

增加通讯距离 修改输出功率方法

- 如果开发板是带功放的核心板，启动功放修改输出功率方法如下：

加功放时需要在文件 hal_board_cfg.h 中修改下面的宏，去掉 x HAL_PA_LNA 前面的 x 即

可打开功放，默认时没有启用功放的，下面是讲解功放动作原理。

```
#define HAL_PA_LNA           //去掉 x HAL_PA_LNA 前面的 x
```

- 2.5.1a 不带功放修改输出功率增加通讯距离方法如下：

要改变输出功率在文件 mac_pib.c 中，根据加的功放改变下面红色的字就行了，

```
/* PIB default values */
```

```
static CODE const macPib_t macPibDefaults =
```

```
{
```

```
.....
```

```
/* Proprietary */
```

```
#if defined (HAL_PA_LNA)
```

```
19,
```

```
/* phyTransmitPower for CC2591 */
```

```
#elif defined (HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590)
```

```
11,
```

```
/* phyTransmitPower for CC2590 */
```

```
#else
```

```
3,
```

```
/* phyTransmitPower without frontend */
```

```
#endif
```

```
.....
```

```
};
```

如果是旧版本请按照以前手册上的方法修改哦

先分析一下 cc2591 在 zstack 中的设置，RFX2401C 控制也是差不多的

一、cc2591 在 zstack 中的设置

CC2530 和 CC2591 的连接图，最好按照下面的连接，这是 zstack 的默认连接端口，这样修改的代码最少，如果你完全弄明白了 PA,EN 的意思，你可以修改到其他端口。

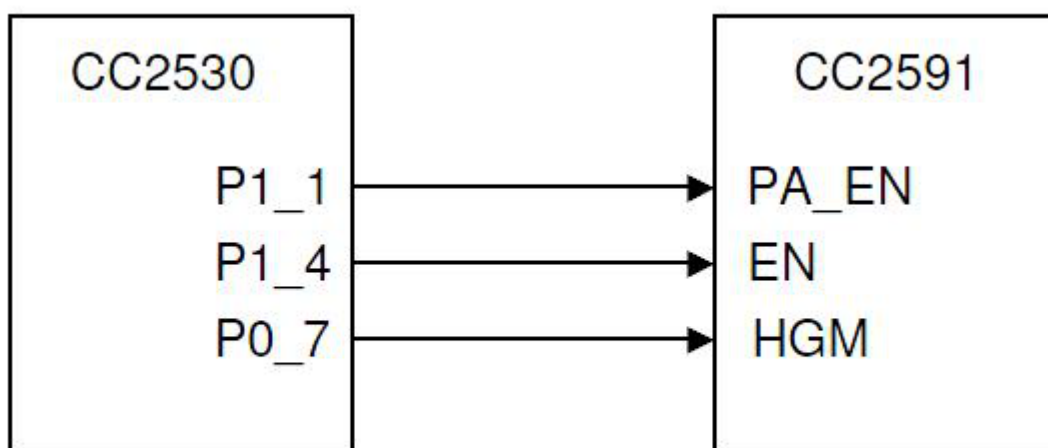


Figure 1. CC2530-CC2591 Interconnect

PAEN	EN	RXTX	HGM	Mode of Operation
0	0	NC	X	Power Down
0	1	NC	0	RX LGM
0	1	NC	1	RX HGM
1	0	NC	X	TX
1	1	NC	X	Not allowed

