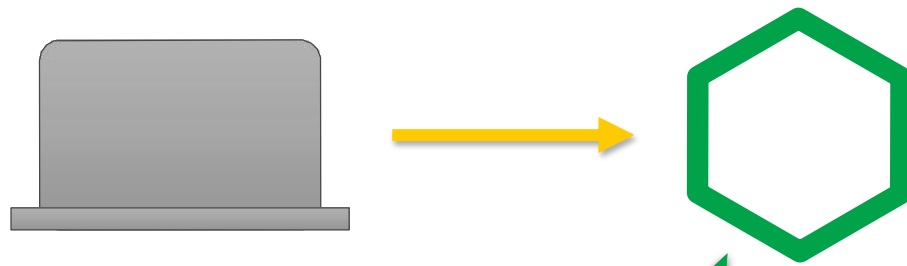
Edge Gateway



Edge Gateway

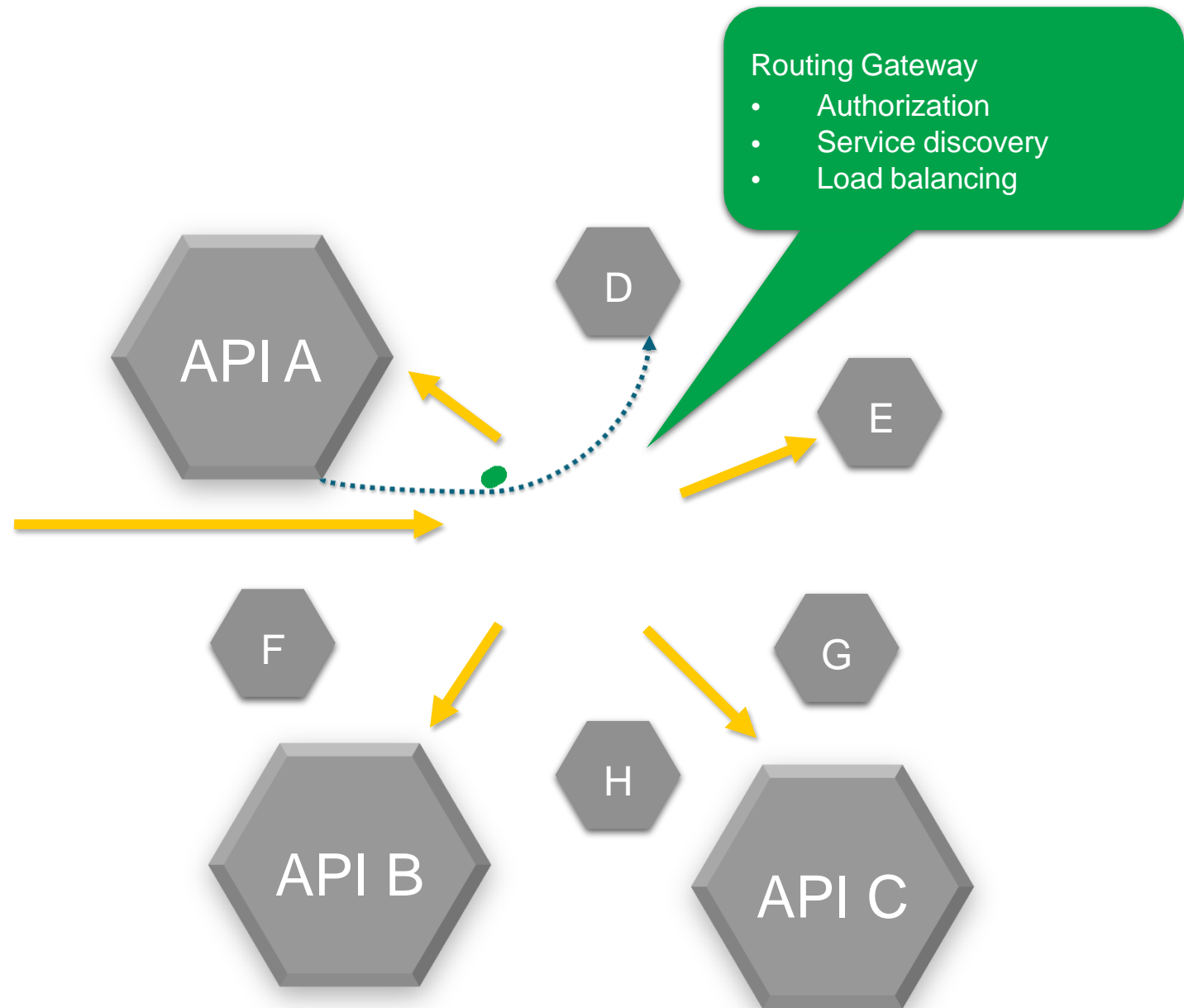


Two-Tier Gateway

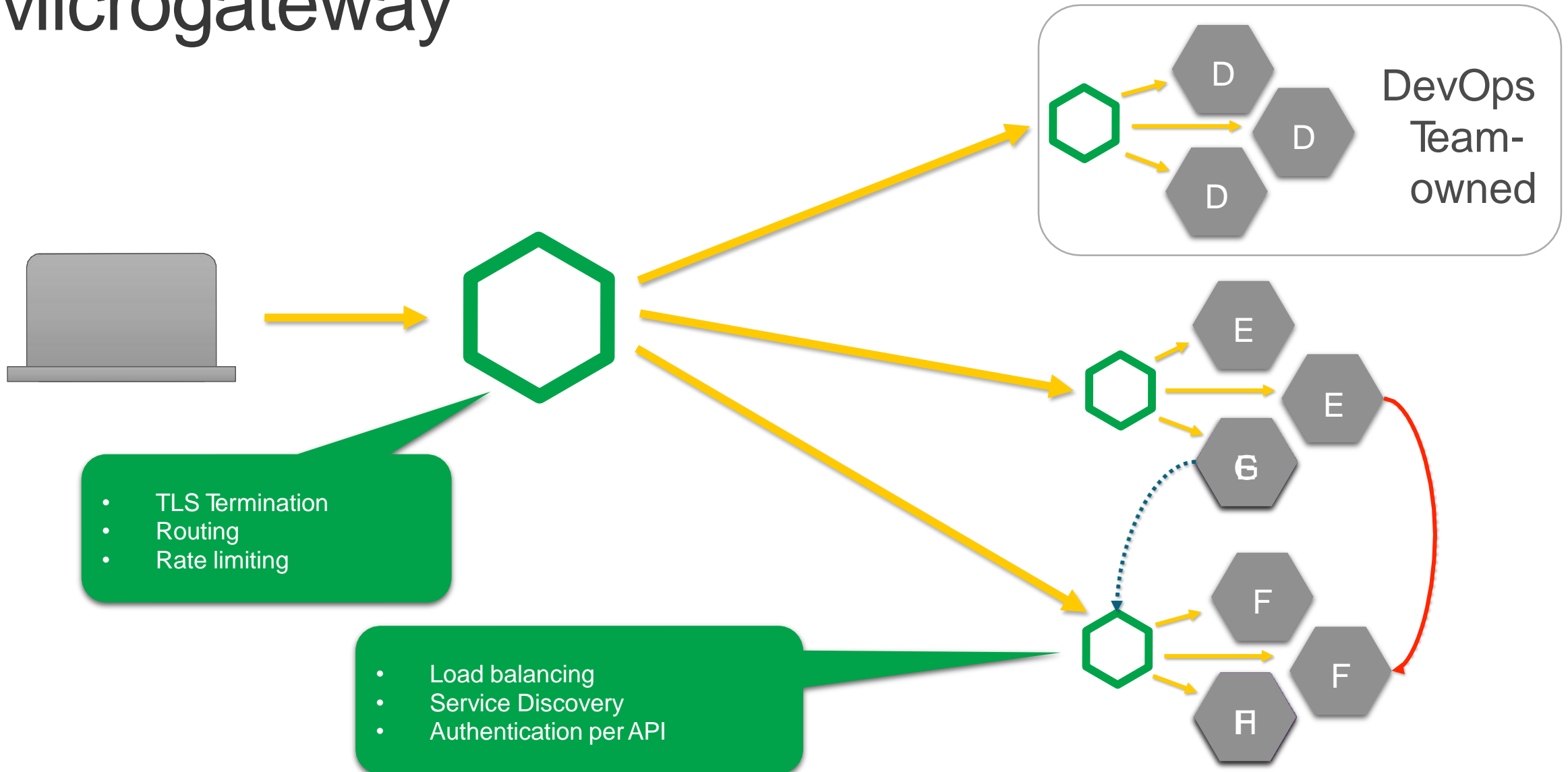


Security Gateway

- TLS termination
- Client authentication
- Centralized logging
- Tracing injection



Microgateway



Microgateway Characteristics

For an API gateway to be considered a microgateway, it must be suitable for deployment as an inner gateway paired with a microservice instance. Thus, it must:

- Be containerized or container-ready
- Have no limit on number of instances
- Incur no (or very low) license fees for additional instances
- Provide low latency
- Have a small footprint
- Be amenable to centralized and automatic administration

Gartner: Selecting the Right API Gateway to Protect Your APIs and Microservices

Deployment Patterns Recap...

