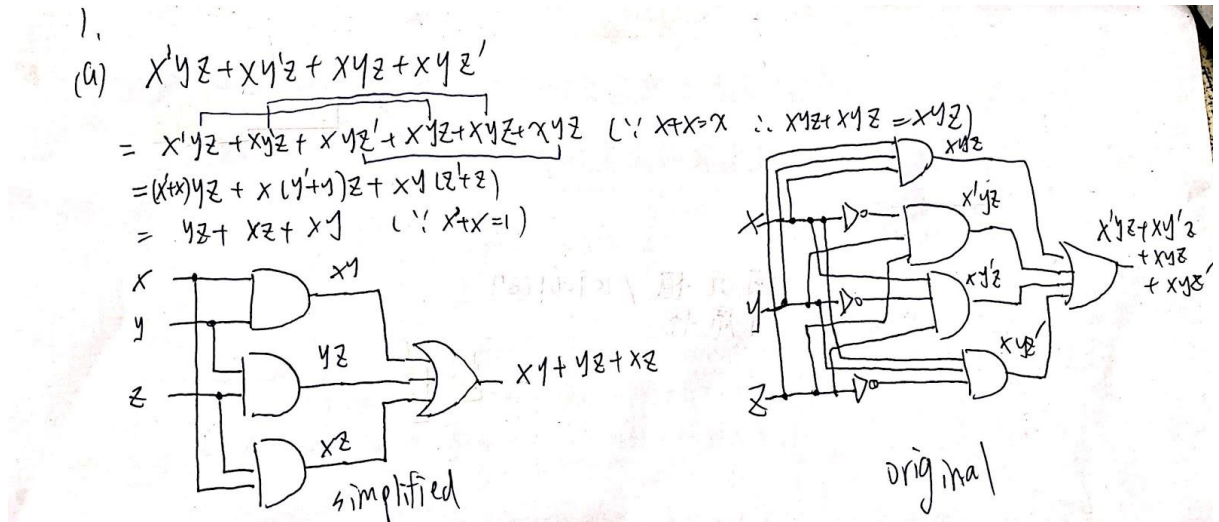


## HW2 Solution

1. Simplify the following Boolean expressions (do not use K-map) to a minimum number of literals. After simplification, draw the logic diagrams of the circuits that implement the original and simplified expressions, respectively.

(a)  $x'yz + xy'z + xyz + xyz'$

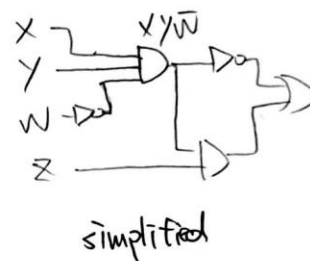
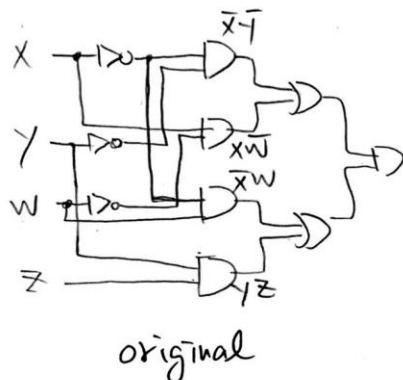
(b)  $(x'y' + xw')(x'w + yz)$



(b)  $(\bar{x}\bar{y} + x\bar{w})(\bar{x}w + yz)$

$$= \bar{x}\bar{y}\bar{x}w + \bar{x}\bar{y}yz + \underbrace{x\bar{w}\bar{x}w}_{=0} + x\bar{w}yz$$

$$= \bar{x}\bar{y}w + xy\bar{w}z$$



2. Use DeMorgan's theorem to remove the complement outside the braces:

(a)  $((x'+w)y + wyz + x'z(x+y))'$ ,

(b)  $(x(y'+z) + y'z(x+w))'$ ,

(c)  $(x(y+y'(z+w)))'$ ,

(d)  $(xy' + y(x+z))'$ .

$$\begin{aligned}
 2. (a) & ((x'+w)y + wyz + x'z(x+y))' \\
 &= ((x'+w)y)'(wyz)'(x'z(x+y))' \\
 &= ((x'+w)' + y')(w'y'z')(xz' + (x+y)') \\
 &= (xw' + y')(w'y'z')(xz' + x'y') \\
 (b) &= (x(y'+z) + y'z(x+w))' \\
 &= (x(y'+z))'(y'z(x+w))' \\
 &= (x'(y'+z)')(y'z' + (x+w)') \\
 &= (x' + yz')(y'z' + x'w')
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (c) & (x(y+y'(z+w)))' \\
 &= x' + (y+y'(z+w))' \\
 &= x' + y'(y'(z+w))' \\
 &= x' + y'(y + (z+w)') \\
 &= x' + y'(y + z'w')
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (d) & (xy' + y(x+z))' \\
 &= (xy')'(y(x+z))' \\
 &= (x' + y)(y' + (x+z)') \\
 &= (x' + y)(y' + x'z')
 \end{aligned}$$

3. We can perform logical operations on strings of bits by considering each pair of corresponding bits separately (called *bitwise* operation). Given two eight-bit strings  $A=11010101$  and  $B=01110001$ , evaluate the eight-bit result after the following logical operations:
- AND,
  - XNOR,
  - NOT A.