Table 8.1 Control Logic for Connecting the CC2591 to a CC2530 Device

1.开启 PA 的宏定义，将 HAL_PA_LNA 前面小写的 x 删除，如下图。

```

mac_radio_defs.h | ioCC2530.h | mac_radio_defs.c | hal_board_cfg.h | hal_mac_cfg.h | mac_radio.c | mac_radio_defs.s51 | mac_rffrontend.s51 | SampleApp.c | hal_uart.c | _hal_uart_dma.c | On
60 #include "hal_defs.h"
61 #include "hal_types.h"
62
63 /* -----
64 *
65 *
66 *
67 *
68 *
69 * -----
70 */
71 #define HAL_PA_LNA
72 #define XHAL_PA_LNA_CC2590
73
74
75 /* -----
76 *
77 *
78 *
79 * -----
80 */
81
82 #if !defined (HAL_BOARD_CC2530EB_REV17) && !defined (HAL_BOARD_CC2530EB_REV13)
83 #define HAL_BOARD_CC2530EB_REV13

```

看看各个端口的配置，P0.7

```

mac_radio_defs.h | ioCC2530.h | mac_radio_defs.c | hal_board_cfg.h | hal_mac_cfg.h | mac_radio.c | mac_radio_defs.s51 | mac_rffrontend.s51 | SampleApp.c | hal_uart.c
288
289 #define MAC_RADIO_SRC_MATCH_INIT_EXTPENDEN()          st( SRCEXTPENDEN0 = 0;
290                                                         SRCEXTPENDEN1 = 0;
291                                                         SRCEXTPENDEN2 = 0;
292 #define MAC_RADIO_SRC_MATCH_INIT_SHORTPENDEN()       st( SRCSHORTPENDEN0 = 0;
293                                                         SRCSHORTPENDEN1 = 0;
294                                                         SRCSHORTPENDEN2 = 0;
295
296 #define MAC_RADIO_SRC_MATCH_TABLE_WRITE(offset, p, len)  macMemWriteRam( m
297 #define MAC_RADIO_SRC_MATCH_TABLE_READ(offset, p, len)   macMemReadRam( SRC
298
299
300 /* ----- PA/LNA control ----- */
301 #define HAL_PA_LNA_RX_HGM()          st( P0_7 = 1; )
302 #define HAL_PA_LNA_RX_LGM()          st( P0_7 = 0; )
303
304
305 /* -----
306 *
307 * -----

