# SYSTEM DESIGN DOCUMENT

Distributed Auction Service Using CORBA

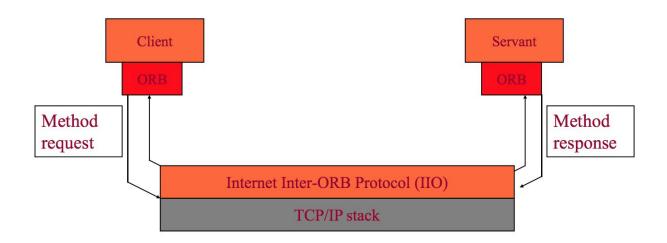
# 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Purpose and Scope

The objective of this machine problem is to use CORBA to build a Distributed Auction Service, which allows the buying and selling of individual items. For this project we will be using an English auction protocol (increasing price, current price visible to all parties).

# 1.2 Project Executive Summary

### 1.2.1 System Overview



Simple Architecture of CORBA

Our application system consists of two basic modules the client and the server:

It includes the following features:

#### **Client side:**

- The command line User Interface
- Browsing the active auctions
- Bid on the active item
- Creating a new auction
- Checking the status of an auction/bid
- Checking the highest bidder

#### **Server side:**

- Create a new auction
- Update an item upon the status change
   sell, create, bid

#### **Data associated with each bid:**

• User ID, item ID, bi price

#### Data associated with each new auction:

• Item name, seller ID, start price(optional)

#### Implementation:

- CS-Communication: CORBA. Interface defined in a .idl file
- Client: Java

The Interface file for the project

```
1 module DistributedAuctionApp{
      interface DistributedAuction{
           exception IncorrectOfferException{
           string description;
           exception IncorrectSellException{
           string description;
          exception IncorrectStatusException{
           string description;
12
           exception IncorrectBidException{
13
           string description;
14
15
      typedef struct AuctionStatus{
16
17
          string userID;
18
19
20
21
22
           strina itemName:
          double bidPrice:
      } Status;
      boolean offerItem(in string itemName, in string userID, in double startPrice) raises (IncorrectOfferException);
      string viewHighBidder(in string userID) raises (IncorrectSellException);
      Status viewAuctionStatus(in string userID) raises (IncorrectStatusException);
      string viewBidStatus(in string userID) raises (IncorrectBidException);
      boolean bid(in string userID, in double price) raises (IncorrectBidException);
      boolean sell(in string userID) raises(IncorrectSellException);
```

# 2 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The system architecture has three main components:

- 1. The client side: DistributedAuctionClient.java
- 2. The server side: DistributedAuctionServer.java

3. The seller side: DistributedAuctionSeller.java

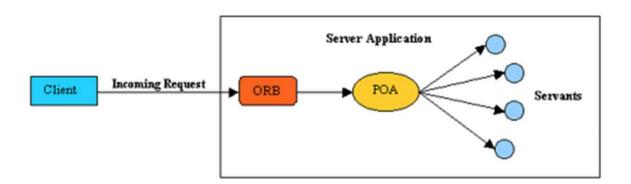
The server and the servant part of the application operate out of the same directory, while the client operates from a different directory.

### 2.1 Internal Communications Architecture

Following procedure is followed while establishing a communication:

The Object Request Broker:

- 1. Uses Object Reference to identify and locate objects
  - a. Object Reference: A handle to an object that a client must hold in order to access the object
- 2. Delivers request to objects
- 3. Returns output values back to client
- 4. Services necessary to accomplish the tasks are completely transparent to the client



# 3 HUMAN-MACHINE INTERFACE

The interface for the Distributed Auction program is completely command-line based.

### 3.1 Inputs

The program asks the user for an input after displaying a menu.

For the client who is a seller:

The input can be any number ranging from 1-5.

- 1. Create an auction item
- 2. Get the highest bidder of the current item
- 3. Get the highest bidder on the current item
- 4. Get the status of the auction
- 5. Quit

For the client who is a buyer:

The input can be any number ranging from 1-5.

- 1. Get the status of the auction
- 2. Place a bid on the item
- 3. Check if he/she is the highest bidder
- 4. Quit

## 3.2 Outputs

Based on the input, the program returns the relevant output from the server side.