Edge Gateway

+ Monoliths with centralized governance

- Frequent changes, DevOps team-owned microservices

Two-Tier Gateway

+ Flexibility, independent scaling of functions

- Distributed control

Micro-Gateway

+ DevOps teams, high-frequency updates

- Hard to achieve consistency, authorization minefield

Adapt to your environment

- TLS termination
- Client authentication
- Fine-grained access control
- Request routing
- Rate limiting
- Load balancing
- Service discovery of backends
- Request/response manipulation

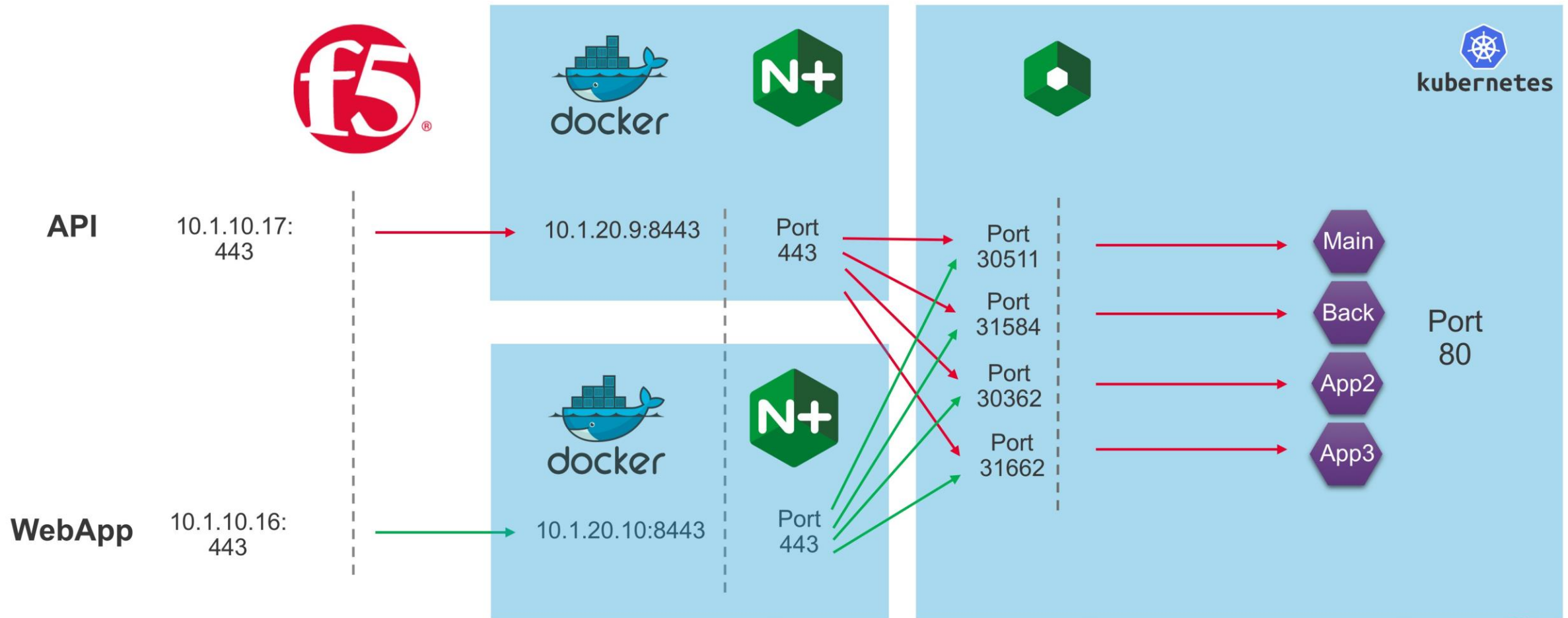
Conway's Law

“organizations which design systems ...are constrained to produce designs which are copies of the communication structures of these organizations.”



DEMO

Architecture network diagram





Stay Connected



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Alone We are smart, together We are brilliant



THANK YOU !



Quote by Steve Anderson