```

P1.1 P1.4 配置

```

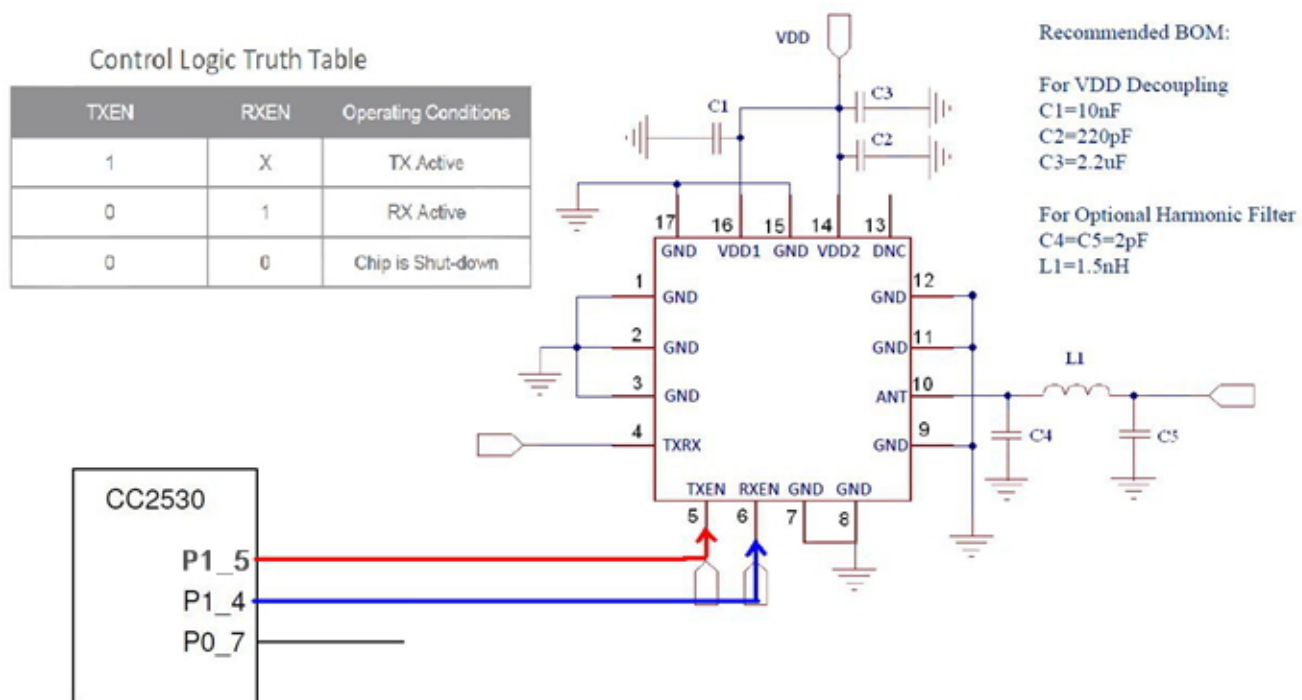
ioCC2530.h | mac_radio_defs.c* | hal_board_cfg.h | hal_mac_cfg.h | mac_radio.c | mac_radio_defs.s51 | mac_rffrontend.s51 | SampleApp.c | hal_uart.c | _hal_uart_dr
265
266 #if defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590
267   /* table ID is referenced only when runtime configuratino is enabled */
268   if (macRadioDefsRefTableId & 0xf0)
269 #endif /* defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590 */
270
271 #if defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590 || \
272     defined HAL_PA_LNA || defined HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590
273   { /* either if compound statement or non-conditional compound statement */
274
275     /* (Re-)Configure PA and LNA control signals to RF frontend chips.
276      * Note that The register values are not retained during sleep.
277      */
278
279     /* P1_1 -> PAEN */
280     RFC_OBS_CTRL0 = RFC_OBS_CTRL_PA_PD_INV;
281     OBSSEL1       = OBSSEL_OBS_CTRL0;
282
283     /* P1_4 -> EN (LNA control) */
284     RFC_OBS_CTRL1 = RFC_OBS_CTRL_LNAMIX_PD_INV;
285     OBSSEL4       = OBSSEL_OBS_CTRL1;
286
287
288
289

```

到这里 CC2591 的配置，就完成了，如果你其他方面没有问题，CC2591 就可以正常工作了，主要是 zstack 已经把我们把工作做好了。

二. RFX2401C 在 zstack 中的设置

先 看 原 理 图 连 接



RFX2401C 只需要 2 个控制 IO 就可以了，这里使用 P1.4 和 P1.5，控制时序参照上图中的逻辑表即可。

从上图可以看出，只要 RXEN 保持高电平，TXEN 决定发送和接收，所以要设置 P1.4=1;控制 P1.5 就行了，P0.7 可以作为自由的 IO 来使用了，如果你的 RFX2401C 不是上面的连接端口，请根据自己板子情况自行设定。


打开 mac_radio_defs.c 找到 288 行 `macRadioTurnOnPower` 函数，修改红色字体就行。

```
MAC_INTERNAL_API void macRadioTurnOnPower(void)
{
```

```
    /* Enable RF error trap */
    MAC_MCU_RFERR_ENABLE_INTERRUPT();
```

```
#if defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590
    /* table ID is referenced only when runtime configuratino is enabled
    */
```

```
    if (macRadioDefsRefTableId & 0xf0)
```

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```

#endif /* defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590 */

#if defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590 || \
    defined HAL_PA_LNA || defined HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590
    /* either if compound statement or non-conditional compound statement
    */

    /* (Re-)Configure PA and LNA control signals to RF frontend chips.
    * Note that The register values are not retained during sleep.
    */

