

Flipped classroom in theoretical computer science

A case study for equational logic

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Why am I here?

- One of the last PhD students of Anna :)
- Anna and I taught a lot together, and also did research.
- I learned a lot from her.



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Today's plan

Simulate what I learned from Anna about teaching to teach you about our research :).



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$$\frac{x = y}{y = x}$$

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Correct! ($1 + 1 = 2$)



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Correct! ($1 + 1 + 2 = 2 + 1 + 1$)



One step further

You start from the number 0, and you can only use the +2 operation.
You can use:

$$x = x \qquad x_1 + x_2 = x_2 + x_1 \qquad \frac{x = y}{y = x} \qquad \frac{x_1 = y_1, x_2 = y_2}{x_1 + x_2 = y_1 + y_2}$$



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For 5 mins

Try to write your own numbers and equations. :) I will walk around.

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Main question

Can any two equal terms be proven equal by using our axiom set?



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Method:

- Find a property you believe all of our equations will have.
- Show all “basic” terms/equations have this property.
- Assume that all equations you can build in n steps have this property.
- Show that if you apply one more step the property is preserved.



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Give it a shot?

After n steps we have managed to prove that $x = y$, and x and y are even. What is the next build step?



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A process algebra + equivalences (bisimulations) + axioms = We can prove programs equal to each other!



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A process algebra + equivalences (bisimulations) + axioms = We can prove programs equal to each other!

Why would anybody do this?

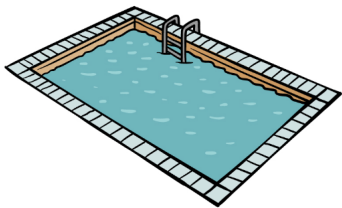
- Compiler optimization.
- Correctness proofs..



The Anna works

- 10s of publications about all sorts of algebras, numbers, regular expressions, and many more!
- On the Two-Variable Fragment of the Equational Theory of the Max-Sum Algebra of the Natural Numbers.
- Some positive some negative results.
- So much fun :).

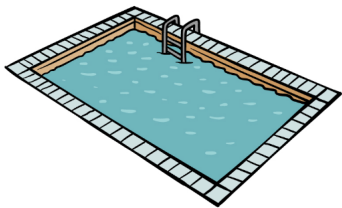




Thank you for your
attention!



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Questions?



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