## Outline of psdmul

Steven Nguyen (icecream17)

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We have

$$(FG)(B) = \sum_{b \le B} F(b)G(B - b) \tag{mul}$$

$$\frac{\partial F}{\partial X} = (k \mapsto (k(X) + 1) F(k + X)) \tag{psd}$$

where F and G are multivariate polynomials (represented as functions from bags of variables to coefficients) and X is a variable.

We prove

$$\frac{\partial (FG)}{\partial X} = \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial X}G\right) + \left(F\frac{\partial G}{\partial X}\right)$$

from

$$\frac{\partial (FG)}{\partial X}(k) = \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial X}G\right)\!\!(k) + \left(F\frac{\partial G}{\partial X}\right)\!\!(k) \qquad (1=2+3)$$

by expanding expressions 1, 2, and 3 as follows:

$$\frac{\partial (FG)}{\partial X}(k) = (k(X) + 1) (FG)(k + X) 
= (k(X) + 1) \sum_{b \le k + X} F(b)G((k + X) - b) 
= \sum_{b \le k + X} (k(X) + 1)F(b)G((k + X) - b)$$
(1)

$$\left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial X}G\right)(k) = \sum_{b \le k} \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial X}\right)(b)G(k-b)$$

$$\xrightarrow{b=b'-X} \sum_{X \le b' \le k+X} \left(\frac{\partial F}{\partial X}\right)(b'-X)G(k-(b'-X))$$

$$= \sum_{X \le b' \le k+X} ((b'-X)(X)+1)F((b'-X)+X)G(k-(b'-X))$$

$$= \sum_{X \le b \le k+X} b(X)F(b)G((k+X)-b)$$
(2)

$$\left(F\frac{\partial G}{\partial X}\right)(k) = \sum_{b \le k} F(b) \left(\frac{\partial G}{\partial X}\right)(k-b)$$

$$= \sum_{b \le k} F(b)((k-b)(X)+1)G((k-b)+X)$$

$$= \sum_{b \le k} ((k-b)(X)+1)F(b)G((k-b)+X)$$

$$= \sum_{b \le k} ((k-b)(X)+1)F(b)G((k+X)-b)$$
(3)

Then we split each result, a sum, into summations over certain ranges, as shown in Table 1.

Table 1: Final step: 2 + 3 = 1

Reference	$b < X^*$	$X \le b \le k$	$k < b \le k + X$
(2)		b(X)F(b)G((k+X)-b)	b(X)F(b)G((k+X)-b)
(3)	((k-b)(X) + 1)F(b)G((k+X) - b)	((k-b)(X)+1)F(b)G((k+X)-b)	
(1)	(k(X)+1)F(b)G((k+X)-b)	(k(X)+1)F(b)G((k+X)-b)	(k(X)+1)F(b)G((k+X)-b)

<sup>\*</sup> bags without the variable X

For the first column,

means

$$b(X) = 0$$

, so

$$(k-b)(X) = k(X) - b(X) = k(X)$$

For the last column,

$$k < b \leq k + X$$

implies

$$b(X) = (k+X)(X) = k(X) + 1$$

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