    /* P1_5 -> PAEN */
    RFC_OBS_CTRL0 = RFC_OBS_CTRL_PA_PD_INV;
    OBSSEL5       = OBSSEL_OBS_CTRL0;      //P1_5 TXEN

    /* P1_4 -> EN (LNA control) */
    //RFC_OBS_CTRL1 = RFC_OBS_CTRL_LNAMIX_PD_INV;
    //OBSSEL4       = OBSSEL_OBS_CTRL1;
    P1SEL &= ~0X10;
    P1DIR |= 0X10;
    P1_4 = 1;      //P1_4 RXEN    andy pa

    /* For any RX, change CCA settings for CC2591 compression workaround.
    * This will override LNA control if CC2591_COMPRESSION_WORKAROUND
    * flag is defined.
    */
    COMPRESSION_WORKAROUND_ON();
}
#endif /* defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || ... || defined HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590
*/

if (macChipVersion <= REV_B)
{
    /* radio initializations for disappearing RAM; PG1.0 and before only
    */
    MAC_RADIO_SET_PAN_ID(macPib.panId);
    MAC_RADIO_SET_SHORT_ADDR(macPib.shortAddress);
    MAC_RADIO_SET_IEEE_ADDR(macPib.extendedAddress.addr.extAddr);
}

/* Turn on frame filtering */
MAC_RADIO_TURN_ON_RX_FRAME_FILTERING();
}

```


三. 增加通讯距离 修改输出功率方法

加功放时需要在文件 hal_board_cfg.h 中定义下面的宏，两者只能一个有效

```
#define HAL_PA_LNA // 去掉 x HAL_PA_LNA 前面的 x  
#define xHAL_PA_LNA_CC2590 //功放为 0xCC2590
```

要改变输出功率在文件 mac_pib.c 中，根据加的功放改变下面红色的字就行了，

```
/* PIB default values */
```

```
static CODE const macPib_t macPibDefaults =
```

```
{  
    54, /* ackWaitDuration */  
    FALSE, /* associationPermit */  
    TRUE, /* autoRequest */  
    FALSE, /* battLifeExt */  
    6, /* battLifeExtPeriods */  
  
    NULL, /* *pMacBeaconPayload */  
    0, /* beaconPayloadLength */  
    MAC_BO_NON_BEACON, /* beaconOrder */  
    0, /* beaconTxTime */  
    0, /* bsn */  
  
    {0, SADDR_MODE_EXT}, /* coordExtendedAddress */  
    MAC_SHORT_ADDR_NONE, /* coordShortAddress */  
    0, /* dsn */  
    FALSE, /* gtsPermit */  
    4, /* maxCsmaBackoffs */  
  
    3, /* minBe */  
    0xFFFF, /* panId */  
    FALSE, /* promiscuousMode */  
    FALSE, /* rxOnWhenIdle */  
    MAC_SHORT_ADDR_NONE, /* shortAddress */  
  
    MAC_SO_NONE, /* superframeOrder */  
    0x01F4, /* transactionPersistenceTime */  
    FALSE, /* associatedPanCoord */  
    5, /* maxBe */  
    1220, /* maxFrameTotalWaitTime */  
  
    3, /* maxFrameRetries */  
    32, /* ResponseWaitTime */  
    0, /* syncSymbolOffset */  
    TRUE, /* timeStampSupported */
```

```

FALSE,                                /* securityEnabled */

/* Proprietary */
#if defined (HAL_PA_LNA)
    19,                                /* phyTransmitPower for CC2591 */
#elif defined (HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590)
    11,                                /* phyTransmitPower for CC2590 */
#else
    3,                                 /* phyTransmitPower without frontend */
#endif

    MAC_CHAN_11,                       /* logicalChannel */
    {0, SADDR_MODE_EXT},               /* extendedAddress */
    1,                                 /* altBe */
    MAC_BO_NON_BEACON,                 /* deviceBeaconOrder */
};

```

19 就对应下面的 19dbm，要不同的功率按下面的值修改即可；