3. (a) AND

11010101	A
01110001	B
<hr/>	
Ans: 01010001	A AND B

A	B	AND
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

(b) XNOR

11010101	A
01110001	B
<hr/>	
Ans: 01011011	A XNOR B

A	B	XNOR
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1

(c) NOT A

11010101	A
<hr/>	
Ans: 00101010	NOT A

4. Obtain the truth table of function  $F = x'yz' + w'y + wyz'$  and express it in sum-of-minterms and product-of-maxterms forms.

w	x	y	z	$x'yz'$	$w'y$	$wyz'$	F	Minterms	Maxterms
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$w'x'y'z'$	$w+x+y+z$
0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	$w'x'y'z$	$w+x+y+z'$
0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	$w'x'yz'$	$w+x+y'+z$
0	0	1	1	0	1	0	1	$w'x'yz$	$w+x+y'+z'$
0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	$w'xy'z'$	$w+x'+y+z$
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	$w'xy'z$	$w+x'+y+z'$
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	$w'xyz'$	$w+x'+y'+z$
0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1	$w'xyz$	$w+x'+y'+z'$
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	$wx'y'z'$	$w'+x+y+z$
1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	$wx'y'z$	$w'+x+y+z'$
1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	$wx'yz'$	$w'+x+y'+z$
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	$wx'yz$	$w'+x+y'+z'$
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	$wxy'z'$	$w'+x'+y+z$
1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	$wxy'z$	$w'+x'+y+z'$
1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	$wxyz'$	$w'+x'+y'+z$
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	$wxyz$	$w'+x'+y'+z'$

Truth table: 對應至上表 w, x, y, z, F 這 5 行

Sum-of-minterms:

$$F = w'x'yz' + w'x'yz + w'xyz' + w'xyz + wx'y'z' + wxyz'$$

$$= \Sigma(2, 3, 6, 7, 10, 14)$$

Product-of-maxterms:

$$F = (w+x+y+z)(w+x+y+z')(w+x'+y+z)(w+x'+y+z')(w'+x+y+z)(w'+x+y+z')$$

$$(w'+x+y'+z')(w'+x'+y+z)(w'+x'+y+z')(w'+x'+y'+z')$$

$$= \pi(0, 1, 4, 5, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15)$$

5. For the Boolean function  $F = x'y'z + xy'z + xyz + x'yz$ ,

(a) Obtain the truth table of F.

(b) Draw the logic diagram for F.

(c) Use Boolean algebra to simplify the function F to a new function, G, with minimum number of literals.

(d) Obtain the truth table of G and show it is the same as that of F.

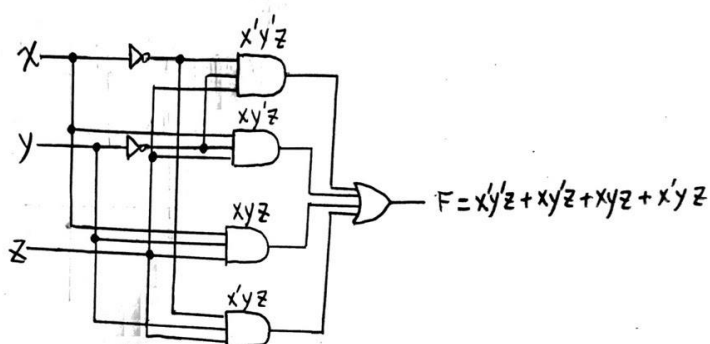
(e) Draw the logic diagram for G and compare the number of literals and gates with those of F.

5.  $F = x'y'z + xy'z + xyz + x'yz$

(d)

x	y	z	F	G
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1
0	1	0	0	0
0	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	1	1
1	1	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1

same



(c)

$$\begin{aligned}
 G &= x'y'z + xy'z + xyz + x'yz \\
 &= [x'y + xy' + xy + x'y]z \quad (\text{distributive}) \\
 &= [x'(y+y') + x(y'+y)]z \quad (\text{complement}) \quad (y+y')=1 \\
 &= [x' + x]z \quad (\text{complement}) \quad (x+x')=1 \\
 &= z \\
 G &= z
 \end{aligned}$$

(e)

$$z \text{ --- } G$$

$$F \begin{cases} 12 \text{ literals} \\ 2 \text{ NOTs, 4 ANDs, 1 OR} \end{cases}$$

$$G \begin{cases} 1 \text{ literal} \\ \text{No terms (buffer)} \end{cases}$$