```

/*****cc2591*****/

```

```

#if defined HAL_PA_LNA || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591
const uint8 CODE macRadioDefsTxPwrCC2591[] =
{
    20, /* transmit power level of the first entry */
    (uint8)(int8)10, /* transmit power level of the last entry */
    /* 20 dBm */    0xE5, /* characterized as 20 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 19 dBm */    0xD5, /* characterized as 19 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 18 dBm */    0xC5, /* characterized as 18 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 17 dBm */    0xB5, /* characterized as 17 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 16 dBm */    0xA5, /* characterized as 16 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 15 dBm */    0xA5,
    /* 14 dBm */    0x95, /* characterized as 14.5 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 13 dBm */    0x85, /* characterized as 13 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 12 dBm */    0x85,
    /* 11 dBm */    0x75, /* characterized as 11.5 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 10 dBm */    0x65 /* characterized as 10 dBm in datasheet */
};
#endif

```

```

/*****cc2590*****/

```

```

/* Placeholder for CC2590 */
#if defined HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590
const uint8 CODE macRadioDefsTxPwrCC2590[] =
{
    11, /* transmit power level of the first entry */
    (uint8)(int8)-12, /* transmit power level of the last entry */

```



```

/* Note that the characterization is preliminary */
/* 11 dBm */ 0xF5, /* characterized as 11.8 dBm */
/* 10 dBm */ 0xE5, /* characterized as 10.6 dBm */
/* 9 dBm */ 0xD5, /* characterized as 9.5 dBm */
/* 8 dBm */ 0xC5, /* characterized as 8.5 dBm */
/* 7 dBm */ 0xB5, /* characterized as 7.6 dBm */
/* 6 dBm */ 0xA5, /* characterized as 6.4 dBm */
/* 5 dBm */ 0xA5, /* characterized as 6.4 dBm */
/* 4 dBm */ 0x95, /* characterized as 4.7 dBm */
/* 3 dBm */ 0x85, /* characterized as 3.5 dBm */
/* 2 dBm */ 0x75, /* characterized as 2.0 dBm */
/* 1 dBm */ 0x75, /* characterized as 2.0 dBm */
/* 0 dBm */ 0x65, /* characterized as 0.3 dBm */
/* -1 dBm */ 0x65, /* characterized as 0.3 dBm */
/* -2 dBm */ 0x55, /* characterized as -1.7 dBm */
/* -3 dBm */ 0x55, /* characterized as -1.7 dBm */
/* -4 dBm */ 0x45, /* characterized as -3.9 dBm */
/* -5 dBm */ 0x45, /* characterized as -3.9 dBm */
/* -6 dBm */ 0x45, /* characterized as -3.9 dBm */
/* -7 dBm */ 0x35, /* characterized as -6.3 dBm */
/* -8 dBm */ 0x25, /* characterized as -7.8 dBm */
/* -9 dBm */ 0x25, /* characterized as -7.8 dBm */
/* -10 dBm */ 0x15, /* characterized as -9.8 dBm */
/* -11 dBm */ 0x15, /* characterized as -9.8 dBm */
/* -12 dBm */ 0x05, /* characterized as -11.8 dBm */
};
#endif

```

```

/*****没加功放*****/
#if defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590 || \
    (!defined HAL_PA_LNA && !defined HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590)

```

```

#ifdef HAL_MCU_CC2533
const uint8 CODE macRadioDefsTxPwrBare[] =
{
    4, /* transmit power level of the first entry */
    (uint8)(int8)-21, /* transmit power level of the last entry */
    /* 4 dBm */ 0xEC, /* characterized as 4.5 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 3 dBm */ 0xDC, /* characterized as 3 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 2 dBm */ 0xDC,
    /* 1 dBm */ 0xCC, /* characterized as 1.7 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 0 dBm */ 0xBC, /* characterized as 0.3 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -1 dBm */ 0xAC, /* characterized as -1 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -2 dBm */ 0xAC,

```

```

/* -3 dBm */    0x9C, /* characterized as -2.8 dBm in datasheet */
/* -4 dBm */    0x9C,
/* -5 dBm */    0x8C, /* characterized as -4.1 dBm in datasheet */
/* -6 dBm */    0x7C, /* characterized as -5.9 dBm in datasheet */
/* -7 dBm */    0x7C,
/* -8 dBm */    0x6C, /* characterized as -7.7 dBm in datasheet */
/* -9 dBm */    0x6C,
/* -10 dBm */   0x5C, /* characterized as -9.9 dBm in datasheet */
/* -11 dBm */   0x5C,
/* -12 dBm */   0x5C, /* characterized as -9.9 dBm in datasheet */
/* -13 dBm */   0x4C, /* characterized as -12.8 dBm in datasheet */
/* -14 dBm */   0x4C,
/* -15 dBm */   0x3C, /* characterized as -14.9 dBm in datasheet */
/* -16 dBm */   0x3C,
/* -17 dBm */   0x2C, /* characterized as -16.6 dBm in datasheet */
/* -18 dBm */   0x2C,
/* -19 dBm */   0x1C, /* characterized as -18.7 dBm in datasheet */
/* -20 dBm */   0x1C, /* characterized as -18.7 dBm in datasheet */
/* -21 dBm */   0x0C

```

```
};
```

```
#else /* HAL_MCU_CC2533 */
```

```
const uint8 CODE macRadioDefsTxPwrBare[] =
```

```

{
    3, /* transmit power level of the first entry */
    (uint8)(int8)-22, /* transmit power level of the last entry */
    /* 3 dBm */    0xF5, /* characterized as 4.5 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 2 dBm */    0xE5, /* characterized as 2.5 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 1 dBm */    0xD5, /* characterized as 1 dBm in datasheet */
    /* 0 dBm */    0xD5, /* characterized as 1 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -1 dBm */   0xC5, /* characterized as -0.5 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -2 dBm */   0xB5, /* characterized as -1.5 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -3 dBm */   0xA5, /* characterized as -3 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -4 dBm */   0x95, /* characterized as -4 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -5 dBm */   0x95,
    /* -6 dBm */   0x85, /* characterized as -6 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -7 dBm */   0x85,
    /* -8 dBm */   0x75, /* characterized as -8 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -9 dBm */   0x75,
    /* -10 dBm */  0x65, /* characterized as -10 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -11 dBm */  0x65,
    /* -12 dBm */  0x55, /* characterized as -12 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -13 dBm */  0x55,
    /* -14 dBm */  0x45, /* characterized as -14 dBm in datasheet */
    /* -15 dBm */  0x45,

```

```

/* -16 dBm */    0x35,    /* characterized as -16 dBm in datasheet */
/* -17 dBm */    0x35,
/* -18 dBm */    0x25,    /* characterized as -18 dBm in datasheet */
/* -19 dBm */    0x25,
/* -20 dBm */    0x15,    /* characterized as -20 dBm in datasheet */
/* -21 dBm */    0x15,
/* -22 dBm */    0x05    /* characterized as -22 dBm in datasheet */
};
#endif /* HAL_MCU_CC2533 */
#endif /* defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590 ||
        (!defined HAL_PA_LNA && !defined HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590) */

```

下面是设置 `mactxpower`，但实际上 `zstack` 没定义 `HAL_MAC_USE_REGISTER_POWER_VALUES`，因而只编译蓝色部分：

```

#ifndef HAL_MAC_USE_REGISTER_POWER_VALUES
/* ----- */

MAC_INTERNAL_API void macRadioSetTxPower(uint8 txPower)
{
    halIntState_t s;
    #if defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2591 || defined MAC_RUNTIME_CC2590
        const uint8 CODE *pTable = macRadioDefsTxPwrTables[macRadioDefsRefTableId >> 4];
    #elif defined HAL_PA_LNA || defined HAL_PA_LNA_CC2590
        const uint8 CODE *pTable = macRadioDefsTxPwrTables[0];
    #else
        const uint8 CODE *pTable = macRadioDefsTxPwrBare;
    #endif

    /* if the selected dBm is out of range, use the closest available */
    if ((int8)txPower > (int8)pTable[MAC_RADIO_DEFS_TBL_TXPWR_FIRST_ENTRY])
    {
        /* greater than base value -- out of table range */
        txPower = pTable[MAC_RADIO_DEFS_TBL_TXPWR_FIRST_ENTRY];
    }
    else if ((int8)txPower < (int8)pTable[MAC_RADIO_DEFS_TBL_TXPWR_LAST_ENTRY])
    {
        /* smaller than the lowest power level -- out of table range */
        txPower = pTable[MAC_RADIO_DEFS_TBL_TXPWR_LAST_ENTRY];
    }

    /*
     * Set the global variable reqTxPower. This variable is referenced

```

```

    * by the function macRadioUpdateTxPower() to write the radio register.
    *
    * A lookup table is used to translate the power level to the register
    * value.
    */
HAL_ENTER_CRITICAL_SECTION(s);
/* When calculating index to the power register value table,
 * either txPower (of uint8 type) has to be explicitly type-casted to int8
 * or the subtraction expression has to be type-casted to uint8 to work
 * with the integral promotions.
 * The latter is more code size efficient and hence the latter is used.
 */
{
    uint8 index = pTable[MAC_RADIO_DEFS_TBL_TXPWR_FIRST_ENTRY] - txPower
        + MAC_RADIO_DEFS_TBL_TXPWR_ENTRIES;
    reqTxPower = pTable[index];
}
HAL_EXIT_CRITICAL_SECTION(s);

/* update the radio power setting */
macRadioUpdateTxPower();
}

#else
/* ----- */

MAC_INTERNAL_API void macRadioSetTxPower(uint8 txPower)
{
    halIntState_t s;

    /* same as above but with no lookup table, use raw register value */
    HAL_ENTER_CRITICAL_SECTION(s);
    reqTxPower = txPower;
    HAL_EXIT_CRITICAL_SECTION(s);

    /* update the radio power setting */
    macRadioUpdateTxPower();
}

#endif

```

在 mac_pib.c 文件中的 MAC_MlmeSetReq 函数里设置

```
case MAC_PHY_TRANSMIT_POWER_SIGNED:
```

```
/* Set the transmit power */
```

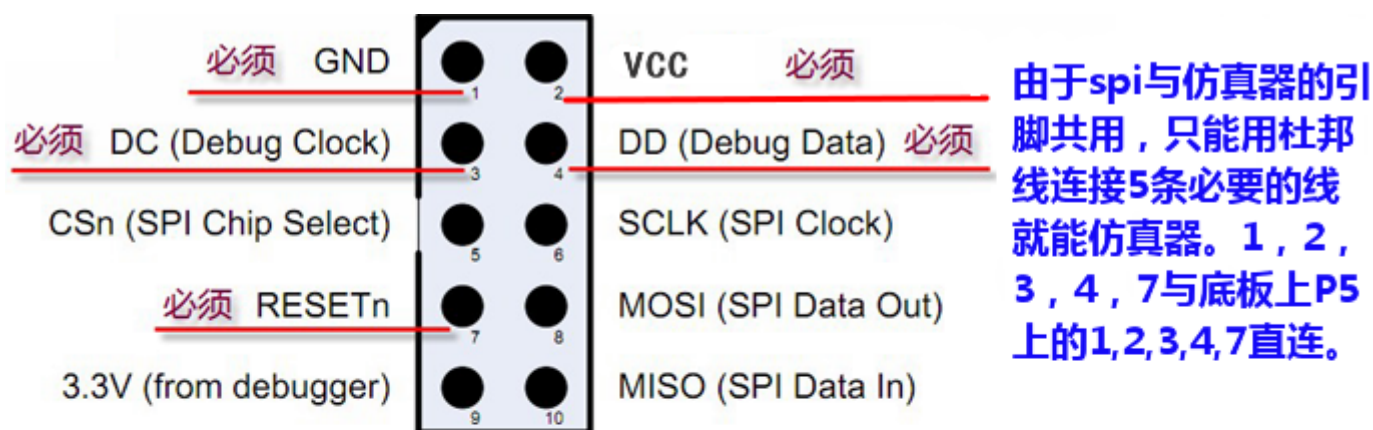
```
macRadioSetTxPower(macPib.phyTransmitPower);
```

```
break;
```

上面这段代码调用函数 macRadioSetTxPower 来设置 txpower; macPib.phyTransmitPower 为 mac 层的 pib 值; 就是最开始的红色的 19,11,0 等值;

在函数 macRadioSetTxPower 中通过调用 macRadioUpdateTxPower();函数把值更新到相应的寄存器中;

四.调试程序和运行开发板程序



如果只是下载程序可以直接用 10Pin 线连接都行,如果想打断点跟踪调试连网异常,这时就要用杜邦线连接,因为带功放将 P1.4 和 P1.5 被 SPI 占用了,所以最好用杜邦线连接。如果有多余的 10Pin 线剪开 SPI 的 4 条线也行。不过经测试基本上不影响调试,万一出现异常时知道怎么回事就行。

移植方法：

我们已经将” 11.按键无线控制台灯和 LED 灯-2530PA”移植好了,大家可以以此为模板,把其它实验的源文件添加进行进行编译测试。如“EB2530\第 5 章 zigbee 协议栈应用与组网”里面相应的实验目录下的 SampleApp\Source 下面的文件复制到“ 2530PA\11. 按键无线控制台灯和 LED 灯-2530PA\Projects\zstack\Samples\SampleApp\Source”,有些传感器需要在工程中添加源文件才行哦,更具体的请参考相关实验的文档。

由于不需要 P0_7来控制 PA 的接收增益，所以，在使用 PA 定义后，如果需要使用此 I0 脚。则在

```
#define HAL_BOARD_INIT()
{
    uint16 i;

    SLEEP_CMD &= ~OSC_PD; /* turn on 16MHz RC and 32MHz XOSC */
    while (!(SLEEP_STA & XOSC_STB)); /* wait for 32MHz XOSC stable */
    asm("NOP"); /* chip bug workaround */
    for (i=0; i<504; i++) asm("NOP"); /* Require 63us delay for all revs */
    CLKCONCMD = (CLKCONCMD_32MHZ | OSC_32KHZ); /* Select 32MHz XOSC and the source for 32K clock */
    while (CLKCONSTA != (CLKCONCMD_32MHZ | OSC_32KHZ)); /* Wait for the change to be effective */
    SLEEP_CMD |= OSC_PD; /* turn off 16MHz RC */

    /* Turn on cache prefetch mode */
    PREFETCH_ENABLE();

    /* set direction for GPIO outputs */
    LED1_DDR |= LED1_BV;

    /* Set PA/LNA HGM control P0_7 */
    PODIR |= BV(7);

    /* configure tristates */
    P0INP |= PUSH2_BV;

    /* setup RF frontend if necessary */
    HAL_BOARD_RF_FRONTEND_SETUP();
}
```

删除蓝色的2行内容，并且在

mac_radio_defs.h 文件中

```
#define HAL_PA_LNA_RX_HGM() st( P0_7 = 1; )
```

```
#define HAL_PA_LNA_RX_LGM() st( P0_7 = 0; )
```

部分修改为

```
#define HAL_PA_LNA_RX_HGM()
```

```
#define HAL_PA_LNA_RX_LGM()
```

这样，在无线发送和接收的 P0_7 就不会影响到了。